

FOR: 'SELL BRITISH PALES'; WILLIAMS: 'HIS WOULD'T?'

G. O. P. Nominee Says U. S. Would Speed Output in Case He Wins.

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money to hire people to attend meetings—and that's about the ultimate in New Deal foolishness.

"I listened to the third-term candidate last night and I thought he was going to announce his candidacy for Congress," Mr. Williams continued.

The crowd cheered as Mr. Williams said he had received a report that California "is going over the top."

"The upsurge is on," Mr. Williams said. "We're going to win."

He denied at Wilmington there was any issue between him and the Democrats on the agricultural program.

"I tell you, I tell you, write it down, we're going to win," Mr. Williams said.

Regarding the questions he posed for Mr. Roosevelt, Mr. Williams said that the American people "are entitled to know the answers" before election day to the following:

"1. Why is it that after having spent \$60,000,000,000 there are over 9,000,000 men still unemployed in the United States—approximately the same number as when he ran for President in 1936?

"2. Why is it that we have stayed in a condition of chronic depression for seven and a half years, while every other country in the world, prior to the outbreak of the World War, showed greater progress toward recovery?

Asks Why of Third Term

"3. Why is it that although he has failed to build an adequate defense for the United States he told Congress last June to adjourn because there was no necessity of its staying in session? Since that date he has requested of Congress billions of dollars in appropriations for the building of a national defense program.

"4. Why is it that he should be permitted to violate a principle of 150 years against a third term—especially at a time when democracy is already in peril without the added menace of long-term personal power?

"5. How does he justify his alliance with the most corrupt political machines in America; how does he explain his first intimate intimacy with their bosses?"

In an earlier formal statement replying to Mr. Roosevelt's Boston speech, Mr. Williams said:

"(Mr. Roosevelt) is running for President of the United States—not for a member of the House of Representatives. He devoted a great deal of his time to attacking Joseph W. Martin, Republican floor leader of the House, and one of the most distinguished of American public men.

Charges Broken Promises

"The Washington correspondents, representing the press throughout the United States, last spring voted Mr. Martin the ablest member of the lower House of Congress. I subscribe completely to that judgment of Mr. Martin's character and capacity. And I am proud to have him as National Chairman of the Republican party managing my campaign.

"The campaign of Mr. Roosevelt is being managed by the chairman of the Democratic National Committee, Edward J. Flynn of the Bronx. Mr. Roosevelt did not characterize Boss Flynn but Mayor (Fiorello H.) La Guardia (of New York) did in the following terms:

"Ed Flynn is the Bronx as low and as vicious as Croker or as Tweed."

Mr. Williams criticized the President for referring to Joseph P. Kennedy in Boston as "my Ambassador."

"I had assumed that the Ambassador to the Court of St. James was the Ambassador of the people of the United States and not the personal representative of the President," his statement said.

"At least, would consider it government representatives to be servants of the people rather than of myself."

Before a cheering crowd of approximately 17,000 in Baltimore last night, Mr. Williams accused Mr. Roosevelt of breaking his pledges to the people and asserted that "on the basis of his past performance with pledges to the people, if you re-elect him (Mr. Roosevelt), you may expect war in April, 1941."

'Sound Economy'

NEW YORK, Oct. 31 (U. P.).—Contending that Wendell L. Willkie would institute "sound economic and financial policies" if elected, 79 economists from universities and business organizations over the nation endorsed him today.

In a statement released by the Republican National Committee, the group asserted that "in the critical period that is confronting us. . . Business enterprise must be encouraged, not only for the jobs it creates, but also as part and parcel of the national defense program."

M'NUTT BRINGS CROWD TO FEET

Calls War Talk 'Unpatriotic'; Says G. O. P. Is Using 'Old Wheeze.'

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for three-quarters of a century," he said.

"It is the same type of mismanagement which brought this country almost to the door of ruin and revolution in 1932. The Republican Party is a party of futility in office and obstructionism out of office. It is a party of confusion and contradiction.

"I cannot believe that the voters are willing to trust to such a party the welfare and safety of democracy in a period which calls for strength and courage."

