PROGRAM FOR FOCH VISIT NOW MADE PUBLIC

Evening Event to Be Held Friday Night in Cadle Tabernacle.

Details of the program attendant on the visit of Ferdinand Foch, Marshal of France, in Indianapolis Friday were announced today.

The program for the ceremony at University Park following the parade in the afternoon follows:

"America" .....American Legion Band
Prayer .....Bishop Joseph M. Francis
Presentation of Plaza site to American Legion..Governor Warren T. McCray
Acceptance .....
National Commander American Legion
Lowering of Corner Stone.....
Marcus Sonntag, president memorial board.
Dedication Ceremony.....
.....American Legion Ritual
Dedicatory Address .....
..Ferdinand Foch, marshal of France
"The Star-Spangled Banner".....
.....American Legion Band
Benediction .....
..National Chaplain, American Legion
American Legion Band of Indianapolis. Hiller Francis, director.

Following is the program at the Cadle Tabernacle Friday night:

Carleton B. McCulloch, presiding. Community singing, 7:30 to 8:30 o'clock, audience. "La Marseillaise," choir. Invocation, Rt. Rev. Monsignor Francis H. Gavisk, V. G. Address, Governor McCray, Mayor Charles W. Jewett. Presentation of flowers from American Women's Overseas League, Miss Adah Bush, representative. "America," choir. Presentation of Souvenir Medallion from citizenship of city and State, Samuel D. Miller. Conferring of companionship in the military order of foreign wars of the United States, Companion Carleton B. McCulloch. Response, Ferdinand Foch, Marshal of France, "The Star-Spangled Banner," choir, audience and band. Benediction, Rev. S. L. Martin, Department Chaplain American Legion. Cadle Tabernacle choir, Joe Overmyer, director.

YANKS IN WAR BRUTALLY HUNG, SENATE CHARGE

(Continued From Page One.)

have here, was handed to me only a little while ago," Watson said.

"I sent the photograph to the Senator from Georgia," interposed Senator Borah, Republican, Idaho. "My attention was first directed to the Senator's charges when he printed them in his paper. I desire to say that two former service men have confirmed the authenticity of that photograph to me, but in confidence."

Senator Wadsworth again challenged the truth of Watson's statements.

"The language of the Senator from New York may go in the New York Legislature, but it won't go in the United States Senate," Watson said, as he walked toward Wadsworth. "I defy him to his face to disprove my charges. I reiterate that white soldiers were hanged by their officers, and hanged like dogs. I can produce men who can back up my statements, provided they are given immunity, and who can show that our boys were also shot down without trial."

"I am willing to submit proof of my charges to any fair-minded, impartial committee or commission of Senators, but I am not willing to go before the committee of which the Senator from New York is chairman," Watson continued.

"I haven't half painted the picture of the murder and ill treatment of our soldier boys by their officers," Watson said. "If I am guaranteed immunity for the witnesses I can produce to back up my charges, I will produce them, and if I am not given that guarantee, I will be able to back them up anyhow.

"The people of this country do not known one-half of what happened to our soldier boys in the war. The real truth is just beginning to come out, and when it all comes out, God help those brutal, cowardly officers who manhandled the boys who were forced to suffer privations which drove many of them mad and others to the gallows."

"The adjutant general's official report," interrupted Senator New, Republican, Indiana, member of the Senate Military Affairs Committee, "shows that there actually were but twenty-eight sentences of death in the A. E. F., of which only nine were carried out."

NEGRO DOCTOR, DOPE DISPENSER, FOUND GUILTY

J. Otway Puryear to Be Sentenced by Judge Anderson.

Dr. J. Otway Puryear, negro physician of Indianapolis, was found guilty by a jury in Federal Court today on a charge of violating the Harrison anti-narcotic law. Judge Anderson deferred sentence.

The Government introduced a number of witnesses, admitted drug addicts, who testified that Dr. Puryear had supplied them with morphine.

