

Indiana Daily Times

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MEMBERS OF AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATIONS.

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WUXTRY! Boone County has a sheriff who can shoot straight.

THAT MAN Gardner should now turn more or less honest and go into vaudeville.

SHELBYVILLE should be given credit for being "different." A man shot a woman there.

THERE ARE places where Albert J. Beveridge would be less at home than in Berlin!

IT takes real enterprise to belong to a pig club with porkers selling at 9 cents a pound.

HAS ANYONE discovered what connection those postmaster examinations have with the ultimate appointment?

CHICAGO children have motion pictures in their schools and Indianapolis children haven't even the schools.

THE MAJORITY of the taxpayers may be for the World War memorial if they might have been given an opportunity to say so.

THE NAVY BOARD is quoted as saying a disarmament conference can not bring about the ending of wars. What else could be expected of a Navy board?

"EFFICIENCY of Modern Fire Apparatus Shown" says a headline in a contemporary. Apparently its bright young representative did not see the efforts of the fire department to throw a stream of water from a water tower to the roof of a three-story building.

With Skid Chains and Spares!

An up-to-date little boy said to his mother: "Ma, was Saint Joseph a prominent saint?"

"Yes," replied the mother. "And was Saint Michael a prominent saint?"

"Yes." "Are there many prominent saints, Ma?"

"Yes, my dear boy." "But, Ma, why do all the saints have to carry a spare tire?"

Others have concluded that while the members of the National Administration may be entitled to spare tires, it will be necessary for them also to carry chains along to keep from skidding.

The Administration can be given credit for attempting to carry out its ante-election promises, but so far the road has been too rough to make much progress. It might be given a halo, although not a brilliant one, for passing an immigration law which is the best the United States has yet had.

It will not dump over five hundred thousand immigrants on our shores this year, while without such a law the foreigners arriving in the United States would have totaled at least two million. Of course, every immigrant added equals one more unemployed in this country, where we now have five million idle. Nevertheless, this law is equitable and an improvement over all others.

The temporary tariff law passed for the protection of our agricultural products looked good at first and met with almost universal approval, but it has not worked out as intended, for it has failed to produce a higher price for our home products. In fact, our agricultural products are not now selling at as high prices as Canadian, the country the tariff was really intended against. But this is not the fault of the Administration or of the tariff law. It is the result of cheaper transportation in Canada than in the United States, the saving in freight being added to the price that the farmer receives. In Canada the railroads are owned and financed by their government, not, as they are in this country, by Wall Street.

The German treaty, which has been signed subject to the approval of the United States Senate, will end our state of war. Some people are disappointed in the treaty because the United States receives no indemnity from Germany, while England, France, Italy and the other countries that fought Germany have been indemnified. The only danger now is that Germany may dump her goods in the United States and with the money obtained from us pay the indemnity to the other countries. This, however, will no doubt be prevented in some way, as any party in power must realize it would be equal to signing its death warrant to permit such a condition to arise.

The great gambling house, known as the Chicago Board of Trade, which has operated for fifty years in the Mississippi River Valley, extending from Duith to New Orleans and Denver to Pittsburgh, has been practically put out of business so far as gambling in the future price of grain is concerned, by the modest Senator Capper, publisher of Topeka, Kan. I have known Capper for twenty-five years and he has been headed by one way, and another in the direction that would give the farmer and every one who labors with his hands or head what they are entitled to—the reward of their own efforts. Capper has always believed it wrong to gamble in food products or in the results of human labor. He won his seat in the Senate on this stand and is likely to keep it as long as he wants it. This adds something to the halo of the National Administration, although the Capper bill was passed by a very narrow margin and was doctored somewhat before it got through.

The one transaction in the present extra session of Congress that seemed to be condemned almost universally, except by the wealthy class of taxpayers, was the failure to pass the soldiers' back pay bill. This was called a bonus bill, but the term was incorrect, as it was only a bill to pay our soldiers wages which would in a measure compensate for the jobs they were forced to give up when they were drafted to fight, in a foreign country, a war that we did not start, and the difference how just a war it was. The claim was made that the Government could not finance the back pay. Most people think, however, that if we would release to the soldiers what is due them they would spend part of it and business would start up again much more rapidly than through giving another billion dollars to the railroads, which we all know is used only for gambling purposes in Wall Street. The failure to pass the soldiers' bill has done more to dim the luster of the halo and turn it into a spare tire than any other proposed or rejected legislation which might be subject to an honest difference of opinion.

