THE LAWYER WAS SATISFIED.

Fatal Effects of Interrupting a Speech—Anecdote of General Mahlon D. Manson.

During the campaign of 1872 General Manson was frequently besought by a soldier Democrat to speak in the township of Gilboe, Benton county. There were scarcely any Democrats in the community, and they had been annually held up as bad examples of degraded citizenship by Colfax and his followers. They wanted to be vindicated, and they wanted General Manson to do it.

More for the gratification of this one soldier Democrat than anything else, he consented, and wrote Gilboe in the list of his appointments.

Meeting a young man in the neighborhood as he was ridirg leisurely along the road, the general asked:

"What are those people doing over yonder in the woods?" pointing to where a stand was being raised.

"There's going to be a speaking to-night. Some kind of a general, who is a Democrat, is going to make a speech," was the reply.

"Will anybody come out to hear him?"

"O, yes; I guess they'll all come, I'm going."

The General found a number of acquaintances. One friend from Montgomery county, who was going back, resolved to stay over and hear his speech. The Republicans were very courteous to him, and 'Squire Tolman, in whose woods the meeting was to occur, consented to preside as chairman. Presently a friend came to the General and informed him that the Republicans had a lawyer from Fort Wayne in the audience who would answer him. That piece of intelligence served to make the discourse a success. An average Fort Wayne lawyer would be as a spring chicken in the claws of a matured hawk to interrupt General Manson, after he had once got the attention of an audience of farmers.

He held his audience for two hours, and at the close a gentleman in store clothes and a boiled shirt cautiously arose and said: "I do not wish to be thought impertinent, but I would like to know if General Manson is aware of the fact that the Pacific road bill passed Congress long before General Grant came to the presidency."

"I will take pleasure in obliging the gentleman," responded the general, "and at the same time thank him for giving me occasion to make one of my statements clearer. The Pacific railroad bill was passed before General Grant became president, but it was inoperative and void. It was a dead letter upon the books. In 1870, when General Grant was president, he approved the bill increasing the subsidy and stealings to nearly $50,000,000, and at the same time refused his signature to a bill that was to pay a poor soldier the price of two horses shot under him during a battle."

"I have heard," replied the lawyer, "that same charge before, and I have searched the Congressional Record diligently, and failed to find anything about it."

"I have it with me," answered the general, "in McPherson's hand-book, and I call upon the president to read."

The president read. "Do you dispute the authority?" asked the general

By this time it became evident that the audience was pretty much one sided. An influential Republican, but sincere man, arose and said: "I believe everything that General Manson has said, and I don't like to see him interrupted."

"I don't dispute the authority," answered the lawyer; "I only say that I could not find it in the Congressional Record."

"That is the trouble with you, my young friend. That which you do not know about politics and the country's history would make a much larger book than that which you do know. A great many things have taken place to which your attention has not been called." Then addressing the audience: "It's a trouble with too many of them. I have told you nothing but facts to-day, and the popular ignorance of those facts accounts for the existence of the Republican party." This was followed by loud applause, and no reply from the lawyer. When the returns came in after the election, General Manson read that upwards of 20 votes ahead of the Democratic ticket in Gilboe township, Benton county, was placed to his credit.

AN OPINION

Of the Attorney General on the Constitutional Amendments.

Attorney General Woollen submits the following in answer to questions on the constitutional amendments:

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, INDIANAPOLIS, March 27, 1880.

DEAR SIR—The following answers cover questions asked me by you and others, and are respectfully submitted for your guidance:

1. Under what provisions of the statute are the votes on the amendments to be canvassed and certified?

The board should proceed in accordance with the directions contained in sections four and five of the act submitting the amendments for adoption or rejection.

