

JASPER COUNTY DEMOCRAT.

F. E. BABCOCK, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Official Democratic Paper of Jasper County.

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Office on Van Rensselaer Street,
North of Ellis & Murray's Store.

The grand jury in Pulaski county returned 135 indictments last week against persons for failure to pay their dog tax.

As expected, representative Babcock is weakening as the time draws near to put his anti-trust plans (copied from the democrats) into execution. He thinks now that he will try reciprocity for a while first.

Let the political newspaper who is guiltless of running "brutal cartoons" during political campaigns, shie the first doric at the Chicago American. We'll bet a V that the "American" isn't hit once.—Morocco Courier.

Johnson seems to be an unlucky name to bank depositors. A Niles, Mich., bank cashier by that name has just been sent up for ten years for embezzling \$100,000. No doubt \$10,000 per year is much better than the salary he received as cashier of the bank.

The McLaurin movement to help on a new lily-white republican organization in the South, is not feared by the democratic leaders. They say it will "die a-born-in," and that the South will remain loyal and steady, in 1904, to a true blue democratic ticket.

There seems to be a great bond of sympathy between "Honest Abe" and his court house clock. The thing refused "to run" worth a continental after Judge Reiter knocked out Abe's injunction suit against the street improvement about the public square. Too bad, too bad.

Judge Rabb of the Benton-Warren circuit court, holds that after a remonstrance against the granting of a liquor license has been filed with the auditor names there to cannot be removed. It has been the practice in many counties to strike names off by petition of the persons signing the same after the filing, where enough such could be secured to knock out the remonstrance.

If violent newspaper criticism and abuse and dizzy cartoons were inciting causes of assassination, Samuel J. Tilden, Grover Cleveland and William J. Bryan would all have fallen victims to violence. The republican newspapers have attacked each of them far more savagely than any democratic newspaper, even in the heat of a bitter campaign, ever attacked the late president.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

Unless there is very skilful management of the projects of anti-anarchy legislation in the coming Congress an unfortunate wrangle will occur. Men of all parties are substantially agreed that a measure to prevent the importation of anarchists and punish the exploitation of anarchistic doctrines should be passed. But any attempt that presages undue restriction upon the ancient rights of free speech and a free press will meet with strenuous opposition from leaders of both parties. Senator Hoar has already sounded a warning against any such attempts and the democrats in Congress may be counted as a practical unit against such legislation. It is even strongly intimated that President Roosevelt would promptly veto any bill that should go too far in that direction.

Two months yet intervene before Congress assembles, but already President Roosevelt has begun to shut himself in with his thinking-cap on to prepare his message to the national legislature. The message which President McKinley would have written had been disowned by his public utterances since his re-election so far as its most salient features were predicable. President Roosevelt's message will be another type of document. The whole nation expects it to be redolent of Rooseveltism and will be on the qui vive for its appearance. After handling reciprocity, a merchant marine and the Philippine policy the president will have unrestricted right of way for new suggestions regarding the labor

question, trusts, civil service reform, Southern disfranchisement, the Isthmian canal and pending Statehood demands.

At the Massachusetts republican state convention a few days ago the venerable George F. Hoar, who spoke in memory of the late President McKinley, uttered a few truisms that might be pondered over by some of the light-weight members of the republican party with profit. In the course of his remarks, Senator Hoar said: "You and I are republicans. You and I are men of the North. Most of us are Protestants in religion. We are men of native birth. Yet, if every Republican was to-day to fall in his place, as William McKinley has fallen, I believe our countrymen of the other party, in spite of what we deem their errors, would take the republic and bear on the flag to liberty and glory."

"I believe if every Protestant were to be stricken down by a lightning stroke that our brethren of the Catholic faith would still carry on the Republic in the spirit of a true and liberal freedom."

We are glad to see that Senator Hoar is improving with age, and can see and point out to his fellow republicans the mistakes and bigotry for which they are noted.

A Typical South African Store.

