

RELIGION STAFF OF DEMOCRACY, SAYS COOLIDGE

Nation's Welfare involved With Belief, President Tells Clergy.

By United Press
WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Laxity in the nation's religious convictions will induce the forfeiture of the guarantees which have been erected for the protection of life and liberty, President Coolidge told the general convention of the Episcopal Church in session here today.

"We can not remind ourselves too often that our right to be free," the President said, "the support of our principles of justice, our obligations to each other in our domestic affairs, and our duty to humanity abroad, the confidence in each other necessary to support our social and economic relations, and finally the fabric of our Government itself, all rest on religion."

"It's importance can not be stressed too often or emphasized too much."

Perfect Moral Progress

At another point, the President said:

"The greatest service that we possibly can perform for the world is to perfect our own moral progress."

If that is done, the chief executive pointed out, there need be no fear of the helpful influence the nation can furnish the world.

"We are not seeking an increased material welfare that leads to materialism; we are seeking an increased devotion to duty that leads to spiritual life. Such an effort would be in vain, unless our nation as a whole continued in its devotion to religion."

The President cautioned against a self-satisfying smugness because of the progress already made in spiritual advancement. There was no reason to fail "to comprehend the enormous work that yet remains to be performed and the long distance that must still be traveled before the goal of human perfection is reached."

A warning against "intrusion of politics and economics in the pulpit and on the platforms of the church" was uttered by the Rt. Rev. Charles Palmerston Anderson, bishop of Chicago, in his sermon opening the forty-ninth triennial general convention.

Urge Religious Liberty

Bishop Anderson made an impassioned plea for religious liberty, hailing the achievements of science as "the crowning glory of the twentieth century."

He sharply rebuked secularism and intolerance with the scornful question: "Are men to be compelled by law to teach their children a special brand of religion?"

In his closing passages he severely took his own church to task for not meeting the "vital problems of the sand church members and visitors."

The convention sermon, a triennial event in the Anglican communion, marked the beginning of a fortnight's session of the supreme body of the Episcopal Church in the United States.

In the audience at the National Cathedral at Mt. St. Alban were 125 bishops of the church from all parts of the world, 800 clerical and lay deputies and 500 delegates from the Woman's Auxiliary, together with an audience of several thousand church members and visitors.

CITY WILL PLAY HOST TO BARBERS PARLEY

Convention Scheduled Here Oct. 22, Several Hundred Expected.

Indianapolis will be host to several hundred barbers Oct. 22 to 25, at the fifth convention of the Associated Master Barbers of America, it was announced today by Noah Anglin of 944 Ft. Wayne Ave., general chairman.

Entertainment is being handled by Indianapolis Chapter 122, headed by Harry Hoop, president; Anglin, vice president, and Guy Slagle, secretary-treasurer.

Anglin and Slagle also are officials in the State organization, which is taking an active part. Other State officers are: Harry Long of Marion, president; and vice presidents, Louis Buehner, Michigan City; Harry W. Snowden, Huntington; G. B. Emmons, Logansport, and Ralph Selzer, Bloomington.

The convention will be held at the Lincoln.

MOTOR CLUB PROTESTS FINANCING OF BRIDGE

Approve Evansville Span, But Object to Methods.

Building the Evansville bridge over the Ohio River on State Rd. 41, is approved by the Hoosier Motor Club, but they do not want Indiana to pay half the expense out of the highway funds. Better to have private capital finance the project and collect tolls, club officials contend.

That is the position of the club outlined today by President Duane Dungan in defending the injunction suit filed in Marion County Superior Court to prevent erection of the bridge under the present contract.

BOY CATCHES THIEF

Recover Stolen Bicycle; Takes Lad, 9, to Police Station.

Russell Peacock, 14, of 1833 Lexington Ave., catches his own thieves. Russell found his bicycle gone when he came out of St. Patrick's School, Woodlawn Ave., and Hunter St., at noon today.

He walked five blocks toward police headquarters to report the theft when he sighted his bicycle with a 9-year-old boy in the saddle.

A few minutes later he arrived at headquarters with the boy and bicycle. The boy thief was taken to the detention home.

Past Presidents Honored by Golden Rule Lodge



Past presidents of Golden Rule Lodge were honored at a reception Tuesday. Left to right: Mrs. Clara Hooker, Mrs. Bertha Stewart, Mrs. Myra Allen, Mrs. Anna Bates, Mrs. Virginia Hadden, Mrs. Jane Gray and Mrs. Capitolia Smith.

200 Members of Trainmen's Auxiliary Attend Reception.

Past presidents of Golden Rule Lodge No. 25, Ladies' Auxiliary, Brotherhood Railroad Trainmen, were honored with a reception at the clubrooms, Washington and Cruise Sts., Tuesday afternoon and evening.

They are Mrs. Clara Hooker, Mrs. Bertha Stewart, Mrs. Myra Allen, Mrs. Anna Bates, Mrs. Virginia Hadden, Mrs. Jane Gray and Mrs. Capitolia Smith.

Nearly 200 members of the auxiliary participated in an initiation dinner and short evening program.

Past presidents received gifts. Miss Bessie Johnson is present executive of the Golden Rule Lodge.

LEO TRAUGOTT BEFORE JURY

Brother of Store Owner Is Asked About Watch.

Leo Traugott, brother of Edward Traugott, owner of the Traugott clothing store, wrecked by explosion Aug. 26, testified before the Marion County grand jury for an hour today.

This is the first time any of the Traugott family has been called.

It was understood he was questioned regarding a watch found in the Traugott store safe following the fire. Prosecutors have been working attempting to get the watch positively identified.

