

## Wartime Living

## Looks Like Baby May Get a New Pair of Shoes After All

By BETTY MACDONALD

Times Special Writer

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Baby is going to have some new shoes, according to broad hints dropped around WPB headquarters these days, indicating that there will be an increase in production of children's shoes.

The main reason, experts believe, is that the present infants' and children's allocations are not adequate to fill the demands, due for the most part to increased birth rate.

## Slide Fastener Returns

Slide fasteners will reappear, with WPB blessing, in a new war model made from rejected steel. It will take the place of plastic buttons. Slide fastener production, up until now, has been banned by WPB due to manpower and metal shortage.

Government conservationists hope that additional ones on the market can be used to replace old worn out ones, and thus save the clothing supply to some extent.

## Feather Merchant Note

An official in the textile, leather and clothing division of WPB announced in Washington this week that goose and duck feathers and down are at a premium, and that all importers and processors will be encouraged by the government to expand all possible foreign sources to augment the inadequate domestic supply.

All feathers must be clean and new to be acceptable for army use in sleeping bags for soldiers.

## Odds and Ends

WPB has announced a standardization of all wooden shipping containers for dressed chickens and turkeys. . . . Powercycles (motor bikes and scooters) will be produced only from fabricated parts now in inventory, WPB orders. . . . A marked tonnage decrease in scrap iron and steel prepared from wrecked autos have been received in reports at salvage headquarters.

## Your Health in Wartime

## Pinworm Infection Needs Treatment by a Physician

By DR. THOMAS D. MASTERS

The pinworm is a parasite of human beings only. The incidence of infection is surprisingly high. Examinations of very large numbers of persons have shown from 15 to 40 per cent of the people examined to be infected. The infection is diffuse throughout the country. Although the highest incidence is found in congested, long-established residential sections, it is by no means limited to any social or economic group. If one member of a family is known to be infected, it is almost the rule to find other children or one or both parents also harboring the parasite.

The pinworm is a parasite having unusual and strange habits. The eggs are laid on the perianal skin at night when the host is sleeping. The female worm then shrivels up and may drop from the body into the bed clothing. When the egg is discharged, it already contains an embryo, which is fully developed and infective within six hours. The source of infection is the ingestion of these eggs.

Symptoms Vary Greatly

The symptoms of pinworm infestation vary in degree from a complete absence of recognized symptoms, to intense itching in the region of the anus, loss of appetite, irritability, restlessness and diarrhea. Pinworms are known to enter the female genative tract, where they may set up intense irritation and through which they may pass into the abdominal cavity, where they eventually become encysted.

The control of pinworm infection is extremely difficult. The tendency to scratch the irritated perianal skin deposits the eggs beneath the fingernail, and eventually they may be carried to the mouth. The eggs are so light that they may be carried by air currents and thereby be transported to distant objects. They are usually to be found in the dust in houses where the infection is present.

The persistence of the infection, despite treatment, is to be explained by constant re-infection from these sources. The pinworm egg is capable of surviving as long as 10 days on the skin, and is resistant to ordinary temperature changes as well as the usual household disinfectants. Therefore, hygienic measures are inadequate to suppress the infection.

The treatment of pinworms by means of gentian violet, a chemical agent, is highly effective, but must be continued longer than the survival period of the eggs, and administered to all infected persons in the family.

The recognition of the parasite should always precede any treatment. Each member of the family should be examined, regardless of the absence of symptoms, and the treatment should be supervised by a physician.

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## RATIONING DATES

## Canned Goods

Blue stamps N, P and Q good through Aug. 7.

## Meat

Red stamps P, Q, R and S expire today. Red stamp T is good through Aug. 31. U, becomes valid tomorrow; V, Aug. 8, and W, Aug. 15. All expire Aug. 31.

## Shoes

Stamp 18 good for one pair through Oct. 31.

## Sugar

Stamp 13 is good for five pounds through Aug. 15.

Applications may be made now for canning sugar. Allotments are

one pound of sugar for every four quarts of fruit canned with a maximum allotment of 25 pounds per person which includes five pounds for jellies, jams, preserves, etc. Stamps 15 and 16 are each good for five pounds through Oct. 31. As fruit ripens, application may be made at local boards for additional allotments up to 15 pounds per person if needed.

## Coffee

No ration stamp needed.

## Gasoline

Stamp 7 in A book is good.

## Tires

Second Inspection Deadline: A book vehicles by Sept. 30; commercial vehicles every six months or 5000 miles, whichever is first.

## Fuel Oil

Stamp 5 expires Sept. 30. Period one coupon for 1943-44 season are good until Jan. 4.

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**St. Joseph**  
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## Home Purchase CONTRACTS

If your home purchase contract is sufficiently reduced, it may be refinanced to secure a deed and tax savings through mortgage exemption. Lower monthly payments may result.

We make FHA loans. Up to 80% of appraised value, on well-located, modern, one and two-family residences, and four-family apartments in Marion County. Monthly payments up to 20 years. We offer other lending plans at current interest rates.