Congress adjourned without taking action on several important measures before it, such as the revenue bill, new tariff bill and prohibition enforcement bill. Many of the members of the Senate and House may see a new light after they have visited their home States, west of the Allegheny Mountains, and put on their non-skid chains when they return to Washington.—W. D. Boyce in the Saturday Blade, Chicago.

The Plaza Next

The members of the city council were the judges of the sufficiency of the remonstrance against the purchase of two city blocks to be added to the war memorial and their action in rejecting it might as well be taken as final.

As a result of the unnecessarily reprehensible methods used in preparing this remonstrance it failed, even though it doubtless represented the sentiment of thousands of citizens who were never asked to sign it.

There will now be no referendum on the question of this expenditure of several million dollars and this community is placed in the position of agreeing to spend several millions for a plaza while it is forbidden to spend \$800,000 for new school buildings. The situation is very much like that of a man who insists upon owning an auto when he has no place to lay his head at night. The auto is of some utility as the plaza will be, but good business judgment argues that there are other things needed to a much greater degree.

Had the circulators of the remonstrance come out in the open and laid their opposition fairly before the people of Indianapolis properly there would have been no question of its sufficiency.

The referendum on the plaza project was blocked by the ill-advised methods of those who advocated it.

Hoosier Honored

William V. Rooker, Indianapolis attorney, was highly honored at the recent meeting of the American Bar Association when he was re-elected a member of the association's council. The council is the body that governs the affairs of the association, and Mr. Rooker possesses the further distinction of being the only representative on it of the territory lying west of the Alleghenies and east of the Mississippi river.

As a deep thinker and a close student of those questions whose broad aspect is reflected in every walk of life, Mr. Rooker has won the respect of the most notable members of the American bar and the association with the leaders in the legal profession of a member of the Marion county bar is a compliment to this community.

Even though this State has not had restrictions surrounding the admission of members of the bar it has maintained a high standard in the profession through education and through the careful code of ethics which has been so well enforced, practically through the unanimous consent of the bench and bar.

Indiana's contribution to the judiciary and to the bar has been rich and is continually recognized throughout the Nation.

The STORY of NINETTE

By RUBY M. AYRES

Who's Who in the Story

NINETTE, a tiny waif who first saw the light of day in cheap dilapidated in a dull road in the worst part of Balham, is adopted by "JOHN" WHEELER, who shared his meager earnings as a scribe on a London paper, with the friendless babe. Ninette meets

PETER NOTHARD, an editor, who rescues her from sickness and poverty and takes her to his sister, MARGARET DELAY, who has a home in the country. Ninette is introduced to ARTHUR DELAY, Margaret's husband. DOROTHY MANVERS, a former sweetheart of Nothard's, is a guest at Margaret's house. In a lovely old place near by lives the wealthy

WILLIAM FELSTED, whose only son, DICK, frequently visits the Delays' home. Ninette meets

RANDALL CAVANAGH, a wealthy man of London, who confesses that he is her father. Cavanagh takes Ninette to live with him after Nothard is convinced of Cavanagh's relation to her. Although Ninette has everything money can buy, she is lonely and restless.

Cavanagh tells Ninette that her mother left him because she learned that he had made his money as a business trip to America and places Ninette under the charge of

MRS. CRAWFORD, a friend. Ninette is surprised to learn that Mrs. Crawford is Peter Nothard's aunt.

Margaret tells Ninette that her husband has left her. Ninette overhears some one telling Peter Nothard that Cavanagh has had Mrs. Crawford to keep her, hears then ridicule her extravagant dress and that that her father had done something disgraceful and would have England for a while. Mrs. Crawford's distress, Ninette angrily tells him that she overheard his conversation.

Chapter XXXIV—Continued. He tried many times during the evening to speak to Ninette again, but she avoided him—deliberately, he knew—and he managed to slip away without wishing him good night.

Afterwards Mrs. Crawford came to Ninette's room for a moment. "It's not been a very exciting evening, has it?" she said frankly. "Never mind."

Ye TOWNE GOSSIP

Copyright, 1921, by Star Company. —By K. C. B.

Dear K. C. B.—I was much interested in your recital of the trouble you had in trying to help the kid see Mary and Douglas and myself. If ever again you find yourself in a like dilemma in the kid you are my friend and bring him around when there is no crowd and we will eat an ice cream cone together. With kindest regards,

HAKLES S. CHAPLIN, Ritz Hotel, New York.

