

NEW TRAFFIC PLANS INCLUDE TOWER SYSTEM

Municipal Garages Also Recommended by Committee.

RELIEF IS SOUGHT

16 Points to Be Covered in Ordinance Under Preparation.

An ordinance designed to put into effect the recommendations of the committee appointed to study traffic problems in Indianapolis will be prepared by the city legal department and presented to the city council, according to Mayor Samuel Lewis Shank. The recommendations of the committee were presented to the mayor late yesterday.

The call for a tower system of regulating traffic similar to that in use in New York. They suggest the erection of four municipal garages, in which cars may be parked for a nominal fee, and they go into detail in making suggestions for other parking and traffic regulations.

NINE TOWERS IN CONGESTED AREA.

The committee made the following sixteen recommendations:

1. That a tower system by which traffic may be moved on the same street simultaneously, throughout the congested area, be installed, with towers at the following intersections: Washington and Alabama streets, Washington and Delaware streets, Washington and Pennsylvania streets, Washington and Illinois streets, Washington street and Capitol avenue, Ohio street and Capitol avenue, and the intersections of Maryland and Alabama streets, Capitol avenue and Maryland streets, and at other points which may prove necessary. The minor details and plans for working this system should be developed and solved by the police department.

2. That four municipal garages be established at an early time and as possible. They said garage to be located at the following places or in near thereto as possible: Capitol and Ohio street, Maryland and Alabama streets, Delaware and Ohio streets, establishing these garages cannot be done at once, but at least one of them should be established in the very near future at the most convenient and available point.

3. FLAT CURB PARKING WITH EXCEPTIONS.

3. That only flat curb parking be allowed, with exceptions as below, in the following territory: Beginning with Georgia street on the south, to and including, New York street on the north; from Capitol avenue on the west, to and including, Alabama street on the east; on Capitol avenue from New York to Wal-nut street. The exceptions to flat curb parking are as follows: They are on Washington street 45 degrees angle parking be allowed on account of the extra width of the street, and on the Circle, straight head-in parking be allowed.

4. That there be no parking whatever allowed in the following places: The east side of Illinois street from Washington street to Pearl street; the west side of Illinois street from Washington street to Court street; the east side of Meridian street from Washington street to Pearl street; the west side of Pennsylvania street from Washington street of Pearl street.

5. That there be no parking whatsoever allowed between the hours of 4:30 p.m. and 6:30 p.m. on Meridian street, from Maryland street to Fall Creek boulevard.

6. That where it is possible, vehicles be permitted to turn to the right at street intersections, failing in line with traffic moving in that direction.

TO ENFORCE PARKING LIMIT.

7. That the present parking limit of one and one-half hours be continued and rigidly enforced, subject, however, to the additional restrictions as contained in recommendations four and five.

8. That vehicles be permitted to turn

(Continued on Page Ten.)

DRY CHIEFTAIN ARRIVES SAFELY

Facing Threats, Haynes Lands in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Jan. 7.—Surrounded by a score of secret service men, he was to protect the dry law agent of the enabling letter, received by him upon announcement of intentions of coming to Chicago to "speed up dry law enforcement." Prohibition Commissioner Haynes arrived at Chicago this morning.

Mr. Haynes immediately went into conference with Federal Prohibition Director Charles G. Nichols, at the LaSalle Hotel to discuss the Chicago and Illinois enforcement situation.

Mr. Haynes issued a statement in which he said he intended to "wage war to the utmost against illegal criminal traffic in booze," and that "the full machinery of the government will be used where collusion is found in violation of the liquor laws, regardless of the station in life held by the participants."

Bokhara Treaty Gives Soviets Rail Control

RIGA, Jan. 7.—Soviet Russia has signed a treaty with the new Republic of Bokhara, giving Moscow control of all the railways in Bokhara and Central Asia, said a dispatch from Moscow to-day.

The Soviet has imposed heavy new taxes and will use the revenue for the relief of the famine sufferers.

WEATHER

Forecast for Indianapolis and vicinity for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p.m., Jan. 8, 1922:

Fair and somewhat warmer tonight and Sunday; lowest temperature tonight about 32 degrees.

HOURLY TEMPERATURE.

6 a.m. 24
7 a.m. 24
8 a.m. 24
9 a.m. 27
10 a.m. 31
11 a.m. 33
12 (noon) 38
1 p.m. 38
2 p.m. 38

German Vice-Counsel



BAN USE OF POISON GAS IN WARFARE

Root Resolution Is Passed by Five Great Powers.

INHUMAN WEAPON

Conference Will Discuss Use of Airplanes Monday.

By GEORGE R. HOLMES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 7.—Poison gas was banned today by the five great powers of the world as an inhuman and indefensible weapon of warfare.

The resolution, fathered by Elihu Root, condemning the use of gas in warfare and pledging the powers here to not utilize it, was passed with the full approbation of all the powers in today's secret session in the Pan-American Building.

The signature powers not only bound themselves to abolish the use of gas but they also agreed "to invite all other civilized nations to agree thereto," to the end that the ban may ultimately be incorporated into other international law.

ADOPTED AS PROPOSED.

There was some discussion before the resolution was passed, but in the end it was adopted unanimously as proposed.

After the gas resolution was adopted,

the powers began consideration of "humanizing" still another implement of modern warfare—the airplane.

CONSIDER AIRPLANE ANIMOSITY AND TERRORISM.

It had no idea that any spirit of amity and hatred could go so far as that displayed by some Senators in their abuse of Senator Newberry," Townsend continued.

