

Rep. Dies Charges Moseley and Friends With Anti-Semitism

Plot Against Plot to Overthrow U. S. Is Alleged.

(Continued from Page One)

essary personally to serve subpoenas before you will proceed to Washington."

Mr. Hamilton was informed of the action at Chicago.

"I shall be very glad to appear before the Dies Committee and answer any and all questions," he said in a statement issued by his office here. "I am informed this morning by my office in Washington that Mr. Campbell wrote several letters to me after last year's election, as did thousands of others. A reply was made as a matter of routine."

"There is no secret about the identity of the membership of the National Committee, since their names appear in the Fourth Congressional Directory and other similar documents. As a matter of course, this list is sent upon the request of anyone. There was nothing whatever in any letter that Mr. Campbell sent to my headquarters which in any way would indicate anti-Semitic interest or activity. If there had been, there would have been no correspondence on my part," Mr. Hamilton said.

Rep. Dies asserted that Gen. Moseley, who retired from the Army last year and relinquished his post as commander of the Fourth Corps Area at Atlanta, Ga., with an embittered attack on the New Deal, was a chief figure in the campaign to neutralize the alleged subversive plot. Since his retirement, Gen. Moseley had made many speeches attacking Communism and persons he alleged to be radicals.

Gilbert Testifies

At his St. Albans home, Mr. Deatherage agreed that he was one of a group attempting to combat the alleged plot.

"This is substantially true," Mr. Deatherage said. "We are engaged in combatting the Marxist or Communist guys in this country. Let them put me on the stand, and I'll tell what I know under oath."

But he charged that Rep. Dies and his committee are "playing with small fry, instead of hitting the men at the top of these movements."

The committee met only briefly this morning. Rep. Dies said the committee decided to postpone further meetings until Monday. The meeting then "probably" will be open to the public, Rep. Dies said.

The chief witness at yesterday's session was Mr. Gilbert. Rep. Dies said that Mr. Gilbert testified that he had heard of the alleged radical plot against the Government from a person he believed to be a servant in an exclusive New York City club. Rep. Dies said that Mr. Gilbert related that the servant overheard club members plotting against the Government, and made notes which he turned over to the millionaire New Yorker.

Seek Strange Waiter

Rep. Dies said committee investigators were ordered to attempt to locate this unidentified servant in an attempt to determine whether there was "any authenticity" to the reports he allegedly turned over to Mr. Gilbert.

Rep. Dies disclosure of what occurred at yesterday's closed session brought a different version from Mr. Gilbert. Charging Rep. Dies misrepresented testimony of witnesses and used "star chamber" methods, Mr. Gilbert said that instead of investigating information presented on the subversive plot, the committee has turned its attack upon the witnesses.

Rep. Dies claimed that Gilbert, in his testimony, acknowledged contributing \$9000 to the campaign to neutralize the alleged plot—implying that it was the New York millionaire's money which comprised the chief financial backing for the group. One contribution which Rep. Dies said Mr. Gilbert acknowledged was \$1000, allegedly paid to Capt. Campbell, to finance construction of a "retreat" in Kentucky for use if the "plot" materialized and the revolution came.

Mr. Gilbert denied Dies statement, although agreeing that he did send money to Capt. Campbell. "At least two-thirds of what I gave him was a loan, and the total was \$4500 or \$5000 at tops," Mr. Gilbert said. He explained that some of the funds were used

by Capt. Campbell to finance an appendectomy upon his daughter. As for the \$1000 to finance construction of the Kentucky "retreat," Mr. Gilbert said he paid that money to Campbell toward construction of a house to be used as a hunting lodge. He said that he once had facetiously referred to this house as a possible refuge in event of a "revolution."

Mr. Gilbert said his group learned that the "overthrow of the Government" would be developed by one of two methods:

1. A movement to throw the United States into a general European war with the result that this country would become a totalitarian state.

2. An internal revolution, similar "that in Spain," which would be accompanied by a "raid" on bank bonds and an epidemic of strikes.

Mr. Gilbert lives at the Mayfair House, 610 Park Ave., New York City. He and his wife, the former Adrienne N. Iselin, are both listed in the New York Social Register. He is a member of the Racquet and Tennis and the Metropolitan Clubs of New York and of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Mr. Gilbert and Mr. Campbell were two of the witnesses before the committee whose identities Mr. Dies took such painful efforts to hide yesterday. The other witnesses were James F. Cooke, Department commander of the Tennessee American Legion, Athens, Tenn., one of the men who tipped the committee about the activities of the campaign; and Reid Brodie, president of the National Deposit Bank of Owensboro, who helped the committee trace Mr. Gilbert's contributions to Capt. Campbell.