MY DEAR Charlie

FOR THE kid.

AND FOR myself.

I THANK you.

AND ON the eve.

OF your departure.

FOR THE Tight Little Belle.

WHERE you were born.

I SEND you word.

FOR ALL the kids.

WHO ARE your friends.

THE YOUTHFUL kids.

AND GROWN kids.

THAT THEY are glad.

YOU'RE GOING home.

AND GLADDER still.

YOU'RE GOING home.

CROWNED with the wreath.

THE LAREL wreath.

AND MORE than this.

THEY BID me adieu.

THAT YOU'LL not tarry.

OVER LONG.

BUT WILL come back.

AND DON your shoes.

AND BULGING pants.

AND DERBY hat.

AND MAKE us laugh.

FOR AFTER all.

IT IS the men.

WHO MAKE us laugh.

THAT COUNT the most.

IN THIS old world.

AND ALL the laws.

AND ALL the rules.

THAT GOVERN us.

HAVE FOR their aim.

OUR PEACE of mind.

SO WE may laugh.

AND SO it is.

THAT HE who comes.

AND MAKES us laugh.

IS GREATER man.

THAN HE who rules.

AND FALLS.

GOOD BYE.

AND MAY you soon come back.

I THANK you.

later on there will be lots of parties and delights in store for you. By the way, I was so surprised to find that you knew Peter!"

Ninette smiled faintly. "I was surprised, too, to find that he was your nephew."

"And such a dear boy!" Mrs. Crawford went on warmly. "He has always been a great treat to me. I did hope he would make a good marriage; but it's no use trying to arrange these things. He has chosen for himself, and I suppose he knows best."

Ninette raised her eyes slowly. "Chosen for himself?" she echoed. "Why, what do you mean? Is—Is Mr. Nothard engaged, then?"

"A girl named Dorothy Manvers, I believe it is a very old romance; they were engaged years ago and quarreled. Then they met again at Margaret's, and made it all up, I suppose, because Margaret tells me that they are to be married soon."

CHAPTER XXXV. "Something Has Happened."

Ninette made no comment; she sat down on the side of the bed, her hands limply folded in her lap.

"What do you think of Dorothy? In spite of all she had heard, and all she had seen for herself, he had fallen a prey once more to the girl's beauty."

Mrs. Crawford went on talking, but Ninette hardly listened. She was glad when she was alone once more. She got up slowly and shut and locked the door; then mechanically she began to undress. She took up the offending diamond and left them lying in a little glittering heap on the dressing table. She no longer valued them; she felt that she had had them known no better than to have worn them.

Her cheeks burned when she thought of that conversation she had overheard. She was too despondent to know why she had been innocent of all offense, and that it was not he who had said the things about herself.

Presently the tears came slowly to her eyes and splashed down on to her frock—the too smart frock which now she hated with all her heart.

She took up the diamond and finished undressing, crying quietly like a child. The evening had been a failure, and she had almost looked forward to the day when she would be able to go to one of the party. Angerily she had repudiated the things she had heard of her father; she had left a shadow of fear in her heart.

She knew so little of him! In spite of their relationship, they were almost strangers to each other. Ninette had not known that Nothard was the half brother of her father.

She could not understand how such a thing had come about. They had never even been on really friendly terms. She had quarreled often, and said bitter, sneering things to one another. And all the time it was she who was wrong. Her heart was suddenly thrown wide showing her many things of which hitherto she had been in ignorance.

She loved him. She loved him with every sort of love there was in the world—in the way she had loved Josh Wheeler, and in every way! She felt that she would gladly have done to give him that moment of pain or unhappiness. That was Ninette's way; she always did things extravagantly. Her grief when Josh Wheeler died had been extravagant, and her anger against him when she had never even liked him; she had hated him. Or was it that all the time she had unconsciously loved him?

And now he was to marry Dorothy Manvers! Ninette clenched her hands in the darkness, to try to still the bitter feeling of jealousy that tormented her. Dorothy cared nothing for him, she was sure. Dorothy was incapable of caring sincerely for anyone. No unfair life was! She wondered if happiness was ever to come to her, or if always she would have to face disappointment and disillusionment.

