

BURGLARS BUSY OVER WEEK-END; HOMES LOOTED

Several North Side Residences Ransacked; Cash And Jewelry Taken.

Burglars spent a busy week-end in Indianapolis, largely at the expense of North Side residents. Jewelry and cash were the chief loot.

The home of Henry L. Dollman, 4243 Washington Blvd., was ransacked but a watchman was unable to tell what was missing.

Mrs. Lora Pallen, 5450 Washington Blvd., reported her home ransacked but was unable to estimate the loss.

Mrs. Louis Palesnick, 5425 N. Pennsylvania St., reported two wrist watches, a \$250 diamond jewelry and the contents of two children's banks stolen from her home.

William C. Middlesworth, 2154 N. Delaware St., reported approximately \$100 worth of jewelry and cash stolen from his apartment.

The apartment of Dr. William F. Hughes, 4025 N. Meridian St., was reported ransacked. He is in Florida.

Other Crimes Reported

Other robberies reported were: Dr. Goethe Link, 4307 N. Pennsylvania St., lenses and jewelry; Elmer L. Pohman, 1329 E. Market St., watch and cash; Fern Gibson Grocery, 2022 Winter Ave., cash and merchandise; Ruth Chase, 1926 Carrollton Ave., cash.

George Morris, 1246 E. Washington St., restaurant, cash and cigars; Joseph Hamis, 1110 S. Capitol Ave., a table and four chairs; Mary Lou Grove, 3024 N. Pennsylvania St., jewelry and cash; Harold Koch, 5421 N. Pennsylvania St., jewelry.

Merrill G. Christie, of the Christie & Weddle Drugstore, 1928 S. Meridian St., reported that three men held up the store just before midnight Sunday and stole approximately \$100.

Robert Hacker, 32, 614 N. East St., reported two men got into his cab and robbed him of about \$7 after scratching his chin with a pocket knife.

PURIM OBSERVANCE STARTS WEDNESDAY

Megillah to Be Read at Beth-El Temple.

Indianapolis Jews are to join in the celebration of Purim, feast of 105, beginning at sundown Wednesday.

The Megillah, parchment scroll of the Book of Esther, is to be read Wednesday at 6 p. m. in Beth-El Temple. A dinner is to follow, with Rabbi Elias Charney, Alex. Levin, Sol Blumenfeld, Louis Sakowitz, Mrs. Arthur E. Rose, Max Farb and Mrs. Freda Witoff as speakers. The Megillah is to be read again at 6:30 a. m. Thursday.

Observance of Purim was held yesterday in the Indianapolis Hebrew Congregation Temple. An entertainment and dance is to be held Wednesday night in Kirshbaum Center.

PREDICT PASSAGE OF WAR PROFITS BILL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Senate leaders today said they believed that Congress would pass at this session an antiwar profits bill to mobilize the human and economic resources of the nation in event of war.

Chairman Morris Sheppard (D. Tex.), of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, co-author of the Sheppard-Hill Anti-War Profits Bill, backed by the American Legion, said sentiment toward his proposal is "practically unanimous."

Senator Gerald P. Nye (R. N. D.), chairman of the Senate Munitions Committee, now defunct, said he felt Congress was in the temper to pass such legislation "before the end of this session."

EDITORS ARE NAMED FOR ATTACKS PAPER

Joseph Jarrett has been named second semester editor-in-chief of the Attacks Crier, Crispus Attacks High School publication.

Subordinate editors are Eugenia Young, associate editor; Roberta Williams, news editor; Anita Allen, feature editor; Penton McKeller, sports editor; Dorothy Gregory, exchange editor; Amanda Lyerson, club editor; and Peter Perkins, art editor.

VALPARAISO TO MARK 100TH ANNIVERSARY

VALPARAISO, Ind., Feb. 22.—Valparaiso is to observe the 100th anniversary of its founding tomorrow.

Featuring the celebration is to be a town hall meeting, where speakers are to discuss President Roosevelt's proposal to reorganize the courts. The city originally was named Portersville, but later was named after Valparaiso, Chile.

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Accused of Perjury



The "beautiful smile," which Peggy Garcia (left) said Violinist Dave Rubinoff flashed to her during a violent courtship, was absent as Mr. Rubinoff (right) followed proceedings in the \$500,000 divorce suit Miss Garcia filed against him in New York. But Miss Garcia, who traded her original name for one she saw on a cigar band, was in a genial mood despite her witness-stand story of being cast aside by the violinist.

Rubinoff's Attorney Says He May File Charge Against Peggy

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—David Rubinoff's attorney declared today that perjury charges would be placed against blond Peggy Garcia if her \$500,000 heart balm suit against the violinist is thrown out of court because she denied her marriage in Roanoke, Va., when she was 12. Abraham J. Halprin, representing Rubinoff, said he was "completely confident" that Justice Salvatore Cotillo would dismiss the suit when it is resumed tomorrow.

"If that happens," he added, "I intend to proceed in person against Miss Garcia. It will be my duty as a lawyer and as an officer of the court to present charges of perjury to the district attorney."

