

LIMITATION OF HIGHER COURT FAR REACHING

La Follette Amendment Would Place Final Control of Laws With Congress.

METHOD OF PROCEDURE

BY FRANK J. TAYLOR.
WASHINGTON, June 22.—One of the far-reaching steps in the development of American government is a proposed amendment to the Constitution, drafted by Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, making Congress, rather than the Supreme Court, the final authority on legislation.

La Follette's amendment will be offered in the Senate before the end of this month. Under it, a law declared unconstitutional and scrapped by the Supreme Court, could be re-enacted by a two-thirds vote of Congress and would then become a law beyond the power of the Supreme Court to annul.

ORIGIN IN CHILD LABOR DECISION.

La Follette's proposal originated with the Supreme Court decision declaring the child labor law unconstitutional. It was ruled out on a technicality, namely, that jurisdiction of the child labor law lies with the individual States. The merits of the law were not passed upon by the court. La Follette would make it possible for Congress, which is strongly in favor of the child labor law, to pass it a second time, when, with a two-thirds vote, it would become effective regardless of the court's veto.

The only other way for Congress to save the child labor law would be to pass a constitutional amendment placing it within the authority of Congress to legislate on industrial affairs. Three-fourths of the States would have to pass the amendment in their legislatures—a slow process.

METHOD USED TO MAKE AMENDMENT DRY.

This method was used in making the country dry. The eighteenth amendment, giving Congress authority to regulate the manufacture and sale of liquors, was duly passed. Then Congress quickly enacted the Volstead act, fixing the legal alcohol limit.

La Follette's proposed amendment would set aside this whole system. It would give Congress authority at any time to review the Supreme Court's decisions on constitutionality of laws. Congress could establish laws without the delay of referring them to the States.

QUICK VERDICT FOR BARTLETT

Deposed Head of Indiana Oil Refining Company Held Not Guilty.

GREENSBURG, Ind., June 22.—Only thirty minutes were required for a verdict of not guilty from the jury bearing the charges against O. L. Bartlett in the Circuit Court here. Bartlett was formerly president of the Indiana Refining Company at Columbus. The trial was sent from this country on charge of various Bartlett was alleged to have misappropriated \$6,000 of the company's money in his capacity of president. Bartlett was deposed in meeting stockholders. He was afterward indicted. He had brought his legal and public officials of the company to secure control of the property, which is now almost ready for the refining of oil. The case attracted widespread attention on account of the prominence of the defendant and the general interest in the affairs of the company. Many farmers of Decatur and Bartholomew Counties are stockholders in the refining company.

SPIRITS IN CHURCH.
ILFORD, England, June 22.—Several parishioners of St. Mary's Church have reported to the vicar that during holy communion they have seen visions of angels about the altar.

DAILY RADIO FEATURES

RADIO EXPERT OF THE ZOO



RADIO PROGRAM

INDIANAPOLIS (HATFIELD) WOII—Daily, except Sunday
10:00-11:00 a. m., musical program with special features.
10:15 a. m., financial, grain and livestock market reports.
10:30 a. m., special items of interest to women, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.
10:45 a. m., musical program with special features.
1:20 p. m., market reports.
4:00-5:00 p. m., musical program with special features.
4:15 p. m., police notices.
4:30 p. m., baseball scores.
—Sunday—
10:00-11:00 a. m., special recital.
11:30 a. m., "Evening Concerts."
8:30-10:00 o'clock, Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.

INDIANAPOLIS (AYRES-HAMILTON) WKL—
—Daily, except Sunday—
11:00-11:30 a. m., musical program.
11:30 a. m., weather reports and weather forecast (485 meters).
12:00-1:00 p. m., musical program.
2:00-2:15 p. m., musical program.
3:00-3:15 p. m., musical program.
6:00 p. m., baseball results.
10:00 p. m., time and weather reports (485 meters).

RADIO PRIMER

FLAT TOP AERIAL—An aerial whose wires are stretched alongside one another and parallel to the ground. This is the most common type of aerial.

ADDRESSES BY BECK INTEREST GREAT BRITAIN

Few Utterances by Public Men From United States Are Comparable.

Special to Indiana Daily Times and Philadelphia Public Ledger.
LONDON, June 22.—Few utterances of public men from the United States have attracted the attention in England as have the three addresses of James M. Beck on America's Constitution, which have just been concluded. Evidence that they were seriously considered is given by the fact that each address has been published in its entirety by several newspapers and that they attracted for their delivery some of the greatest minds in England.

The Daily Telegraph comments on their merits in an editorial of over a column and says they have thrown an entirely new light on the framing of the constitution under which the United States has been built.

"That is the important thing," says Beck, "that the two come together, the greater capacity of the combination will completely offset any increase in the range of inductance variation."

The diagram above is a cross section of a variometer, and shows the method of varying the inductance by opposition or coincidence of the magnetic fields of both coils.

Actually merge one into the other, the inductance of the combination would be zero.

It is mechanically impossible to build a combination so that the coils actually do merge. Many designers have made the effort, however, to keep the two sets of coils very close together in order that a maximum range may be had.

CAPACITY.

In addition to having inductance, all coils have capacity. In the best variometers a very careful balance between a minimum of capacity and a maximum of inductance variaton is made so that the maximum of wave length variation may be had. That is the important thing.

When their planes coincide, and the direction of the windings on both stationary and movable coils is the same, the magnetic fields produced by current flowing in the maoe coincide. The inductance of the combination is then at a maximum.

Should the movable coil be revolved 180 degrees so that the planes of the two coils again coincide, but so that the direction of the winding upon the coils is in opposition, current flowing through the combination will produce magnetic effects which oppose each other.

Since the coils are exactly equal and since the current flowing in them is also equal, the magnetic effects will be equal. If the coils were so close together as to

Insurance Fees Shown in Report

Fees amounting to \$1,295,436.22 were

collected in the period from April 1, 1921, to May 31, 1922, fourteen months, by the State board of accounts following an examination conducted by Field Examiners G. Ray King and Dan W. Hoover. This amount, less \$32,591.98, was turned over to the State general fund, the report indicates.

The department under Thomas S. McMurray, insurance commissioner, has \$6,957,359.57 in negotiable securities of insurance companies held as security for policyholders under rules of the department. More than \$70,000,000 in other forms of securities are held by the department.

"It is a distinction to our race to have produced in America not only the earliest of these—the ancestral form from which all others in some measure are derived—but also the most successful and desirable."—Copyright, 1922, by Public Ledger Company.

May Caldwell, negro, 615 North West street, identified herself as a colored white mule, for the possession of which her husband was on trial, belonged to her. Police arrested her on a blind tiger charge.

Then the court convicted the husband, John, of operating a blind tiger and fined him \$250 and sentenced him to sixty days on the Indiana State Farm. He appealed to Criminal Court.

Harlan Crouch, 1218 North Mount street, Willis Robinson, 1220 North Senate avenue, and Eddie Scampone, 518 South East street, also were arrested on blind tiger charges.

HOLES OUT IN ONE: DIES.

TORKINGTON, England, June 22.—Robert Boyd became so excited when he made a difficult hole in one shot while playing golf that he dropped dead.

MR. CALDWELL, NEGRO.

MR. CALDWELL