

More German War Crimes Trials May Begin In November

SOME DOOMED NAZIS MAKE NO APPEAL PLEAS

Von Papen Sought by Austria for Complicity in 1934 Plot.

By EDWARD W. BEATTIE
United Press Staff Correspondent
NUERNBERG, Oct. 2.—Informed sources indicated today amid preparations for the execution of Adolf Hitler's top flight aides that another group of high Nazis held for war atrocities might be put on trial in November.

Plans for the trial of more high Nazis gained momentum even as the 18 convicted war criminals marched one by one in handcuffs and under close guard from their prison cells today to confer with their lawyers on final appeals for clemency.

The appeals had only a microscopic hope of success and several Nazis marked for the gallows said they would not appeal.

Jodl's Wife Begs Mercy

Some of the 11 sentenced to be hanged told their lawyers they did not wish to appeal to the allied control council in Berlin for mercy. But it was understood that all the lawyers would appeal in any case.

One of those who expressed no desire for appeal was Col Gen. Alfred Jodl, whose wife has sent urgent pleas for mercy to Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower and Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery. Neither has any powers over the Nuernberg defendants.

The three men acquitted yesterday—Franz von Papen, Hans Fritzsche and Hjalmar Schacht—were still at the Nuernberg prison; although no longer in custody. They had requested military escort to their homes in the British zone, for their own safety.

Austrian Want Von Papen

The Austrian ministry of justice today demanded that Von Papen and Baldur von Schirach (who was sentenced to 20 years in prison) be turned over to his country for trial.

Von Papen is charged with complicity in the assassination of Austrian Chancellor Engelbert Dollfuss in July, 1934, and Von Schirach is charged with the destruction of Vienna in April, 1945, before the Russians liberated the city.

Among those who may be tried in the "second wave" of war crimes hearings in Germany are Alfred Krupp of the famous industrial family; Hans Lammers, a member of Hitler's chancellory, and Otto Meissner, a fabuous figure who served through a score of German upheavals from the era of Kaiser Wilhelm to the Hitlerian debacle.

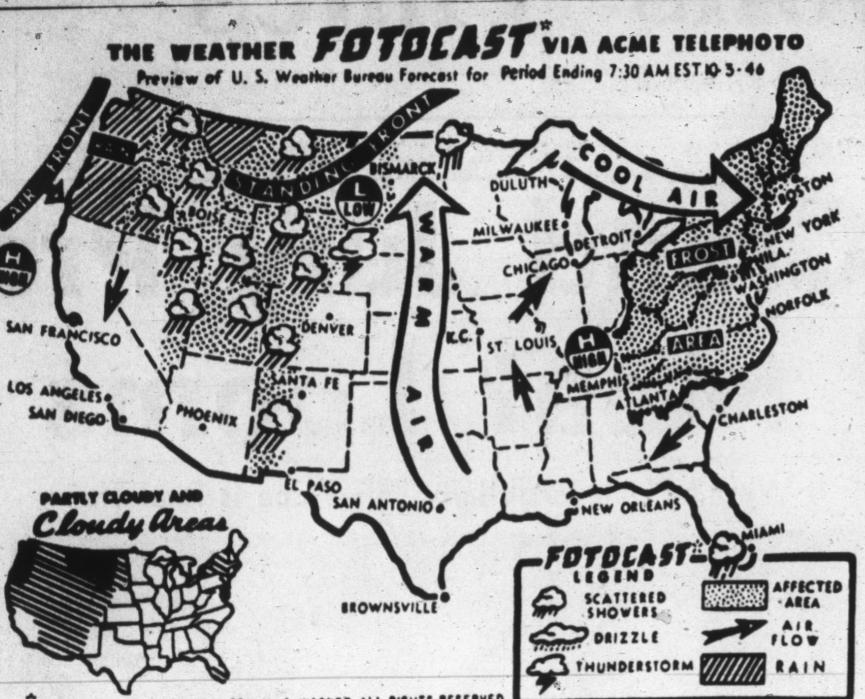
More than 2000 Nazis are in custody on war crime charges, mostly in the American and British zones.

13 GUILTY OF CANNIBALISM

GUAM, Oct. 2 (U. P.)—Thirteen former Japanese army and navy officers were found guilty of cannibalism by a United States military commission here today. They are to appear for sentence tomorrow.