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## C. I. O. TO RAISE BIG '44 FUND

Will Spend Most of It Backing Friends for Congress.

By EARL RICHERT

The Indiana C. I. O. intends to raise \$100,000 from its 140,000 members for use in the 1944 campaign. It has been learned on good authority.

Practically all of this money will be used in the congressional and U. S. senatorial races to support candidates whom the C. I. O. regards as friendly.

Since the C. I. O. has very few members in four of the 11 congressional districts, the union leaders will confine their activities to the remaining seven.

## Support Ludlow

Of the congressmen in the seven districts in which the C. I. O. expects to play a major political role, only three are scheduled now to receive support. They are Congressman Louis Ludlow (D, Indianapolis), Ray Madden (D, Gary) and Charles La Follette (R, Evansville).

The four congressmen whom the C. I. O. hopes to beat are all Republicans: Forrest Harness, Kokomo; Raymond Springer, Connersville; George W. Gillie, Ft. Wayne; and Robert A. Grant, South Bend.

The four congressmen in whose re-election campaigns the C. I. O. expects to take no part, also all Republicans, are Earl Wilson, Huron; Noble J. Johnson, Terre Haute; Gerald Landis, Linton; and Charles Halleck, Rensselaer.

In the senatorial race, the C. I. O. will make no decision until the parties nominate at their conventions next summer.

## Watch State Races

The C. I. O. expects, too, to take a part in the state races, particularly the governor's, but not to such an extent as in the congressional and senatorial.

C. I. O. leaders say that their members will not be apathetic in the next election as they were in the '42 election. They say that the union members are exercised over the Smith-Connally anti-strike bill and realize that unless they exert their influence at the polls, "dark days," as they term it, will be ahead for organized labor.

First concrete steps in preparing for the '44 campaign will be taken at Kokomo Sunday when the C. I. O. will form the United Labor League, the vehicle to run the campaign.

The organization will be directed by the various C. I. O. leaders in the state. A prominent role in the organization's political activities will be played by Powers Hapgood, regional C. I. O. director, who reportedly was instructed by C. I. O. President Philip Murray when he was here last week-end to lay aside all other activities for the political action campaign.

## Seek Other Unions' Aid

After the organization is set up, the Indiana Federation of Labor, the railroad brotherhoods and the United Mine Workers are to be asked to join.

The union's present plans call for supporting the candidates who pledge to back the Casablanca unconditional surrender policy, favor the price roll-back program, support the president in the war effort and work for a tax program to keep multimillionaires from being made from the current prosperity.

While their program calls for eliminating party lines as far as the endorsement of candidates goes, union leaders say frankly that Democrats probably will receive the bulk of their support. Endorsement of legislative, municipal and county candidates will be left to the respective locals, as has been the custom.

## Part of Wide Drive

The Indiana movement is a part of a national C. I. O. drive to elect congressmen and senators friendly to labor.

Most of the work of organizing the workers politically will be done by the shop stewards in the organized plants. These are the men who will do most of the work in getting the \$100,000 campaign fund. The union believes that it can raise this amount by asking each member to contribute \$1 and by sales from various publications.

## DR. FRANK HUGHES NOW I. U. PROFESSOR

Dr. Frank G. Hughes of Indianapolis has been appointed a full-time professor of prosthetic dentistry at the Indiana university school of dentistry, Dean William H. Crawford announced today.

Other new men added to the instructional staff of the school are Dr. Robert H. Derry, Dr. Henry M. Swenson, Dr. James G. Walker and Dr. Vance J. Vilk.

Dr. Hughes has been a member of the Indiana school of dentistry faculty and its predecessor institution, the Indiana Dental college, since 1921. He has been professor of prosthetic dentistry on a half-time basis since 1936.

## HEAVY EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS INDICATED

NEW YORK, July 31 (U. P.).—The seismograph at Fordham university registered severe earthquake shocks at 9:07 p. m. (E. W. T.) Thursday night, it was announced today.

The shocks were centered 1540 miles south of New York, apparently in the Virgin Islands.

## WAVE'S HUSBAND KILLED

EAST GRANBY, Conn., July 31 (U. P.).—The war department notified Mrs. Mary Roman Lipinski a few hours before she reported for duty in the WAVES that her husband, Pfc. Joseph Lipinski, Jr., 28, had been killed in action in the Pacific theater.

## More Smokes



Mrs. Glenn L. Mitchell, wife of the president of Typographical union No. 1, conceived an idea to raise funds for The Times Overseas Cigaret Fund—place a piggy bank in a prominent spot in her home, 1503 N. Pennsylvania st., and ask guests to drop in change. They did. When Mabel Lynch (above) of The Times business office opened it, \$20.57 jingled out, enough to send 8240 cigarettes across.

## DRIED EGGS SAVE SPACE

Thirty dozen shell eggs require 2.5 cubic feet of space; 30 dozen powdered eggs require .38 cubic feet.