O. R. Larson, of Bay Villa, Sunday's River, Cape Colony, conducts a store typical of South Africa, at which can be purchased anything from the proverbial "needle to an anchor." This store is situated in a valley nine miles from the nearest railway station and about twenty-five miles from the nearest town. Mr. Larson says: "I am favored with the custom of farmers within a radius of thirty miles, to many of whom I have supplied Chamberlain's remedies. All testify to their value in a household where a doctor's advice is almost out of the question. Within one mile of my store the population is perhaps sixty. Of these, within the past twelve months, no less than fourteen have been absolutely cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This must surely be a record." For sale by Long.

Public Sale.

Commencing at 10 o'clock a. m., the undersigned will sell at public sale, at his residence, 9 miles north and 4 mile west of Rensselaer and 5 miles east of Fair Oaks, on

MONDAY, OCT. 21, 1901,
12 head of cattle, consisting of 3 short two-year-olds and 9 three-year-olds, all springers; 5 head of horses, consisting of 1 pair of black driving mares, both with foal; 1 yearling gelding, wt. 1,100, and 2 last spring colts; 19 head of hogs, average about 115 pounds each; 19 Highland geese; 1 binder, 1 good mower; 1 hay rake; 1 hay rack; 1 broad-tred, low-wheel wagon; 1 disk harrow; 2 cultivators, good as new; 1 gopher; 1 riding plow; 1 right-hand walking plow; 3 left-hand walking plows; 1 top buggy; 1 set of work harness; 1 set of buggy harness; 2 sets log chains; 1 road scraper, and numerous other articles not herein mentioned. 14 months credit on sums over \$5.

A. B. FISHER,
Nelson DuCharme, Auctioneer.
C. G. Spittler, Clerk.

FARMS FOR SALE.

BY
Dalton Hinchman
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Vernon, Ind.

No. 291. Three hundred acres, 220a cultivated, 40a timber, 170a bottom, soil tiled, on pike, four wells, cistern and live water, two large barns, corn cribs, granaries, sheds and wagon scales, medium house, level, yielded from 40 to 70 bushels corn last year per acre. Price \$30 per acre.

No. 295. Two hundred and thirty acres, two houses—one five rooms, other two rooms, two orchards, two good barns, 1/4 mile of church and school—Catholic, 3/4 mile to pike road, timber 60 acres, lays well, price \$20 per acre.

No. 297. Farm of 317a, house of four rooms, large barn, double corn crib 24x30 ft., 40a in timber, balance in cultivation, 3 1/2 miles of R. R. town, good limestone soil, price \$5000, half cash and good time on balance at 6 per cent.

No. 278. Farm of 343 1/2 acres; frame house of 5 rooms, good frame barn, a fine young orchard, 100 acres in timber, balance in good state of cultivation, a fine stock farm as well as a good grain farm, it is a well watered farm and lays nice; 2 1/2 miles of railroad town. Price \$20 per acre, one-half cash, good time on balance at 6 per cent secured by first mortgage.

Farm of 156 acres, 1 1/2 story brick house of 6 rooms, a large barn and other outbuildings, a fine orchard, good water, 10 acres of timber, rest plow land, most rolling. Farm is in good repair. School 3/4 mile, church on corner of farm, 2 miles to R. R. town, 6 miles to Vernon, county-seat. Price \$4500. Half cash, balance on time at 6 per cent.

Correspondence Solicited.
REFERENCES: Judge Willard New,
Ex-Judge T. C. Batchelor,
First National Bank,
Merchants: S. W. Storey, N. DeVosy, Jacob Fochel, Thomas & Son, Wagner Bros. & Co., Nelson & Son, J. H. Maguire & Co., W. M. Naum, Herbert Goff and Wagner's plow factory.

Anyone that wishes to look over the county, would be pleased to show them whether they wished to buy or not.

Morris' English Stable Powder
For Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Rough Hair, Hide Bound, and all Diseases of the Blood.
Price, 25c. per package
Sold by A. F. Long

ISSUE AS TO DISTANCE

Lieut. Bristol Differs Greatly With Other Estimates at the Santiago Fight.

RAYNER GAINS A POINT ON HIM

Admiral Taylor's Testimony Is Distinctly Anti-Schley—Admiral Dewey Growing Weary.