In his own defense Dr. Puryear testified that he had administered morphine only when he believed the patients were actually in need of the drug from a medical standpoint. One witness testified that he received as many as three "shots" a day from the defendant.

When court adjourned at noon the Government had not completed presentaiton of its case against Dr. Frederick J. Freshley, indicted for a similar offense. The testimony in this case was similar in character to that of Puryear, only even more damaging in character. One witness, who admitted that she was the keeper of a house of ill fame at Evansville, said that Dr. Freshley made daily rounds through the red light district giving hypodermics to morphine addicts. She said that in her own house there were girls who would not get out of bed mornings unless Dr. Freshley had called to [illegible] them their morning "shot."

Judge Anderson joined in a general laugh with the spectators when one witness said that his brother had sold Dr Freshley fifteen ounces of pulverized chalk under the pretext it was morphine. It is believed the case will reach the jury this afternoon.

At the opening of court Harry E. Stevens, formerly a constable in an Irvington justice of the peace court, entered a plea of guilty to a charge of white slavery. Sentence will be passed on him later in the week.

Advertising Club Works for Peace

The board of directors of the Advertising Club has instructed the business manager of the club, Edward W. Hunter to send a telegram to President Harding on Armistice day expressing hope for the success of the disarmament conference and the further hope that the conference meetings will not be held behind closed doors. Briant Sando, president of the club, sponsored the above action and stated: "Commerce is truly international today, and a squabble in the far Balkans inevitably reacts upon the raw material and other markets of America. The reasonable assurance of permament peace, brought about by a reduction in the vast international preparations for war, is a matter which directly concerns every marketing, advertising and selling man and woman in the world."

Says Ignorant Americans Fought Educated Germans

Nation Amazed at Startling Statements of U. S. Commissioner of Education.

Special to Indiana Daily Times and Philadelphia Public Ledger.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—When John J. Tigert, United States commissioner of education, reaches Kansas City today for the American Legion convention, he may encounter a welcome far warmer than anything he dreamed of. Washington learned with amazement today of a speech delivered by Commissioner Tigert at Boston before a teachers' meeting last Friday. As reported here, he declared in effect that the American army which broke down German resistance in the final stages of the world war was an army of illiterates battling against an army of educated troops.

ATTACKS AMERICAN ILLITERACY.

Assailing what he termed the "grandiose statements" which accompanied America's war activities, Mr. Tigert went on to say:

"We went in against old Germans with young men, and our young men in the Argonne gave up their lives in a ratio of three or four to one. Why? Because the Germans had more education, and every American who fought knows it. While 25 per cent of the American army recruits were illiterate, there was only one man in 5,000 in the German army who could not read and write. I am not a pro-German, or a pacifist, or a militarist, but if the United States ever finds it in its heart to draft men to fight, I hope that it will give them the opportunity to have as much education as the men in the opposite army."

Following the Tigert tirade, a woman, who refused to give her name, tried to gain the floor of the meeting of the Middlesex County Teachers' Association, which the commissioner addressed. She shouted that his remarks were an insult to the American army and demanded that he remain in the hall to apologize. The meeting broke up in confusion and the presiding officer refused to recognize her.

Today, in the most scathing editorial yet published in Washington concerning an appointee of the Harding Administration, the Washington Herald (in which until this month Herbert Hoover had a proprietary interest) demanded that the President remove Commissioner Tigert from office.

COMMISSIONER NEVER POPULAR.

When Mr. Tigert was appointed to supersede Philander P. Claxton, as commissioner of education last summer, the announcement created consternation in the educational world. The National Education Association was holding its annual convention in Des Moines and was only prevented by fast strategic work from publicly disapproving President Harding's selection. The succeeding number of the association's "journal" declared that the President's action "will be deplored by the friends of education throughout the Nation." It added: "It is not necessary to review the little known record and untried leadership of the man who has been named for Mr. Claxton's place. It is most unfortunate that a change should be made at this time when the need for recognized national leadership in education is imperative. It is certain to be construed as having been determined by political motives and in total disregard of the growing demand for the elevation of the Nation's chief educational office."

