

The Indianapolis Times

HOME EDITION

PRICE TWO CENTS

Outside Marion County, 3 Cents

Showers tonight and probably Saturday, slightly warmer tonight.

VOLUME 43—NUMBER 304

INDIANAPOLIS, FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1932

WETS SWAMP DRYS IN FINAL DIGEST TALLY

Repeal of 18th Amendment
Demanded by 73 Out of
Every 100 Ballots.

46 STATES ASK CHANGE

Only 2, North Carolina and
Kansas, Urge Retention
of Ban on Liquor.

(Map showing results of prohibition
poll. Page One, Section One.)

Repeal of the eighteenth amendment
is favored by 73 voters out of
every 100 who balloted in the Liter-
ary Digest's nation-wide prohibition
poll, final tabulation discloses.

Of the 4,668,537 ballots returned,
1,236,660, or 26.49 per cent, favored
retention of the prohibition amend-
ment, while 3,431,877, or 73.51 per
cent, favored repeal.

The Indiana vote was 140,100 for
repeal and 66,126 for retention.

Kansas and North Carolina are
the only two states giving a clear
majority for prohibition. Kansas
voting dry by a majority of 97
votes out of a total of 94,121 ballots
received and North Carolina voting
dry by a majority of 68 votes out of
a total of 64,790 ballots returned.

Northeast Is Wettest

The wettest section of the United
States as evidenced by the returns
in this poll is the group of states
from the Mississippi river east to
the Atlantic ocean and approxi-
mately north of the Mason-Dixon
line, with the dampest concentra-
tion in the seaboard states of New
York, New Jersey, Connecticut and
Rhode Island.

The driest section of the country
includes the belt of states extending
from Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas
to the Atlantic with the exception
of Missouri, Louisiana and Florida,
which three states register higher
wet majorities.

Six states, giving a return of be-
tween 40 to 50 per cent of their
total votes for the continuance of
prohibition, include, Minnesota, Ar-
kansas, Oklahoma, Alabama, Mis-
sissippi and South Carolina, ranked
in the order of their greater dry
sentiment.

Nine 4 to 1 for Repeal

Nine states, finally voting more
than 4 to 1 wet, are, Connecticut,
Illinois, Louisiana, Montana, Ne-
vada, New Jersey, New York, Rhode
Island and Wisconsin.

The nine states voting over 3
to 1 wet in the final returns in-
clude California, Maryland, Massachu-
setts, Michigan, Minnesota, New
Mexico, North Dakota, Washington
and Wyoming.

The fifteen states returning a 2-
to-1 majority prohibition are Dela-
ware, Florida, Idaho, Kentucky,
Maine, New Hampshire, Ohio, Ore-
gon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota,
Utah, Vermont, Indiana, Missouri
and Arizona.

Nevada heads the wet column
with 88.20 per cent of its final vote
for repeal, while Kansas, for some
weeks during the poll the only dry
state, heads the column for prohibi-
tion in the final vote.

The drys showed a continuous
gain during the progress of the poll,
the ratio for prohibition continu-
ously increasing from 18.83 per cent
of the total vote of the first week's
returns to 26.49 per cent of the
final vote.

Capital 3 to 1 Wet

The District of Columbia vote is
more than 3 to 1 wet.

The tenth and final tabulation in
the 1930 Digest poll, giving three
options on the ballot, showed a total
tabulation of 4,668,537, of which 1,236,660,
or 26.49 per cent, were for retain-
ment, while 3,431,877, or 73.51 per
cent, were for modification to
admit light wines and beers, and
1,940,802, or 40.43 per cent, were
registered in favor of outright re-
peal.

Announcing the final tabulations
Saturday, the Literary Digest will
say:

"The poll now becomes history, a
symmetrical edifice of statistical
data built for the whole nation, and
not for any party or cause, we
dedicate it simply and sincerely to
service in the search for wisdom by
public men in their councils and
conventions, their legislatures and
executive mansions, at this crisis of
the nation's life."