2. Ought there to be separate ballot boxes, separate poll books, etc.?

The amendments are submitted to the electors at the April election. The board who conduct the township election also conduct the election on the amendments. But one ballot-box is to be used, and but one set of poll-books is necessary. The ballots are of different colors, and are all to be placed in the same box. The tally sheets should be separate, and the counting of the white tickets can be first done, and then the blue ones can be counted; this would facilitate matters very much. Both ballots, separately folded, should be voted at the same time. A voter may vote for township officers, and not for the amendments; or for the amendments, and not for township officers. To refuse a vote for either, because the elector would not vote for both, would be illegal, as requiring a test not warranted by the constitution.

4. Can the ticket for township officers and the one on the amendments be attached together and voted as one ticket?

They should not be thus attached, but voted separately, though at the same time. The safe way would be to use the tickets prepared by the secretary of state, as they are the only ones provided for by law. No white tickets should be cast for or against the amendments, and no blue one counted for or against the officers. Very respectfully,

T. W. WOOLLEN, Attorney General.

Indiana Patents.

List of patents issued to citizens of the State of Indiana, March 23, 1880, and each bearing that date. Reported for the Sentinel by C. Bradford, solicitor of American and foreign patents, room 18, Hubbard block, Indianapolis, Ind.:

No. 225,798. To George J. Cline, of Goshen, for improvements in pruning implements

No. 225,803. To Wm. Culbertson, of Vevay, for improvements in end gates.

No. 225,827. To Wm. Heilman, of Evansville, for improvements in traction engines.

No. 225,860. To Robert R. Pattison, of Terre Haute, for improvements in paper hangers.

No. 225,869. To James D. Richardson, of Franklin, for improvements in refrigerators.

No. 225,876. To Theodore K. Sawyers, of Mooresville, for improvements in circle track wagons.

Ike and the Mule.

[Little Rock Gazette.]

Old Isaac Saunders has just been arraigned before the court on charge of embezzling a mule from the church. Ike had been assigned to circuit work by the conference, but had failed to adhere to his letter of acceptance. In fact, he refused to preach after making way with the mule, and the three churches that alternately were to receive food from him combined and had him arrested. After the examination of several witnesses, a colored lawyer for the defense arose and said:

"De parson has de law all on his side, because he 'ploys a lawyer and de church don't. Dat am a powerful factor in his resemblance. An' now I ax de jedge of dis court ter let de prisoner go. I don't make long speeches, but I comes down to de pint. Dis man ain't guilty no more nor I was last year when da dited me for stealin' a hog. Dis a-n convincin', and de court can't step aroun' it."

The justice, also a colored man, pondered a long time, and at length said:

"De attorney hab stated one fack. De 'fence hab got all de law, fur de uder side haint 'ployed no lawyer. And I'll state right heah dat some powerful arguments will be needed to 'vict dis preacher, unless he can't show why he 'bezzled de mule."

One of the church members arose and told how Ike had diappointed the church people by not coming, and how, after coming, he had startled them by failing to account for the church property.

Ike, being called on for a statement, arose and said:

"I tuck charge ob dat circuit in good faith, but when da fotch me out a mule ter ride my faith commence ter suffer wid de rheumatiz. Dar is two classes of niggers, de mule haters and de mule lubers. I'se always been a mule hater. Well, las' Sunday mornin' I tuck my him book, my testimint, an' mounted de mule, 'paratary fer de holy work. Ob all things in dis worl' I think dat the mule is de unfittenest for gospel work. You can run a ground' hog thrasher and think 'bout David and Abraham, but yer can't run a mule in de same connection. I rid along a piece an' commence ter frame my openin' prar. 'Lord,' I sez, 'we thank thee for thy goodness——' De mule stopped in de middle ob de road an' looked aroun' at me 'quirin'ly. I kick him an' continued, 'Lord, de craps ob de pas' year hab reminded us ob thy——' De mule begin to lif' up his back. 'Steady,' sez I. 'An,' Lord, we is——' 'Whoa,' sez I, but it was to late fer de mule had flung me. Den I cussed an' damned dat mule till his ha'r must hab been all kivered wid sulphur. I got on him agin. He went on putty well for a while. Jes' as I hed 'bout got my prar half finished, we cum to de creek. He tucked his head down like he wanted ter drink, an' jes' as I was drawin' a long breff he flung me inter de creek. I los' all my 'ligion right dar, and when I walked up ter de church I wan't no more fitted ter preach den de debil would a ben. Course I sold de mule an' got de money 'fore I got to de church, but yer needn't ax me what I done wid it, 'case I lost it on de road, an' I reckon yer'le find it an' my 'ligion somewhar down in de bottoms."