27 PUPILS, TEACHER HURT

CEDAR SPRINGS, Mich., Oct. 2 (U. P.)—Twenty-seven pupils and a teacher were hurt today when a test tube exploded in a chemistry room at the Cedar Springs high school.



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NATIONAL 24-HOUR FORECAST SUMMARY: Frost warnings have been issued by the U. S. weather bureau from Maine to northern Georgia in the northeast quadrant of the nation. Chilly air from the polar regions and clear skies will bring light to heavy frost in New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, Ohio, West Virginia, and Kentucky. Scattered light frost will form at various points in New England, coastal sections of New York, in eastern Tennessee, the interior of North Carolina, and the northern portions of Georgia and South Carolina. (See frost area on FOTOCAST).

Clear skies are promised most of the country east of the continental divide Wednesday night. (Inset cloud forecast chart shows if your section will be clear.) The southern plateau will have cooler weather as chill air from the northwest penetrates the area. Overcast or partly cloudy sky conditions will prevail over most Western states, as pictured on the map in the affected area.

California and Arizona will be free of the showers or rain indicated for most other Western states.

OFFICIAL WEATHER

United States Weather Bureau
(All Data in Central Standard Time)

—Oct. 2, 1946—

Precipitation 24 hrs. end 7:30 a.m. 00
Total precipitation since Jan. 1 25.41
Deficiency since Jan. 1 5.65

The following table shows the temperature in other cities:

	High	Low
Sunrise	54	52
Atlanta	68	45
Boston	54	41
Chicago	62	35
Cincinnati	62	35
Cleveland	55	37
Detroit	64	46
Evansville	64	35
Fl. Wayne	60	34
Indianspolis (city)	62	43
Kansas City	70	57
Los Angeles	70	57
Miami	83	72
Minneapolis-St. Paul	68	48
New York	54	47
Oklahoma City	73	48
Philadelphia	64	45
Pittsburgh	54	38
St. Louis	68	45
San Antonio	77	57
San Francisco	62	53
Washington, D. C.	58	44

Minimum temperatures of around 20 degrees are forecast for mountain areas of the central Rockies, while Montana, Colorado and Wyoming will have cooler weather with readings lowering to between 30 and 40 degrees by Thursday morning. Clearing skies will follow the showers in Montana as the cool, dry air moves in behind the cold front in the wake of the low pressure storm center in North Dakota.

There will be increasing cloudiness in the Dakotas with showers in western North and South Dakota Wednesday night.

The southern plateau will have cooler weather as chill air from the northwest penetrates the area.

Overcast or partly cloudy sky conditions will prevail over most Western states, as pictured on the map in the affected area.

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Story of How Indianapolis Railways' Value Grew 7-Fold in 14 Years Revealed to PSC

By RICHARD LEWIS.

How Indianapolis Railways, Inc., came to be worth \$14,088,000 after its purchase for \$2,600,000 in 1932, of which \$49,000 was paid in cash, continued to unfold before the Indiana public service commission today.

Prior to 1941, he testified, no depreciation account had been set up.

Existence Disputed

The 48 1/2 per cent of the property valuation will be fully depreciated by the end of 1946, Mr. Hixson testified.

Between 1936-37, and 1946, he said, construction costs on railroads, equipment shot up 55 per cent.

"What is your theory as a cost engineer on when this thing will level off?" asked Commissioner Lawrence Cannon.

"Speaking personally," said Mr. Carter, in a confidential tone, "the experts believe that we are now leveling off on a cost plateau. My personal idea is that prices will stay where they are or go a little higher."

The commission listened attentively.

"Off the record, Mr. Carter," asked Commissioner Leroy Yoder with a smile, "what do you think about the price of beef?"

"What beef?" asked Mr. Carter. On this note, the hearing was adjourned.

WESTERN UNION PAY INCREASE UP TO WSB

CHICAGO, Oct. 2 (U. P.)—The Western Union Telegraph Co. said today it would seek a "reasonable" increase in service rates to offset wage increases granted telegraphers and messengers.

The company and three A. F. of L. unions agreed on hourly wage increases of 16 cents for telegraphers and 10 cents for messengers.

It is on this amount that the company is asking a rate which will yield in its opinion a fair return on its fair cash value... whatever that is. That is the question to be decided by the commission.

