

Unsettled weather, with rain tonight or Friday; warmer tonight.

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NO. 230.

RAIL TIE-UP LOOMS IN ATTEMPT TO CUT WAGES OF WORKERS

Brotherhood Heads Predict Transportation Crisis and Say Men Will Refuse to Work With Pay Reduced.

LEADERS SEE DISCONTENT MOUNTING

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The specter of a transportation tie up is hovering over the nation today as the result of threats to reduce railroad wages, according to labor leaders here.

Railroad workers, embittered over wage conditions, are even now threatening to leave their work, leaders here declare.

While the heads of the railroad labor organizations refused to predict a strike, in the event that railroad wages are reduced, they declare that the nation will face a transportation crisis and intimate that the men will simply refuse to work at reduced wages, whether their leaders wish them to or not.

There has been a rumbling of discontent in railroad labor circles for many months as the result of the failure of the railroad labor board to grant the full wage demands of the workers and the granting of increased rates to the railroads. This discontent is steadily mounting, and if wages are reduced leaders here assert they will not be able to hold their men in line.

HARD TO KEEP MEN AT WORK.

"The hardest job we have right now is to keep the men at their work," said E. J. Davis, executive of the International Brotherhood of Railway Employees. "They wish to leave their jobs and quit working now. Our task is to keep them on the job."

"I don't wish to talk strike. I don't know what the men will do if wages are reduced, but I know that it will be next to impossible to hold the men in line. If I were a shop worker and wages were reduced I would throw up my job right away and, if necessary, I would leave the trade."

"The railroad men made enormous sacrifices during the war. They lived under terrible conditions but they kept the wheels of the country going. When the war was over and they saw the railroads being plundered they became bitter and they are more bitter now than ever."

SAY RAILROADS NOT JUSTIFIED IN REDUCING WAGES. Such talk as Artberg's about the reduction of wages is a crime, and the men know it is a crime.

"The railroads were granted huge rate increases to meet the rising cost of labor. Labor has secured 30 per cent of those rate increases and the public is bearing the burden. The other 70 per cent of the increases has not gone to labor and the railroads are justified in talking wage reduction."

"We have the facts. We know the conditions of the railroads. They can afford to pay the wages they are asking for. We have done outside of their shops as they paid for it in their shops before the war."

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Representatives of the Indianapolis Taxpayers' League today successfully blocked an attempt to have the Marion County council approve plans for improvement of the bluff road at an estimated cost of \$24,000 and hold the county commissioners to a former agreement with the league that no extensive road improvements would be allowed this year while prices of materials remain high.

County Councilman H. C. Orme, who lives on the bluff road, introduced a resolution calling upon the council to approve plans for improvement of the bluff road, that would cost an estimated \$24,000.

Alfred Potts, secretary of the Taxpayers' League, and others appeared before the council. Mr. Potts declared that extensive road improvements at the present high costs would result in a dangerous situation.

DECLARES PEOPLE WILL SUE PROPERTY.

"The tax rate will be so high if this thing continues that people will be selling their property in Indianapolis," Mr. Potts declared.

Mr. Potts explained that the league does not oppose temporary repairs.

Several truck growers urged the board to remedy conditions on the bluff road. Councilman Orme contended that a meeting at which it was decided not to make extensive road improvements this year was "a select affair" and that the opposition came from persons living on roads already improved.

Mr. Orme withdrew his resolution asking for approval of the proposed road improvements when it became evident it would be voted down.

The council, in making appropriations, refused any money to pay deputy assessors to be used by Township Assessor Michael Jefferson this spring, but allowed \$62.75 to pay help employed by Mr. Jefferson last year. Mr. Jefferson asked \$2,612 for this year.

OTHER APPROPRIATIONS ARE ALLOWED.