The final tabulation:

State	For	Against	Total
Alabama	16,394	20,438	36,832
Alaska	1,481	12,022	13,503
Arizona	14,871	18,202	33,073
Arkansas	14,871	22,887	37,758
California	11,381	69,559	80,940
Colorado	14,442	6,425	20,867
Connecticut	3,069	10,509	13,578
Delaware	11,446	26,721	38,167
District of Columbia	68,126	148,100	216,226
Florida	33,718	228,972	262,690
Georgia	14,038	25,479	39,517
Idaho	11,446	26,721	38,167
Illinois	33,718	228,972	262,690
Indiana	14,038	25,479	39,517
Iowa	11,446	26,721	38,167
Kansas	42,871	41,902	84,773
Kentucky	24,743	50,962	75,705
Louisiana	10,174	32,286	42,460
Maine	14,718	48,994	63,712
Maryland	10,174	32,286	42,460
Massachusetts	39,815	141,533	181,348
Michigan	19,047	13,505	32,552
Minnesota	43,886	108,519	152,405
Mississippi	4,853	19,983	24,836
Missouri	19,790	31,222	51,012
Montana	6,620	14,529	21,149
Nebraska	1,587	4,781	6,368
Nevada	1,587	4,781	6,368
New Hampshire	32,429	32,761	65,190
New Jersey	106,767	296,196	402,963
New Mexico	23,026	30,064	53,090
New York	133,317	384,225	517,542
North Carolina	12,952	18,361	31,313
North Dakota	27,479	26,123	53,602
Ohio	38,832	74,527	113,359
Oklahoma	21,721	11,329	33,050
Oregon	10,758	48,972	59,730
Pennsylvania	20,762	110,526	131,288
Rhode Island	10,663	16,443	27,106
South Carolina	12,952	18,361	31,313
South Dakota	27,479	26,123	53,602
Tennessee	38,832	74,527	113,359
Texas	21,721	11,329	33,050
Vermont	4,057	11,329	15,386
Virginia	10,758	48,972	59,730
Washington	10,758	48,972	59,730
West Virginia	10,758	48,972	59,730
Wisconsin	20,762	110,526	131,288
Wyoming	10,663	16,443	27,106
State unknown	10,663	16,443	27,106
U. S. Total	1,236,660	3,431,877	4,668,537

\$1,000,000-a-Year Limit on Incomes Is Defeated in Senate

By United Press

WASHINGTON, April 29.—A proposal to limit the income of any person in the United States to \$1,000,000 a year and to limit gifts and inheritances to an aggregate of \$5,000,000 for any person was voted down today in the senate.

There was no record vote because not enough senators joined with Senator Huey Long (Dem., La.), to compel the calling of the roll.

Senators Robert La Follette (Rep., Wis.), John J. Blaine (Rep., Wis.), and Elmer Thomas (Dem., Okla.), wanted a record vote, but could not get it.

Long offered the resolution which would have instructed the senate finance committee to frame the tax bill in such a way that "we will put a limit to the swollen fortunes."

Senator Samuel M. Shortridge (Rep., Cal.), objected to consideration of the resolution under unanimous consent rules.

"I would like to know how the senator would propose to limit income and inheritances," said Senator Joseph T. Robinson (Democrat, Arkansas).

"I would put a limit on swollen fortunes," Long replied, explaining that excess funds would be taken through taxation.

"I would not object to consideration of the resolution, but I shall not give it my support," Robinson replied.

"Reserving the right to object," said Senator David A. Reed, (Representative, Pennsylvania), "if the committee keeps on the way it is going I don't think there is any likelihood of any one having an income of \$1,000,000 a year or an inheritance of \$5,000,000."

Senator William E. Borah (Representative, Idaho), said he did not believe the resolution would have any influence with the finance committee, but his attitude appeared to be sympathetic.

Vice-President Charles Curtis put the vice vote and about half a dozen senators appeared to vote with Long.

LION BREAKS UP BROADCAST

Seven Get Minor Injuries as
Beast, in Radio Studio,
Panics 200.

By United Press

BOSTON, April 29.—Seven persons nursed minor injuries today after King Leo, an 800-pound, ten-foot lion of the movies, became frightened during his first—and undoubtedly last—radio interview Thursday night, and ran wild in radio station WBZ.

Some 200 men, women and children, assembled in the studio and spectator chamber of the fifth floor of Hotel Bradford to witness his radio debut, were terrified as the beast lunged through a double plate glass window separating the studio from the main control room.