"If the case is dismissed Rubinoff will be out of it. He has no desire to bring vengeance on this girl for what she has done. But I, as a lawyer, will have no alternative."

Mr. Halprin charged in court that the former night club hatcher girl married Taylor Vance Guinn in Roanoke on March 6, 1925. Such a marriage would make her a married woman in 1933, when she testified the violinist promised to marry her. Miss Garcia vehemently denied

the charges in her testimony and told Justice Cotillo that the Roanoke marriage containing her real name, Pauline Taylor, was a document made out for a cousin who lived with her family.

However, dispatches from Roanoke, where she spent the week-end, quoted Miss Garcia as saying that she now was prepared to admit the marriage, but would testify that she believed it illegal because of her youth.

"Such an alteration will make no difference in the outcome," Mr. Halprin said when informed of the girl's statement. "She swore, over and over, that she had never been married at the time of the supposed attentions from Rubinoff."

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HEALTH BOARD PUSHES DRIVE ON BAD FOODS

'Bootleg' Products Sold by Peddlers Object of Official Crusade.

City health authorities today renewed efforts to halt food "bootlegging," following arrest and conviction last week of a Pure Foods Act violator, according to Dr. Herman Morgan, Health Board secretary.

Constant vigilance must be maintained to prevent peddling of "everything from horseshad to fresh ham," Dr. Morgan said.

A local man, arrested by Health Board officers as he was attempting to peddle "bootlegged" oleomargarine to a grocer, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to 30 days on the State Farm and fined \$50 and costs.

"Home Factories" Problem

Dr. Morgan said the most serious problem is to check "home factories" producing and peddling candy, doughnuts and other foods which have not been inspected.

He pointed out that many families endeavor to earn a living in this manner, but are endangering the health of the entire community.

He cited as an example one family which was making and selling candy and sandwiches. An investigation by Health Board officers revealed the husband had suffered from tuberculosis for several years.

Meat Often Diseased

Farmers and small-town residents in the Indianapolis territory sometimes peddle uninspected meat to local consumers, according to Dr. Morgan.

The meat often comes from animals which have died from disease, he said.

"Housewives think they are getting a bargain when they purchase uninspected food at a cheaper price, but instead are risking sickness and doctor bills," Dr. Morgan stated.

FIREMAN INJURED BY BLADE IN BOOT HEEL

Marion Harrison, 44, fireman at Engine House 2, was cut on the heel yesterday by a razor blade in one of his boots. When an alarm sounded, he slid down the emergency pole, felt the blade when his feet touched the floor.

WATCH REPAIRING
Careful Painstaking Work By Skilled Guild Craftsmen
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530 Lemcke Bldg.—LI-5882

Booth Tarkington's Message on Court Plan

The text of Booth Tarkington's message to the meeting of the Society for the Preservation of American Ideals follows:

My father, at the age of 91, told me he didn't feel old enough to glory in it! It is only to the young that the old seem old. When we're 10, 30 seems pretty old, and when we're 20 we look upon people who get married after the age of 40 as ludicrous and even rather scandalous. To the President's young middle-age and equipment of splendid vitality, which we hope will be the same 40 years from now, the age of 70 seems superannuated. To the painter, Titian, working hard at 99 and then cut off untimely by the bubonic plague, 70 didn't seem old at all. To Titian, 70 seemed the age at which he'd just begun really to know how to handle the tools of his trade.

Most of the disastrous mistakes recorded in history were made by men in middle-age, younger middle-age and youth. I pause to mention merely, as an infinitesimal item of the prodigious list, Napoleon at Waterloo, Wilkes Booth and Pontius Pilate.

In the view of anybody who doesn't prefer dust in his eyes, there are very few living men who wouldn't need to be at least 70 to be qualified to sit on the bench of the Supreme Court of the United States.

However, after listening attentively to orations by advocates of the bill, and after reading reports of the many statements and arguments in favor of it, I find that what remains in my mind, as the boiled-down gist of what I have heard and read, may be expressed more simply as follows: "These judges are too old because we've got to get 'em out of the way in order to change the Constitution without changing it."

That is to say, the proponents

of the bill do not only admit, they urge and proclaim, that the present judges must be removed, or overwhelmed, because they stand in the way of certain policies. We may understand the matter better if we pause to inquire here: How do the judges stand in the way of those policies?

The first part of the answer to that question seems to rest upon the fact that we, the people, are not infallible. Political orators often tell us we are; but we know better. We often reverse our most passionate opinions. We threw out the Democratic Party after Mr. Wilson. We threw out the Republican Party after Mr. Hoover.

We threw in prohibition with great enthusiasm; we threw it out uproariously! Even our Presidents are not infallible; and we grove how thoroughly we believe this by the way we reverse ourselves and turn on them, bringing to mind an old aphorism, "Republicans are ungrateful."

The framers of the Constitution understood our fallibility. They knew that they themselves, being human, needed to be protected from their own impulses. They knew that we, and our Presidents also, would need this same protection. That is why we have a Constitution and its careful provision for amendments.