Metropolitan dailies were omitted from the mailing list, he said, because the Salem firm is unfamiliar with metropolitan newspaper methods. He denied the larger dailies were not included because the country field was considered more promising for utility propaganda.

"You have followed a policy of persistent opposition to Government operation of utility plants, have you not?" Hofer was asked.

Leo Traugott, it was said, had a private conference with attaches of the prosecutor's office earlier in the week and refused to identify the watch as being one which was stolen from him in the Broadmoor Country Club holdup, May 30. Following discovery of the watch detectives traced a number in the watch to the Windsor Jewelry Company, where it had been repaired.

One of the serial numbers was scratched out, but authorities searched every jewelry shop in the city and learned that the watch had been left at the Windsor company between the time of the robbery and the fire.

CAR RING LINK SEEN

Buffalo Couple Arrested in Stolen Auto Grilled.

Information which may link a man and a woman arrested Tuesday by State police for possession of a Chevrolet stolen in Pittsburgh Saturday, with the interstate automobile ring now under State and federal investigation, is being worked on by Lieut. Charles Bridges, in charge of the State investigation.

One important clue, Bridges said, is that when James Foster, 25, Buffalo, applied for a license on the car he presented a New York bill of sale.

The same type bill of sale was used in all of the high power stolen car deals here.

Suspicion was aroused when Foster failed to answer satisfactorily the questions asked by Glenn Imman, title clerk, when he applied for the license.

Questioning by Bridges revealed that the car was stolen. The woman held is Mrs. Sue Arcangel, 25, also of Buffalo.

HOPE TO GET W. C. T. U. PARLEY HERE IN 1929

"Practically Assured," Says Head of State Association.

Indianapolis may be the 1929 W. C. T. U. national convention city, according to Mrs. Elizabeth Stanley, State association president, who said today that movement will be started at the Kokomo clavicle this week for bringing the national body here next year.

"It practically is assured," declared Mrs. Stanley.

Indianapolis has not entertained the national group since 1916. Approximately 5,000 delegates attend. The 1928 clavicle will be held in Boston, Mass., Nov. 14 to 22.

DUNN OUSTER PUSHED

Filing of a quo warrant suit soon, seeking to have County Councilman Paul S. Dunn removed because of alleged ineligibility predicted today.

Harvey Grabill, attorney for Frank J. McCain, deputy county surveyor, who recently filed suit in Superior Court Four for an injunction to validate the September council meeting because of Dunn's alleged ineligibility said he might take the action. McCain alleged Dunn does not hold property to qualify him for the office.

Superior Judge Byron K. Elliott Tuesday denied this injunction and declared the court could not pass on Dunn's eligibility.

"Air Raid" to Thrill Gotham

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—"Cliff dwellers" of Manhattan will know synthetically the thrill of a night raid over Central Park tonight. The National Guard awaits police permission to stage the fete as publicity for a military show.

COUNCIL, LEGION BREACH WIDENS ON BOXING BILL

Fail to Agree on City's Efforts to Control Boxing Matches.

American Legion boxing promoters and city officials today held widely different views as to the provisions of the proposed boxing ordinance.

The council boxing commission headed by Robert E. Springsteen invited legion representatives to meet with them Tuesday at the Chamber of Commerce to "reach an agreement" on the proposed revision.

The session was closed, but word sifted out after the meeting that the gap was wider than before the conference. The American Legion officials insisted on their right to conduct boxing shows in the city without regulation by the city and without payment of the 5 per cent on gate receipts.

Attempts to Collect Fall

But the city fathers are anxious to have the boxing matches under their thumb, if possible to do so, and keep the good will of the Legion.

On numerous occasions city officials have threatened to stop the Legion bouts if the 5 per cent tax and license fee were not paid. But the Legion has always succeeded in "bluffing out" city authorities.

Councilmen are planning some amendments to the new ordinance which is pending in council, it is said, but they declined to discuss the contemplated changes following the conference. Mayor L. E. Slack, who has manifest considerable interest in the boxing situation, was called into the meeting to express his views.

"I think we will keep the 5 per cent tax provision," Springsteen said.

Legion Cites \$6,000 Loss

The president of the board of safety probably will be ex-officio chairman of the new commission of four. The others will be citizens.

"Does all this mean that somewhere in the not distant future another Gibbon is preparing a world-shaking work on the decline and fall of Christianity?" It is the duty of every one of us, without any regard whatever to party affiliation, to stamp upon this invading snake with iron heel.

"This is no time for cowards, time servers, legalistic word-splitters or 'well-nows.'

The Daughters of Alabama, in a meeting Tuesday, voted down a resolution which attacked the whispering campaign against Governor Smith and which made a strong plea for religious tolerance.

Steer Clear of Politics

The resolution was put by Mrs. B. L. Spofford, past president of the W. C. T. U. in Mobile. Chief opposition was made by Mrs. Edward T. Herbert, founder, who contended the resolution would involve the organization in politics.

Mrs. T. Darington Semple, who said her brother had been a foe of the Ku-Klux Klan while mayor of Montgomery, said:

"The proposed resolution is a defense of religious freedom, and that cannot involve us in politics, for it is not a political question."

Mrs. Anne Kendrick Walker said the resolution was defeated by a small majority.

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I do not believe there is a manufacturing establishment in Indianapolis that is seeking to levy monopolistic extortion upon the people," he added. "If there is it will not be assisted in that direction by any effort of mine, but I will help in every way I can honest home industries."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take into consideration the actual difference between the cost of production at home and abroad," he said, "and I am opposed to a monopolistic tariff."

"I stand for a tariff that will take