

CHARMED LIFE BEARS HITLER THROUGH WAR

German Fascist Chief Was Good Soldier, but Won No Special Honor.

This is the third installment of the life story of Adolf Hitler, German Fascist leader, written by the late James A. Howard, editor of the Pittsburgh Press, a Scripps-Howard newspaper.

Hitler's chapters told of the childhood of the frail lad, son of an Austrian father and Bohemian mother, who was a rascal in school, but daily at being a German soldier.

He was a rascal in school, but started to show signs of talent after the family moved to Vienna. There he became a Hitler, a Hitler against Socialism, and nursed the ambition to be a newspaper artist.

He was a Hitler against the hated of Jews. In 1912 he went to Munich and became a carpenter, then was drafted into the German army when the World war broke out.

BY GUY V. MILLER

After a seemingly endless period of training, private Adolf Hitler was pronounced a finished recruit and sent to France, along with 3,000 of his comrades. A few days later they were attacking the stubborn British lines at Ypres, in the first of those bloody battles for possession of the shell-torn town.

As Hitler and his fellow-soldiers charged over the top at the British trenches they sang at the top of their voices:

"Fest steht am Rhein."

The singing did not last long. As British bullets riddled the ranks of the approaching Germans, the singers turned into ordinary soldiers, no different from the thousands of others on both sides of the lines.

Curse Their Fate

Silently, they ducked shells, crouched and crawled on the ground and cursed the assassination of an archduke in far-away Bosnia, that had dragged them into this war.

Hitler behaved as did the rest. He neither distinguished himself by bravery, nor did he turn coward. As he said years later, "I had to fight down my natural cowardice."

Strangely enough, he had no feelings against the English, but hated the French.

Like his comrades, he believed the French had plotted the war and that the English had become involved by mistake.

For the first two years of the war, Hitler seemed to bear a charmed life. Even the terrific battering which his regiment took on the Somme in 1916 did not result in his becoming a casualty.

Saw First Tanks

Incidentally, it was against his regiment that the British first used the now-famous tanks. Hitler said they created a tremendous impression when they came lumbering over the shell-scarred ground toward him and his comrades.

"We were frightened badly at first," he said. "Later, we got used to them."

About this time, the Austrian-born adopted son of the Führer was made a lance corporal and given the Iron Cross. It was awarded for some ordinary mission and not for any particular act of bravery.

In those days, Iron Crosses were awarded by the thousands and poor, indeed, was the soldier who could not boast of having one.

Wounded in 1917

A year later, in 1917, Hitler received his first and only war wound. For several months he was confined to a hospital in Berlin.

When his wounds healed he was sent to the barracks to recover. But the gay life in the German capital disgusted Hitler. He stood it for several weeks and then applied to rejoin his regiment.

Back he went to the front and the old routine of shell-dodging followed.

Twenty-nine days before the end of the war, on Oct. 13, 1918, Hitler was gassed badly. He was taken to Pasewalk, in Pomerania, for treatment. There he heard the sad news of the armistice.

When the nurse announced that Germany had surrendered, Hitler, still blind, buried his face in his pillow and sobbed. It was the first time he had cried since his mother had died.

Foe of Republic

For several months, Hitler remained in the hospital. Then in the summer of 1919 he was discharged, his sight completely restored.

The only sign of his injuries was a nervous twitching of the eyelids, which persists to this day.

Homeless and jobless, Hitler returned to Munich. There he found a Communist republic established. It was a sad time for the future Führer.

Still wearing his uniform, he wandered disconsolately about the streets of the Bavarian capital. The iron of Germany's defeat had been driven deep into his soul.

He resented the overthrow of the Hohenzollerns and the establishment of the republic, although he was disappointed at the Kaiser's hasty flight to Holland.

Seed is Sown

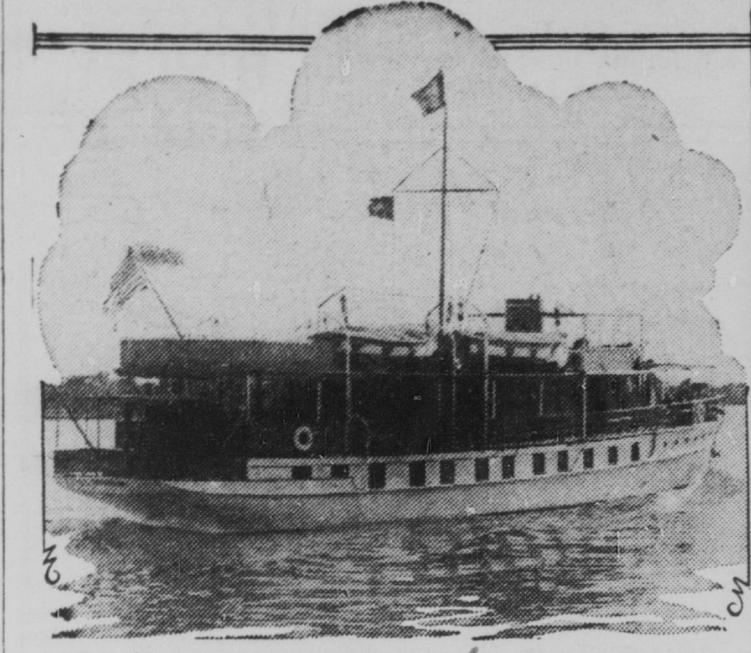
With nothing else to do, he listened to the political speeches. They were two or three orators on every street corner, haranguing the crowds.