Townsend pictured Newberry as one who from "purely patriotic motives" had agreed to have the president appointed to the Michigan primaries of 1918, "because of the hostile feeling existing at the time of Ford's candidacy."

ANIMOSITY AND TERRORISM.

It had no idea that any spirit of amity and hatred could go so far as that displayed by some Senators in their abuse of Senator Newberry," Townsend continued.

There was some discussion before the resolution was passed, but in the end it was adopted unanimously as proposed.

After the gas resolution was adopted,

the powers began consideration of "humanizing" still another implement of modern warfare—the airplane.

CONSIDER AIRPLANE ANIMOSITY AND TERRORISM.

It had no idea that any spirit of amity and hatred could go so far as that displayed by some Senators in their abuse of Senator Newberry," Townsend continued.

Townsend registered a vigorous denial of Ford's charges that Newberry personally was responsible for the expenditure of nearly \$200,000 to secure his nomination.

"Among the things which created considerable feeling against Mr. Ford in Michigan was his advocacy of the Verdicts trial," Townsend said.

"But the Verdicts trial had not even been heard of in 1918, when Senator Newberry became a candidate for the Senate," interposed Senator Walsh, Democrat, Massachusetts. "We were still at war then."

"Well, I'm merely citing Mr. Ford's words trial," Townsend said.

"I will yield for a question, but not for an argument with the Senator from Arkansas," Townsend said. "I have listed the points which I have heard from the various experts, who contend that enforcement of the ban on gas is nearly impossible at the present time."

There is some opposition to the abolition of gas, but it is expected to melt

(Continued on Page Two.)

HOPE FOR IRISH PACT TO PASS ON FIRST VOTE

Adherents See Gain as Time for Ballot Approaches.

DE VALERA LOSING

DUBLIN, Jan. 7.—The strength of the opponents of the Irish peace treaty waned this afternoon, increasing the hope of the supporters that the pact would be ratified in the first ballot tonight. The mayor of Wexford, who had been opposing the treaty, swung around to its support. The mayor of Cavan, another "anti," resigned his seat. Thus two votes were lost to Eamonn De Valera, leader of the opposition.

One of De Valera's lieutenants summed up the case of the opposers as follows: "De Valera does not want a war of warfare. He wants peace with England. If the treaty is ratified it would have to pass through the imperial parliament at London again in the shape of a bill establishing the Irish Free State. What would there be to prevent a reactionary government in future years from wiping out the bill from the statute books?"

If the treaty's tact is followed, no

other resolution will be proposed, following the general line of action that has been taken on submarines and gas.

In placing a ban on the use of gas the statesmen of the five powers are riding over the advice of the various experts, who contend that enforcement of the ban on gas is nearly impossible at the present time.

After the gas resolution was adopted,

the powers began consideration of "humanizing" still another implement of modern warfare—the airplane.

CONSIDER AIRPLANE ANIMOSITY AND TERRORISM.

It had no idea that any spirit of amity and hatred could go so far as that displayed by some Senators in their abuse of Senator Newberry," Townsend continued.

Townsend registered a vigorous denial of Ford's charges that Newberry personally was responsible for the expenditure of nearly \$200,000 to secure his nomination.

"Among the things which created considerable feeling against Mr. Ford in Michigan was his advocacy of the Verdicts trial," Townsend said.

"But the Verdicts trial had not even been heard of in 1918, when Senator Newberry became a candidate for the Senate," interposed Senator Walsh, Democrat, Massachusetts. "We were still at war then."

"Well, I'm merely citing Mr. Ford's words trial," Townsend said.

"I will yield for a question, but not for an argument with the Senator from Arkansas," Townsend said. "I have listed the points which I have heard from the various experts, who contend that enforcement of the ban on gas is nearly impossible at the present time."

There is some opposition to the abolition of gas, but it is expected to melt

(Continued on Page Two.)

BELOW: BELIEVE U. S. WILL JOIN IN CONFERENCE

Cannes Delegates Await Answer to Invitation to Enter Economy Parley.

MONSHINER, WITH HIGH POWER GUN, KEEPS WATCH OVER DEAD.

HARLAN, Ky., Jan. 7.—A mountaineer, moonshiner, armed with a high-powered rifle, sat on a lofty mountain perch as guard over the bodies of Cox and Eason, federal moonshiners, killed in a battle with a posse near here.

John Wilson, prohibition agent, and Sheriff J. H. Blair reported they approached a still in the mountains and found the two men operating it.

The officers said they called on the men to surrender. A volley was the answer.

Retiring, they fired the posse killed both moonshiners.

The lookout on the mountain kept up his sniping while officers destroyed still. His shots have prevented removal of the bodies.

GOV. SPROUL CONFERS WITH SENATOR CROWE

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Jan. 7.—Governor Sproul conferred with Senator William E. Crowe at Mercy Hospital here today on the appointment to the Senate seat left vacant by the death of Boles Penrose.

Dr. E. Hodgin, president of the board of public health, came into the mayor's private office bearing the all-powerful data. He said that Mr. Shank had left it in the board of health offices on the 25th. The mayor was told that he was becoming a lame duck and had to go to the city hall instead of the statehouse.

The mayor ordered the statehouse to be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.

The mayor ordered that his

city hall shall be kept open until 4 o'clock on Saturday afternoon instead of closed at noon as has been the custom.

The mayor got further evidence that the mayor meant business when he said that all public servants are going to be more responsible than ever, than heretofore.