Ike was honorably discharged.

How a Married Woman Goes to Sleep.

[Pittsburg Leader.]

There is an article going the rounds entitled "How Girls Go to Sleep." The manner in which they go to sleep, according to the article, can't hold a candle to the way a married woman goes to sleep. Instead of thinking of what she should have attended to before going to bed, she thinks of it afterward. While she is revolving these matters in her mind, and while snugly tucked up in bed, the old man is scratching his legs in front of the fire and wondering how he will pay the next month's rent. Suddenly she says:

"James, did you lock the door?"

"Which door?" says James.

"The cellar door," says she.

"No," says James.

"Well, you'd better go down and lock it, for I heard some person in the back yard last night."

Accordingly, James paddles down stairs and locks the door. About the time James returns and is going to get into bed she remarks:

"Did you shut the stair door?"

"No," says James

"Well," if it is not shut the cat will get up into the bed room."

"Let her come up, then," says James, ill-naturedly.

"My goodness, no!" returns his wife; "she'd suck the baby's breath!"

Then James paddles down stairs again and steps on a tack, and closes the stair door, and curses the cat, and returns to the bedroom. Just as he begins to climb into his couch his wife observes:

"I forgot to bring up some water. Suppose you bring some in the big tin."

And so James, with a muttered curse, goes down into the dark kitchen and falls over a chair, and rasps all the tinware off the wall in search of the "big" tin, and then he jerks the stair door open and howls:

"Where the deuce are the matches?"

She gives him minute dir ctions where to find the matches, and adds that she would rather go and get the water herself than have the neighbors raised about it. After which James finds the matches, procures the water, comes up stairs and plunges in bed. Presently his wife says:

"James, let's have an understanding about money matters. Now, next week I've got to pay"——

"I don't know what you've got to pay, and I don't care," shouts James as he lurches around and jams his face against the wall; "all I want is to go to sleep."

"That's all very well for you," snaps his wife, as she pulls the covers viciously; "you never think of the worry and trouble I have. And there's Araminta, who I believe is taking the measles."

"Let her take 'em," says James, sticking his legs out as straight as two ramrods.

"It seems to me you have no sense nor feeling," whines his wife, "and if you had any respect for me you wouldn't eat onions before you come to bed. The atmosphere of the room from the smell of onions is horrid."

"Well, go down and sleep in the kitchen, then, and let me alone," says James.

Hereupon she begins to cry softly, but about the time James is falling into a gentle doze she punches him in the ribs with her elbow and says:

"Did you hear that scandal about Mrs. Jones?"

"What Jones?" says James, sleepily.

"Why, Mrs. Jones."

"Where?" inquires James.

"I declare," says his wife, "you are getting more stupid every day. You know Mrs. Jones that lives at No. 21. Well, day before yesterday, Susan Smith told Mrs. Thompson that Sam Baker had said that Mrs. Jones had"——

Here she pauses and listens. James is snoring in profound slumber. With a snort of rage, she pulls all the covers off him, wraps herself up in them, and lays awake until 2 a. m., thinking how badly abused she is. And that is the way a married woman goes to sleep.

What Kearney Said.

Here is a specimen brick from Dennis Kearney's speech for which he has been sentenced to imprisonment:

I'll tell you who the 200 h—l-b—n h—l-bound villains are who are meeting in secret in this city. They are your deadly enemies, these 200 lawless assassins and incendiaries, who are meeting now to decide who shall be hung and who shall escape. There is Claus Spreckles, the biggest —— thief who ever went unhung, and —— him, I am man enough to tell him so to his face. He induced his men to take oath to club Kearney, but they don't dare to do it. I tell you right here that if I hear of any man plotting to kill me, by —— I will kill him so help me ——! If they kill me, then the insurrection will commence in earnest. They tell me I must shut up or leave the city. I propose to stay here and follow the same course which I began two years and five months ago.