The crowd bowed uproariously when Mr. McNutt said that "Mr. Willkie implies that the knowledge of business is the most essential qualification necessary to be President of the greatest nation on earth and which is facing its gravest crisis."

Says F. D. R. 'Best Qualified'

"What about knowledge of world affairs? No," says Mr. Willkie, "just business."

Describing President Roosevelt as the "best qualified man in nation to direct the affairs of state," Mr. McNutt said that the national defense program is moving at top speed.

"President Roosevelt has unified defense with Canada and has made a deal on island air bases which for the first time gives this nation complete control of the approaches to our Atlantic shores. His prestige among the world democracies is immense and his popularity in Latin America is the greatest of any White House occupant."

He described Republican charges that the country is headed for bankruptcy as "merely throwing dust in our eyes."

"We could pay off the national debt in one year if we wanted to do it," he said.

Swinging into domestic affairs, the former Governor quoted the Lord's Prayer:

Urges Minton Re-Election

"Give us this day our daily bread." He declared the New Deal has made it the one big business of the Government "to see that the people live decently like human beings."

He predicted that by the end of 1941 "every employable person in the United States will have a job if he wants one."

Waving a dollar bill, Mr. McNutt said that "the Security Funds will remain replying to critics' charges that New Deal fiscal policies might threaten the solvency of social security."

He referred to President Roosevelt many times as a "peace" man, and urged voters not to be deceived by war-mongering charges.

In closing he urged the re-election of Senator Sherman Minton, the Democratic candidate for Congress and made a special appeal for the election of Lieutenant Governor Henry F. Schricker as Governor.

"I've gone about the world speaking for Indiana many years, now I want you to speak for me at the polls next Tuesday," he said.

President Renews Pledge

Not to Send American Boys Overseas.

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of Washington. He will be dedicating a \$4,500,000 national health institute and his speech was expected to be non-political. It will be carried on a national radio network.

He speaks at a political rally in the Academy of Music in Brooklyn Friday night. Saturday morning he will make defense inspection tours and brief talks in Syracuse and Buffalo, en route to Cleveland where he delivers his fifth political speech Saturday night.

Mr. Roosevelt singled Mr. Martin for direct attack here last night. He said Mr. Martin had voted against every farm measure recommended during the last seven and one-half years by the New Deal, had voted against "the public utility holding company act, the Tennessee Valley Authority, the National Securities Exchange act, and the extension of the CCC."

Mr. Roosevelt said he voted against "practically all relief and work relief measures, and against the appropriation for rural electrification."

Charges Political Shenanigans

The Republican leadership, he said, has engaged in "political shenanigans" with the national interest. Citing the Congressional record, he said that only last year, "the Republicans in Congress were voting in favor of reducing appropriations for the Army air corps," while charging now that he had failed to provide adequate aerial defenses.

Congressional Republicans, he said, voted against the National Cultural Adjustment Act, the "soil conservation and domestic allotment act; the second Agricultural Adjustment Act; parity payments to farmers this year and the stump pull act, distributing agricultural surplus to needy families."

"What kind of political shenanigans are these?" asked Mr. Roosevelt. "Can such people be trusted with national defense?"

He answered with "no," and the audience roared, "No."

Denies Defense Lagging

Republican criticism of his rearmament program, he said, is belied by the facts.

"The most inexcusable unpatriotic mistatement of fact about our Army," he said, "is the brazen charge that the men called to training will not be properly housed."

"The plain fact is that construction of Army housing is far ahead of schedule to meet all present needs, and that by Jan. 5 next, there will be complete and adequate housing for 930,000 soldiers."

"I give assurance to the mothers and fathers of America that each and every one of their boys in training will be well housed and well fed throughout the one year of their training, there will be constant promotion of their health and well being."

"And while I am talking to you mothers and fathers I give you one more assurance. I have said this before, but I shall say it again and again and again. Your boys are not going to be sent into any foreign wars—no, the purpose of our defense is defense."

