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War Job to Polls . . . First Vote . . . Machine Breaks



Mrs. Florence Waller checks her registration before being the first to enter the polling place of the 16th ward, fourth precinct. Off her war job at 4 a. m., she had waited two hours for the polls to open. Checking her in are William A. Davis (left) and Orval Fests.



Her first vote . . . Miss Maxine Huxford, 21 years old, cast her ballot in the 16th ward, 12th precinct. Her registration is checked by Mrs. Helen Fergande (seated).



It was a long cold wait for those who went to the polls at 1903 W. Morris st. The voting machine broke down. This picture was taken at 7 a. m. Many of the voters had been in line since 5:45 a. m.

31 States Deciding Major Political Party Strength

NEW YORK, Nov. 7 (U. P.).—Voters in 31 states today were deciding major political party strength in state governments which have been edging toward Republicanism in recent elections.

Last-ditch battles, which may determine the G. O. P.'s state prowess for the next two years, were under way in Massachusetts, Connecticut, North Dakota, Idaho, Colorado and Utah.

Less doubtful, but by no means

PREDICT CLOSE CONGRESS RACE

Both Parties Claim They'll Have Majority in the New House.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7 (U. P.).—Today's election determines which major party will organize the house of representatives and assume responsibility for vital tax and appropriations legislation during the next two fiscal years.

Voters Today Name Senate That Must Plan for Peace

NEW YORK, Nov. 7 (U. P.).—Voting Americans today are determining the complexion of the senate which will be called upon to ratify the peace treaty marking the end of world war II and to decide the extent of American participation in a post-war international co-operative organization.

FOR JEWELRY IT'S TAVEL'S
GLOUSIOUS DIAMOND RINGS \$14.95 EASY TERMS!
TAVEL'S JEWELRY CO. 4 W. MARKET ST.
AT FIRST SIGN OF A
COLD
USE 666
Cold Preparations as directed

You May Always Be Constipated Unless
you correct faulty living habits. In the meantime to help insure gentle yet thorough bowel movements—take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets.
Olive Tablets are simply wonderful not only to pop up liver bile flow but also relieve constipation. Test their goodness tonight! Inexpensive. All drugstores. Follow label directions.
DR. EDWARDS' OLIVE TABLETS

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IN ONE MONTH YOU CAN DO PERMANENT WAVES COLD WAVES • MANICURES FINGER WAVES • MAKE-UP
In 5 months you are awarded a diploma
OWN A SHOP OR EARN \$58 WEEKLY \$75 SHOP OWNERS
EARN \$125 TO \$250 WEEKLY
DEPENDENT ON SIZE OF SHOP
Your opportunity for independence now and after the war.
Several months longer for night school
DAY OR NIGHT SCHOOL—HOLD YOUR PRESENT JOB WHILE YOU LEARN THIS PROFESSION
LIMITED OFFER ONLY—\$95.00
Easy Terms
INDIANA'S BEST No age limit
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ATTENTION EX-SERVICE MEN
Many honorably discharged veterans are learning to be hair dressers and stylists. Come in or phone and let us tell you how you can learn this profitable profession at no cost to you.
EARN \$75 TO \$125 WEEKLY DEPENDENT ON ABILITY
401 ROOSEVELT BLDG. Fourth Floor
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Use NEVER-TEL, The Perfumed Deodorant, and **YOU'LL NOT OFFEND**
Never-Tel means fresh, dainty under-arms. Means that while the odor is neutralized—perspiration is not stopped. As easy to use as a toilet water. Apply any time. Delicately perfumed.
To enhance your charms insist on Never-Tel, the Perfumed Deodorant. At most Beauty Shops and Drug Stores in 10c, 35c and 75c sizes. If your dealer does not have "Never-Tel" write us.

Democrats Sure of Nine
If, as Republicans were predicting, Washington stayed in the G. O. P. camp, their total would be at least 21.