Moseley Letters Read

Rep. Dies made public several documents introduced in evidence before the committee. One was a letter from Gen. Moseley to Capt. Campbell, dated May 12, from the Atlanta Biltmore Hotel, which read:

"I'm writing this in the midst of packing up to catch the 6 p. m. train for the West. Yours of the 10th has just come. You had better not attempt to send me the reel of the May Day parade. It should do lots of good. I shall use your statement showing what the children started. . . . If the Jews bump me off sure to see they get the credit for it from coast to coast. It will help our cause."

"Best wishes always," "Moseley."

Moseley to Campbell, April 21: "The fact is that the most serious problem confronting America today is just this problem of the Jew and how to get rid of his influence definitely—locally, nationally and internationally."

Deatherage to Campbell, Dec. 14, 1938: "The plan now as he sees it is to start a little GHQ in Atlanta, where we will map the enemy, our friends, consolidate with us those we know are right, and prepare the plans for the campaign. . . ."

Look to 'Military Action'

"That is a job in itself, and a thing in which you can be of a great deal of help. Of course, the General must be careful in dealing with men of the R. O. A. or any outfit that is still in active service—for if he did the organization would be made at once that he was building up a Fascist army."

"Right after the first of the year it is the intention to call a small conference, say about 25, in some place as Chicago, quietly, and discuss the matter of what we are going to do about this thing. Out of that will come only a program—the rest we will do on the basis of what the General thinks can be done at the moment."

"I believe as you do that it will take military action to get this gang out and the organization must be built around a propaganda organization now that can in a few hours be turned into a military fighting force. That's the idea of the boss also, but it must be kept on the q. t."

"As far as the program is concerned, that is something else. We do not need fascism or nazism, that is true—but to my mind we will have a disciplined force under central leadership, and an economic program that will put these millions back to work and help them there."

The details of the campaign and of the alleged plot were so complicated that Rep. Dies appeared confused in describing them. He said the confusion would be cleared up by the transcript of the testimony, which will be made public when it can be prepared.

Figure in Dies Investigation



Maj. Gen. George Van Horn Moseley and James Erwin Campbell of Owensboro, Ky., figures in the Dies Committee's story of a "counter-revolutionary" setup, photographed at the Indianapolis Union Station when Gen. Moseley spoke here Dec. 29, 1938.

NO LEGION LINK, SAYS SAMUELS

Adjutant Points Out Group Is Opposed to Stirring Up Racial Strife.

The national American Legion has no connection with an alleged secret campaign being investigated by the Dies Committee in Washington, Frank E. Samuels, Legion national adjutant, said today.

Referring to Rep. Dies' statement that the campaign had a strong "anti-Semitic tinge," Mr. Samuels said that the Legion, as an organization, opposes the "stirring of racial strife."

Mr. Samuels said the national headquarters of the Legion last December sent letters to all its state departments informing them that James Erwin Campbell, one of the leaders in the campaign, did not represent the Legion's National Americanization committee, and that he was not related to a member of the national Legion staff with the same last name.

"We received inquiries from a lot of state commanders and adjutants saying that they had been visited by Mr. Campbell and asked to support his secret campaign," Mr. Samuels said.

"He told me of them that he was working with the American Legion leaders but that the situation was so delicate that he couldn't say so publicly. His statements were entirely unfounded."

National Commander Stephen Chadwick is in Honolulu and could not be reached for comment.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY FIRE LOSS AT MILLION

PITTSBURGH, May 19 (U. P.).—Fire, in which three firemen were hurt and five persons overcome by smoke, destroyed the Pittsburgh Gray-Iron Foundry Co. plant on the north side last night, causing damage estimated by the manager at more than \$1,000,000.

Raging uncontrolled for almost two hours, the fire reduced the two-story rambling structure to a mass of twisted steel.

R. F. Holtz, general manager, estimated the company's loss of \$250,000, while customers suffered a loss of approximately \$1,000,000 in destruction of metal patterns.

FOUR HELD IN SLUGGING

VINCENNES, May 19 (U. P.).—Three men and a girl were held here today pending an investigation of the slugging and robbery of Gilbert Aldridge of Vincennes last Tuesday. Mr. Aldridge was left unconscious on a roadside near Wheatland. Police said the girl confessed and named the three men.

WAGNER URGES U. S. MEDIATION AS LABOR HELP

Senator Declares Federal System Needed for Industrial Peace.

By LUDWELL DENNY Times Special Writer

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The movement for a Federal mediation system to facilitate industrial peace made progress today as leadership was assumed by Senator Wagner (D. N. Y.) the Administration's key man in labor legislation.