HEARING SET NOV. 12 FOR MILK PRODUCERS

The State Milk Control board today set Nov. 12 as the date for a public hearing on the petition of local milk producers for a price increase from \$2.18 to \$2.54 a hundredweight for raw milk.

The hearing will begin at 10 a. m. in the House of Representatives chamber in the State House.

The price increase is asked to meet higher winter feed costs. The \$2.54 price is the same as was paid to producers by distributors last winter. The Milk Control Board cut the price to \$2.18 last spring when summer feed cut production costs.

If the price increase is granted, it will result in a price increase of 1 cent a quart to consumers.

GREEKS CLAMOR IS FALTERING

Rome Reports Advances; Axis Rumored Seeking Fifth Column Aid.

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scenes to bring into power in Greece elements favorable to acceptance of Italian demands for strategic Greek bases. This would open the way to an end of hostilities in the Balkans and possibly postpone until a later date Italian and Albanian territorial demands.

Rome dispatches named Crown Prince Paul of Greece as a likely vehicle for the Axis diplomatic maneuver. If he could be placed on the throne in succession to pro-British King George II, a settlement might be worked out, it was said. Paul is known to be friendly to the Axis.

This technique, it was noted, is somewhat similar to the Axis coup in Rumania where the king was ousted and a regime favorable to the closest Axis collaboration installed.

Axis Bluff Indicated

Italian reports indicated that Greece's strong man, Gen. John Metaxas, was aware of this possibility. He was said to have placed Prince Paul in confinement.

London was inclined to believe that the Axis might be attempting to bluff Greece into submission—a bluff which Greece has called. According to this view Italy had not expected Greece to fight. Instead, she had expected that Greece would take advantage of intervention by Adolf Hitler to reach terms with Italy.

In any event the Italian drive had not approached the blitzkrieg pace of Germany in taking over such nations as Austria, Czechoslovakia, Poland, Norway, Denmark and the Low Countries. London believed that the Greeks to make strategic troop dispositions and that the way might be open for bold British moves to aid Greece.

Von Papen Goes Home

The slowness of the Italian attack as well as the officially announced Greek refusal to give in to the British Navy, which was reported to have landed forces on Greek islands, encouraged the Greek people and there was a general rush of volunteers to the Army.

Italian bombing attacks on Patras and Nauplia, the Gulf of Corinth, were reported by the Italians. The Italians said attacks were made also on Metzo Pass and the Greek Lepanto base.

The German Ambassador to Turkey, Franz von Papen, suddenly left for consultations with Hitler. Significance of this move, which attracted great attention in Turkey, was not clear. It was presumed, however, to fit closely into the developing pattern of Axis operations in the eastern Mediterranean.

British Apply Air Pressure

Considerable British air activity in the Mediterranean—African coast, the Gulf of Corinth, the Aegean Sea—was reported by the British. The British air pressure apparently was being applied to hamper Italian movements which might be coordinated with the attack on Greece. The British bombed the Italian base of Derna, Bomba, Trimini, Gazala, El Gubbi, Tobruk, El Adem, Menastir and Sollum.

Rescue workers in London dug for bodies beneath a block of apartments demolished by German bombs in raids last night. Miserable weather in London kept the capital comparatively free of raiders today.

Twenty-five of a block of 95 apartments were demolished but only about two-thirds of the apartments were occupied.

The Germans claimed their bombs also hit an airplane factory and a troop camp near Sheffield.

Casualties in dead and wounded were feared high in a southeast London where a German plane dropped bombs into the streets.

Germans said their shore guns had driven off an attack of British speedboats on the Flanders Coast, sinking one of them. British planes yesterday night bombed German and German-occupied territory and inflicted heavy damage, an Air Ministry communique said.

Cherbourg Attacked

The Ministry said the R. A. F. made a daylight raid on Cherbourg and shipping off the French coast and last night attacked docks at Hamburg and Flushing. Bombs, it was said, were dropped on the German naval base at Emden.

Describing the attack on Cherbourg, the Ministry said "a dock side and a large building were hit and a heavy salvo of bombs dropped among four E-boats (motor torpedo boats) 20 miles out at sea."

