

## MORGAN SEEKS INSPECTION OF MEAT AND MILK

Secretary of City Board of Health to Submit Proposed Ordinances.

SEES. DISEASE DANGER

Every cow in dairy herds supplying milk for consumption in the city of Indianapolis shall be tubercular tested, and every carcass and animal providing meat offered for sale or delivered in this city shall be inspected and approved or condemned, as the case may warrant, as provided for by the terms of ordinances which have been prepared and will be submitted to the city council at its meeting next Monday night, by Dr. Morgan, G. Morgan, secretary of the Indianapolis board of health.

A conference was to be held this afternoon between Dr. Morgan, Dr. C. F. Stout, city veterinarian and chief meat inspector, George H. Butler, of the Federal Bureau of Animal Industry, and possibly a representative of the State board of health, to discuss the proposed ordinance.

**ORDINANCE HELD UP BY WALL.**

A similar ordinance was prepared by Dr. Morgan sometime ago, during the era of higher meat prices, but never was presented to the council. At that time it was argued the passage of such an ordinance would work a hardship on the poorer families of the city who were purchasing meat sold at a low figure.

Dr. Morgan has been prompted to prepare the ordinance because many meat buyers and operators of small meat shops purchase animals in the country, or buy from sellers offering uninspected meat. Much of this meat, Dr. Morgan declares, is diseased, and wholly unfit for human consumption. By Dr. Morgan's ordinance it would become unlawful to buy or sell meat of this kind.

Violations of the ordinance would be punishable by a fine of \$200 or imprisonment in the county jail for a period of six months, or both, according to the proposed ordinance.

**COW ORDINANCE BEING PREPARED.**

The ordinance regulating the inspection of dairy herds, while not finished, will be ready for presentation by Monday night, Dr. Morgan said. The fact that milk from tubercular cows is being sold in the city is proved, according to Dr. Morgan, by the finding of swine with tubercular tendencies. The only manner in which this disease could be contracted by swine is by their being fed tubercular milk, he said.

This ordinance is particularly necessary, according to Dr. Morgan, because the sale of babies and children by means of milk which may have come from a tubercular cow. One cow in a herd may cause the entire herd to become infected, the doctor asserted.

Should a dairymen refuse the test in accordance with the ordinance, he would be prohibited selling milk in Indianapolis.

Reimbursement to the cattle owner for the loss of cattle found to be tubercular has not been agreed on as yet, but it is expected this matter will have been settled by the time the ordinance is ready for presentation.

## GET TERMS UNDER DELINQUENCY ACT

Woman and Filipino Law Student Found Guilty.

Mrs. Mary Hunt, 440 Hudson street, and Janora Gaudin, who have been studying law in Indianapolis for about three years and who completed their studies last June, today were being sent to jail pending their removal to penal institutions by the State.

Mrs. Hunt is under a sentence of 150 days at the correctional department of the woman's prison and Gaudin was sentenced to thirty days at the Indiana State farm. Both were charged with contributing to the delinquency of a 16-year-old girl.

Mrs. Gaudin's former law student companions attended the trial, which was held at 10:30 o'clock last night.

An effort is being made to have the court suspend sentence on the man on the ground the sentence of a woman on a farm sentence would endanger his legal career.

The court has taken no action toward suspending the sentence.

## Library Notes

New books of fiction at the Central Library this week include: "The Seventh Angel," by Alexander Black; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of non-fiction include: "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of fiction at the Central Library this week include: "The Seventh Angel," by Alexander Black; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of non-fiction include: "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of fiction at the Central Library this week include: "The Seventh Angel," by Alexander Black; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of non-fiction include: "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of fiction at the Central Library this week include: "The Seventh Angel," by Alexander Black; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of non-fiction include: "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of fiction at the Central Library this week include: "The Seventh Angel," by Alexander Black; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of non-fiction include: "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of fiction at the Central Library this week include: "The Seventh Angel," by Alexander Black; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of non-fiction include: "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of fiction at the Central Library this week include: "The Seventh Angel," by Alexander Black; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of non-fiction include: "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

New books of fiction at the Central Library this week include: "The Seventh Angel," by Alexander Black; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells; "The Girl," by H. G. Wells.

## Shooting Styles Have Certainly Changed

I SEE HERE THAT A MAN HAS INVENTED A GUN THAT WILL SHOOT THREE HUNDRED MILES



AND IT WAS ONLY ABOUT 150 YEARS AGO THAT SOMEBODY SAID "DON'T SHOOT, BOYS, UNTIL YOU SEE THE WHITES OF THEIR EYES"



## LEGAL BATTLE OVER U. S. SHIPS

Tangled Affairs of Shipping Board Threatened With Further Difficulties.