TIGERT FROM KENTUCKY.

Mr. Tigert was appointed from Kentucky. He was a Rhodes scholar at Oxford University from his native Tennessee. When given the Federal commisisonership of education, he was occupying the chair of psychology at the University of Kentucky in Lexington. Mr. Tigert is 39 years old and a noted Southern college athlete. After graduation he obtained some fame as a teacher of basket-ball.—Copyright, 1921, by Public Ledger Company.

NINE OF TWENTY CLAIM THEY CAN VOTE IN ELECTION

(Continued From Page One.)

precinct of the Fourth ward. His number is 461.

"Otto Haueisen, 1444 North Pennsylvania street, registered in the Third precinct of the Eighth ward. His number is 46.

"Frank A. Floyd, 4450 Park avenue, Twenty-third precinct of the Fourth ward. His number is 80.

"C. B. Eaglesfield, 3909 North Delaware street, Twenty-first precinct of the Fourth ward. His number is 572.

"Ernest W. Wilds, 235 East Fifteenth street, registered in the Third precinct of the Eighth ward. His number is 55.

"Definite information as to whether or not H. E. Africa was registered is not available because Mr. Africa is out of the city. Records at the city clerk's office show that Mrs. Africa is registered.

"H. H. Woodsmall is in St. Vincent's hospital where he was operated on this morning. Mr. Woodsmall told the committee positively through a nurse that he was registered.

"A hasty search of the records at the city clerk's office, however, does not show the exact number. He perhaps is registered in the wrong precinct."

CAMPBELL SAYS USE OF NAME UNAUTHORIZED.

Mr. Millis also made public a telegram which he received from Henry F. Campbell from Muskogee, Okla. Mr. Campbell's name was used as one of the vice presidents for the Republican rally at Tomlinson Hall Saturday night. Mr. Campbell's telegram was as follows: "If my name was used in any political propaganda it was absolutely unauthorized."

Mr. Harding, at a Republican meeting at Ashland and Massachusetts avenues, last night spoke as follows:

"Out of the 100 self-admitted saviors of the city, twenty are not qualified to vote. Of these, fifteen did not even take the trouble to register for an election in which they are now taking such hectic interest, three live outside the city limits, one is known to have moved within the thirty-day limit prior to the election and has lost his vote; one is not listed in the city directory or poll books, and his name could not be found in an examination of the certified registration lists. Not one of the 100 lives south of Washington street."

Mr. Harding called the roll of the 100, telling the large crowd that listened to his speech that he had drawn up an indictment in twenty counts against this "millionaire committee of 100." He indicated that more "indictments" might follow.

"These men whose names I am going to read publicly," Mr. Harding said, "publicly announced that they are going to vote for Ralston. They pose as Republicans and say they have to 'save Indianapolis for Ralston.' Let us see if they are going to vote for Mr. Ralston.

"Ernest Knefler—president of the American Hominy Company." Mr. Harding read from the list. "His name does not appear in the poll book nor was his name certified by the city clerk as having registered from his home, 1321 North Meridian street.

"Edgar H. Evans. He is the president of the Acme-Evans Milling Company. He is polled as a Republican for Ralston and his name is not shown in the certified list as having registered from his home at 1002 North Delaware street. And yet he poses as a Republican who is going to vote for Ralston. He is playing on the credulity of the people.

"Garret A. Archibold, manager of George Moore & Co. His name is not in the poll book and is not shown in the certified copy of registration from the Eighth precinct of the Eighth ward.

NOT REGISTERED AT HOME ADDRESS.

"Homer McKee of the Homer McKee Company, is polled as a Republican, but doubtful, and his name is not shown on the certified copy of the registration as being registered from his home at 3145 North Delaware street. He cannot vote and yet he says he is going to vote for Ralston. If Mr. Ralston does not get more votes than he is going to get from these Republicans he will not get many.

"A. S. Lockard, another member of the committee of 100, is not shown on the poll book, nor is he shown on the certified registration list as having registered from his home, 1415 North Delaware street.

