

In the East Indies, every means  
ir or foul, are taken to *subsidize*  
the country princes, or rajahs, &  
take them into the protection of  
the British government. Lord  
Moira was marching with an ar-  
my of six thousand men to form a  
treaty of *friendship* with the rajah  
of Tipore! No wonder the empe-  
ror of China looks with a jealous  
eye on the *friendship* of England.  
Balt. Ame.



MADISON,  
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1817.

We are authorised to state that  
John Meek is a candidate for jus-  
tice of the peace for this town, &  
James Allison and John H. Bray  
are candidates for justices of the  
peace for this township.

We have been request-  
ed to state that James  
McCabe is a candidate  
for a justice of the peace  
for this town.

[COMMUNICATED.]  
Fellow-Citizens,  
We shall always re-  
main poor if our imports exceed  
our exports; why then do we  
support the merchant who ex-  
ports nothing but CASH? Let  
us resolve to support those mer-  
chants only, who will take prod-  
uce and learn to export the same,  
then shall we be encouraged to  
raise Pork, Beef, Hemp, Wheat  
&c. for market.

A Friend to all.  
From the Indiana Gazette.  
Political syllogism  
1st. "General McFarland is  
justly charged with being con-  
cerned in a great swindling insti-  
tution.—See affidavits."  
2d. "General McFarland was  
elected clerk!!!—Ind. Rep.  
Therefore a swindler is elected.  
1st. A majority of the votes is  
requisite to elect to office.  
2d. A swindler had the majori-  
ty of votes in Jefferson county.  
Therefore the majority of Jeff-  
erson county are swindlers.

NEW-YORK, Dec. 24.  
A Dash upon Christophe—It is  
reported that government intends  
to send out a frigate to demand  
of CHRISTOPHE the payment of  
about five hundred thousand dol-  
lars the amount of his spoliations  
upon our commerce. The expe-  
dient is worth trying, because  
there is little doubt of its success.  
Christophe it is known is rich in  
specie, as well as in other resour-  
ces.

CONGRESS.  
House of Representatives, Jan. 23.  
Mr. Johnson of Kentucky,

from the committee to which was  
referred the letter and report of  
the acting secretary of war, on  
the application of major general  
William Henry Harrison, respect-  
ing his expenditures of public  
money while commanding the  
north western army, made a re-  
port thereon, stating that the  
committee are unanimously of  
of opinion, that gen. Harrison  
stands above all suspicion as to  
his having had any pecuniary or  
improper connection with the of-  
ficers of the commissariat, for the  
supply of his army; that he did  
not wantonly or improperly in-  
terfere with the rights of the  
contractors, and that in his  
whole conduct as the comman-  
der of the army, he was govern-  
ed by a laudable zeal for, and de-  
votion to the public service and  
interest; which report was read  
and considered: Whereupon, it  
was

Ordered, That the committee  
be discharged from the further  
consideration of the subject, and  
that the papers be transmitted to  
the department of war.

The bill to erect the western  
part of the Mississippi Territory  
into a state, yesterday passed the  
senate, and will now come before  
the house of representatives.  
There are some who prefer that  
the whole territory should be in-  
cluded within the limits of the  
new state, instead of a part of it  
which this bill contemplates. This  
will probably be a subject of dis-  
cussion in the house when the  
bill is taken up.

Nat. Int. Feb. 1.

THE ARMY.—From a report  
made by the acting secretary of  
war, in obedience to a resolution  
of the house of Representatives,  
it appears that the strength of the  
army is much greater than we &  
the public have generally suppos-  
ed. The following are the aggre-  
gates of the adjutant and inspec-  
tor general's Report:

General Staff	4
General Staff of the North	
Division	66
General Staff of the South	
Division	49
Corps of Engineers	19
Ordnance Department	518
Regiment of Light Artillery	702
Corps of Artillery	2,528
First Regiment of Infantry	563
Second Regiment of Infan- try	785
Third Regiment of Infan- try	662
Fourth Regt. of Infantry	612
Fifth Regt. of Infantry	635
Sixth Regt. of Infantry	514
Seventh Regt. of Infantry	743
Eighth Regt. of Infantry	736
Rifle Regiment	795
Total,	9,925

Information received from Hal-  
lowell, on the river Kennebec,  
in the district of Maine, states  
the cold to have been so severe at  
that place on the 15th instant at  
sun-rise, that the mercury stood  
at 34 degrees below Zero—a de-  
gree of cold, we presume, great-  
er than has ever before been  
known within the limits of the  
United States. Nat. Int.

[From the Massachusetts Spy.]  
MISERIES OF EDITORS.

1. Having a letter through the  
post office, charged with double  
postage, which has the appear-  
ance of containing money long  
due from distant subscribers, but  
when opened, proves to contain  
a *very ingenious* communica-  
tion from some *indefatigable* and  
*persevering* correspondent.