Based on Current Prices

How the company arrived at its present estimate of valuation was related yesterday by Earl L. Carter and Harry V. Wenger, consulting engineers.

They explained on cross-examination that they took the value of the equipment as it was listed on the books of the company in 1932 and thereafter. Then deducted the equipment which has been retired from service since then.

They arrived at a figure, as of September, 1946, of \$11,416,223.74. That is, book cost.

They then indexed the rise in prices on each item of equipment between the day it was purchased and September, 1946.

They arrived, finally, at the valuation of the physical property: \$12,971,814.88 on the basis of today's current prices.

Cost Theories Challenged

The current cost is \$1,556,591.14 more than the book cost of the property. That is why equipment which has been in use for years is valued by the company at a higher figure today than when it was purchased, even when depreciation has been deducted.

The addition of the value of land, cash working capital, cost of bringing the street cars and buses to their "present state of efficiency" and materials and supplies brings the \$12,971,814.88 to \$14,088,000.

Both Public Counselor Glenn Slenker and City Corporation Counsel Arch N. Bobbitt challenged the current cost theories of Carter & Wenger.

Mr. Carter admitted that in a descending price situation, the equipment would lose value, just as it increases in value in a spiraling price period, according to the theory of current costs.

Prices, he testified, have risen 5

LEGION IS MADE SOUNDING BOARD

Business, Policy Leaders Seek Delegate Support.

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plan requiring all 18-year-olds to take six months' basic, National Commander John Steele said the Legion would insist on its own four-months plan.

HOUSING: The veterans agreed that something must be done—and soon—to provide adequate housing, but were in violent dispute over ways and means. World War II men, pressing for action on the subject, won a minor victory when one internal organization committee agreed to recommend creation of a separate housing committee. The employment committee, which now handles housing matters, counseled caution, and urged appointment of a committee to study the matter before supporting any legislation.

Real estate men and builders bombarded convention officials with demands for action to end government controls over their industry, while younger veterans asked more restrictions to stop unnecessary construction work while their buddies remained homeless or doubled up with relatives.

VETERANS BENEFITS: A suggestion by Gov. Dwight of Illinois that the states should pay bonuses was applauded, but the Legionnaires sensed that the time wasn't ripe for such a program to succeed, so they hush-hushed it. They were emphatic, however, in their denunciation of recent congressional limitation of "on-the-job" training payments to \$175 a month for single men and \$200 for married veterans.

Strong opposition was expressed to all proposals to reduce veterans' allowances. A demand for the ceilings to be raised probably will be made.

ATOMIC ENERGY: The resolution drafted for convention action demands that the atomic bomb be kept an American secret, and that stockpiles of the bomb be built up. However, the drafters expressed "general approval" of the Baruch plan for international control of atomic energy under adequate safeguards.

JUVENILE DELINQUENCY: Interest was expressed in the "California plan" of co-ordinating councils and a youth authority. The Legion's 40-and-8 voted to study the youth authority act as "model legislation" for other states.

Bradley's Defense Action

Meanwhile, Gen. Omar N. Bradley asserted today that the on-the-job training program for veterans would have "fallen into disrepute" if it had been shaped to conform with policies of American Legion officials.

Gen. Bradley was only one of many distinguished speakers scheduled, however. The list includes Navy Undersecretary John Sullivan, War Secretary Robert Patterson, Senator R. O. Brewster (R. Maine), Quartermaster Gen. T. B. Larkin, Fleet Adm. William F. Halsey, Maj. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey, and Gen. Carlos Romulo, Philippine ambassador at large.

The Legion suspended formal meetings yesterday to stage a parade which lasted less than four hours instead of the 12 originally scheduled. One official said that "overly enthusiastic advance publicity" had placed estimates of the parade's length too high.

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Court Laxity Is Typified By Fruster Jones Case

(Continued From Page One)

larceny, discharged by grand jury, Sept. 20, 1931.

Sept. 9, 1932, assault and battery, judgment withheld, Sept. 16, 1932.

Sept. 24, 1932, vagrancy, dismissed, Sept. 28, 1932.

Oct. 19, 1932, vagrancy, discharged, Oct. 29, 1932.

Oct. 28, 1932, retaining a rental battery, Jan. 3, 19