"L. M. Wainwright, 1851 North Pennsylvania street, of the Diamond Chain Works is polled in the Sixth precinct of the Third ward as doubtful. His name does not appear on the certified registration list.

"John L. Eaglesfield, 2101 North Pennsylvania street, of the Ventilating and Hardwood Flooring Company, is polled in the Fifth precinct of the Third ward. His name does not appear on the certified registration list as presented to the Republican city committee in accordance with law.

"H. H. Woodsmall, 1712 North Pennsylvania street—they all live up on Meridian, Pennsylvania, Washington Boulevard or streets of that kind—treasurer of the H. H. Woodsmall Insurance Company, is polled as a Republican and doubtful. His name is not shown on the certified registration list in his precinct.

"I thought Mr. Woodsmall had registered. I registered because I love to vote, to exercise my citizenship.

OTHER NAMES NOT ON REGISTRATION LIST.

"Otto H. Hauseisen, 1414 North Pennsylvania street. He is polled as a Republican for Ralston. His name is not shown on the certified registration list. He, nor the rest of these members of the committee of 100 I have mentioned, did not think enough of the right to cast a ballot for mayor in this election to go and register according to law, and yet he had his name published as going to vote for Ralston. These men would tell the rest of the citizens how to vote, when they themselves cannot vote.

"C. S. Eaglesfield, 2101 North Pennsylvania street, president of the Eaglesfield Hardwood Flooring Company. His name is not shown on the poll of the Fifth precinct of the Third ward, and neither is his name on the certified copy of the registration in that precinct.

"Russell W. Johnson, 3555 Washington boulevard, proprietor of the Royal Hotel. His name does not appear in the poll of the Fourth precinct of the Fourth ward nor on the certified copy of the registration.

"Frank E. Floyd, 3101 Washington boulevard, secretary and general manager of the Crescent Paper Company, does not appear on the poll book of the Fifth ward, nor on the certified registration list.

"H. E. Africa, 2130 North New Jersey street, traveling man, is polled as a Republican, but doubtful, and his name does not appear on the certified copy of the registration.

"None of these men can vote. Don't you think they knew it when they had their names published?

"Ernest W. Wiles, 235 East Fifteenth street, secretary of Hibben-Hollweg Company, is not shown on the certified copy of the registration.

"W. H. Bromley, 205 East New York street, is not shown on the certified copy of the registration.

"Harvey G. Shafer does not live in the city of Indianapolis. His address is Lyndhurst and Morris road. He knew where he lived when he let his name be published.

"And Stillings Shong, another of the 'Committee of 100,' who is he? There is no such name in the city directory, nor can his name be found in the poll books and a search of the registration list did not disclose his name. Who is this person who is telling the Republicans of Indianapolis how they should vote?

DISQUALIFIED BY MOVING.

"Merle Sidener registered in the last registration at 1417 Ashland avenue, and moved about two weeks ago to 4246 Park avenue. He disqualified himself to vote because he has not been in the precinct and ward thirty days before election.

"R. L. Phythian has no vote in Indianapolis. He lives outside the city. His residence is in Woodruff Place.

"And last, but not least, is Arthur R. Baxter. Every Republican in this hall voted for him last fall for State Senator. He permitted his name to be placed on this sacred, blessed list of 100 men when he knew he could not vote. He, too, lives in Woodruff Place.

"That makes my twenty counts against the 100 who want to save Indianapolis. That is 20 per cent of that 100 for Ralston who cannot vote, but would have you believe that by their holier-than-thou attitude they must direct your vote.