Announcer Aidan Redmond, crouched from his perch on a ladder. Photographers scrambled from the tops of two pianos.

Amid the pandemonium that followed, the hotel's five elevators were sent to the fifth floor, and into these the spectators were herded and lowered to safety. Leo was cornered, and forced to go through with his scheduled broadcast.

Apparently reckoning his performance merited another fling at freedom, the beast took a second flying leap from the broadcast chamber, this time puncturing the double-paned glass leading into the spectator room, now cleared of guests.

For ten minutes the lion roamed from room to room, blood streaming from the glass cuts on his flanks.

Trapped in a closet after being saved from policemen's guns by the pleas of his trainer, the animal was recaged and taken away.

Nine states, finally voting more than 4 to 1 wet, are, Connecticut, Illinois, Louisiana, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island and Wisconsin.

The nine states voting over 3 to 1 wet in the final returns include California, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Mexico, North Dakota, Washington and Wyoming.

The fifteen states returning a 2-to-1 majority prohibition are Delaware, Florida, Idaho, Kentucky, Maine, New Hampshire, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Indiana, Missouri and Arizona.

Nevada heads the wet column with 88.20 per cent of its final vote for repeal, while Kansas, for some weeks during the poll the only dry state, heads the column for prohibition in the final vote.

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Hourly Temperatures
6 a. m. 51 10 a. m. . . . 67
7 a. m. 54 11 a. m. . . . 66
8 a. m. 59 12 (noon) . . . 70
9 a. m. 62 1 p. m. . . . 70

Alice to See New Wonders in U. S. Visit

Norfolk Negotiator Missing
on Mystery Hop With
Navy Aviator.

By United Press

NEW YORK, April 29.—Alice Dill will enter the wonderland of New York's skyscrapers today; not by the rabbit hole, but down the gangplank of the liner Berengaria.

Alice is Mrs. Rigmold Liddell Hargreaves now. She will be 80 next Wednesday.

On her birthday she will take part in the celebration at Columbia university of the 100th anniversary of the birth of Lewis Carroll, author of "Alice in Wonderland."

The original of the golden-haired child heroine of the Cambridge Don's underworld fantasy, accompanied by her sister, Miss Rhoda Liddell, and her son, Captain Caryl Hargreaves of the Scots Guards.

The exercises at Columbia next Wednesday will mark the close of the century celebration.

The Rev. Harold Dobson-Peacock, also brought in as a Lindbergh emissary because he was dean of the cathedral at Mexico City when Lindbergh flew there and met Anne Morrow, disappeared from his home during the afternoon and was gone seven hours.

The motor yacht Maroon lay at the submarine base at the Norfolk navy yard. She had been fueled and provisioned since Wednesday.

The various activities, coupled with the Maroon's long and unexpected idleness, seemed to indicate clearly an unfavorable turn, if only a brief one, in Curtis' negotiations.

It was certain that Curtis had expected to make another cruise in the Maroon Wednesday.

He telephoned Lindbergh on his arrival from the last cruise, of 4½ days, and awaited a message from the "kidnaping" group, making an appointment for another contact by water.

The Maroon's departure was postponed from hour to hour. Then Curtis and Richard flew away.

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AWAIT 'BREAK' IN LINDY HUNT

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Navy Aviator.

By United Press

NORFOLK, Va., April 29.—Developments were expected today in the negotiation of John Hughes Curtis with a group of men representing themselves to be the kidnapers of Charles A. Lindbergh Jr.

Curtis and Lieutenant George L. Richard, navy flier, left Norfolk Thursday afternoon by airplane for an unknown destination. They had not returned early today.

Rear Admiral Guy H. Burgess, U. S. N. retired, brought into the negotiations because Lindbergh related the Hawes-Cutting bill to the admiral's ship, announced at midnight that he had talked to Lindbergh at Hopewell by long distance telephone.

The Rev. Harold Dobson-Peacock, also brought in as a Lindbergh emissary because he was dean of the cathedral at Mexico City when Lindbergh flew there and met Anne Morrow, disappeared from his home during the afternoon and was gone seven hours.

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