Other appropriations allowed were: \$225, county recorder; \$50, game wardens; \$22,000, salary for courthouse employees; \$450, rugs for chambers of Superior Court, room 3; \$2,500, improvements at poor farm; \$2,000, laundry; \$2,000, Julietta; \$2,000, supplies and repairs on proposed annex to Detention Home; \$300, Indianapolis Humane Society; \$75,000, vending machines; \$200, bridge repairs; \$10,000, collection of sequestered taxes; \$1,670.50, damages done to Millersville road; \$400, filing cabinets for juvenile court; \$1,000, industrial awards.

County Councilman Carl Shank suggested that the council and the commissioners take a trip to Ohio to study the farm colonies in that State, as the council has under consideration a plan to colonize the poor farm, Julietta and other similar institutions.

The illness of President Obregon, several times reported in press dispatches, but officially denied by the present Mexican government, is said to be the factor which has caused the revolutionary outbreaks.

In Durango, where eleven Arieta brothers are in complete control of the state, the revolutionary forces are led by Gen. Domingo Arieta, former governor of Durango and a former Oregon settler. The Oregon garrison in the city of Durango has gone over to the Arieta brothers and it is reported the governor of the state has fled.

In addition to the rebellions admitted by the Mexican government information

DAWES SLINGS CUSS WORDS IN ARMY DEFENSE

Picturesque and Forceful Testimony in War Purchases Given Committee.

HINT HANDED HARDING

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Charles G. Dawes, the Chicago banker, who is prominently mentioned as a possible Secretary of the Treasury in the Harding Cabinet, dropped manly cuss words and forceful advice today when he reappeared before the congressional subcommittee which is investigating A. E. F. expenditures abroad. Dawes was a brigadier general and Pershing's chief purchasing agent.

"If you men," he said forebodingly to members of the Congressional Committee, "would spend just one-quarter of the time trying to see the waste that goes on by hundreds of millions right under your noses instead of trying to put my speech on our war record, you would be doing a much bigger public service and we would have a lot of a lot better government."

"I don't think a single solitary dollar was wasted in France. I don't think the business of an army is to win a war, not to quibble around with a lot of cheap committee lets."

DAWES DO TALKING.

Members of the committee let General Dawes do most of the talking. It is not often that a congressional committee hears such a forceful witness.

"With all due respect to your committee," continued Dawes, "I want to tell you that you can't put one fly speck on the American Army." This was emphasized by vigorous thumps on the table which set the ink stands jumping.

"For every mistake made in the A. E. F. you are making the same mistakes here in Washington for a hundred years. H—I, Maria, we weren't trying to keep a set of books. We were trying to win a war."

Representative Henry Flood, Democrat, Virginia, interrupted General Dawes.

"I agree with you in many respects, General," he said, "but there was graft and grafters. Don't you think it is our duty to see that it doesn't happen again?"

(Continued on Page Two.)

Sure Signs of Election Seen at City Hall

Hays Wilson, Beverly Howard Lieutenant, Directs Early Fresco Cleaning.

MEASURES GIVE CITY SHARE IN WAR MEMORIAL

New Bills Provide Part for Indianapolis in Plaza and Building.

COUNTY ALSO MAY JOIN

Bills to make possible the participation of the city of Indianapolis and Marion County with the State in the establishment of a memorial plaza and the erection of a memorial building thereon in honor of the veterans of the World War will be introduced in the House of Representatives of the State Legislature by the Marion County delegation today.

There are three of the bills, all prepared by Samuel Asby, corporation counsel of the city of Indianapolis, and approved by the local citizens' war memorial committee. The bills are so drawn as to apply generally, but are intended to meet the local memorial emergency.

One of the bills would give the city the right to raise funds and acquire real estate to be dedicated to the State for additional to other real estate on which such memorial will be established; to join with the county in such a gift to the State or to join with the county in the acquisition of the real estate and the erection of the memorial thereon without the State's help.

The second bill would give the county the right to acquire real estate and present it to the State for memorial purposes; to join with the city in such a gift or to join with the city in going ahead with the project independently of the State.