Although the movement has spread quietly for several months, it did not appear officially until last week when it was advocated by Chairman William M. Leiserson of the National (Railway) Mediation Board.

Dr. Leiserson, who is being transferred by President Roosevelt to the National Labor Relations Board as a trouble-shooter, suggested at Senate hearings on Wagner law amendments that a separate and supplemental national mediation system be set up.

Labor Secretary Perkins followed with a press statement favoring a mediation system and suggesting that her Department's Conciliation Service may be strengthened.

Machinery Needed, He Says

Senator Wagner told the House Labor Committee yesterday that development of Federal mediation machinery as a supplement to the protection of labor's legal rights under the National Labor Relations Act and Labor Board was very important. He said:

"I suggest that these hearings, to be truly constructive and complete, should consider whether any additional Governmental machinery is necessary to round out public action in labor relations and further promote the objective of industrial peace."

"We realize today that the splendid work of the U. S. Conciliation Service in adjusting labor controversies over wages, hours and working conditions is based on no statutory authorization except a single phrase in the organic act setting up the Department of Labor more than 25 years ago."

"I share the growing opinion among students of our labor problems that the time may well be at hand to reconstitute the Conciliation service, not by putting restrictions on the right to strike, not by confusing its functions with the protection of labor's fundamental rights, but by placing Federal mediation on a firmer statutory basis and making more adequate appropriations for its effective operation."

Cites Gratifying Results

"In my own state, the establishment of a mediating agency to complement the work of the State Labor Board has brought increasingly gratifying benefits to all concerned."

The proposed system, according to its advocates, would contribute much to prevention of strikes and peaceful settlement of the wide range of labor dispute over wages, hours and working conditions—which do not come under the present Wagner law and Labor Board.

The latter merely protects the worker's right to organize and bargain collectively without interference and coercion by employers.

It is pointed out that the British mediation system and the newer adaptation of it in New York State have been very successful from the standpoint of labor, employers and public.

CORRIGAN TO PASS CITY ON HOP WEST

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 19 (U. P.).—Douglas (Wrong Way) Corrigan, trans-Atlantic flier, left for Detroit today after an overnight visit to this city.

He arrived here yesterday flying a sister ship of the Spirit of St. Louis. Under present plans he will fly to Alameda, Cal., by way of Buffalo, Detroit, Indianapolis, Kansas City, Wichita, Oklahoma City, Lincoln, Neb., and Amarillo, Tex. Corrigan also plans to appear at the San Francisco Fair.

Poet Adds to Laurels—but It's All Wet

KNOXVILLE, Iowa, May 15 (U. P.).—Druggist O. E. Osborn, who for years has enjoyed fame in this locality as a poet, today added the role of rainmaker to his laurels.

Mr. Osborn inserted an advertisement—"rain wanted"—in both local newspapers. The issues appeared this morning and a few hours later the first shower in weeks fell.

The rain ads were written in verse, as are Mr. Osborn's regular drug ads.

NEW SPENDING PLAN OPPOSED

Roosevelt Is Against Using Part of \$2,000,000,000 Stabilization Fund.

WASHINGTON, May 19 (U. P.).—President Roosevelt today said he opposed any new spending plan that would involve use of the \$2,000,000,000 stabilization fund.

Mr. Roosevelt set forth his position when he was asked about reports that some officials were considering a program involving the use of \$1,000,000,000 from the fund for the purpose of expanding credit facilities generally and for loans to railroad equipment purchases.

He said he knew of no such program, although he added that various methods for railroad assistance have been discussed from time to time.

Discusses SEC Reports

The President said he did not plan to ask for legislation on the basis of the Securities Exchange Commission's recent reports on operations of investment trusts.

He said that the Argentine beef question was still an open one despite Senate approval of a ban on Navy purchases of such beef. Queried as to the next step, he suggested that the domestic brand of canned corned beef be improved and the price lowered. Asked whether he would veto the bill calling for only domestic beef purchases, he replied that he had not read the measure.

Mr. Roosevelt was asked whether King George would attend one of the President's press conferences when he is here in June.

Answers Guest Query

He countered with a reply that the question of politeness to a guest was involved. A reporter said "it should be a privilege to attend a press conference."

Mr. Roosevelt said that was open to argument.

The President will motor from Washington to Annapolis tomorrow and board the yacht Potomac for a week-end cruise on the Chesapeake. He will return to Washington late Sunday.

NEW SPENDING PLANS VISION 320,000 JOBS

WASHINGTON, May 19 (U. P.).—Figures released by Government spending-lending agencies indicated today that the \$2,600,000,000 Federal-ally-sponsored construction program for this summer would absorb lay-offs now planned by the WPA.