The founders of the country knew that neither one man nor men in the mass are to be trusted to think rightly, or for the general best interest, in a hurry. Moreover, as the Constitution is the charter of our liberty, and therefore it is vital to us all that the words of the document should never be misunderstood or misapplied, its framers provided us with a dictionary. In regard to the Constitution of the United States, that's what the Supreme Court is. In essence and reality it is a dictionary.

The judges do not govern the people; and, as for the policies in the way of which the present judges are alleged to stand as obstacles, the judges do not condemn those policies, nor praise them, nor in any manner criticize them.

Some of the judges and possibly, so far as we know, all of them may approve of those policies; it is not their business to tell us whether they do or do not. Their business is solely with the words and groups of words used in the Constitution of the United States and its amendments.

They are simply the highest authority we have on the meaning of those words and groups of words. All the judges can tell us is what those words mean, and by the Constitution itself, their majority opinion, no matter by how large or small a majority, settles the meaning of the word or groups of words in the Constitution.

The judges do not say to all of us or to any one of us, "You shall do this thing or that thing!" or "You shall not do this thing or that thing!" They only say, "The word black means black; the word white means white."

Proponents of the bill declare that its real purpose is to replace the present judges with men who will have the present President's

good purposes so much at heart that, in order to forward them, they will say to us, the people, "The word black means white; the word white means black."

That is to say, we shall henceforth have no dictionary. The words in our Constitution will henceforth mean whatever any President—good President or bad President, strong President or weak President, intelligent President or stupid President (and we have had all of these and shall again)—the words of which our Constitution is composed will henceforth mean what any President wants them to mean.

President Roosevelt knows his own good intentions and benevolent purpose; but we, the people—or at least many of us—are permitted to doubt if he himself would care to take this risk if he were one of us, a private citizen—and if Mr. Henry Ford, for instance, were President! We're pretty confident, in fact, that if this were the case, Mr. Roosevelt would prefer to keep the dictionary.

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The gross rate of interest earned on mean ledger assets was 4.49% as compared with 4.54% for the year 1935.

Assets were increased by \$5,763,454.46 and stood at the end of year \$88,905,771.96. The total capital, surplus and contingency reserves on December 31, 1936, amounted to \$15,945,390.20.

In accordance with the Company's custom to liberalize old policies, when it appears safe to do so, the year just closed saw non-forfeiture provisions liberalized in a large number of weekly premium policies long on the Company's books.

BRADFORD H. WALKER, President

FINANCIAL CONDITION, DECEMBER 31, 1936

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Cash on Hand and in Banks	1.6% \$ 1,452,353.23	Policy Reserves	79.8% \$70,968,726.00
United States Government Bonds	11.4% 10,111,824.82	This is the "Legal Reserve." This amount together with future premiums and interest will pay all policy claims as they mature.	
Home Owners' Loan and Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Bonds	.8% 711,795.06	Reserve for Policy Claims	.5% 418,910.15
Canadian Government Bonds	1.0% 845,323.28	Claims in course of settlement and reserve for claims incurred but not reported to the Company at the close of the year.	
State, Municipal and County Bonds	11.4% 10,118,940.02	Reserve for Premiums and Interest Paid in Advance and Sundry Items	.9% 781,059.93
Public Utility Bonds	10.8% 9,612,093.13	Reserve for Taxes, Commissions, Expenses and all other Liabilities	.9% 791,685.68
Railroad Bonds	6.5% 5,771,946.61	Special Contingency Reserves	4.8% 4,250,000.00
Industrial and other Bonds	1.3% 1,171,320.25	For possible depreciation of assets possible excess mortality and other contingencies.	
Stocks	3.0% 2,685,173.86	Capital Stock	6.7% 6,000,000.00
Mortgage Loans on Real Estate	30.5% 27,150,749.28	Surplus	6.4% 5,695,390.20
Including \$768,007.57 Loans on Ranch and \$189,922.49 on Farm Properties.		TOTAL	100.0% \$88,905,771.96
Real Estate	1.9% 1,710,136.46		
Used and/or held for Home Office Purposes	9.0% 7,999,826.66		
Real Estate Acquired by Foreclosure of Mortgage Loans	8.3% 7,399,283.20		
Loans to Policyholders	1.2% 1,057,925.41		
Secured by the Cash Value of their Policies			
Interest Due and Accrued	1.3% 1,106,895.64		
On Investments and Policy Loans			
Installments, not yet due, of current year's premiums, premiums in course of collection and premiums extended—secured by Policy Reserve			
Other Assets	185.05		
TOTAL ADMITTED ASSETS	100.0% \$88,905,771.96		

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SUMMARY for 1936

Gross Income	\$19,634,693.15
Premium Income	14,686,240.78
Assets	88,905,771.96
Insurance in Force	440,095,757.00
Capital, Surplus and Contingency Reserves	15,945,390.20
Total Payments Under Policy Contracts Since Organization	109,654,385.43