She made up her mind that when Cavanagh came in the morning she would implore him to take her to America with him, and not leave her in London. She felt that she could not put enough distance between herself and Peter now that she knew she loved him. She was in terror that he should find it out in terror that by some word or look she might betray herself. In this new discovery she had forgotten the appalling things she had overheard about her father.

She got up early in the morning, and was really long before the hour that Cavanagh had promised to call for her. But he did not come. She wandered from window to window in restless misery. Supposing what Nothard and the other man had said was true! Her heart seemed to swoon in a panic of fear. She went to the telephone and rang up her father's flat. But she could get no answer. The girl at the exchange told her she thought the flat must be empty. Ninette sought Mrs. Crawford.

"Father hasn't come yet, and it's ever so much past the time he said he would be here." Her voice faltered.

"Do you think anything has happened?" she appealed.

"My dear! What can have happened? Possibly he is detained with some business appointment. It is all I don't look so scared. He will be here directly, I am sure, or send you a message."

But the morning passed, and there was no sign of Cavanagh, and Ninette had a reticence of lurching with Mrs. Crawford.

"Something has happened—I know it has!" she said again and again. "Mrs. Crawford, I think I must go round to his flat. He may be ill—he may want me!"

CHAPTER XXXVI. Cavanagh Finds a Way Out.

"My dear, do as you please," was the answer. "I am sure there is not the least cause for alarm. He will come presently, or ring up if he is not here."

But Mrs. Crawford, who took a taxi and went to her father's flat. But the caretaker told her that there was no body there.

"Mr. Cavanagh and his man left last night," he said, his eyes on her pale face. "They gave me the keys and said they should not be back for some time. I understand they were going to America, miss."

Ninette turned away without answering. She went out into the street again, not knowing what to do. She was in the grip of deadly fear now, and try as she might, she could not fight against it.

"Where to, miss?" the writing taximeter asked her, and Ninette gave Mrs. Crawford's address. Where else could she go? After all perhaps when she got back she might find him waiting for her, and have the joy of knowing that all her fears were groundless.

She was almost happy as she rang the bell and waited to be admitted. After all, why had she got in such a panic? Nothard and his friend both disliked

SCREEN FAVORITES AT WORK ON NEW PRODUCTIONS

While Theaters in All Cities Are Observing Paramount Week



Depression in the motion picture industry is now definitely a thing of the past, according to Adolph Zukor, president of the Famous Players-Lasky Corporation, who announced yesterday that Paramount pictures are being shown this week in 10,700 theaters throughout the United States.

"A national demonstration for better motion pictures" is what exhibitors are calling this fourth annual Paramount week. The increased bookings contracted for by these theater owners and managers indicate to Mr. Zukor that industrial conditions have taken a turn for the better, and that times are actually more prosperous now than a year ago.

"The old days of factory-made pictures, ground out with no other higher aim than to meet release dates, have passed," according to Jesse L. Lasky, in charge of production of Paramount pictures. "Photoplay patrons have become more and more discriminating, and consequently it is becoming increasingly difficult for producers to satisfy the public's requirements. Certainly the day has come when indifferent stories can be used on vehicles for popular stars. The public today demands big plays, carefully done and enacted by people of tested ability."

"With this in mind we have determined to give greater individual attention to each individual production from now on. The settings of this production are the ultimate in scenic art, designed as they are by Paul Irlbe, the noted French artist."

George Fitzmaurice called for the London studio to produce "Three Wise Men" which has achieved such conspicuous popularity.

"Our plans for Wallace Reid embrace a series of productions which will be bigger than any of Mr. Reid's starring pictures up to this time. One of the first pictures this popular star will make will be 'The Champion,' the play by Thomas London and A. R. Thomas, which, with Grant Mitchell in the leading role, has been New York's biggest comedy hit this season. Mr. Reid is now at work on 'Rent Free,' an unusually interesting story by Mann Page and Isola Forester Page. We also are planning for Mr. Reid a story unlike anything that has been done before in pictures. It will be called 'Across the Continent,' and it is a racing story of an entirely new idea," Mr. Lasky states.

Lower Left—Ethel Clayton, a Paramount actress, who has just completed "Exit the Vamp."

Upper Center—Doris May, a cute little bag of tricks, who at one time appeared with Douglas MacLean.

Lower Left—Thomas Meighan, who is one of the biggest box office attractions that Paramount possesses. His drawing power in Indianapolis is unlimited.

