

# 'I Saw Naples' Flaming Fury From Peaceful Capri Cafe'

By DANA ADAMS SCHMIDT  
United Press Staff Correspondent

CAURI, Sept. 25 (Delayed).—Lunching on spotless linen with a cool bottle of vermouth, I watched Naples burn today, a bright flame 20 miles away across Naples bay over which rose a black pillar of smoke.

In Capri, where not a single bomb has fallen, a starched waiter served me at a \$25-a-day resort hotel. The notes of a violin came to the ear.

Just across the water on the mainland, allied troops

are locked in the battle for Naples. The sky flashes with big guns of American and British cruisers blasting the Germans.

Three huge fires are flaming in Naples. There had been two big raids by American planes, while the Germans had demolished docks, warehouses, power plants and factories.

An American officer waves toward well-dressed Italian women and a few Italian officers chatting over lunch and said, "You must be introduced to them."

I HAVE JUST returned from viewing the Salerno beaches, still littered with smashed guns and smoldering buildings.

Salerno bay was thick with oil, debris, ammunition boxes, electric fixtures, tires and life jackets. Along the coast south of Naples there were at least a half dozen fires and overhead parachute flares were just dropping from bombers—allied or German.

Two mighty red scars cut across the face of the steep

hills from which the Germans had been shelling the beaches—brush fires.

Back at the hotel, an officer told about a trip he had taken into Salerno just after the Germans were driven out. He got into a deserted hotel and sat on a balcony listening to the 16-inch shells from the battleship.

A party of British soldiers was running along the beach to help unload a landing craft. A mortar shell landed among them, and that was the end of them.

"The Germans were mighty accurate," he said.

## Wartime Living

## Extra Shoe Stamp Is Easy To Obtain—If You Rate It

By ANN STEVICK  
Times Special Writer

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—Little Eva will not go barefoot in the snow for want of a shoe ration stamp. The OPA points out that getting a special shoe stamp is very simple.

You can get the form from your local ration board, by mail if you wish. The applicant must have no more than one pair of shoes in wearable or repairable condition. The shoes requested must be for occupational or general wear, not merely for keeping up appearances.

Children who have outgrown their shoes will thus be eligible for shoes for general wear, but not for party shoes. In order for anyone to be eligible for a special shoe stamp, all stamps in possession of anyone in his family group must have been spent.



## Butter Problem

A step toward saving more cream for butter has been made by the war food administration in an amended food order. Heavy cream has been getting away, through the practice of adding a stabilizer and putting it on the market under a brand-name. So you won't see any more of those packages of whipped cream.

There has been a good deal of clamor to get WPA to decrease its take of butter for the armed services in order to increase the civilian supply. WPA points out that although it plans to decrease buying for the armed services, this will not create a surplus of butter on the civilian market. The peak season of butter production is over and is now declining sharply. Hence the four-point rise.

## Hand-Me-Down Salvage

A new source of salvage is being considered by WPB. Before long you may be asked to review your closet and donate discarded clothing to salvage. It will be used for relief when it is practical, if not, for industrial uses. In the meantime, don't throw your out-of-season clothes away. The textile shortage is such that there will be some use for them.

## Synthetic Scent

Elastic yarns made of synthetic rubber will soon be released for girdles, suspenders and such essential items. The synthetic rubber is now available in sufficient supply. The problem that agitates experts is the peculiar smell of the synthetic rubber.

## Odds and Ends

The British have found it necessary to increase production of baby carriages, too. Before you start your furnace, the vigorous use of a flue-brush, and the stopping of air leaks with insulating cement will help a lot in saving fuel. A new "friction-motor" perfected in the department of commerce will test whether sleeve-lining fabrics will creep.

## RATIONING DATES

## Canned Goods

Stamps U, V and W are good through Oct. 20. Stamps X, Y and Z are good through Nov. 20.

## Meat

Red Stamps X, Y and Z are good through today. Brown stamps A and B in Book 3 expire today; Brown C is good through Oct. 30; becomes good tomorrow; E, Oct. 10, and F, Oct. 17. All expire Oct. 30.

## Shoes

Stamp 18, good for one pair. Stamp 1 in "airplane" series of book 3 becomes good for one pair Nov. 1.

## Sugar

Stamp 14 is good for five pounds through Nov. 1. Applications may be made now for canning sugar. Allocations are one pound of sugar for every four quarts of fruit canned with a maximum of 5 pounds, whichever is first.

## SWORN STATEMENT

MADE UNDER THE POSTAL LAW

Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, etc., required by the Acts of Congress of August 24, 1912, and March 3, 1933, of The Indianapolis Times, a newspaper daily, except Sunday, at Indianapolis, Indiana, for October 1, 1943, State of Indiana, County of Marion, as:

Before me, a notary public in and for the State and County aforesaid, personally appeared Roy W. Howard, of New York, N. Y., and George R. Parker, Washington, D. C., as trustees of the Indianapolis Times, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership and circulation of the aforesaid publication as to the date shown in the above caption required by the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended by the Act of March 3, 1933, (hereinafter referred to as the "Postal Law and Regulations," printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. The names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor and business manager, are:

PUBLISHER: Indianapolis Times Publishing Co., 214-220 West Maryland Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

EDITOR: 3135 N. Zeeb Creek Parkway, Indianapolis, Ind.