Will Stick to the Chart.

[Atlanta Constitution.]

When Captain Eads talks about building an elevated railroad for ships, with side tracks and way stations, and a lunch of hard boiled eggs at the water-tank, we must be excused if we still stick to the old Democratic party under the constitution as it is.

No Solution.

[New York World.]

The terrible Gem puzzle is having its effect everywhere. When a clergyman in church announces "Fifteenthly" everybody gets up and leaves the house, as if satisfied that he can not do it.

A QUICK TRIP.

From Bombay, India, to Philadelphia Inside of Thirty Days.

[Philadelphia Press.]

Dr. Edward H. Williams, of the Baldwin locomotive works, has just returned from a business visit to Australia and New Zealand, and has made the home trip from India to this country in probably the shortest time ever recorded. He left Bombay by the Peninsular and Oriental Steamship company's mail steamer Surat, which carried the India mail, at 11:30 o'clock p. m., January 31, the Surat being the first steamer under the new contract between the British Government and the Peninsular and Oriental Steamship company, which increased the speed from 10 to 11 knots per hour, including all stoppages. The Surat touched at Aden on Friday, February 6, arriving at Suez at noon on the 11th. He left Suez by the special mail train at 8 p. m. on the same evening, reaching Alexandria, a distance of 226 miles, in 10 hours, including two and a half hours of stoppages, occasioned partly by colliding with a freight train, in which both engine drivers were killed and several carriages broken, but no passengers injured. Alexandria was reached at 1 p. m., February 12, and at 5:30 p. m. the doctor left that port by the Peninsular and Oriental mail steamer Pera, arriving at Brindisi at 10 p. m. Sunday, the 15th, which city he left at 11:45 p. m. in the Pullman palace car Piemonte for Bologna, Italy, where he changed to a Mann sleeping car. From Bologna the train passed through the Mont Cenis tunnel, reaching Modane, the first French station at the end of the tunnel, at 6 a. m. on the 17th. Thence by special train on the Paris, Lyons and Mediterranean railroad, arriving in Paris at 10 o'clock p. m. He left the French metropolis via the Northern railroad at 12 midnight, arriving in Calais at 6 a. m. Wednesday, the 18th. At noon the same day he left for London, which was reached at 5:45 p. m. Leaving London on the 19th by the Irish mail for Queenstown via Holyhead, he took passage in the steamer Germanic of the White Star line. He departed from Queenstown on the evening of the 20th. The first part of the Atlantic trip was extremely rough, but the latter smooth and fine. Dr. Williams arrived at New York on Saturday, February 29, and reached his home in West Philadelphia on the evening of the same day, having accomplished the entire distance from Bombay to Philadelphia in the unprecedentedly quick time of barely 30 days.

The Onion.

Few people dream of the many virtues of onions, and those few are enthusiastic for the beneficent bulb, and believe it a panacea for every ill. Lung and liver complaints are certainly benefited—often cured—by a free consumption of onions, either cooked or raw. Colds yield to them like magic. Don't be afraid of them, especially if you are married. Taken at night all offense will be wanting by morning, and the good effects will amply compensate for the trifling annoyance. Taken regularly they greatly promote the health of the lungs and the digestive organs. An extract made by boiling down the juice of onions to a syrup, and taken as a medicine, answers the purpose very well, but fried, roasted or boiled onions are better. Onions are a very cheap medicine, within everybody's reach, and they are not by any means as "bad to take" as the costly nostrums a neglect of their use will necessitate.

Fact.

[Evening News.]

