

De Gaulle Trying Patience Of Anglo-American Leaders

By HENRY J. TAYLOR, Scripps-Howard Special Writer

PARIS, March 22.—The dilemma over Gen. de Gaulle remains as it did in North Africa—nobody knows how to get along with him and nobody seems to know how to do without him.

Anglo-American policy here is not to be mad at de Gaulle, on the theory that this is no time to be mad at anyone except Germans and Japs.

But the fact remains, de Gaulle is trying the patience of the Anglo-American authorities in a way so needless if not stupid that it makes you feel sorry for the hard-pressed people of France.

The mystery is: Why has de Gaulle failed to change his attitude since obtaining power? Originally in England and in North Africa he had his own political fences to build inside France.

He was acutely aware of the two limitations to his future acceptance by Frenchmen when France would be liberated.

FIRST—The emotional discount at which the millions trapped here placed on anyone not suffering with them in the French homeland.

TWO—The unfair charge that he sat as a puppet of Great Britain.

German propaganda inside France emphasized these two obstacles against him. That was the reason given for De Gaulle's performing as thanklessly as he did toward Britain and America from time to time during that long period.

Further, we did not help matters by our "on again, off again" policy toward him. He might have done much for Anglo-American unity with the French if we had given him full-hearted support.

In any case there was far less bloodshed and disturbance among the factions of Frenchmen during liberation than was anticipated.

Hasn't Changed

Now, however, De Gaulle no longer needs to make straw men of Britain and the United States as he continues to do. This failure to change his attitude is at the bottom of his present troubles.

His recent refusal to meet President Roosevelt at Algiers is only one example. That threw an unnecessary monkey wrench in a dozen negotiations being conducted for the welfare of the people of France, including a \$140,000,000 American ship deal which fell through and some internal transport matters, virtually needed to revive food distribution for civilians.

Here are what seem to be the most balanced observations by military, political, business and welfare leaders among the French, British and Americans:

French Demoralized

De Gaulle has an inferiority complex which so far simply will not let him come down to earth and realize that he cannot indefinitely speak about the glories of France and do practically nothing about civil administration and the glories of the breadbasket.

His first act on arrival in Paris was to re-gilt the statue of Joan d'Arc but there are limits to how far gilt will go when there is no coal, transport, meat or potatoes.

If things looked hopeful for administrative improvements there would be more patience, but competent authorities say that French bureaus are more demoralized than in 1940 and there is no confidence at all in De Gaulle in this field.

Politics Racket

Many are suspicious that the collaborationist arrests and trials are being twisted into a political racket. Several Vichyites remain untouched around De Gaulle while many other whose help to Germans here was certainly blameless and unavoidable in any practical sense are blackballed into limbo.

Early and complete adherence to a free France and even to De Gaulism is apparently no assurance of governmental approval, especially among army officers who are outstandingly competent.

It is obvious that even some of the French generals have not got ten commands under De Gaulle. This hamstringing our use of large French forces here and results in many more hundreds of thousands of Americans fighting so far from home where Frenchmen instead would fight the Germans if they had a chance.

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FLYNN CONFERS WITH POPE AT VATICAN

VATICAN CITY, March 22 (U. P.).—Pope Pius received Edward J. Flynn, President Roosevelt's personal envoy and New York Democratic leader, in private audience for an hour today.

Washington dispatches said Flynn was believed exploring the possibility of improving relations between the Catholic church and Russia. He traveled to Yalta with Mr. Roosevelt and later conferred with Premier Stalin and other Soviet officials in Moscow.

JAPS ADMIT WAR PLANS INADEQUATE

Premier Gen. Kuniaki Koiso told the Japanese Diet today that the policies of his government "admittedly have been inadequate" with the nation unable to plan and produce "as much as we desire."

Koiso's surprising admission came as the Tokyo newspaper Yomiuri Hochi warned that the fall of Iwo Jima and increasingly heavy American air raids on the homeland have confronted Japan with its "gravest crisis since the beginning of our history."

WHITE HOUSE GUESTS

WASHINGTON, March 22 (U. P.).—The Earl of Athlone, governor general of Canada, and his wife will arrive here late today for an official three-day visit at the White House.