"I deny that this blessed 100 are good Republicans. How grand they must feel when they pass by the Ralston reviewing stand side by side with their Democratic marchers. This select 100 certainly illustrates that politics makes strange bedfellows. Can the voters of Indianapolis picture a more incongruous group of good citizens fighting side by side to save Indianapolis? Here they come marching: Mr. Thomas C. Day, his marching partner James D. Moriarty. Mr. Almus G. Ruddel, his marching partner Denny Bush. Mr. Merle Sidener, his marching partner Cockey Shea. Mr. Larz Whitcomb, his marching partner Tom Meeker. The lambs and the lions are marching. Is it possible that the people of Indianapolis can be fooled by the cry of 'save Indianapolis' when they know who the saviors are? How long will the evening paper impose on the credulity of such good men as Messrs. Day, Ruddel, Sidener and Whitcomb and make them wear the yoke of Bush, Shea, Moriarty and Meeker?

"I would rather go to defeat with Lew Shank than to victory in company with the News."

UNION HEADS FROWN UPON STRIKE MOVE

(Continued From Page One.)

augurated and they contend that they can continue to flourish. Its abolition now, however, would embarass them by forcing them to hurriedly arrange a new system of collecting dues from their 500,000 members.

Immediately after Judge Anderson had signed the writ late yesterday, Lewis hurried back to his office and transacted routine business signing corresponding and arranging other matters. Murray and other officials assembled in his office and they reviewed the events of the day and laid the foundation for their future action.

COAL ASSOCIATION LOSES CASE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—A petition of the officers of the National Coal Association to enjoin Attorney-General Daugherty and others from serving legal process on the petitioners to answer an indictment returned against them in Indiana[illegible] alleged conspiracy and violation of the anti-trust law was dismissed today by Justice Hitz of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. The plaintiffs noted an appeal.

ENGAGED 54 YEARS.

LEAMINGTON, England, Nov. 1.—Richard Busby, 77, and Sophia Burton, 78, are thrifty. They became engaged fifty-four years ago, but put off marrying until they had "saved enough." They have just been wedded and have a bank account of $25,000.

Says He Routed Turks

General Papoulas, cammander of Constantine's forces, who reports a disorderly retreat of the Musselmans.

Health of Children

DR. WILLIAM R. P. EMERSON.

Dr. William R. P. Emerson of Boston, president of nutrition clinics for delicate children, professor of children's diseases at Tufts College Medical School, and chief of nutrition clinics at Massachusetts General Hospital, Boston, who is in Indianapolis for a short time in charge of the institute on the nutritional problems of children that is being conducted here under the auspices of the Marion County Tuberculosis Association.

Man, 103, Proposes

Mrs. Francois Levapreste of Grant City, Staten Island, celebrated her one-hundredth birthday. The other day Mrs. Levapresto received a letter, with a Baltimore postmark, containing a proposal of marriage. The writer, signing himself "F. Lindsey," said he had just celebrated his one hundred and third birthday and was sure he and she would suit each other. Mrs. Levapresto said: "A woman is never too old to get married," but as yet she has not accepted the proposal. Mrs. Levapresto's recipe for longevity is "work hard, keep at it, and take an occasional glass of wine." Despite her 100 years Mrs. Levapresto is very spry and well able to do most of her housework.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves Itching Piles. 60c. Advertisement.

Girls Missing From Homes Show Alarming Increase

Most of Cases Reported Cleared Up in Few Hours, Says Miss Burnside.

The number of Indianapolis girls who disappear from their homes is increasing alarmingly, according to Miss Clara Burnside, captain of the women police. Most of them, however, return or are returned by the police, Miss Burnside said.

In 1920, 107 girls left home and either were found or returned home of their own free will. Of this number seventy-six were under 18 years of age. Possibly ten were either never found or returned and the police were not notified and therefore they are still on the missing lists. This total does not include the long list of girls reported missing from homes not in Indianapolis.

"Why do girls leave home?" Miss Burnside smiled at the often heard question. "Because they want more liberty. Country girls and girls from the little towns leave home in search of work and excitement in the big city. By excitement I do not mean they are planning to do wrong. These girls are really seldom bad, but they are lured to the city by the desire for excitement.

"You know everything is so quiet in the country and in a little town. In the small town and the country these girls know everybody and they speak and talk to every person, both old and young. When the girls come to Indianapolis they don't realize the difference and they speak to those they meet and are easy to get acquainted with. They pick up with strangers and are soon led into trouble.