The Democratic party was sure of nine states—Arizona, Arkansas, Florida, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Texas and West Virginia—to add to its holdover strength in 10 states: Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, Nevada, South Carolina, Virginia, Wyoming and Oklahoma.

Massachusetts and Connecticut were the only doubtful states in the East, while other heated battles were limited primarily to the western regions.

Massachusetts Race
In the Bay state, where Boston's democratic mayor, Maurice J. Tobin, was neck-and-neck with Lt. Governor Horace T. Cahill, observers weighed Cahill's chances in the light of the strength he derives as a party mate of the popular governor, Leverett Saltonstall, who is assured of a seat in the U. S. senate.

Governor Raymond E. Baldwin, one of 12 Republicans seeking reelection, was vigorously fighting in Connecticut against former Democratic Governor Robert A. Hurley, who was swept into office on President Roosevelt's coat tails in 1940 and was beaten by Baldwin in 1942. Although not in the close category, the Ohio gubernatorial election attracted attention. It pitted Cleveland's Democratic mayor, Frank J. Lausche—who was expected to win—against another municipal chief, Republican James G. Stewart of Cincinnati. Lausche, who bucked the Democratic organization in his mayoral fight and who was opposed by the American Federation of Labor, was a 9-5 favorite in betting circles.

Colorado and Idaho
Gubernatorial contests in Colorado and Idaho, both Republican, and in North Dakota and Utah, both Democratic, were expected to be decided by the vote for the presidential candidates.

The Washington battle, which appeared to lean to the incumbent, Republican Arthur B. Langlie, was marked by the stiff opposition of Democratic Senator Mon C. Wallgren.

In addition to Baldwin and Langlie, 10 Republicans were seeking reelection: John C. Vivian of Colorado; Walter W. Bacon of Delaware; Dwight H. Green of Illinois; Andrew P. Schoepel of Kansas; Harry F. Kelly of Michigan; Edward J. Thye of Minnesota; Sam C. Ford of Montana; Dwight Griswold of Nebraska; M. Q. Sharpe of South Dakota; and Walter S. Goodland of Wisconsin.

Democratic repeaters—all deemed safe—were Sidney P. Osborn of Arizona; J. J. Dempsey of New Mexico; J. Howard McGrath of Rhode Island; Coke R. Stevenson of Texas; and Herbert B. Maw of Utah.

Fourteen states had third party candidates, none of whom were considered serious contenders. Michigan had Prohibitionist, Socialist, Socialist-Labor and America First candidates.

Whether the war is cleaned up on both sides of the world in that time, or whether the next election will find the Pacific war still to be won, the new house is certain to face great and difficult decisions in those fields of legislation which it only can initiate—taxation and appropriations.

Republicans claim that when the votes are counted they will have won a majority of house seats. They have contended all along that this year they had their best chance since the Hoover administration of capturing house control. Democrats dispute this claim.

Neither Has Majority
Neither big party now has a majority in the house. To achieve a bare majority, one of them must win at least 218 of the 435 seats. The present line-up is 214 Democrats, 212 Republicans and four minority party members, with five vacancies.

The pre-polling indications were that many of the congressional races would be close. Only 60 candidates are unopposed. House battles receiving a sizable share of national interest included:

Rep. Hamilton Fish Jr. (R. N. Y.) vs. Augustus W. Bennett, nominee of the Democratic, American Labor, Good Government, and Liberal parties. The issue: Fish's pre-Pearl Harbor isolationism.

Rep. Stephen A. Day (R. Ill.) vs. Emily Taft Douglas (D.), Day is being supported by the Chicago Tribune and the issue is the same as in Fish's case.

Mrs. Luce in Race
Rep. Clare Boothe Luce (R. Conn.) vs. Margaret E. Connors (D.) and Stanley W. Mayhew, Socialist. Miss Connors has campaigned on a promise to co-operate with President Roosevelt's programs if they both win.

House Republican Leader Joseph W. Martin Jr., Mass., vs. Edmund P. Talbot (D.). The Democrats have been claiming that the veteran Martin "has a race on his hands."