Washington, Oct. 10.—Admiral Dewey is tired of the Schley court of inquiry. Yesterday when Rayner was cross-examining Lieutenant Bristol Hanna objected to a question; the admiral protested at the delay so hotly that Judge Advocate Lemly felt compelled to come to his associate's assistance. Admiral Dewey became heated and told the judge advocate that he must not interrupt the proceedings, which were becoming very



REAR ADMIRAL TAYLOR.

tiresome. Later he asked Captain Lemly how long it would take him to finish his side. When the judge advocate said he had several more witnesses, the admiral said: "Well, hurry them up. We want to get through with this thing."

Bristol Severely Cross-Examined.
Lieutenant Bristol, the watch officer of the Texas, continued his testimony on the stand yesterday morning. The lieutenant is 33 years old. He gave very clear answers to the questions of the judge advocate. Bristol had said that the Texas on blockade under Schley at Cienfuegos was from six and ten miles off shore during the blockade. Rayner had the witness read the log of the Texas, which did not substantiate the lieutenant's estimate. Bristol, however, said his replies to questions were what he thought, not what others thought.

Rayner Makes a Point.
Then Rayner read Schley's report to the navy department stating that the blockade was maintained at a distance of four miles from the shore. Rayner made a point against the witness when he asked him about the elevation of the batteries at the mouth of Santiago harbor. Witness had said that the Brooklyn was never nearer than 2,800 yards from the Spanish cruiser. Rayner called his attention to his statement that the batteries were from 150 to 200 feet higher than the sea level, and then had him look at a chart showing these batteries to be from 220 to 250 feet high. Bristol said he stuck to his estimate in spite of the chart. Rayner's point was that if Bristol was as far out in his estimates of the distance between the Brooklyn and the Spanish ships as he was as to the height of the batteries his testimony was not valuable.

Has no Faith in the Stadimeter.
During the cross-examination Rayner called Bristol's attention to the fact that the Spanish ships were hit by a number of five-inch shells, the Brooklyn being the only ship armed with that size gun, and asked him how the Spaniards could have been hit at such a range as 2,800 yards. But Bristol does not believe in the stadimeter, and said the only point from which it was entirely reliable was at zero. He preferred the sextant in measuring distances between ships. At the close of the cross-examination Captain Lemly developed the fact that Bristol had been for six months in the coast survey, where he daily had used the sextant.

TAYLOR TALKS SOFT AND SMOOTH
Captain of the Indiana, However, Can Become Very Emphatic.

Rear Admiral Taylor was the next witness called by Captain Lemly. During the Spanish-American war the witness was a captain in the navy and commanded the battleship Indiana. Admiral Taylor has the voice of a Sunday-school superintendent rather than that of the commander of a fighting ship. It is soft and smooth and he talks slowly and easily. He told about the battle of Santiago in the same voice which he might be expected to use in the discussion of a social event. He became emphatic, however, when he was asked if the Spanish warship attempted to ram the Brooklyn. He declared he was watching them and there was no move made by them that he could see that indicated such an attack. The witness was antagonistic to Admiral Schley in all his answers. Rayner endeavored to show by the signal book of the Indiana that Admiral Simpson had signaled Taylor to accompany him to Siboney, but that Taylor had refused, saying that he believed there was going to be a battle and he wanted to be there.

Judge Advocate Lemly protested against reading these signals. He said that they did not pertain to the inquiry. Rayner asserted that they were wanted to show that Schley was commander-in-chief at the time of the battle. Finally the matter was settled by Captain Lemly agreeing to recall the witness at any time Rayner desired if it was found necessary to

put these signals in the record of the inquiry.

"Can you state generally in what direction the Brooklyn was headed when you last saw her?" asked the judge advocate.

"Not more than two points difference from when I first saw her—apparently not any difference; but I can say it could not have been more than two points, and if she was headed as I believe, south by east, when I first saw her across the bows of the Texas, she was not headed more than south by west when I last saw her."

"Did you see Cervera's vessels when they came out of Santiago harbor?" "Yes, sir."