"In the city sometimes we find the girl leaves home because the home conditions are bad. However, girls in this city are leaving their homes because they want more freedom. They disappear from all kinds of homes. From the mansion as well as the poorly built house in the alleys. It is the desire to get away from the restrictions placed on them by their parents that leads most city girls to leave their homes.

The records of the police department show that since Jan. 1, 1921, ninety-nine girls have been reported missing. The number reported to the women police exceeds this number by an average of four or five each month. Of the ninety-nine at least 90 per cent are between the ages of 13 and 20 years. Of the total only fifteen were negro girls. Almost all of this number have been marked "found." Many of these have been absent from home but a few hours while others have been missing for weeks before being found.

Only six girls were reported missing during the month of October.

SHAW TELLS WHOLE STORY OF ROBBERY

(Continued From Page One.)

it was feared that Clark might attempt to cash the bonds.

That McDonald, rode the Beech Grove car for the purpose of finding the messenger and to signal to Miller and the others that the messenger was on the car. This plan fell through. That Stout drove the automobile to the bank at the time of the hold-up and that Stout remained in the automobile while the bank was being "stick up." That McKinney appeared when the loot was being divided at Stout's home and was advised not to stay around because too many people were present. Shaw claimed that McKinney got $100 of the stolen money from Stout.

During the examination of Shaw, the witness contended that the money was to be divided four ways.

McDONALD TO SHOW MESSENGER.

The illuminating part of the evidence of Shaw was that Miller relied upon McDonald to point out the bank messenger so that the gang could hold up the messenger on the way to the bank. He claimed that McDonald would have been a member of the "stick up" party but that the latter couldn't be found and that it was thought that four in the party were sufficient to "stage the job."

According to Shaw, Mitchell told Stout and himself in Toledo that he knew a man by the name of McDonald in Indianapolis who knew the bank messenger. They returned to Indianapolis for the purpose of conferring with McDonald through Mitchell. On returneng here, Miller talked with Stout and Shaw regarding the plans for "sticking-up" the messenger, he said. Shaw testified that McDonald was to get $500 from each of the four in the job. Shaw testified that he gave McDonald $500.

Shaw was not entirely clear concerning the reasons why McKinney got $100 from Stout. Shaw did not state what became of the bonds or how he spent his money. He said after the robbery he went to Toledo, Ohio, and then went to Terre Haute.

MISS NEWMAN SURE OF MEN.

Miss Newman maintained that she was not mistaken in identifying Miller as the man who forced her at the point of two revolvers to "hold up" her hands. She emphatically declared that she recognized him as one of the bandits the minute she saw him at police station and that she also identified Miller and Shaw when they were together at the station.

She told of Shaw entering the bank with Miller and a negro and how Shaw came to the window and asked for some change. She testified that Miller ordered all in the bank to hold up their hands and that he forced them all into a room leading off of the cashier's cages.

Miss Newman admitted thet she was frightened and that Miller told her to sit down because she looked "white." She told of Shaw taking the money from the drawers of the cages as well as the money off of the counters. She claimed that Miller directed Shaw to look into the safe. She stated that the negro remained armed at the door leading into the bank. She said that the bandits were in the bank from five to ten minutes.

Judge Wiltsie sat on the bench with his overcoat on this morning, owing to the lack of heat.

Marriage Licenses

Dewie Knight, 209 Koehne st..... 23
Alpha Dugan, 930 Goodlet av..... 22
Homer Shonts, Joliet, Ill..... 35
Jennie Adam, Joliet, Ill..... 33
Charles Bevis, 605 N. Drexel av..... 20
Hazel Garnet, 629 N. Gladstone av..... 22
James Howard, 717½ Dorman st..... 19
Mary James, 1301 English av..... 18
Andrew Heckman, 717 S. Delaware st. 51
Mary Danforth, 709 S. Delaware st.... 51
Markus Hartt, 737 N. Morris st..... 35
Elizabeth Dumler, 2014 Talbott av.... 27
Charles Scales, 3028 N. Illinois st.... 37
Lillian Woodworth, 2328 N. Illinois st.. 49
William Starbuck, 371 S. Illinois st... 51
Alta Sapson, 371 S. Illinois st..... 32
Walter Hill, Washington Twp., Shelby 39
Jessie Davidson, 36 W. Thirty-Eighth 35

