

GAS TAX FUNDS SPLIT UNFAIRLY, LAWYER CLAIMS

Legislator Maps Measure
for More Equitable
Distribution.

Legislation calculated to effect a more equitable distribution of gasoline tax funds will be presented to the next Indiana general assembly, it has been announced by a group of St. Joseph county residents.

Led by Samuel Feiwel, St. Joseph county attorney and state representative, a South Bend delegation visited the statehouse to inspect records in the auditor's office.

Mr. Feiwel termed the present distribution method, based on one-eighth on population and the other seven-eighths on total road mileage, as grossly unfair to the more populous counties.

For instance, Mr. Feiwel pointed out, St. Joseph county's last gasoline tax payment, according to his estimate, was approximately \$125,000, and the return to St. Joseph county was only about \$120,000.

The return to St. Joseph was only a few thousands more than that to counties with one-fourth or one-fifth of the population of St. Joseph county, in which South Bend is located.

The larger the population and the more important the county in regard to heavy traffic, the more road upkeep is necessary, Mr. Feiwel pointed out.

The same situation exists, of course, in Marion county, where the last fiscal year distribution was only \$115,571.

CITY INSURANCE MEN HELP MAP CONVENTION

Three Attend Conference of Advertising Group at Chicago.

Three Indianapolis men have returned here after meeting with the executive committee of the 1934 Mutual Insurance Advertising conference at Chicago to make plans for the convention at Savannah, Ga., Nov. 12 to 16.

They were Walter E. Jackson, advertising manager of the Grain Dealers National Mutual Fire Insurance Company; Charles Coates, director of publicity for the Indiana Union Mutual Insurance Company; and Fred W. Dahr, advertising manager of the Indiana Lumbermen's Mutual Insurance Company.

STOREN NAMED OFFICER OF SECURITY TRUST CO.

State Treasurer Is Elected to Vice-Presidency.

William Storen, state treasurer, has been elected vice-president of the Security Trust Company by the company's trustees, it was announced today.

Mr. Storen, treasurer of the Democratic state committee, was president of the Scott County State bank and the Scottsburg State bank before becoming state treasurer. He served these institutions sixteen years. Mr. Storen will bring his family to Indianapolis from Scottsburg and establish his home here.

EXCAVATORS FIND RUINS OF 'OLDEST' CHURCH

First Christian Institution Believed Under St. John Lateran.

ROME, Aug. 4.—Ruins of what is believed to have been the first Christian church, as well as the first residence of the popes, were unearthed today by papal archeologists.

The find was made during excavations under St. John Lateran, "the Cathedral of the Pope," which itself, according to tradition, was started in the year 324 by Emperor Constantine the First.

ELEPHANT REMEMBERS, KILLS HIS TORMENTOR

Picks From Crowd Man Who Fed Him Lime as Joke.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 4.—Months ago Pedro Garcia, peon circus worker, put some lime in the water of a huge circus elephant as a joke.

Yesterday Garcia visited the circus. As he passed the elephant in a crowd, it reached out with its trunk, seized him, hurled him to the ground, trampled him three times. He died in a hospital.

Gone, but Not Forgotten

Automobiles reported to police as stolen below:
Orin Slagle, 915 Reister street, Chevrolet, 16-27, from garage in rear of home.
Earl Henry, 909 King avenue, Chrysler, 48-235, from Ohio and East streets.
A. C. Gorman, 2114 Park avenue, Chevrolet, 1930, from 127 South Hancock street.
John L. Mosier, 6929 Paxton avenue, Chicago, Ford V-8 coupe, 322-060, Illinois, from parking space Perry stadium.
T. R. Marshall, 3161 Broadway, Studebaker, 1931, from Capitol street and Washington street.
Frank B. Hunter, 4831 North Illinois street, Ford V-8 coach, 27-239, from Illinois and Georgia streets.
Hamilton and Harris company, Senate avenue and South street, Chevrolet panel body truck from 127 South Hancock street, containing cigars, razor blades and sundries valued at \$300.
H. C. Wolf, 3625 Torem Lane, Graham-Paige coupe, 1934, from in front of 2804 Watson road.