NEW YORK, July 26.—A bitter legal struggle which promises to rip open the tangled affairs of the United States Shipping Board was in the making today with an imposing array of distinguished counsel on both sides.

To date the honors rest with the United States Mail Steamship Company, whose attorneys successfully blocked temporarily the attempt of the United States Shipping Board to seize the plant and transatlantic liners allocated to it and to turn them over to a rival firm, the United American (Harriman) line.

The ships legally are back in possession of the U. S. S. B., but the United States Shipping Board is not allowed to board some of them in the name of the Government, as represented by the Shipping Board.

The fight will reach a climax Thursday when attorneys for the Mail line will go into court to have made permanent the temporary order restraining the Shipping Board and the Harriman line from interfering with the ships.

## COURT ORDERS THE ARREST OF GOV. LEN SMALL

(Continued From Page One.)

the law to show that the sheriff must make vigorous efforts to serve the warrants. He will be liable for punishment for nonperformance of duty.

Judge Smith held, in his opinion, that the Governor will violate the laws should he carry out his threat of calling State troops to protect him from arrest.

"The Governor," he declared, "has no right to call the militia for his personal protection."

When the judge finished reading his opinion, former Governor Joseph E. P. Small, chief counsel for Small, leaped to his feet and began an argument for postponement of service to give him and his associates more time to prepare their case.

They asked that service of the warrants be withheld until September. The court offered to grant the Governor a "reasonable period" in which to submit to arrest, but warned the Governor's attorneys that the sheriff would be "compelled by law" to serve the warrants.

The judge also declared the report that the Governor might call out troops. He declared he did not believe that National Guardsmen, if called out by the Governor, would obey orders to obstruct the law by protecting the chief executive from arrest.

Just as court was convened the judge received a large bouquet of roses.

"Some one has sent the Court a bouquet," he said. "I hope that after this case is over, the court will be able to remain."

He began by repeating the "advice" given him at Friday's session of attorneys headed by former Governor Joseph E. P. Small.

"A request from such a source cannot go ignored," he said, but immediately read abstracts of the law providing for the issuance and service of capias warrants following indictments.

"You advise the court on its own motion to issue a restraining order against service of the capias until the termination of the term of the Governor and to suspend prosecution. You contend that the Governor is immune from arrest."

"You repeat that ancient maxim, 'The king can do no wrong.'"

**DEFOUNDS THREAT TO CALL TROOPS.**

"But in this republic, that ancient maxim has not reached the state that an elected official can do no wrong. Our Governors are not born kings. In the State of Illinois, we have no such thing as the divine right of kings. The Governor may be prosecuted in or out of office. The impeachment is no bar. Impeachment is not a criminal procedure. It is simply a process of removal from office," the Court declared.

Judge Smith bitterly denounced the report that Governor Small would call out troops.

"It is suggested that the Governor, as commander of the State's military forces, would call out troops to prevent service of the capias issued by this court. This does not impress the court. This court believes the Governor will obey the law and the constitution specifically provides that the State troops shall be called out only to suppress in-

## Rockefeller Has No Matrimonial Ideas, Says His Secretary

NEW YORK, July 26.—An astounding report that John D. Rockefeller, Sr., the world's richest man, is contemplating matrimony, which spread through high financial and social circles today, was denied this afternoon by the oil king's secretary at his Tarrytown estate.

When the International News Service communicated the report to the secretary, she said:

"That is perfect nonsense. Mr. Rockefeller is all right. If you want to find out more, call up No. 28 Broadway."

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was reported "in the country," but his secretary said he had not heard that Mr. Rockefeller was to marry, and that the report was too flimsy to call the oil king's son in reference to it.

The rumors were circumstantial in that they reported the lady in question to be a "middle-aged friend of the Rockefeller family in New Jersey, and the marriage was to take place soon after the first of the year."

The oil king was believed to be at his Tarrytown estate this afternoon, but the gates were closed to newspaper men.

The oil king is in his 84th year. He has been a widower since 1915.

arrangement and uphold the law. The Governor surely would not sell out the troops to oppose the law. In fact, the constitution provides that the troops are to be used to assist civil authorities in carrying out the laws. It cannot be said that the Governor is going to obstruct the law by withholding the troops from the courts.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

"If the sheriff willfully or corruptly delays service of a capias he is subject to punishment by this court," Judge Smith declared.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

"If the sheriff willfully or corruptly delays service of a capias he is subject to punishment by this court," Judge Smith declared.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

"If the sheriff willfully or corruptly delays service of a capias he is subject to punishment by this court," Judge Smith declared.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

"If the sheriff willfully or corruptly delays service of a capias he is subject to punishment by this court," Judge Smith declared.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

"If the sheriff willfully or corruptly delays service of a capias he is subject to punishment by this court," Judge Smith declared.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

## QUIZ GIRL ON SPURGIN FLIGHT

Chicago Authorities Question Miss Thompson About Banker.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Miss Elizabeth Thompson was held by authorities today in connection with their investigation of the flight of Warren Spurgin, head of the Michigan Avenue Trust Company, after a \$150,000 shortage in the bank's accounts was discovered.