Rep. Andrew J. May (D. Ky.) vs. Elmer E. Tabbard (R.). Republicans think Tabbard may win.

Rep. Usher L. Brudick (R. N. D.) vs. Charles R. Robertson (R.) and J. L. Kennedy (D.) Burdick sought the Republican nomination for senator against Senator Gerald P. Nye and lost. He is seeking reelection to the house as an independent Republican.

GOP Claims California
Hal Styles (D. Cal.) vs. Gordon L. McDonough (R.). Styles defeated Rep. John Costello for the Democratic nomination. In the campaign the charge of membership in the Ku Klux Klan was raised against Styles, and Republicans assert McDonough is in.

If the Republicans recapture the house control which they lost after the 1930 election, and if Martin survives the race with Talbot, he will

could come pretty close to determining the kind of treaties which the nation would make with other powers.

The senate race is being watched intently today because it was that body which, 24 years ago and under similar circumstances, scuttled the league of nations and refused to ratify the Versailles peace treaty.

While 35 seats are being fought for at the polls, 36 senators are being elected. Indiana is electing one senator to serve only until next Jan. 3 in the seat vacated by the

resignation of Senator Samuel W. Jackson (D.) to run for governor. That state is electing a second senator to take office then for the full term in the 79th congress.

The senate now has 58 Democrats, 37 Republicans, and 1 Progressive.

Seventeen candidates are expected to be elected with little opposition because they are from states traditionally Democratic or Republican, or because of their great personal popularity.

See George Re-election
Ten of these are Democrats—Senators Walter F. George, Ga.; John H. Overton, La.; Lister Hill, Ala.; Carl Hayden, Ariz.; Claude Pepper, Fla.; Millard E. Tydings, Md.; and Pat McCarran, Nev.; J. William Fulbright, Ark.; Clyde R. Hoey, N. C. and Olin D. Johnston.

Seven are Republicans—Senators Eugene D. Millikin, Colo.; Clyde M. Reed, Kan.; Charles W. Tobey, N. H.; Chan Gurney, S. D.; George D. Aiken, Vt. and Alexander Wiley, Wis. and Leverett Saltonstall, Mass.

Possible Chairmen
If the present ranking Republican members are re-elected and the party wins a house majority, new chairmen of the more important committees would be:

Ways and Means—Harold Knutson, Minn., succeeding Robert L. Doughton (D. N. C.).

Appropriations—John Taber, N. Y., succeeding Clarence Cannon (D. Mo.).

Foreign Affairs—Charles A. Eaton, N. J., succeeding Sol Bloom (D. N. Y.).

Military Affairs—Walter G. Andrews, N. Y., succeeding Andrew J. May (D. Ky.).

Naval Affairs—Melvin J. Mass, Minn., succeeding Carl Vinson (D. Ga.).

Rules—Hamilton Fish Jr., N. Y., succeeding Adolph J. Sabath (D. Ill.).

Banking and Currency—Jesse P. Wolcott, Mich., succeeding Brent Spence (D. Ky.).

TWO HOOSIERS DIE IN AIRLINE CRASH

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 7 (U. P.).—Army officials today announced the names of three officers and three enlisted men who were among 24 persons killed in the crash of a

Transcontinental & Western airline plane Saturday night near Hanford, Cal.

Among the army men were 2d Lt. L. A. Turpin, mother, Mrs. Helen G. Turpin, 608 S. Seminary, Princeton, Ind.

M. Sgt. Richard T. Wales, mother, Mrs. Hazel Wales, 600 W. King st., Franklin, Ind.

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THE COLA DRINK
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Surprisingly fast, Vicks Vapo-r-nol—a few drops up each nostril—works right where trouble is to open up your nose—relieve stuffy transient congestion that makes it hard to get to sleep. You'll like the way it brings relief. (NOTE: Vapo-r-nol is also grand for relieving sniffly, sneezy distress of head colds.) Follow directions in folder.
A Few Drops Make Breathing Easier—Invites Restful Sleep
VICKS VAPOR-NOL