BACK HOME AGAIN

Stolen automobiles recovered by police below:
Ford V-8, 420 North State street, from W. Haynes, found at Pennsylvania and Georgia streets.
Studebaker, 1934, from Georgia street.
Dodge coupe, found in front of 318 North Senate avenue.
James Alwood, 719 Prospect street, Pontiac coach, found at Rural street and Carson avenue, returned at four o'clock, four tires and radio.
John Dean, 2915 Madison street, Ford sedan, found at 2700 Schofield avenue.
Studebaker sedan, license 1-1000, found in white river bottom near Perry stadium, completely stripped.

V. F. of W. Women to Meet
Mrs. Alice Walker, newly elected president of the state auxiliary, Veterans of Foreign Wars, will preside at a first council administration meeting at a tomorrow at 210 North Delaware street.

Legion Hunts Missing Man
The American Legion is attempting to locate Patrick F. Gordon, missing from Chillicothe, O., since April, for his mother, Mrs. Bridget Gordon, 842 West Twenty-ninth street, Indianapolis.

STOCKS RACKET IS CHARGED BY PROBERS OF ALLEGED 'BUCKET SHOP'



Negligence Charge Hurlled in Alleged Stock Racket

Securities Board Chief
Ignored Many Warnings,
Says Overley.

(Continued From Page One)

Mr. Overley, who pointed out that Mann & Co. was operating in Indiana and that the company's charter to do business had been revoked in that state.

The warning from the West Virginia commissioner was not the sole flag of danger to state investors received by the state administration, continued Mr. Overley.

On May 1, 1933, the Better Business Bureau of Columbus, O., wrote to Governor McNutt: "It is our opinion that past experience with Mann & Co., both by citizens of Ohio as well as West Virginia, are the best indication that this case is important from the standpoint of investors of the state."

Mr. Overley charged that Mr. Ullman was not always "Ullman" and that on occasions he answered to phone calls of customers as "Mann."

The Better Business Bureau head declares "Mann" of Mann & Co. was merely a "phantom."

A cashier's cage, off the offices of Mr. Ullman, connected directly with what is termed by Mr. Overley as the "boiler-room" of the alleged "bucket shop." The room was locked against intrusion.

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Heated selling campaigns and words of praise for certain stocks went over the telephone lines shown in this photo of the interior of one of the offices of Mann & Co. alleged "bucket-shop" in the Merchants Bank building, now under federal probe.

Louis R. Markin, administrator for the estate of Milton D. Ullman, said to have been head of the firm, is shown at the battery of phones. In the background can be seen innumerable telephone books, for Indiana, Kentucky and Ohio towns, for calling prospective customers.

In the argot of the financial world the setup was the "boiler-room" of the alleged "bucket-shop."

Lists of prospective clients were ticketed as "Never Been Done," or as "Ohio Doctors, Partial List, Summer Months."

Doctors and dentists were high on the alleged "sucker" lists of the firm, according to Mr. Markin, who believes that customers of the firm lost between \$86,000 and \$250,000 during the two years of operation in Indiana.

Employees Are Sought
Mr. Ullman's widow, who lives in Gary, has requested that employees of the firm be sought. She believes they may know what happened to finances and securities of the company.

In the meantime, A. C. Garrigus, Indianapolis postal inspector, after an inspection of the company's office and taking a few records, corresponded with his superiors in Washington to see if the federal operatives could act.

Search was being made by investigators for one man, believed to have been the office manager, who had been registered in a city hotel.

Mr. Garrigus expressed the opinion that his department might not be able to act with the actual firm head dead and only employees involved.

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DILLINGER PAID \$10,000, CLAIMS STATE OFFICIAL

Wooden Gun in Indianapolis,
Father of Slain
Outlaw Admits.

(Continued From Page One)

criminal in terms of cold, hard cash," said the man who led the hunt for the desperado in Indiana. "After his capture in Dayton, Dillinger told me that his share of the loot of the Massachusetts Avenue bank holdup in Indianapolis was \$7,500. A total of \$25,000 was stolen from the bank and split three ways."