If the Republican party is so permeated with 'strong government" ideas that it will allow an oligarchy which was once driven from power by a nation's scorn, to return again, and that upon the evil proposition of breaking down the traditions of the Republic, and its logical deduction of permanence in power, then they are as much monarchists at heart as the old Federalists, and the quicker they show their hand the better. They will be visited by such a defeat as will not only overturn their schemes once for all, but will disrupt and scatter their organization. And it is time it was scattered to the four winds of heaven, when it asks a free people to put on the yoke of a ruler.

Working Up the Revolution.

[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

There was a feeling of safety among the fathers in the fact that whatever might happen, they had Washington to fall back on for president. There is precisely the same feeling among the intelligent people of all parties now with regard to Grant. The game of the Democracy is well understood. There is no longer any doubt but what they are working up a deep-laid scheme of revolution; and it is felt that their ultimate failure is the more certain by Grant's availability as a candidate when the crisis comes.

Neat. But Not Gaudy.

[New York Sun.]

We trust that General Grant's life may not be lost at sea; we hope also that before it is too late he will cease from his daring to make shipwreck of his character on the wild sea of political ambition.

Tilden's Only Hope.

[New York Tribune.]

The Democratic brethren may as well understand that Mr. Tilden will be a candidate if he thinks he can win, which means that he will stay in the field so long as General Grant does.

Too Much Timber.

[Chicago Times.]

There is some tall presidential timber in Illinois—a stately oak here and there—but the underbrush is thick, stunted, but plentiful. It needs grubbing.

Dr. William R. D. Blackwood, in the Philadelphia Medical Times, writes that he considers, after close observation, that post nasal catarrh is under certain conditions certainly contagious. He has frequently seen the disease occur in newly married people, and where children previously healthy have become affected. In all such cases there was no heriditary tendency, nor were other members of the family affected.

The Philadelphia Chronicle says when a temperance lecturer comes home late at night, pulls off his boots in the hall, and, crawling up to his bedroom, begins looking for the bootjack to pull off his socks, it doesn't prove that he has been drinking. It merely shows how absent-minded total abstinence renders some men.

FITS.—All fits are stopped free by the use of Dr. Kline's Fit Cure and Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Tell it to your neighbors and friends that there is a cure for every disease of the kidneys, bladder and urinary organs in Day's Kidney Pad.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

As a Preventive

of the diseases which affect the teeth and mouth, nothing is surer and speedier in its effects than Sozodont. Its benefits are realized at once. It is aromatic, expulsive of the cankerous affections, and most delightful when used. It cleanses from the humors which derange the secretions, and whitens the teeth. Years of use have established the tenacity of Spalding's Glue. Its hold on the confidence of the public can not be broken.

Fellows' Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites will not only supply the waste going on in the brain, but will enable the mind to endure a greater tax than before. It will impart vigor and promote clear conceptions to the intellect. It will strengthen the nerves and give power to all involuntary as well as the voluntary muscles of the body.

Take Ayer's Pills for all the purposes of a purgative, for constipation, indigestion, headache and liver complaint. By universal accord, they are the best of all purgatives for family use.

The Seaside Library.

Out to-day, in Clear, Bold Handsome Type.

PART 138.

Memoirs of Madame de Remusat.

PRICE TEN CENTS.

LATE ISSUES.

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TO BE ISSUED IN A FEW DAYS:

717. The Life and Words of Christ. By Cunningham Geikie, D. D. First half ..... 20c.
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For sale by newsdealers at above prices, or sent, postpaid, on receipt of 12 cents for 10 cent numbers, and 25 cents for 20 cent numbers, by George Munro, 17 to 27 Vandewater street, New York.

Out To-Day, Price 5 Cents,

THE

New York Weekly Fashion Bazar.

MISS BRADDON'S NEW STORY,

JUST AS I AM,

Is continued in this number; also, the charming story,

A STRANGE GUEST,

By the author of "Guilty Without Crime."

ALSO,

Portrait of Miss Clara Louise Kellogg.