When the International News Service communicated the report to the secretary, she said:

"That is perfect nonsense. Mr. Rockefeller is all right. If you want to find out more, call up No. 28 Broadway."

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was reported "in the country," but his secretary said he had not heard that Mr. Rockefeller was to marry, and that the report was too flimsy to call the oil king's son in reference to it.

The rumors were circumstantial in that they reported the lady in question to be a "middle-aged friend of the Rockefeller family in New Jersey, and the marriage was to take place soon after the first of the year."

The oil king was believed to be at his Tarrytown estate this afternoon, but the gates were closed to newspaper men.

The oil king is in his 84th year. He has been a widower since 1915.

arrangement and uphold the law. The Governor surely would not sell out the troops to oppose the law. In fact, the constitution provides that the troops are to be used to assist civil authorities in carrying out the laws. It cannot be said that the Governor is going to obstruct the law by withholding the troops from the courts.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

"If the sheriff willfully or corruptly delays service of a capias he is subject to punishment by this court," Judge Smith declared.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

"If the sheriff willfully or corruptly delays service of a capias he is subject to punishment by this court," Judge Smith declared.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

"If the sheriff willfully or corruptly delays service of a capias he is subject to punishment by this court," Judge Smith declared.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

"If the sheriff willfully or corruptly delays service of a capias he is subject to punishment by this court," Judge Smith declared.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

"If the sheriff willfully or corruptly delays service of a capias he is subject to punishment by this court," Judge Smith declared.

The court then pointed out that a grant of immunity to arrest at this time, in effect, would be an order preventing the prosecution of the Governor for all time.

"The statute of limitations runs three years and the Governor's term has three and a half years to run," the court added.

## COMMITTEE ON DIFFICULT JOB OF CUTTING TAX

New Bill Must Raise Three and a Half Billion—Repeal Excess Profits.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The House Ways and Means committee today started the difficult task of trying to reduce taxes.

The new bill, members of the committee admit, must raise \$3,500,000,000. This represents a reduction of only about \$500,000,000 from the present taxes.

Four steps seemed certain, as the committee met to begin hearings on the bill. The excess profits taxes will be repealed.

The higher surtax rates will be reduced. Some of the more annoying and petty consumption taxes will be repealed.

There will be no sales tax. Some tax to replace the excess profits levy must be found, and it probably will be a flat 15 per cent on the earnings of corporations, Chairman Fordney said.

**MARKS OPENING.** Hearings on tax revisions opened amidst a storm of protest.

From the number of witnesses who asked that the bill be held over, it appeared there will be a vigorous protest offered against every tax now in existence and every tax which is suggested.

Particular opposition was voiced against the small war taxes, especially the stamp taxes.

Representatives of the bottling and confectionery interests were heard in appeal for repeal of the taxes on fruit juices, and mild beverages, and on ice cream and soda waters. These taxes have been alluded to as the "nuisance" taxes. Their repeal is assured by many committee members.

Discussion of the sales tax was opened up before the committee by Representative Einar, Wisconsin, who is opposed to the tax, and had brought opponents of the proposed tax to the floor.

Announcement was made that the sales tax was not under consideration by the committee at the present time.

**Tobacco Growers REGISTER PROTESTS.**

Southern tobacco growers and manufacturers were represented and a protest was made before the committee against increased taxes on cigars, cigarettes and other forms of tobacco manufactured.

Representatives of farmers' organizations gave notice that the agricultural interest will fight reduction of taxes and imposed upon profitable corporations and wealthy individuals.

H. C. McKenzie, Walton, N. Y., tax representative of the American Bureau of Education, said his organization is opposed to abolition of the excess profits tax and the shifting of the burden to the poor.

He also stated that farmers opposed the reduction of surtax rates, and the substitution of consumption, or sales taxes.

**MELLON FAVORS SURTAX SCALING.**

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Wealth will be compelled to pay the Government in proper proportion to the tax burden. Secretary Mellon said today.

Billions of dollars now are going into exempt assets, the secretary said. The excess of the surtax scale, which runs as high as 70 per cent.

Secretary Mellon said that as long as present rates prevail, wealthy tax payers will be tempted to escape taxes and investment funds into tax exempt investments in securities.

If Congress will reduce the surtax, it is the opinion of Mr. Mellon that the tax burden of the whole people will be lowered because the wealthy will not escape taxes.