Most of them were Communists, although here and there was a Socialist orator, trying to make his voice heard over the shouts of his opponents.

Hitler did not know it, but those speeches ultimately led to his joining the German Labor party, later the National Socialists, and marked the beginning of the career that was to lead him to the peak of Germany's political mountains.

(To Be Continued.)

Beware, Fish! Here Comes Mr. Hoover



RECOGNITION OF RUSSIA SEEMS MUCH NEARER

Far Less Hostility Toward Soviet Now Than in Former Regimes.

BY WILLIAM PHILIP SIMMS
Scripps-Howard Foreign Editor
WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—Russian recognition—at least to the extent of sending a commission to the Soviet Union to study and report—appears to be much nearer than officially is supposed.

In official circles it freely is admitted today there is far less hostility toward the Russian regime than existed in former administrations, and that there now is an absolutely "open mind" on the subject.

It also is admitted in official circles that the public opinion already is prepared fully to go along with the government the moment the latter believes the time has come to act.

For this remarkable evolution in both the official attitude and that of the public, a number of important factors are held accountable.

Both Favor World Peace

International developments, particularly in the far east, have conspired to throw the United States and Russia together almost as a balance of power in favor of world peace.

American business and labor interests today see in Russia, perhaps, their biggest immediate and future opportunity for profitable orders and re-employment.

The driver under arrest is Henry Hanna, 30, of 742 South Sherman drive, who is alleged to have failed to stop after his automobile struck another early today in the 2400 block, West Washington street, resulting in injury of Mary Hanna, 38, a passenger.

When a West Indianapolis street car struck a truck at Warren and Oliver avenues Friday afternoon, Lawrence Ball, 28, of 1549 Richland avenue, was thrown to the floor and incurred back injuries. Frank Wilson, 45, of 841 Chase street, driver of the truck, escaped without injury.

Others injured are: Perry Stinger, 43, of 665 Birch street, body bruises; Mildred Patten, Knightsbridge, Ind., knee lacerations; Alfred Sarkine, 10, of 524 West Pearl street, face cuts, and Charles Stomberger, 8, of 2403 Park avenue, bruises.

ROOSEVELT REFUSES TO DROP WALKER CHARGES

Minimum Charges to Be Slashed Here.

Legal Maneuvering Leaves Decisions in Two Test Cases Open for Monday.

By United Press
ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 20.—Major James J. Walker's defense sought to bolster his case today with the hearing on ouster charges adjourned Monday, after Governor Franklin D. Roosevelt refused to dismiss "charges" on which the proceedings are based.

A legal maneuvering to halt the hearing left two test cases scheduled to be heard by Ellis J. Staley, supreme court justice, Monday.

Action to halt the hearing brought by John J. Curtin, Walker's attorney, was argued in part Friday, but adjourned.

The other action, brought by Sidney Levine, New York lawyer, to test the constitutionality of clauses giving the chief executive removal power, was argued with decision held in abeyance.

LINKS FEES ARE CUT

Coffin Course Costs Reduced by Officials of Park System.

Green fees for the new Coffin golf course has been reduced to 65 cents for week days and 75 cents on Sundays, Saturdays and holidays, from the former price of \$1 applying to all days.

Follow the Legion's drive to put a million men to work, national headquarters sent postcards to the 10,600 Legion posts.

Indiana posts stand 27 to 3 for the shorter week, the poll revealed.

REVENUE GAIN IS SEEN

Gasoline Law Tax Changes Expected to Boost State's Funds.

Estimate that revenue of the state will be increased \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 annually as a result of gasoline tax law changes enacted by the special session of the legislature, was made today by Floyd Williamson, auditor of state.

The changes include extension of tax to all petroleum products, which can be used as fuel for internal combustion engines.

Filling of tanks at distribution points is limited to a period from midnight until 6 a. m.

3% PAID ON SAVINGS SECURITY TRUST CO.