"What direction did they take first after getting out, and how far outside the mouth of the harbor were they when they changed their direction?"

"Their change appeared gradual, porting their helms as they cleared the mouth of the harbor and proceeding, perhaps with change of course of one or two points at a time, until they were in line parallel with the shore."

"Did you observe whether there was any attempt on the part of any of these vessels to ram any of the vessels of the American squadron?" "I observed that there was no such attempt."

He saw the cruiser Brooklyn but twice at the commencement of the engagement, and those times were not at the beginning and execution of the loop.

SAYS SCHLEY WAS MUCH EXCITED
Seemed to Want to Do a Disagreeable Duty Quickly, Says Potts.

The next witness was Commander T. M. Potts, navigator of the Massachusetts during the period under inquiry. His testimony dealt especially with the bombardment of the Colon. Answering a question from Judge Advocate Lemly as to the conduct of Commodore Schley during that engagement he said it was that of a man laboring under great mental excitement, and of a man who was anxious to discharge as soon as possible a disagreeable duty.

Explaining why he so characterized Schley's conduct Potts said: "When Commodore Schley came on board the Massachusetts, he stated in distinct terms that he was going in to destroy the Colon. The Colon was not destroyed. When he left the ship he called it a 'reconnaissance,' drawing the fire of the batteries and developing their weakness or strength."

During Commander Potts' examination Rayner secured permission from the court to introduce as evidence the order of Secretary Long to Admiral Sampson, dated April 6, in which he was admonished against the exposure of the American vessels to the fire of strongly fortified ports. The paragraph in that order which he especially wished to have considered reads as follows: "The department does not wish the vessels of your squadron to be exposed to the fire of the batteries at Cienfuegos, or other strongly fortified ports in Cuba, unless the more formidable Spanish vessels should take refuge within those harbors. Even in this case the department would suggest that a rigid blockade and employment of our torpedo boats might accomplish the desired object, viz.: The destruction of the enemy's vessels, without subjecting unnecessarily our own men-of-war to the fire of the land batteries."

SCHLEY'S ATTACK ON THE COLON
Described by Lieut. Leeper, Who Was Aboard the New Orleans.

Lieutenant Edward F. Leeper, who was on the New Orleans during the war, followed Potts. He described the engagement with the Santiago batteries, saying that the first shot from the Massachusetts had fallen outside the Morro, and notwithstanding the range was increased all the shots fell short of the Colon. There were, he said, no orders either to fire at or to make observations of the batteries. But notwithstanding this he did fire at the eastern batteries on his own responsibility. He had personally aimed the guns, but the distance was so great that only the red line of earth could be seen; neither guns nor men were discernible.

One shot from the enemy fell thirty or forty yards from the New Orleans. The projectile was so small he had been surprised that it reached such a range. All told, the firing of his vessel upon the Colon had not consumed more than six minutes. He thought all the shots from the United States ships had fallen short of the Colon. The witness said he had seen no evidence of the presence of large or powerful guns in the shore batteries, and was of opinion there were none to exceed six inches in caliber.

The witness said that he had secured his most accurate idea of the strength of the shore batteries by the fact that on June 14 the New Orleans had approached to within 1,650 yards of them, remaining for twenty minutes and silencing them after four or five minutes.

Lieutenant Leeper was still on the stand when the court adjourned for the day.

White Labor Only Favored.

Melbourne, Australia, Oct. 10.—The tariff bill introduced in the house of representatives of the parliament provides for duties on pretty much everything imported, and discriminates against colored labor even in sugar countries by providing for a tariff of 66 per ton on imported sugar; excise, £3, with a rebate of £2 if grown by white labor only.

Declined to Indorse Roosevelt.

Baltimore, Md., Oct. 10.—The River and Harbor commission completed its deliberations yesterday and adjourned sine die. The only incident of note was the practical squelching of a resolution expressing confidence in President Roosevelt, which, instead of being adopted at once, was referred to a committee.

Cheate Will Take a Holiday.