Officials of the Public Works Administration and the U. S. Housing Authority estimated that in the next five or six months about 320,000 jobs will be created at project sites by the building and rehousing now in progress and contemplated. At least that many more will be placed in industries furnishing materials for the projects, they said.

WPA rolls, now standing at around 2,600,000 persons, probably will be reduced by 200,000 during June, Administrator F. C. Harrington said in testimony before Congressional committees. Approximately 200,000 were removed from the rolls this month.

200 CHICKENS BURN

WINAMAC, May 19.—Two hundred chickens burned to death Thursday when fire destroyed the brooder house on the Bruno Biercher farm in Franklin Township.



Tomorrow . . . a man can drop in and get himself fixed up for summer in great style--and with great advantage to his purse!

For instance--a great clearance of SUITS is in progress---3-piece. Several hundred are regrouped at

19.75 \$25 29.75

MIDDISHADE---2-piece Tropical Worsteds SUITS, custom crafted--

22.50

Sports OXFORDS---Wearingtons ---leather or crepe soles, 3.95. The "Service" Family of Oxfords---at

4.95

Thin open-pored SHIRTS--- Wearingtons---

1.65

SLACK SUITS, about the smartest collection between the Atlantic and Pacific--- (the oceans, not the grocers!) Particularly you should see the outstanding values at

\$5

DOBBS STRAW HATS--- 3.50 and \$5 WEARINGTON STRAW HATS--- 1.45 and up

Drop in---you'll like it!

IN INDIANAPOLIS

Here Is the Traffic Record

County Deaths (To Date)

1939 32 Reckless driving 0

1938 46

City Deaths (To Date)

1939 17 Running preferential street 13

1938 28

May 18

Injured 2 Drunken light 19

Accidents 8

Dead 1

Arrests 52 Others 19

MEETINGS TODAY

Indianapolis Pressmen Union, meeting, Hotel Severin, 7:30 p. m.

Methodist Hospital Alumnae, supper dance, Hotel Severin, 10 p. m.

Exchange Club, luncheon, Hotel Washington, noon.

Optimist Club, luncheon, Columbia Club, noon.

Reserve Officers' Association, luncheon, Hotel Severin, noon.

Phi Delta Theta, luncheon, Canary Cottage, noon.

Delta Tau Delta, luncheon, Columbia Club, noon.

Kappa Sigma, luncheon, Canary Cottage, noon.

Salesmen's Club, luncheon, Hotel Washington, noon.

FIRES

WEDNESDAY

12:13 P. M.—Shed, 220 W. 26th St., fire in bulk of trash.

3:37 P. M.—False alarm, Edison Ave. and 10th St.

3:58 P. M.—Grass fire, 2149 College Ave. and 10th St.

10:15 P. M.—Automobile, Market and Delaware Sts., caused by backfire.

THURSDAY

12:17 A. M.—Grocery store, 2329 N. Illinois St., overhauled motor in refrigerator.

3:45 A. M.—Junk storage building, 628 W. Washington St., cause unknown, unestimated loss.

5:45 A. M.—Building, 3708 Roosevelt Ave., smoke in building caused by burning papers in boiler.

BIRTHS

Girls

Robert, Harry Johnson, at Coleman.

Robert, Estelle Woodward, at 2245 N. Capitol.

Deaths

Paul, Roma Monroe, at 1029 Berwyn.

Luther, Helen Chisholm, at 316 W. 13th.

William, Helen Ahren, at City.

Raymond, Frances Reel, at City.

Willa, Helen Post, at Coleman.

Stanley, Ruth Pickford, at Coleman.

Frank, Leticia Trout, at Coleman.

Leroy, Nellie Carmichael, at Coleman.

Adrian, Marjorie Scott, at Methodist.

Lina, Josephine Bell, at Methodist.

William, Dorothy Stevens, at Methodist.

Twins

Edgar, Zona Fitch, at City, boy and girl.

DEATHS

Anna, Eliza Henderson, 55, at Methodist.

Charles, William Chippin, 82, at 2133 Sherman.

Mary, K. Beuhler, 83, at 5445 Central.

Eliza, Ann Burke, 83, at 1841 N. Delaware.

George, Josephine, 83, at 1320 Finley.

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OFFICIAL WEATHER

By U. S. Weather Bureau

INDIANAPOLIS FORECAST—Local showers tonight or tomorrow and Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Sunrise 4:26 Sunset 6:37

TEMPERATURE

May 19, 1938.

6:30 a. m. 65 1:00 p. m. 80

BAROMETER

6:30 a. m. 30.97