111 North Pennsylvania Street

TRUSSES FOR EVERY KIND OF RUPTURE. ABDOMINAL SUPPORTS FITTED BY EXPERTS.

HAAG'S 129 West Washington Street

TRAVELERS' CHEQUES

Letters of Credit

Foreign Exchange

Tours and Cruises

Steamship Tickets

RICHARD A. KURTZ, Manager Travel Bureau

The Leading Travel Bureau of Indianapolis

120 E. Market St. Riley 5341

LOANS AT REASONABLE RATES FOR ALL WORTHY PURPOSES

The Indianapolis Morris Plan Company

Delaware and Ohio Sts. Riley 1538

IN WARTIMES IN BOOMTIMES IN GLOOMTIMES AT ALLTIMES!

Worth 100 Cents on the Dollar PLUS INTEREST...

a "Bankers Trust" Savings Account

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY

PENNSYLVANIA AND OHIO STREETS

THE UNION TRUST CO.

120 E. Market St. Riley 5341

FLETCHER AVE. SAVINGS & LOAN ASSN.

10 E. Market St.

Has Paid Dividends on Savings for 41 Years.

Unveils Gibbons Statue



Here is Miss Margaret Gibbons Burke of New Orleans, attractive niece of the late Cardinal Gibbons, as she pulled the cord unveiling the statue of the revered American prelate at Washington, D. C., before a distinguished audience including President Hoover. The memorial was the gift of the Knights of Columbus to the nation.

N. Y. MOVES TO WRECK WORLD'S WORST SLUMS

Plan for New 20-Block Square, Low-Price Home Project Ready.

BY DELOS SMITH
United Press Staff Correspondent

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—Manhattan realty marts, lethargic since the 1929 stock market crash, quickened in new life today.

The stimulus was the definite announcement that Manhattan's most cherished dream—abolition of some of the world's worst slums was at last in final and complete form.

Among that group of idealists and dreamers, in which is included Alfred E. Smith, who have long worked for the wiping out of the slum districts. There were fervent hopes that dreams at last were to be realized.

Build 20 New Blocks

Other groups saw the possibilities of fortune in the real estate activities a giant project would entail, and were speculating busily on its site.

Maurice Deutsch, engineer and architect who has devoted years to studying low cost modern housing, announced he had placed complete plans for a twenty city block project involving expenditures of \$23,575,000 before the state board of housing, and the Young committee of banking industry. These organizations were consulting with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, he said.

Deutsch's plans call for twenty city blocks of four-story fireproof apartment houses to replace twenty blocks of slums.

Using new materials and specifications, "a new technology in construction and operation" and new methods of financing, rentals would range from \$6 to \$12 a room a month.

Speculate on Site

Deutsch would add nothing more to that statement. Reports circulating in New York financial circles for several weeks have said the Reconstruction Finance Corporation would loan a large sum to finance a large Manhattan housing project.

There was no hint of the location of the site Deutsch had chosen. If there had been, realty prices would have shot up overnight, making the depend largely on acquiring sites at reasonable figures.

Astute realty men declared that the sites probably already had been acquired.

The Strong Old Bank of Indiana
The Indiana National Bank
Of Indianapolis

LESLIE TO PERMIT UTILITY BILL TO DIE

Claiming that the public owner-
perpetual threat of confiscation of the property of any privately-owned public utilities now giving adequate service in the state of Indiana. This provision violates every sound principle of public utility construction, operation and regulation."

NAME CITIES FOR 8 FARM CREDIT BANKS

Each of Regional Corporations to Have \$3,000,000 Capital.

By United Press
WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The location of the eight regional agricultural credit corporations was announced tonight by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

East of the following cities will have a corporation: Columbus, O.; St. Louis, Minneapolis, Sioux City, Iowa; Wichita, Kan.; Fort Worth, Tex.; Salt Lake City, Utah, and Spokane, Wash.

Designed to make livestock and crop production loans, the corporations will have a minimum capital of \$3,000,000 each. Their creation was provided for in the relief bill.

HUNI DYING WOMAN'S HUSBAND

Indianapolis police today were asked by Detroit (Mich.) authorities to locate Harry W. Burns, address unknown, whose wife, Mrs. Rubina Lusk Burns, is dying in Detroit.

"This provision constitutes a per-

New Low Laundry Prices—

EFFECTIVE MONDAY, AUG. 22

Now you can get your laundry done at less cost. All the more reason why you should let the laundry do your heavy work.

ALL PREST OR ECONOMY FINISHED.

ROUGH DRY MON., TUES., WED. was 11c per pound.....Now 10c

THURS., FRI., SAT. was 10c per pound.....Now 9c

Riley 3591 EXCELSIOR LAUNDRY Riley 3591

Shoe Shines or Telephones in either case

a Matter of Pennies