Births

James and Beatrice Walters, 811 Hadley, boy.
Courtney and Elsie Peters, 2115 Miller, boy.
Norman and Ruth Redmond, 2515 E. Tenth, boy.
Thursel and Anna Hashman, 1705 Park, boy.
Joseph and Shirley Waltz, 1927 W. Jones, girl.
Scott and Odell Skiles, 1126 S. Sheffield, boy.
John and Edna Basey, 1146 Trowbridge, boy.
Benjamin and India Elkenberry, 2324 W. Walnut, girl.
David and Della DeLong, 1437 Prospect, girl.
James and Bridget Glennon, 215 Hiawatha, girl.
Vittorla and Elizabeth Martini, 119 S. Davidson, boy.
Ralph and Jeanette Waltz, 428 N. Haugh, boy.

Deaths

Sarah J. Lucas, 85, 1310 English, broncho pneumonia.
Thomas Robinson, 28, 3023 Clifton, pulmonary tuberculosis.
Marie L. Snapp, 55, 2808 Central, acute dilatation of heart.
Christian F. Poehler, 60, Deaconess hosptial, carcinoma.
Abbie Overleese, 38, Long hospital, chronic tuberculosis.
James Walter Shuttleworth, 56, 310 N. Capitol, lobar pneumonia.
Lillian W. Clements, 57, St. Vincent's hospital, intestinal obstruction.
Catherine A. Borger, 79, 1425 Orange, chronic myocarditis.
Hazel Marie Mills, 6 days, 641 Rochester, uremia.
Jacob Lipken, 18, St. Vincent's hospital, lobar pneumonia.
Jacob Barskins, 57, Methodist hospital, uremia.
Daniel Wait Howe, 82, 1403 N. Delaware, acute nephritis.
Amanda Jenkins, 76, 1735 N. Capitol, arterio sclerosis.
Ella M. McClure, 62, 124 E. Thirtieth, acute uremia.

UNLUCKY THIRTEEN CHINAMEN.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 1.—The Chinese are superstitious. Now they know thirteen is unlucky. Thirteen Celestials were arrested here on one ship for having no permit to enter Great Britain. All have been ordered deported.

BOARD DENIES MINE RULING

No Order Issued Concerning Age of Workers.

A ruling issued from unknown source but appearing to bear the approval of the State industrial board relative to the age at which youths can lawfully work in mines was widely circulated last week and caused considerable unfavorable comment in mining sections of Indiana, according to the board. This alleged ruling said to have become effective yesterday hold that no boy under 18 years of age can work in or about mines and no youth under 21 can work in or about mines unless he has papers to prove his age.

No such rule was ever made by the State industrial board, it was stated, and this body is in no way responsible for it. The board points out emphatically that the school attendance, child-labor law, which became effective May 31, 1921, states that youths under 16 years of age only shall not be employed in or about mines.

CHAMPION EGG-LAYERS.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, Nov. 1.—In the official report of the egg-laying contest promoted by the New Zealand Poultry Club one duck is reported to have laid 341 eggs in 340 days; another laid 333 eggs in 365 days.

FIND NEW CLEW IN PORTSMOUTH MURDER PLIGHT

Jealousy Thought Motive for Killing J. Newman and Miss Doyle.

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio, Nov. 1.—Police, hunting the murderer of pretty Louise Doyle and J. W. Newman, father of three children, today followed a trail that touched Portsmouth social and church life.

An important arrest promised late today or tomorrow will be followed by startling exposure of clandestine love and other transgressions, police declared today.