## 'RUN' MAY CUT MEAT SUPPLY

Shortage End in Sight but Fancy Cuts Will Be Hard to Get.

WASHINGTON, July 31 (U. P.).—The end of the meat shortage is in sight, but the agriculture department isn't promising Americans all the rib roasts and porterhouse steaks they would like.

In fact, there is no assurance that a "run" on certain types of the most popular meats which have been hard to get for weeks may not result in temporary local shortages from time to time.

The bureau of agriculture economics confirmed earlier predictions that heavier marketing of cattle and hogs would relieve the spring and summer meat shortage by early fall.

## Get Full Ration

Housewives soon are expected to obtain their full ration allowance for meats, and at the same time have a considerably wider choice of types and cuts of meat.

"Several factors now point to unusually large supplies of livestock for slaughter during the last half of 1943 and in 1944," the BAE reported.

Small marketings rather than reduced production have been blamed for meat counter shortage. There are record numbers of cattle reported on the range, but it has been unprofitable for the ranchers or farmers to slaughter them.

"With livestock numbers and production at their present record level and beginning to outrun total feed resources, expanding markets in the near future appear fairly certain," the bureau said.

## Don't Slow Down, Waring Advises Butler Air Cadets

Nine hundred future army air corps pilots in training at Butler university were told by Roane Waring, national American Legion commander, here yesterday that "the war is a long way from being won."

Mr. Waring, attending the formal weekly review of air cadets, told the future combat fliers they will have plenty of opportunity to fight.

"Just because Italy is about to crack up, don't think the war is nearly won and slow down your zeal and effort," he said.

Mr. Waring, who was a lieutenant colonel serving overseas in the last war and who recently made a tour of the fighting front in Africa, predicted that all air cadets now in training will be in action on one of the many battle fronts of the world before hostilities cease.

He said his tour of the African front and training camps in the

United States convinced him that the American army is the best-trained, best-equipped and best-led of any in the nation's history. Other Legion officials on the reviewing stand as guests of Capt. Samuel C. Giet Jr., commander of the training detachment, were: W. Carl Graham, Indiana department adjutant; C. M. Wilson, national co-ordinator of war activities; V. M. Armstrong, former national vice commander; J. A. Cejnar, director of public relations; John R. Rudick, national treasurer; Fred C. Hasselbring, 11th district commander and about 20 post commanders.

GEORGE R. BROWN, PISTOL CHAMP, DIES  
PITTSFIELD, Mass., July 31 (U. P.).—George R. Brown, 63, nationally known pistol marksman who held an informal victory over Prince Bernhard of the Netherlands, died at his home here yesterday after a long illness.

A native of Waterloo, N. Y., Brown held the national revolver championship in the "Match G" class in 1927 and for many years was a familiar figure on revolver ranges in the east and middle west. Brown's last match was staged a year ago at Lee against Prince Bernhard, who was vacationing in the Berkshires with Crown Princess Juliana. Brown beat the prince handsily and then proceeded to defeat the entire secret service personnel who were assigned to guard the royal party.

## MRS. PROESCHEL, 81, DIES; RITES MONDAY

Mrs. Brigitta Proeschel, 81, 802 E. Iowa st., died at her home yesterday following a long illness.

Funeral services will be held at 8:30 a. m. Monday at the G. H. Herrmann funeral home, 1505 East st., and at 9 a. m. at the Sacred Heart church.

Mrs. Proeschel, who was born in Germany in 1862, has been a resident of Indianapolis for 66 years. Survivors include six children, Miss Helen Proeschel, Marberth, Pa.; Mrs. Chris O. Bader, Mrs. Patrick Downey and Mrs. Harry Lory, all of Indianapolis, and John and Frank Proeschel, Toledo, O.; also 12 grandchildren and four great grandchildren.

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# Further Limitation of Telephone Installations will soon be necessary!

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## Critical Materials Needed for War

**B**ECAUSE copper, steel, tin and other critical materials are urgently needed for war, the War Production Board has recently established limits to the number of telephones that can be connected to existing telephone facilities.

THE LIMIT WILL SOON BE REACHED in nearly all sections of Indianapolis, including the downtown area, and thereafter no additional telephones, except those essential to the war, can be installed. This restriction already is in effect in the areas served by Belmont, Talbot, Wabash, Highland, and Garfield offices.

THE LIMITATION APPLIES to subscribers who wish to have service transferred to new addresses as well as to new customers. It includes business

and residence telephones, and the only exception is for service that is directly connected with the war effort, or necessary for the public health, welfare or security.

IF, FROM TIME TO TIME, limited facilities become available, the installation of telephones will be made in the order in which applications have been received.

THE EXPANSION of local telephone systems everywhere was virtually halted more than a year ago. Since then, the Telephone Company has "stretched" its equipment to the utmost in order to provide some service for as many people as possible.

UNDOUBTEDLY, SOME PERSONS will be seriously inconvenienced. This, we sincerely regret. But please remember, it is something that neither the Government nor the Telephone Company can help—it is part of the price of fighting the war.

INDIANA BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