This number also contains New Spring Fashions in Basques, Jackets, Paletots, Waterproofs and Misses' and Children's Costumes. Eight complete New Spring Costumes for Ladies, new styles of bonnets, Laces and Embroidery. For sale by all newsdealers. Price, 5 cents.

THE FIRESIDE COMPANION.

WOLF O'NEIL'S NEW STORY,

KEEPING THE WOLF FROM THE DOOR,

will be commenced in THE FIRESIDE COMPANION, No. 650, out next week.

This story is full of Irish wit, humor and fun.

"In stalked Happy Pat with a lively little porker under his arm.

"The ruddy face of the local nomad was all aglow with excitement.

"'Good evening, Mister O'Mara!'

"'Good evening, all of yees! Faith, but I thought I'd give yees a serenade, and I knew of no better music than the squeal of a rae pig.'"

THE FIRESIDE COMPANION is for sale by all newsdealers.

Richardson's Matches.

Richardson's reliable and popular matches are again in the market.

The parlor matches have no offensive odor and the chemicals do not drop off when ignited.

The sulphur matches with white tips do not leave a black mark when ignited and have very little sulphurous odor.

These matches will stand the dampness of any climate, and are regarded the cheapest, safest and best matches for use in the world.

Call for D. M. Richardson's matches, manufactured in Detroit, Mich.

Queru's Cod Liver Oil Jelly.

Approved by the Academy of Medicine of New York for coughs, colds, bronchial and tubercular consumption, scrofula and general debility. The most mild, bland and nutritious form in which Cod Liver Oil can be used, and with more benefit secured to the patient by a single teaspoonful of this Jelly than by double the quantity of the liquid oil, and the most delicate stomach will not reject it. For sale by all druggists, and E. H. TRUEX, 3 Platt street, New York.

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENTS—The State of Indiana, Franklin county, in the Franklin circuit court, April term, 1880.

Complaint No. 2,988. Ellen M. Clark, Henry Price, John S. Price, Bayless Price and James W Price vs. Isaac L. Price.

Now come the plaintiffs, by Stephen E. Urmston, their attorney, and file their complaint herein, together with an affidavit, that the residence of the defendant, Isaac L. Price, is unknown, and that diligent inquiry has been made to ascertain the residence of said defendant, but that said inquiry has not disclosed the residence of said defendant.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant, that unless he be and appear on the first day of the next term of the Franklin circuit court, to be holden on the fourth Monday of April, A. D. 1880, at the Court House in Brookville, in said county and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

In witness whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of said court, at Brookville, this 22d day of March, A. D. 1880.

WILLIAM H. BRACKEN, Clerk.

WILLIAM A. LOWE, Attorney.

STATE OF INDIANA, Marion county, ss: In the Superior Court of Marion county, in the state of Indiana, No. 26,261. Room 2. Complaint—for divorce.

Abner W. Bunnell vs. Sarah A. Bunnell.

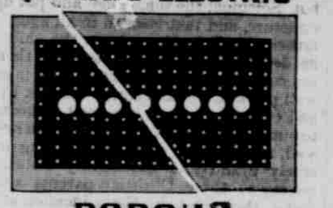
Be it known, that on the 30th day of March, 1880, the above named plaintiff, by his attorney, filed in the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, in the State of Indiana, his complaint against the above named defendant, and the said plaintiff having also filed in said clerk's office the affidavit of a competent person, showing that the defendant, Sarah A. Bunnell, is not a resident of the State of Indiana; and whereas said plaintiff having by indorsement on said complaint required said defendant to appear in said court and answer or demur thereto, on the 22d day of June, 1880.

Now, therefore, by order of said court, said defendant above named is hereby notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint against her, and that unless she appears and answers or demurs thereto at the calling of said cause on the 22d day of June, 1880, the same being the 14th judicial day of a term of said court, to be begun and held at the court house in the city of Indianapolis, on the first Monday in June, 1880, said complaint, and the matters and things therein contained and alleged, will be heard and determined in her absence.