The man under suspicion today was prompted by insane jealousy, police declare. He had been an admirer of Miss Doyle and other circumstances implicate him, they said.

Authorities began work on the new clew when a second search of the abandoned cottage near here, where the two bodies were found, revealed pools of blood in a second room of the house. The theory was held that Newman, leader of the largest Bible class in Portsmouth, and Miss Doyle, Sunday school teacher and church organist, were killed when they went to the cottage.

The coroner's office worked on the belief that Newman and Miss Doyle had often met at the cottage and an admirer of the girl learned of the secret love.

RANSOM PAID, AMERICANS FREE

Mexican Bandits Resume Old Trick of Seizing and Despoiling Strangers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—Four American citizens, employes of the American Smelting and Refining Company, were captured by Mexican bandits near Chihuahua on the night of Oct. 30 and held for 25,000 pesos ransom, according to advices to the State Department from the American consulate at Chihuahua.

The bandits later released the Americans upon payment of 5,000 pesos. The report did not give the names of the Americans or state who paid the ransom.

Consolidation of Baptist Churches

A new Baptist church has been formed by the consolidation of the Riverside Baptist Mission and the Northwestern Baptist Church, following a favorable vote of the Federated Baptist Churches of Indianapolis. The parish will be in the Riverside area.

The Rev. Joseph Belcher, who has been supply pastor at Riverside, served as moderator and the Rev. D. R. MacGreggor of the Northwestern Baptist Church and the Rev. F. A. Hayward, city executive, served as council advisors. One hundred and nineteen people presented themselves for membership in the new church, and it was officially organized with temporary officers, serving until the business meeting to be held on Wednesday, Nov. 30, when all matters of official elections for the year and a financial plan will be presented.

Doc Gave Spillsberry The Wrong Dope

—Advertisement.

LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE

It's toasted

Notice this delicious flavor when you smoke Lucky Strike—it's sealed in by the toasting process

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

RESINOL

Soothing and Healing Stops Itching

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine tablets

Be sure you get BROMO

The genuine bears this signature E. W. Grove

Price 30c.

Cuticura Ointment Is Soothing After Shaving

After shaving with Cuticura Soap, the Cuticura way, gently rub tender spots on face with Cuticura Ointment. Then wash all off with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse with tepid water.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 38G, Malden 48, Mass." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Says His Prescription Has Powerful Influence Over Rheumatism

Mr. James H. Allen suffered for years with rheumatism. Many times this terrible disease left him helpless and unable to work.

He finally decided, after years of ceaseless study, that no one can be free from rheumatism until the accumulated impurities, commonly called uric acid deposits, were dissolved in the joints and muscles and expelled from the body.

With this idea in mind he consulted physicians, made experiments and finally compounded a prescription that quickly and completely banished every sign and symptom of rheumatism from his system.

He freely gave his discovery to others who took it, with what might be called marvelous success. After years of urging he decided to let sufferers everywhere know about his discovery through the newspapers. Haag Drug Company has been appointed agent for Allenrhu in this vicinity with the understanding that he will freely return the purchase money on the first two bottles to any who state they received no benefit.—Advertisement.

Reduce Those Dangerous Swollen Veins

Physicians are prescribing and hospitals are using a new and harmless, yet very powerful germicide that not only causes enlarged or varicose veins and bunches to become normal, but also reduces goiter, enlarged glands and wens.

Ask any first-class druggist for an original two-ounce bottle of Moone's Emerald Oil (full strength) and refuse to accept anything in its place. It is such a highly concentrated preparation that two ounces lasts a long time and furthermore if this wonderful discovery does not produce the results anticipated, you can have the price refunded.

It is not wise for any one to allow swollen veins to keep on enlarging, often they burst and cause weeks of pain, suffering and loss of employment. Start the Emerald Oil treatment as directions advise and improvement will begin at once. Generous sample on receipt of 15 cents, silver or stamps. International Laboratories, Rochester, N. Y. Your druggist or Hook's Dependable Drug Store can supply you.—Advertisement.