The British confirmed the operations of Italian planes on the British front. They said six Italian bombers protected on all sides and from above and below by a cloud of 80 German Messerschmitt fighters which apparently had orders to see that none of the Italian planes got into trouble.

Far East Quieter

The Far Eastern situation was quieter. Chief news from Japan was a demand of some elements that Japan put in a formal claim to sovereignty over the South Pole. The same demand recently has been urged by the followers of Maj. Vidkun Quisling of German-occupied Norway. Possibility of conflict over the South Pole by these two Axis cousins seemed doubtful, however.

In London a responsible non-British military authority said that Germany now has about 855,000 troops stationed within striking distance of Great Britain in addition to 225,000 stationed in and near Scandinavia.

British sources reported that about 70 German divisions, or 1,050,000 men, were stationed in southern Germany, Austria and Slovakia, ready for a possible blow at the Balkans.

JOHNSON ON AIR TONIGHT

NEW YORK, Oct. 31 (U. P.).—The Republican National Committee announced today that Gen. Hugh Johnson, newspaper columnist, will reply in a radio speech tonight to the address given Tuesday by Joseph P. Kennedy, U. S. Ambassador to Great Britain. Gen. Johnson will speak from 10:00 to 10:30 p. m. (Indianapolis time) from New York over the NBC-Red Network.

Greece Again Wars With Ancient Rival



RATE 750 HERE FOR CALL NO. 1

But Draft Officials Say Volunteers May Fill All-State Quota.

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State's local board areas will be determined within the next few days. Lieut. Col. Robinson Hitchcock, head of the State Selective Service, said today Lieut. Col. Murray M. Montgomery, liaison officer from Fifth Corps Area Headquarters, is expected to come here to work out details.

It is believed that one or two men will be taken from the smaller local board areas and three men from the larger board areas. Calls on each local draft board will be based on the number of Class I-A registrants in each area and the number of men from each local board area now serving in the armed forces.

Local boards are expected to receive photostatic copies of the national master order list from Washington by Monday, and from them each board will make out its own order list. Then the board will mail out the questionnaires to the holders of the low order numbers.

The holders of the very low order numbers in question will receive questionnaires by late next week. These questionnaires must be filled out and returned within five days.

The registrant will be placed, on the basis of information furnished in the questionnaire, in one of four classes: Those fit for military service, those deferred because of dependents and those unfit for military service. Only those placed in Class I will be called.

In Washington, Draft Director Clarence A. Dykstra said that it probably would not be necessary to charge that she remained in the United States for a longer time than is permitted under the Immigration Act.

An application by Mrs. Browder for a summons of the deportation order was denied by Mr. Jackson on the grounds that "Mrs. Browder's evasive testimony regarding her relationship to the Communist Party had created doubt as to her eligibility for leniency."

Mrs. Browder was arrested on Aug. 7 on a charge of violating the immigration laws because of her failure to have an immigration visa at the time of her entry into the United States.

The eastward movement points toward Salonika, about 150 miles away. That long stretch of rough territory does not lend itself to new ways of fighting. The Italians are using mules instead of motor trucks, and lance cavalry instead of tanks, slowing up operations to early twentieth century conditions.

Meanwhile the British are keeping their own movements secret, except for announcements of mine-laying and air attacks on the Dodecanese Italian islands. This archipelago guards the southeastern entrance into the Aegean Sea. If the Italian defenses there can be put out of action, the British should be able to gain complete control of the Aegean to serve as a flank base against a possible axis offensive in Turkey.

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Immigration service officials will meet within a few days to determine the effective date of the deportation order.

IS ROME OPEN CITY? LONDON WONDERS

LONDON, Oct. 31 (U. P.).—Appearance of Italian bombing planes over England caused speculation today whether the British Government would refuse to continue regarding Rome an open city if the Italians attacked London.

It was confirmed that six Italian Savoia-Marchetti 79-bombing planes had appeared off the British Coast Tuesday, and it was believed that Italian planes had added in bombing London the same night.