London, Oct. 10.—Choate, the United States ambassador, is going to take a holiday. He intends sailing to the United States with his family on board the American line steamer Philadelphia.

Kaiser to Try for the Cup.

Berlin, Oct. 10.—It is rumored that Emperor William has instructed the Kiel Yacht club to challenge for the America's cup.

MONON ROUTE

Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Ry.

Rensselaer Time-Table.

South Bound.
No. 31—Fast Mail.....4:40 a. m.
No. 5—Louisville Mail (daily).....10:55 a. m.
No. 33—Indianapolis Mail (daily).....1:40 p. m.
No. 30—Milk accomm. (daily).....6:15 p. m.
No. 3—Louisville Express (daily).....7:25 p. m.
No. 45—Local freight.....2:40 p. m.

North Bound.
No. 4—Mail (daily).....4:30 a. m.
No. 40—Milk accomm. (daily).....7:31 a. m.
No. 32—Fast Mail (daily).....9:55 a. m.
No. 30—Cin. to Chicago.....6:32 p. m.
No. 33—Cin. to Chicago.....2:57 p. m.
No. 6—Mail and Express (daily).....3:30 p. m.
No. 46—Local freight.....9:55 a. m.
No. 7—Freight (daily).....9:59 p. m.
Daily except Sunday.
Sunday only.
Carries passengers between Monon and Lowell.
Hammond has been made a regular stop for No. 30.
No. 32 and 33 now stop at Cedar Lake.

FRANK J. REED, G. P. A.
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CHAS. H. ROCKWELL, Traffic Mgr.
W. H. BEAM, Agent, Rensselaer.

TOWNSHIP TRUSTEES' CARDS.

Milroy Township.
Wm. T. Smith, trustee of Milroy township, gives notice that he will be at his residence in said township on the Second and Fourth Saturdays of each month for the purpose of transacting township business; and business relating to making contracts or paying claims will be done on such designated day.
WM. T. SMITH, Trustee.

Hanging Grove Township.

Joseph Stewart, trustee of Hanging Grove township, gives notice that he will be at his residence in said township on Friday of each week for the purpose of transacting township business; and business relating to making contracts or paying claims will be done on such designated day.
JOSEPH STEWART, Trustee.

Jordan Township.

John Bill, trustee of Jordan township, gives notice that he will be at his residence in said township on the Second and Fourth Saturdays of each month for the purpose of transacting township business; and business relating to making contracts or paying claims will be done on such designated day.
JOHN BILL, Trustee.

CITY, TOWNSHIP AND COUNTY DIRECTORY.

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Marshal.....Abram Simpson
John Ryan.....Clerk
Treasurer.....James H. Chapman
Attorney.....Harry K. Kurrie
Civil Engineer.....H. L. Gramble
Fire Chief.....Elden K. Hopkins

COUNCILMEN.

1st ward.....Chas. Dean, H. J. Kannel
2d ward.....L. J. Porter, C. G. Spittler
3d ward.....J. F. McCoy, J. C. Chilcote

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Clerk.....John F. Major
Sheriff.....Abram G. Hardy
Auditor.....W. C. Babcock
Treasurer.....R. A. Parkison
Recorder.....Robert B. Porter
Surveyor.....Myrt B. Price
Coroner.....Jennings Wright
Supt. Public Schools.....Louis H. Hamilton
Assessor.....John R. Phillips

COMMISSIONERS.

1st District.....Abraham Halleck
2nd District.....Simeon A. Dowell
3rd District.....Frederick Waymire

Commissioner's court—First Monday of each month.

COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

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Geo. M. Wilcox.....Newton
Bert W. Sigler.....Keener
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Stephen D. Clark.....Wheatfield
Albert J. Bellows.....Carpenter
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Barney D. Comer.....Union
Louis H. Hamilton, Co. Supt.....Rensselaer
G. K. Hollingsworth.....Rensselaer
J. D. Altman.....Remington
Geo. O. Stembel.....Wheatfield

JUDICIAL.

Circuit Judge.....Simon P. Thompson
County Judge.....J. E. Murray
Terms of Court—Second Monday in February, April, September and November.

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