2000 PW'S EMPLOYED

LONDON, March 22 (U. P.).—Labor Minister Ernest Bevin told commons today that 2000 Italian prisoners are doing building work for the British armed services.

A WEEK TO GO, NEED \$600,000

Red Cross Workers Ready For 'Big Push.'

With less than a week to go and almost \$600,000 yet to be raised, workers were preparing today for the "big push" in the Indianapolis Red Cross war fund campaign.

Two report meetings have been held since the drive opened March 1 and \$554,601, or 48.1 per cent of the \$1,155,000 goal, has been reached. The balance of \$599,899 must be obtained by next Wednesday night, the deadline.

The entire volunteer soliciting force of 3000 has been urged to "double-time it" and to see the prospects as quickly as possible.

"Give every citizen in Marion county an opportunity of subscribing," was the appeal of Russell J. Ryan, general chairman.

The third report of progress comes at noon tomorrow and there is hope that a sufficient amount of money will come in to go over the

Hoosier in Nazi Prison Gives Red Cross \$100

AN INDIANA airman who is a prisoner of Germany has written his parents in Frankfort asking them to draw \$100 from his savings account to give to the Red Cross.

He is 1st Lt. Robert F. Sullivan, a former Times carrier, and his donation to the Red Cross was prompted by his appreciation of the Red Cross boxes he has regularly received since his internment.

The son of Mr. and Mrs. Neil Sullivan, 712 S. Jackson st., Frankfort, he was taken prisoner near Lepid, Germany, Sept. 11 when the B-17 Flying Fortress of which he was navigator, was shot down. Four of his crew mates were killed and one still is missing. It was Lt. Sullivan's 27th

\$800,000 mark. The meeting will be in the IPALCO club, where the fourth and final report also will be held next Wednesday night.

Another "over the top" subscription was added today. The firm, executives and employees of the Dean Brothers Pump Co. subscribed \$750 a year ago and gave \$1300 to



First Lt. Robert F. Sullivan
Her husband, Warrant Officer Robert Biser, is serving in Belgium.

RETURN TO DUTY
Aviation Cadet Weidon E. Rugh, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fay E. Rugh, 3741 Salem st., has returned to Brooks field, Tex., after a furlough at home. His wife, Doris, and son, Tommy, accompanied him and are living in San Antonio.

WASHINGTON, March 22 (U. P.).—The board of directors of the Keweenaw Institute today urged Sister Elizabeth Kenney to remain in the United States. A promise of facilities for further research into her method of treatment of infantile paralysis was made.

The board voted to "do everything humanly possible to provide facilities for clinical research so that Sister Kenney may further her concept of treatment of poliomyelitis."

They also gave her a vote of confidence, asked her to continue as a director and promised action on her earlier requests for improvements at the institute.

Since her announcement Tuesday of plans to leave, Sister Kenney said she had received offers from New York and Washington. They promised "complete facilities" for research, as well as treatment and teaching work.

SUSCEPTIBLE TO GOITER
WASHINGTON—Calves, sheep, pigs, horses and poultry are liable to goiter as well as human beings.

OFFICIAL WEATHER

U. S. Weather Bureau

(All Data in Central War Time)

Sunrise . . . 6:45 | Sunset . . . 6:59

Precipitation 24 hrs. ending 7:30 a. m. . . . 0.2

Total precipitation since Jan. 1 8.85

Excess since Jan. 17.9

The following table shows the highest temperatures for 12 hours ending at 7:30 p. m. yesterday and the lowest temperatures for 12 hours ending at 7:30 a. m. today:

	High	Low
Atlanta	48	40
Boston	41	35
Chicago	49	30
Cincinnati	50	35
Cleveland	49	34
Denver	75	45
Evansville	53	38
Indianapolis	53	34
Los Angeles	66	46
Miami	81	57
Minneapolis-St. Paul	56	38
New Orleans	70	52
New York	48	38
Oklahoma City	73	47
Omaha, Neb.	64	43
Pittsburgh	53	31
San Antonio, Tex.	76	48
St. Louis	55	37
Washington, D. C.	70	41

THREATENS INDIA REVOLT

SAN FRANCISCO, March 22 (U. P.).—Dr. Anup Singh, exponent of the Freedom for India movement, predicted here yesterday that India's policy of non-violence may soon be reversed if Britain does not take some positive action.

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