The third bill amends the present State memorial law so that the State may legally accept the gifts of real estate from the city and county or either.

The bills are identical in many respects with those which failed of passage by the special session of the Legislature in 1920, at which time the State bill was outvoted in its financial

(Continued on Page Two.)

TWO CONFESS IN CHICAGO MAIL POUCH HOLD-UP

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—Two men, whose names the police withheld, today confessed to the Union Station robbery two weeks ago, in which loot estimated at \$100,000 was obtained from registered mail pouches taken from a mail truck as they were being dumped into a chute at a substation.

DAILEY'S BILL IS UNDER FIRE

House Places Codification of Insurance Laws With Department.

Committee View on Berger Vacancy Out

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Henry H. Rodenstab was not entitled to the seat of Representative from the Fifth Wisconsin district in the present Congress, after the expulsion of Victor L. Berger, Milwaukee socialist, who was declared elected to the office, the House Elections Committee today declared.

If the House confirms the action, Rodenstab will not be able to collect two years' salary as a Congressman, which he claimed.

Case Against Woman Is Continued Again

Charges of petit larceny against Ma-Lenda King, 45, 115 West Twenty-third street, again were continued in city court today, this time until Feb. 15. Mrs. King was arrested today by V. S. Miller, a book and some buttons from a downtown store. The arrest was made by operatives of a detective agency. Mrs. King's attorney on Dec. 22 obtained a continuance because he was going to New York.

Sends Copy to Landis

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Representative Welby, Ohio, today said he had sent Judge K. M. Landis of Chicago a copy of his resolution demanding an investigation of whether Landis can hold his place on the bench and act as high arbitrator of organized baseball at the same time.

With the resolution Welby said he inquired of Landis by what authority he held both positions.

Police Raid Noah Fritz's Quiet 'Ark' in Revenge for Disarming of Cop There

"Noah's Ark" was wrecked again, but this time the police did the wrecking. Noah Fritz, 60, negro, 903 Ft. Wayne avenue, and twelve negroes found in the poolroom at that address were arrested by Patrolmen Vies, Fleming and Fisher last night. Fritz, a harmonica player who has lived in the vicinity of 903 Ft. Wayne avenue for twenty-five years and now is the proprietor of a poolroom, is "in bad," not only with the police, but with the higher-ups of the "good government administration," and the plan is to put Noah and his famous "Noah's Ark" out of business.

The plan arose from the incident in which Patrolman Pat Shea was deprived of his gun and badge by Big Lee George, negro, a city employe, and the events that followed, including the "jam" with Henry Fleming, negro in charge of the city fish hauling department, and Mayor Charles W. Jewett, who is said to owe his election to Fleming's political power among the negroes of the city.

ARK REGARDED AS CLUBROOM

Noah Fritz has a small storeroom in an old brick building, in which there are a counter, a stove, one pool table and some chairs. The old man has struggled hard to make an honest living, and the negroes of the neighborhood regarded the "Noah's Ark" as their clubroom since the prohibition law put the saloons out of business.

Four negroes were playing pool there about a week ago when Patrolman Shea got off his district and entered. The net of chairs that when he demanded to know their names, were they lived and why they were not working they refused to answer and that Shea "got rough" with them.

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Louis E. Haag Not at Prison; None Here Knows Where He Is

February 1st 1921

INDICTS JONES AND BERNAUER IN EAD CASE

Grand Jury Charges Murder and Theft in Confectionery Hold-up.

MANY OTHERS ACCUSED

Carl Bernauer, 21, and Charles Jones were indicted jointly today by the Marion County Grand Jury, charged with the murder of Samuel Eaid on Oct. 23, 1920. The grand jury returned a total of twenty-two indictments, ranging from burglary and petit larceny to murder.

The action of the grand jury followed a statement by Jones that he was with Bernauer on the night of the murder of Eaid, who was a Syrian and proprietor of a confectionery at 377 South Illinois street. Jones has denied to the police that he aided in any robbery. He accuses Bernauer of committing the murder. Bernauer, who is best remembered as a recipient of leniency from Judge James A. Collins of the Federal court, denies the charge and brands it as a "frame-up."