Higher proportion of the taxes needed by the Government to pay running expenses, and the tax burdens upon other classes would in time be considerably reduced.

In view of the fight in Congress upon 3-cent letter postage and the plan to impose a stamp tax on bank checks, there may be a change in the Treasury's plan to exempt securities and a normal investment funds into tax exempt investments in securities.

With the 3-cent letter postage has gone far beyond the discussion stage as a means of raising new revenues, it was said today by the secretary Mellon will weigh the proposal with extreme care, in further conference with Postmaster General Will Hays, before definitely committing himself to the Administration.

The Administration expects first-class postage rates will be fixed at 3 cents as a part of the program of tax revision. It was stated officially at the White House.

The Administration also is confident that no reduction or direct sales tax will be included in the tax revision program, but that excess profits taxes will be repealed and surtaxes will be reduced.

Repeal of the excess profits tax and the House may recess early in this month, although this information is contrary to the predictions of leaders.

## PATROLMAN GETS ANOTHER CHANCE

Kelch Reinstated After Being Fined Part of Pay.

Ralph Kelch, a member of the Indianapolis police force who was suspended on a charge of neglect of duty, today was reinstated, fined the amount of his pay during the period of suspension, and reinstated on the force, by the board of public safety. Kelch was charged with and admitted sleeping while on duty and missing several calls to headquarters.

Kelch told the board he had been ill, and following his 12 o'clock call, had fallen asleep in a garage, and did not awaken until 5:30 o'clock in the morning when he was taken to the station and released of his badge.

Victor Raymont Evans, Ray Howell and William F. Cherry were appointed patrolmen on probation, and Joseph Gallagher and William J. Swan were appointed substitute firemen.

Also appointed Albert Barnes regular member of pumper company No. 24; Edward McKelvey regular member of pumper company No. 8; Earl Adams and Earl Herr regular members of pumper company No. 22; Captain Beck, of pumper company No. 17, was granted eight days' leave of absence.

Resignation of Bert Webb, pumper company No. 22, and John Matz, truck company No. 22, were presented to the board.

The board continued until next Tuesday action on the case of William A. Rusie, city fireman, charged with insubordination and disrespect.

## Three Robberies Net \$149 and Pair o' Specs

Harry Moore, 311 North Elder avenue, reported to the police today that a purse containing \$130 was stolen from his home.

Mrs. E. W. Brooks, 2545 Washington boulevard, told detectives a bar pin, valued at \$37, was stolen from her home.

Steve Christian, building a house at 2021 Ringwood avenue, dropped his eyeglasses, and \$2 while he was working on the ground. When Christian reached the ground both the money and glasses had disappeared.

## New College Head



Dr. Robert J. Ale, who was selected as president of Butler College today.

## SINN FEIN CON PEACE TERMS

Cabinet Meets With De Valera to Consider British Proposal.

DUBLIN, July 26.—Another full session of the Sinn Fein cabinet was held today when the peace terms were considered.

De Valera said he would not have a statement for the press for several days. Sinn Fein leaders will inform the British premier that his peace offer is unsatisfactory, but suggestions for further conference will be included in the answer, it was learned on credible authority today.

The United Press learned today on good authority that Premier Craig will accept an invitation to confer with De Valera if the Sinn Fein leader couches the invitation in satisfactory manner.

Regular feeling in both Ulster and Southern Ireland appeared to be conciliatory. It became known that Premier Craig withdrew from the London conference, not because he was dissatisfied, but because the negotiations were so nebulous that he thought he was not needed as yet. He will return at any time, it was said.

RELEASE, July 26.—Ulster will negotiate with Sinn Fein if a "proper invitation" comes from Dublin, Hugh Pollock, Ulster's finance minister, declared today.

Pollock, virtual head of the Ulster government during the absence of Premier Craig on vacation, declared the northern section of Ireland under no circumstances will be subordinated to the south.

"We have our own government we intend to keep it," he declared. "We consider that the London peace conference does not affect us. They are too nebulous for us."

If Sinn Fein shows signs of returning sanity and friendliness toward us, then there will be time to talk of a united Ireland."

Pollock appeared to be correct in his statement that the north is not worrying over the negotiations. This city quietly pursued its business, paying no attention to politics.

## NORTH AND SOUTH AGREE

LONDON, July 26.—North and South Ireland have already reached an agreement upon the future form of Irish government, according to the Evening News. The newspaper added that some of the Sinn Fein leaders are ready to accept Premier Lloyd George's terms.

South Ireland is republican, North Ireland is unionist.

## COMMONS AWAITS IRISH PEACE

LONDON, July 26.—"In the most hopeful contingency of an Irish settlement being reached, the Government plans to postpone the discussion of the bill in November or early in December," said Austen Chamberlain, spokesman for