MANAGING EDITOR: 2661 N. Arlington Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind.

BUSINESS MANAGER: 5124 North Capitol Avenue, Indianapolis, Ind.

2. That the owners are: Indianapolis Times Publishing Company, Indianapolis, Ind., of which the following stockholders own or hold one per cent or more of the stock of said corporation:

The E. W. Scripps Company, Cleveland, Ohio (through which the following own stock of the Indianapolis Times Publishing Company): Roy W. Howard, New York, N. Y., and George R. Parker, Washington, D. C., as trustees of the Indianapolis Times, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership and circulation of the aforesaid publication as to the date shown in the above caption required by the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended by the Act of March 3, 1933, (hereinafter referred to as the "Postal Law and Regulations," printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees and other security holders owning or holding one per cent (1%) or more of the total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities: None.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary capacity, the name of the person or persons to whom the trust is given; also that the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the stockholders and security holders as to the circumstances under which the stockholder or security holder holds stock or securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; also that he has no knowledge that any other person, association or corporation has any interest directly or indirectly in the said stock, bonds or other securities than as so stated by him.

5. That the average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the twelve months preceding the date shown above is

87,468

MARK FERREE, Business Manager.

W. B. NICHOLSON, Notary Public.

My commission expires January 20, 1944.

## JUDGE WARNS OF ARREST METHOD

### Cox Says Illegal Action Must Stop or There Will Be Trouble.

The police department was warned by Judge Earl R. Cox of Circuit court yesterday that unless illegal arrests are stopped "some one is going to get into some serious trouble."

The Judge's warning followed a hearing on an 18-year-old girl's habeas corpus petition, seeking her release from the city isolation hospital.

"Police had no right to arrest this girl at all," Judge Cox said. "There is a legal way to get persons suspected of having venereal disease into the isolation hospital but the method used in this case was illegal and police officers should know better."

## Urge Co-operation

The Judge lauded as "wonderful work" the city health department's program for suppression of venereal disease and urged 100 percent co-operation on the part of the public with Dr. Norman Beatty, superintendent of the isolation hospital.

"But these things have to be done legally or some one is going to get into some serious trouble," he said.

Patrolman Charles Viles testified that a police matron asked him to go to a girl's home and arrest her on a story told by another girl.

## Made Arrest

"I arrested her and took her to the police station and slated her on a charge of vagrancy," the patrolman testified.

"You know that's not right," said Judge Cox. "You couldn't legally charge that girl with vagrancy and you know it. In the first place your information for the arrest was pretty flimsy."

The girl testified that she never had been infected with a venereal disease and that tests at the hospital showed that she was free of disease.

## Tests Negative

Dr. Beatty testified that several tests showed the girl had no disease but that later tests revealed she had an infection and she was detained for further treatment.

"If I have a venereal disease now I got it at the hospital where I had to live in the same rooms with dozens of girls who were infected," the girl testified.

Judge Cox ordered that the girl be examined again by a physician appointed by the court.

"If she is not infected she can go home," Judge Cox said.

His ruling on the habeas corpus petition was withheld pending further testimony of physicians.

## Gasoline

Period 1 coupons for the new season are good now for 10 gallons per unit in all zones and should be used with definite value coupons for filling tanks.

## Fuel Oil

Stamp 8 is good for 3 gallons.

## Tires

Stamp 18 is good for one pair. Stamp 1 in "airplane" series of book 3 becomes good for one pair Nov. 1.

## Sugar

Stamp 14 is good for five pounds through Nov. 1.

Applications may be made now for canning sugar. Allocations are one pound of sugar for every four quarts of fruit canned with a maximum of 5 pounds, whichever is first.

## OFFICIAL WEATHER

## U. S. Weather Bureau

All Data in Central War Time

Sunrise 6:42 Sunet 6:36

— TEMPERATURE —

Oct. 1, 1943

8 a. m. 58 9 p. m. 70

Precipitation 24 hrs. ending 10 a. m. 0.00

Total precipitation since Jan. 1. 28.00

Temperature since Jan. 1. 2.19

Wind blowing 10 miles shows the temperature in other cities.

Station High Low

Atlanta 60 60

Baltimore 65 65

Chicago 75 75

Cincinnati 55 55

Cleveland 71 71

Detroit 65 65

Evansville 55 55

F. Wayne 50 50

Kansas City 60 60

Miami, Fla. 61 61

Mobile, Fla. 65 65

New York 66 66

Philadelphia 65 65

St. Louis 61 61

Washington, D. C. 62 62

Wichita 55 55

Wind blowing 10 miles shows the temperature in other cities.

Station High Low

Atlanta 60 60

Baltimore 65 65

Chicago 75 75

Cincinnati 55 55

Cleveland 71 71

Detroit 65 65

Evansville 55 55

F. Wayne 50 50

Kansas City 60 60

Miami, Fla. 61 61

Mobile, Fla. 65 65

New York 66 66

Philadelphia 65 65

St. Louis 61 61

Washington, D. C. 62 62

Wind blowing 10 miles shows the temperature in other cities.

Station High Low

Atlanta 60 60

Baltimore 65 65

Chicago 75 75

Cincinnati 55 55

Cleveland 71 71

Detroit 65 65

Evansville 55 55