The indictment also charges Bernauer and Jones with taking \$30 from a cash drawer in the confectionery.

THREE INDICTMENTS AGAINST "PONZ."

Three indictments were returned against Samuel G. Bullup, negro, 417 Cornwell avenue, who has been called the Black Pond.

One indictment charges Bullup with issuing a fraudulent check for \$307 on the Fidelity Trust Company, which was cashed by Ellis E. Tucker, 322 North State avenue, who gave Bullup \$180 in cash.

A second indictment charges Bullup with obtaining money under false pretense by representing to James Hunter, 736 Hadley street, that he would obtain for Hunter stock in the Washington

(Continued on Page Five.)

PICKING MORGAN JURY SLOW TASK

Men in Arson Case Questioned Closely by Defense.

After an unsuccessful attempt since morning to obtain a jury in Criminal Court in the case of Rufus Morgan, night watchman of the Tugue Millinery Company, who was indicted for arson on Oct. 4 and causing a loss of \$200,000, counsel resumed their efforts to get a jury this afternoon.

A special venire of fifty was waiting to be examined today by H. Miller of St. Brydon also is charged with false pretense and failure to pay wages. These cases have been on the trial docket for months and have never been tried.

Winfield James, charged with operating a blind tiger, has withdrawn his appeal from the city court and has been remanded to the city court to serve 180 days.

Judge Callahan has ordered Andrew Denry and Alfred Brown, negroes, committed to penal institutions after long delays on appeals to the Supreme Court. Denry was sentenced to serve from one to fourteen years in the State Prison for stealing tires valued at \$1,017 from the Standard Four Tire Company. Brown was sentenced on the same charge to serve from two to fourteen years in the Reformatory. They were indicted March 5, 1919.

There will be no recommendation for a parole from this office," he said.

RELATIVE IN ROLE OF FORECASTER.

More than a month ago a relative of the Haags in this city announced that they would be released from the Federal prison the first of February, but refused to divulge the source of information.

Attempts to verify the report through Federal officers revealed that an appeal for a parole made by the Haags had not been handled in the usual manner by the Department of Justice, but that a special agent had been sent to Indianapolis to interview citizens relative to the petition and to make a special report on the character of the Haags.

This special report was sent directly to the Department of Justice and so far as is known was never submitted to any official of the Government in Indiana.

Wild Shot Fired in \$700 Hoosier Hold-up

SPECIAL TO THE TIMES. 3.—Two stores were robbed within thirty minutes Wednesday night by two bandits who fled in a motor car, taking \$700 in cash and \$500 in checks and notes.

J. T. Sudson, grocer at 2329 Cleveland avenue and W. H. Berghimer, 920 Washington street, reported the robbery. Berghimer refused to hold up his hands and one of the bandits fired a wild shot at him.

A son, Neal, 12, declared he killed his father. The mother was acquitted.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 3.—The mail airplane en route from the twin cities to Chicago fell near Mendota, Minn., shortly after leaving the field at Ft. Snelling. It was reported here. The pilot was instantly killed, according to word sent to postoffice officials.

Mail Pilot Is Killed

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SAY LINDSEY WILL NEVER GO TO JAIL

DENVER, Colo., Feb. 3.—Judge Ben B. Lindsey, under sentence for contempt of court, will never go to jail, his friends here declared today.

His office of Denver would care to take the responsibility of sending the judge to jail, they declared, because of the public sentiment favoring him.

The clerk of the Supreme Court said that body had nothing to do with the case now and had no responsibility for whatever action might be taken.

The judge's sentence to serve one year in jail or pay a fine of \$500 came as a result of the investigation into the killing of John Wright in June, 1916.