Club Car Service Promised London's Subway Refugees

LONDON, Oct. 31 (U. P.).—Subway officials announced today a club car service for the benefit of persons using the stations as air raid shelters this winter.

Food trains will operate from 80 stations dispensing dinner and breakfast. Since the approaching cold weather will increase the need for warm food during the long nights, and since it is impossible to use open flames to cook in the subway because of improper ventilation, electric hot plates and urns will be used in the train diners.

The trains will move from one station to another. Tea, coffee or chocolate will sell for two cents a cup; meat pies, sausage rolls and buns, cakes, apples and biscuits, for four cents an order. The guests

Today's War Moves

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reach their goal in Greece, and so Hitler may have to move in southeastern Europe before he is ready. Nevertheless, Mussolini has not announced publicly what his goal in Greece actually is. It is within his power thus to limit his objectives if the task of pressing forward becomes too costly.

For the present the Italians seem to be aiming their thrusts southwestward and eastward at the same time. The southwest movement is defensive. It is aimed at securing possession of Corfu and other western islands and part of the Greek west coast to make more difficult attacks, presumably by the British against the Italian mainland.

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NAVY RESERVES HERE CALLED TO PACIFIC SERVICE

Main Body of Contingent Here to Sail Monday on Veteran Gunboat.

(Continued from Page One)

two other gunboats, the U. S. S. Dubuque and U. S. S. Paducah, training ships of the Michigan and Minnesota reservists, respectively, and the three will steam up through the Great Lakes to the St. Lawrence and down and around to the Boston Navy Yard where they will be fitted for active service. This will consist chiefly of installing guns.

Then the three vessels will convey through the Panama Canal and up to Hawaii.

Base at Pearl Harbor

The movement of the Sacramento will follow by a few weeks that of the YP26, a sub-chaser and Indiana training ship, which, manned by an Indianapolis crew, is en route to join the Atlantic neutrality patrol.

Commander O. F. Heslar, head of the 4th battalion, will "captain" the Sacramento with Lieut. Comm. F. P. Knachel as his executive officer.

Commander Heslar said he did not know what the Sacramento's assignment would be after reaching Pearl Harbor, base of the main Pacific fleet.

Other officer personnel to "take over" on the gunboat includes Lieut. Comm. W. A. Warrick, engineer officer; Lieut. Henry P. Williams (junior grade), senior watch; Lieut. K. J. Barclay (junior grade); Lieut. G. B. Lantz (junior grade); and Ensigns J. A. G. Fraser, B. F. Walup, R. A. Marks and C. W. Beam, supply officer.

Two Divisions Await Calls

The mobilization leaves two Indiana divisions awaiting calls. The 17th Division from Indianapolis and 19th of Michigan City in addition to about 300 volunteers, chiefly specialists, who have not been on active reserve duty. All eventually will receive calls and assignments to the fleet at various bases.

The Indianapolis reservists were the third group to be called in the country. Units at Baltimore and Philadelphia are already in active service.

Like the 12 men and officers aboard the YP26, the latest mobilization call means active service "for the duration."

BEWARE OF THOSE SPOOKS TONIGHT

(Continued from Page One)

deciding the identity of the responsible Halloween creature. If they ever get that done, they have more trouble apprehending the individual.

Still unsolved, for example, are some Halloween operations last night which were frowned upon by police, although they were not law violations and police have been instructed to arrest all law violators.

There's some agitation at Headquarters for the complete printing of all known ghosts and witches, but one school of thought believes it wouldn't be Constitutional. This hasn't been worked out yet.

Also, some policemen believe that all Halloween elves and sprites should be rounded up and interned on Halloween. Nothing, also, has been done about this.

Until something is done in this or another all-inclusive line, it is better for the ordinary lay Halloween citizen to be very discerning indeed if he is around and about, and to be even more so if he is home.

A door bell ring tonight will not necessarily mean that someone is calling on you. Count to before you answer and then go to a movie instead.

STRAUSS SAYS:

SATURDAY you have a date at the Butler Bowl—De Pauw meets Butler for its Homecoming Day!



If you are out of