2. Having carefully read, and  
revised *proof sheets*, and left eve-  
ry thing in *good order* and *well*  
*conditioned*—to find, the next day,  
the public laughing at some ludi-  
crous error which has arisen from  
an accident that could not be  
foreseen or guarded against.

3. Having prepared a long ar-  
ticle and got it nearly ready for  
the press—to find that the *news*  
which occasioned it proves to be  
unfounded, or that the *facts* on  
which it was grounded are *mate-  
rially* different from what was  
supposed.

4. To hear the complaints of  
the various sorts of readers—of  
the *ladies* (our compliments to  
them) when they find no *poetry*  
or *marriages*; of the men because  
they find so much *trash*; of the  
farmer, because we pay no more  
attention to the subject of raising  
grain and fattening cattle; and  
of the politician, because we have  
to record so few revolutions of  
empires, & have so little to say of  
"guns and drums and wounds,"  
when in spite of us the world is  
determined to live in peace.

These may serve as a *sample* of  
the whole. We will warrant the  
lot to be of *equal quality*.

DUELLING  
The brave Dutch admiral Van  
Tromp who was a large heavy  
man, was challenged by a slim  
French officer. we are not upon  
equal terms with rapiers, (said  
Van Tromp); but call upon me  
to-morrow morning, and I will  
adjust the affair better. when the  
Frenchman called, he found the  
Dutch admiral astride a barrel  
of gunpowder.—"There is room  
enough for you, (said Van Tromp)  
at the other end of the barrel; sit  
down; there is the match; as you  
are the challenger, give fire." The  
Frenchman was thunderstruck at  
this terrible mode of fighting;  
but as the Admiral told him he  
would fight in no other way,  
terms of accommodation ensued.

From the National Intelligencer.  
VACCINATION.  
Having failed to obtain from  
the National Legislature the pecu-  
niary aid necessary to enable  
me to supply the Vaccine Matter  
*free of any costs or charges*, to any  
person who might wish to use it,  
it is with the most unfeigned re-  
gret, I am obliged to re-establish  
those fees for it, upon which, al-  
one, must now depend the utili-  
ty, & continued operation, of the  
act of congress, entitled "An act  
to encourage Vaccination."

The notice is therefore given  
to advise the public, that the ge-  
nine vaccine matter will still be  
preserved by me as usual, with-  
out any interruption; and fur-  
nished, on the same terms as for-  
merly, to every person who may  
apply for it. Such directions

will also be given as will enable  
any intelligent person or private  
family to use it in safety; and  
with the greatest certainty of suc-  
cess. The matter is most conve-  
niently forwarded by letter, and  
is transmitted with equal facility  
to every part of the United States.  
All letters or small packages, re-  
lating to the use of this remedy,  
are carried by mail, either to or  
from me, free of any postage.

By an act of their legislature,  
due provision has been made, &  
the citizens of Virginia are en-  
titled to a supply of Vaccine mat-  
ter from me *free of any fees*. The  
act of the legislature of Ma-  
ryland which obtained a similar  
privilege for 6 years, expired in  
Jan. last, and has not since been  
renewed.

JAMES SMITH,  
U. S. Agent for Vaccination.  
Baltimore, 14th Jan. 1817.

VERMONT.—We have been  
politely handed a letter from a  
respectable gentleman residing in  
Lyndon, Caledonia county, state  
of Vermont, dated December 31,  
1816, from which we make the  
following extracts, which if not  
considered as news by the mere  
politician are not wholly void of  
interest.

"Religion is reviving general-  
ly through New England. Ver-  
mont has a gracious share There  
has been added in general from  
30 and 40 to 100 and upwards  
on almost every circuit. The  
work is generally among the Me-  
thodists and congregationalists,  
and some among Baptists, Free-  
willers and Christians.

"Let all the BACHELORS in  
town,  
Disdain a single life,  
Assert their *liberty* and come,  
And take themselves a wife,  
MARRIED—On the 6th inst.  
Mr. John Radley of this town,  
to the amiable and accomplished  
Miss Nancy West of this county.

The State of Indiana, } ss.  
Jefferson County }  
AT a meeting of the board of  
commissioners for the county a-  
foresaid, on the tenth day of Fe-  
bruary, 1817.

It is ordered that notice be giv-  
en, that there will be a meeting  
of the board of commissioners for  
the county aforesaid, on the 6th  
day of March next, for the pur-  
pose of adjusting all claims a-  
gainst the county. All persons  
having claims will do well to at-  
tend.

By order of the board.  
JOHN PAUL, Clk. J. C.

The State of Indiana, } ss.  
Jefferson County, }  
AT a meeting of the board of  
commissioners for the county a-  
foresaid, on the 12th of Febru-  
ary 1817.

It is ordered by the board, that  
there be an election held in the  
township of Madison, on Satur-  
day the 22nd instant, for the pur-  
pose of electing three justices of  
the peace for the township afore-  
said.

By order of the board.  
JOHN PAUL, Clk. J. C.