Upper Right—Monte Blue, an Indianapolis actor, who has stepped rapidly to the front. He has an important part in "The Affairs of Anatol," which will be seen soon at the Ohio.

Wallace Reid co-star, with a supporting cast including Elliott Dexter, Montagu Love and George Fawcett. This story lends itself unusually well to Mr. Fitzmaurice's type of treatment.

John S. Robertson, who did "Sentimental Tommy" and "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," is now in London producing "Love's Boomerang," which will have exteriors photographed in France.

William De Mille has completed "After the Show," Rita Welman's widely read Saturday Evening Post story, with Jack Holt, Lila Lee and Charles Ogle in the cast.

George Melford has just finished filming "The Sheik," by M. Hill, adapted from the novel which has achieved such conspicuous popularity.

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ON VIEW TODAY

The following attractions are on view today: "The Passing Show of 1921," at the Murat; "Shavings," at English's; "Singer's Midgates," at B. F. Keith's; "A Trip to Toyland," at the Lyric; Lena Park and her "Kandy Kids," at the Park; Ben Turpin in person at the Circle; "The Grass Is Greener," at Low's State; "At the End of the World," at the Ohio; "The Holl Diggers," at the Alhambra; "The Whistle," at the Isis; "A Midnight Bell" and "I Do," at Mr. Smith's; "The Man Who," at the Regent and "The Man Who," at the Colonial.

SINN FEIN IN U. S. TO BE AT ARMS PARLEY

Irish Recognitionists in America Plan to Descend on Washington.

Special to Indiana Daily Times. WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—Sinn Fein Irish in America are planning to "storm Congress while the armaments conference is in session. If the report that George De Valera peace negotiations come to naught they expect to descend upon Washington a thousand strong for the entire period of the arms parley. An announcement to that effect was made at a meeting of the local council of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic. An official of the association's executive committee said in case there is no peace in Erin, recognitionists would utilize the conference period to demand that America forthwith insist upon payment of all indebtedness to the United States. According to local newspaper accounts of the meeting, "there was no concealment of the fact that the recognitionists are determined to descend upon Washington to discuss armaments and Far Eastern questions. They are proceeding on the theory that the rulers of the universe will be gathered and Washington, therefore, is the place to come to which America's invitation was extended. Then the Zionists of Palestine, it is expected, will be on hand. Friends of the 'Chain Workman,' the leader of the World Zionist Federation, having stated he intends to return to America for the conference. Apologies for the 'freedom of Italy' are looked for. At Chicago already, his presence, personages who wish an 'independent Egypt' are likely to be heard from. All and sundry of these evidently are not interested in the fact that the conference is called to discuss armaments and Far Eastern questions. They are proceeding on the theory that the rulers of the universe will be gathered and Washington, therefore, is the place to come to which America's invitation was extended. Then the Zionists of Palestine, it is expected, will be on hand. Friends of the 'Chain Workman,' the leader of the World Zionist Federation, having stated he intends to return to America for the conference. Apologies for the 'freedom of Italy' are looked for. At Chicago already, his presence, personages who wish an 'independent Egypt' are likely to be heard from. All and sundry of these evidently are not interested in the fact that the conference is called to discuss armaments and Far Eastern questions. They are proceeding on the theory that the rulers of the universe will be gathered and Washington, therefore, is the place to come to which America's invitation was extended. Then the Zionists of Palestine, it is expected, will be on hand. Friends of the 'Chain Workman,' the leader of the World Zionist Federation, having stated he intends to return to America for the conference. Apologies for the 'freedom of Italy' are looked for. At Chicago already, his presence, personages who wish an 'independent Egypt' are likely to be heard from. All and sundry of these evidently are not interested in the fact that the conference is called to discuss armaments and Far Eastern questions. They are proceeding on the theory that the rulers of the universe will be gathered and Washington, therefore, is the place to come to which America's invitation was extended. Then the Zionists of Palestine, it is expected, will be on hand. Friends of the 'Chain Workman,' the leader of the World Zionist Federation, having stated he intends to return to America for the conference. Apologies for the 'freedom of Italy' are looked for. At Chicago already, his presence, personages who wish an 'independent Egypt' are likely to be heard from. All and sundry of these evidently are not interested in the fact that the conference is called to discuss armaments and Far Eastern questions. They are proceeding on the theory that the rulers of the universe will be gathered and Washington, therefore, is the place to come to which America's invitation was extended. Then the Zionists of Palestine, it is expected, will be on hand