

The Indianapolis Times

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For the Lord God is a sun and shield; the Lord will give grace and glory; no good thing will He withhold from them that walk uprightly. Psalms 84:11.

On the Heights

THE tragic death of Dr. Frank B. Wynn in the ascent of one of Nature's mountain fastnesses that he so dearly loved quite naturally stirr in the minds of his countless friends and admirers the question, "Was it worth it?"

Dr. Wynn's was a life not only dear to himself and his near loved ones, but of inestimable value to his city, his State and his country. Dr. Wynn's was a life rich and full in efficient helpfulness and patriotic service. He lived up to every opportunity to render loyal and willing public service. He shirked nothing that a good citizen should do.

Then, a misstep on a mountain trail and the city that he loved and worked for is left only the memory of him. "Why, oh why, did he try to reach the mountain's highest peak?" those who loved him are asking. But—

Should we not rather believe that from the mountain peaks, with his love of nature and all of the great outdoors, Dr. Wynn gained and kept ever strong the inspiration and lofty, yet practical, ideals which made him an ideal citizen? He was not the sort of man who could look at pictures of mountain tops and be satisfied. He needed to plant his feet fairly upon the top of every mountain in his path.

Perhaps his death is the price that a mourning city must pay for what Dr. Wynn accomplished during his fifty-eight years of well rounded life.

A Chinese Scheme

THE largest secret society in the world is said to be disbanding. It is a Chinese organization, understood to have at least 100,000,000 members.

Its name, translated, is "The-Save-the-Nation-and-Weep Society."

This gigantic confederation enforced the Chinese boycott against Japanese goods. It was China's way of making Japan leave her alone.

Whenever a Chinese merchant placed dollars above patriotism and persisted in selling Japanese wares, contrary to the boycott, a small mob of the secret society gathered at the shop door, fell on its knees and began wailing and moaning.

You can imagine how long a shopkeeper was able to withstand that kind of assault.

Japan is "getting out" of China, slowly but inevitably. The boycott was successful. It made hard times in Japan, for China is one of Japan's big customers.

The peaceful boycott probably was more effective than would have been an army of several million troops.

The day may come when the trade boycott will take the place of armies, navies and flying squadrons.

A nation would think twice before going on the warpath with a certainty that it would be punished by economic isolation.

China is "in a bad way" right now, committing the worst form of self-destruction—civil war.

But before many years have passed, education and science and exploiting foreigners will make China a mighty world power.

The Chinese are interesting now. They will become increasingly interesting as they flower again into a virile civilization.

It will be interesting to watch the effect as the white man's ways come in contact with the peculiar and mysterious psychology of the Chinese. They write backwards and—to us—seem to do everything else the same way.

But they have many ideas worth copying. Ultimately the white race and the yellow race will borrow ideas from each other and blend their philosophies.

ANSWERS

You can get an answer to any question of fact or information by writing to the Indianapolis Times, 1322 New York Ave., Washington, D. C., inclosing 2 cents in stamps. Many facts and figures and other advice will not be given, but all letters are confidential and receive personal replies. —Editor.

Q.—How many living ex-Presidents are there?

A.—Two—Taft and Wilson.

Q.—Who was Clara Barton?

A.—A war nurse; she brought about the organization of the American Red Cross and was its first president.

Q.—Who are the boxing champions of the world?

A.—At present: Flyweight, Jimmy Wilde; bantamweight, Joe Lynch; featherweight, Johnny Kilbane; lightweight, Benny Leonard; welterweight, Jack Britton; middleweight, Johnny Wilson; light heavyweight, Georges Carpenter; heavyweight, Jack Dempsey.

Q.—Did Greece present a stone to be placed in the Washington monument? If so, what kind and what is the inscription?

A.—Greece presented a stone of white marble, taken from the ruins of the Parthenon. The inscription is "George Washington, the hero, the citizen of the nation and illustrious liberty; the land of Sion. These articles and Pericles the mother of ancient liberty sends this ancient stone as a testimony of honor and admiration from the Parthenon."

Q.—How may feathers be bleached?

A.—Make a dilute solution of bicarbonate of potassium, one part to ten parts of water, slightly acidulated with nitric acid, one fluid ounce to the gallon.

Q.—How many important commercial woods are there?

A.—About 100.

Q.—How can a canoe be made to sail against the wind?