Wright went home drunk and beat his wife. He left saying he would return and "clean up the place." He returned the next day and attempted to batter down the front door. A shot rang out in the hall and Wright fell dying. When police arrived Mrs. Wright was hysterical, screaming, "I have killed my husband."

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Stockyard Disposal To Be Insisted On

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Disposal of the stockyards owned by the Chicago packers will be insisted on without further delay when the case comes up for hearing Feb. 8 in District Court here, Assistant District Attorney Galloway said.

"The justice department will fight any delay sought by the packers," said Galloway. "The case now has been in the courts one year without settlement."

Tentative Jap Pact Is Reported Framed

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Feb. 3.—Roland Morris, United States ambassador to Japan, and Baron Shidehara have negotiated a tentative agreement between the two countries which would scrap the California land law, according to a telegram received today by V. S. McClatchy of the Japanese Extension League from Senator Hiram V. Johnson.

The proposed agreement is advantageous to Japan and unfair to the United States, Johnson declared.

Fire Damages University

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—North Hall of Georgetown University was damaged today by fire. The blaze started in the towers of the building, which are used as storerooms, and it is believed to have been due to overheated pipes. The fire was under control before it reached the dormitory sections of the building.

Florida Bank Is Looted

TAMPA, Fla., Feb. 3.—Approximately \$20,000 was taken when robbers today robbed the State Bank and Atlantic Coast Railroad station at Tarzoo, Fla., forty miles north of here, according to reports received here.

Villa Threatens To Take War Path

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Feb. 3.—Reports that Francisco Villa, retired bandit chieftain, may lead a Mexican revolution of his own, persisted here today. Federal authorities, while admitting the situation against President Alvaro Obregon was becoming alarming, discredited the Villa reports.

The picturesque Mexican revolutionist, it was reported, had refused to lead a force of Federal troops against the Arieta brothers, now in rebellion in Durango.

Villa was asked to go to Mexico City to be commissioned a general. He refused, saying he would not "take up arms" against the Arietas, advisers here declared.

The illness of President Obregon, several times reported in press dispatches, but officially denied by the present Mexican government, is said to be the factor which has caused the revolutionary outbreaks.

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Former Rising Sun Woman Falls Heir To Millions

Gray-Haired Relative of New York Vanderbilts, Living in Colorado, Welcomes Rest

Asked what her plans were, she replied with trembling lips: "Now I can live a nice little home. I can do much good with that large amount of money. It is surely nice to have inherited it, as I am becoming too old to work."

Continuing, Mrs. Kerr said she was a true third cousin of Consuelo, Duchess of Marlborough.

"My early life was spent in Rising Sun, Ind.," she said. "Father was a

cousin of William K. Vanderbilt of New York. My father, William K. Vanderbilt and the latter's son, Cornelius, prospected for gold in California in 1849. They crossed through Colorado in a prairie schooner.

The first husband of the then Mary Theresa Vanderbilt was William B. Glaze of Oskaloosa, Iowa. The couple had three children. Following the death of Glaze, she married Samuel C. Kerr of Chicago.

Montgomery Vanderbilt, her brother, from whom she is to inherit millions, was a mining prospector in Arizona. He was killed in Bisbee, Ariz., it being believed that he was shot for the money he had in his possession. He had extensive and valuable copper mining interests in that State.

Mrs. Kerr believes she is also a rightful heir to other Vanderbilt estates.

WEATHER

Forecast for Indianapolis and vicinity for the twenty-four hours ending 7 p. m. Feb. 4: Unsettled weather, with rain tonight or Friday; warmer tonight.

HOURLY TEMPERATURE

7 a. m. 32

8 a. m. 32

9 a. m. 32

10 a. m. 32

11 a. m. 32

12 (noon) 32

1 p. m. 32

2 p. m. 32

3 p. m. 32

4 p. m. 32

5 p. m. 32

6 p. m. 32

7 p. m. 32

8 p. m. 32

9 p. m. 32

10 p. m. 32

11 p. m. 32

12 (midnight) 32