DANIEL M. RANSDELL, Clerk.

mar31-3w

COLLINS' VOLTAIC-ELECTRIC



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TEN times more powerful than the best porous plaster—this grand union of Electricity and Healing Balsams, Gums and Essences—when placed over the center of the nervous forces, the pit of the stomach, stimulates the Liver, Stomach and Bowels, perfects Digestion, cures Dyspepsia, Bilious Colic, Cramps and Pains, and prevents Ague and Malarial Diseases. For Weak and Sore Lungs, Palpitation of the Heart, Painful Kidneys, Lame Back, Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sciatica, they are the best remedy in the world. Relief instantaneous in every case. Get the genuine. Ask for COLLINS' VOLTAIC ELECTRIC POROUS PLASTERS. Price 25 cents.

SANFORD'S JAMAICA GINGER.

The only combination of the true JAMAICA GINGER with choice aromatics and French brandy, making a delicious, harmless and strengthening substitute for all kinds of stimulants, is Sanford's Jamaica Ginger. It promptly relieves Dyspepsia, Oppression after eating, and every species of indigestion, corrects all disturbances of the stomach and bowels, and cures cramps, chills, fevers and malaria. Ask for SANFORD'S.

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$20,000 FOR $1.

IN THE KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.

WHICH IS DRAWN IN PURSUANCE OF AN ACT OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF KENTUCKY. THE NEXT DRAWING TAKES PLACE WEDNESDAY,

APRIL 21.

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1 Prize of	$20,000 is	$20,000
1 Prize of	4,600 is	4,600
1 Prize of	2,000 is	2,000
5 Prizes of	1,000 are	5,000
5 Prizes of	500 are	2,500
20 Prizes of	250 are	5,000
100 Prizes of	50 are	5,000
200 Prizes of	20 are	4,000
500 Prizes of	10 are	5,000
1,000 Prizes of	5 are	5,000
27 Approximation Prizes amount'g to,		2,700
1,860 Prizes amounting to		$60,800

TICKETS $1.

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List of drawings published in the New York Herald and Sun, Staats Zeitung, Philadelphia Record, Philadelphia Sunday Dispatch, Pittsburgh Dispatch, Cincinnati Enquirer, Cincinnati Commercial and Louisville Commercial. All out-of-town ticket holders are mailed a copy of the official list as soon as received.

LAWS OF 1879.

NOW READY. Price in Boards, 75c in Law Sheep, $1.25. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Indiana Reports for Sale.

Address SENTINEL CO., Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED.

WANTED—$1,000 reward for its equal. The only safe lamp burner; it goes out when dropped or overturned. The arrangement for extinguishing it is worth all the burner costs. The best selling article ever offered. It is a burner that every family who use oil should have. It can be seen at 31 West Ohio street, Indianapolis, Ind. The right to sell in cities, towns and counties sold at a low price. Burners furnished at a low figure. Samples sent by mail for 25 cents. Address R. E. HOSFORD, Indianapolis, sole agent for Indiana.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THOSE who contemplate going to Hot Springs for the treatment of syphilis, gleet, scrofula and all cutaneous or blood diseases can be cured for one-third the cost of such a trip at the old reliable stand. I have been located here for 23 years, and with the advantage of such a long and successful experience can confidently warrant a cure in all cases. Ladies needing a periodical pill can get them at my office or by mail at $1 per box. Office, 43 Virginia avenue, Indianapolis, Ind. D. B. EWING, M. D., and Partner.

Children CRY FOR Pitcher's Castoria.

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For our responsibility we refer to the principal Banks and Express Companies of Jersey City. In ordering send Money by Registered Letter, Post Office Money Order, Draft on New York, or, if preferred, forward to any Express Agent in Jersey City, with instructions to pay money to us on delivery of the Rifle. Make all Checks and Money Orders payable to CHICHESTER RIFLE CO., W. N. FITCHETT, Treasurer, 24 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, U. S. A. Incorporated under Laws of the State of New Jersey.