A.—A canoe or any other vessel can sail against the wind only by tacking, that is proceeding with the wind over the port or starboard bow, and sailing as "close to the wind" as possible. In order to do this, it is necessary for any vessel to have either a keel, as well as a rudder, or a centerboard, which is a keel in effect, or some other similar device. The device used for canoes consists of two boards let down into the water on each side on the canoe, connected by a piece across the canoe and properly

'Chauve Souris' Promised for Three Days in Murat's Season

STAR IN FEATURES



MILDRED DAVIS

Mildred Davis was leading woman in Lloyd comedies for three years. She will soon be starred in five-reel pictures.

querable" at the Apollo; "Hurricane's Gal" at the Circle; The Man from Lost River" at the Ohio; "For Big Stakes" at the Isis; "Pardon My French" at Smith's; "Flower of the North" at the Colonial and "So This Is Arizona" and the second episode of "The Timber Queen" at the Rialto.

At the movies: "The Man Uncon-

CITIZEN

Thinks Butler College Should Remain In Irvington.

To the Editor of The Times

There recently has been much discussion in the columns of your paper regarding the future of Butler College. All arguments point out that something must be done to provide for the growth of the institution and no doubt it would be a very wise policy for the proper authorities to take immediate steps for such provision. There is one question, however, that must be solved how will further growth be taken care of?

It would be idealistic to make this a center of education with higher institutions of learning of every kind. Butler is a literary college. We cannot hope to establish a center of education in Indianapolis by providing merely for Butler's enlargement. The program must be broader.

The people of Irvington want Butler to stay. They realize that it is an asset well worth keeping, if possible. It will make Irvington grow and the growth of Irvington means the growth of Indianapolis.

All right, keep Butler there. Do not greatly increase the number of subjects it offers. Then the growth of the institution can be taken care of on the present campus. This will insure Indianapolis an institution that ranks high in the subjects taught. Irvington will be satisfied and the growth of the college will ample.

Let us establish the University of Indianapolis. Perhaps we may make it an ideal campus for a great university. Once started, the people in and near Indianapolis would not permit the project to fall short of the original goal. Irvington wants Butler to grow and is willing to help it grow. The city would feel the same way toward the University of Indianapolis.

There is need for a great university here. It is not necessary to take Butler from Irvington. A new university would be an inspiration to our city and a help to the world.

E. L. K.

fastened in position. They are manufactured by makers of canoes and may probably be purchased at any large sporting goods stores. Similarly, signs rigs for canoes are purchasable. Canoe sailing, however, in any but very light winds is rather dangerous sport, and should not be undertaken unless a competent person is aboard.

Q.—Where are the headquarters of the American section of the Theosophical Society?

A.—645 Wrightwood Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Q.—What is the diameter of the minute dial of Big Ben (the famous Westminster clock)?

A.—The dials are twenty-two and one-half feet in diameter.

Q.—Approximately how many people die each year in the United States? How many of these deaths are natural and how many accidental?

A.—Vital statistics are available only for the registration area of the United States, which includes approximately thirty-five States. The number of natural deaths in that area for 1920 was 1,050,068; the number of accidental deaths for that year was 62,492.

Q.—Is Bolshevikism the same as Socialism?

A.—Bolshevism is one outgrowth of Socialist philosophy and teaching, but most Socialists would deny that Bolshevikism is Socialism. The Bolsheviks of Russia have adopted the name "Communist" and call their government "Communism." In many countries groups of members of the former Socialist party have split off and formed Communist parties affiliated with the "third" or "Moscow International."

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Q.—What are the five greatest wheat-raising countries and how much do they produce annually?

A.—The following were the five largest wheat-raising countries in 1920: United States, 787,128,000 bushels; India, 376,844,000 bushels; Canada, 263,189,000 bushels; France, 230,404,000 bushels; Argentina, 214,140,000 bushels.

In 1915 Russia was one of the greatest wheat producers of the world. Her production at that time was 826,754,000 bushels. There have been no records from her since then, but, of course, her production has decreased a great deal.

Q.—How many head of cattle are there in the United States?

A.—According to the latest available statistics, 67,000,000.

Q.—How can a canoe be made to sail against the wind?

A.—A canoe or any other vessel can sail against the wind only by tacking, that is proceeding with the wind over the port or starboard bow, and sailing as "close to the wind" as possible. In order to do this, it is necessary for any vessel to have either a keel, as well as a rudder, or a centerboard, which is a keel in effect, or some other similar device. The device used for canoes consists of two boards let down into the water on each side on the canoe, connected by a piece across the canoe and properly

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