"I also learned from Dillinger that he got \$1,000 from the robbery of a bank in Daleville, O., in which three men participated and \$3,000 was stolen. Of the \$5,000 lot in Montpelier, O., Dillinger got \$1,500; of the \$8,000 robbery at the Bluffton, O., bank his share was \$2,000. Four men did that job."

Says Figures Are Right.
"With three other men Dillinger held up the New Carlisle, O., bank stealing \$6,000," said Leach. "Dillinger's share was only \$1,500. 'I know these figures to be right,' said Captain Leach, 'but we will have to make a guess at some of the other sums realized by Dillinger because when I next saw him after his capture at Tucson he refused to talk about any of his professional work.'"

"But using the same division of spoils I think I can nearly approximate what Dillinger's share would amount to."

"For example \$25,000 in cash was stolen from the Greencastle, Ind., bank. Five men including Pierpont and Dillinger did the job. I figure Dillinger's share was \$5,000. 'At St. Mary's, O., Charles Mackley's home town, the gang robbed a bank getting \$12,000. The loot was split five ways, and giving Dillinger a little the share was \$2,400. Let's say that he got \$3,000.'"

Received Same Amount
"The same five men under Dillinger's leadership held up a bank at Racine, Wis., and stole \$24,000. Let's say Dillinger's share was \$4,800. It couldn't be much more because Mackley, Pierpont and Clark really were co-leaders of the gang with Dillinger and got about the same amount as he."

"In the robbery of the East Chicago, Ind., bank Dillinger took only one man with him—John Hamilton. That job marked the murder of Detective Pat O'Malley, a pal of mine, who left a wife and five children."

"In that job, Dillinger and Hamilton got \$25,000 which was split two ways, I'm sure. Add those figures up and you will find that Dillinger's share in all the bank robberies I have mentioned was about \$37,000 in cash."

"In the robberies at St. Mary's, O., and Greencastle, Ind., and possibly one or two others the Dillinger gang stole about \$75,000 in bonds. Out of the sum I know from my investigation, that the gang only got \$15,000. Of course the bonds could not be sold at their face value and the 'fence' got the lion's share—about \$20,000."

Bond Share \$3,000
"All right! Again giving Johnnie the benefit of the doubt, let's say that his share of the bond money was over \$3,000. That would give him a total of about \$40,000 less \$3,500 which he paid out in attorney's fees during his stay in the Lima, O., jail. That gives him a working capital of \$36,500. Remember his only income came from his bank jobs."

"Then the gang went to Tucson, Ariz., where Dillinger and his pals were captured. Sixteen thousand dollars was taken from Dillinger on that occasion. That brings his share to \$20,500. Remember he had stolen \$20,500."

"After Dillinger escaped from Crown Point jail the gang robbed a bank at Mason City, Ia., from which Dillinger, I learned, received \$6,000. 'Dillinger personally bought six new automobiles, each costing more than \$1,000. Let's say his auto bill was \$5,500. That leaves his capital at \$20,000. It cost Dillinger at least \$200 a week to live, counting gas, clothes, rents, etc. His living expenses for the year must then have been \$10,400. That leaves a grand total remaining of \$19,600."

"If Dillinger took part in the robbery at the South Bend bank last month—which I personally doubt—where \$28,000 was taken by five men, then he may have added about \$5,500 to his exchequer. From this sum of about \$15,000 must be deducted whatever he paid to have his face lifted."

"That job didn't cost a cent less than \$5,000 because in one instance we know that Hamilton paid \$5,000 to have two wounds dressed and no crooked doctor would work on Dillinger for less."

"If Dillinger paid \$10,000 as has been claimed to effect his escape from Crown Point jail he had exactly nothing when he was killed except the \$7,700 found in his pockets. Admitting that my estimates are a few thousand dollars it is hardly possible that Dillinger could have had more than \$2,000 or \$3,000 cashed away."

"Do you think that is worth the lives of seventeen people?"

Next: Dillinger's Love Life.

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LEACH CHALKS UP END OF DILLINGER HUNT