

8-HOUR LIMIT FOR WOMEN IN FACTORIES SET

Bill Introduced in House Also
Would Bar Work Between
10 p. m. and 6 a. m.

OLD AGE PENSION ASKED

Working hours for women in manufacturing industries in Indiana would be limited to eight hours and no woman would be permitted to work in any factory between 10 p. m. and 6 a. m. by the terms of a bill introduced in the House of Representatives late Monday by Representative David N. Curry, Democrat, Sullivan County. Violation of any of the provisions of the act would subject the violator to a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$100.

Enforcement would be placed in the hands of the Indiana industrial board. Compensation of women in industry would be effected.

Persons of the age of 65 and more would receive pensions amounting to \$400 a year from the State, providing they lived up to certain requirements, under a bill introduced by Representative George H. James, Clay County. At the death of the aged person, \$100 would be paid for burial expenses.

Industrial board, the provisions of the pension, it would be necessary for a person to have lived in the State for twenty years, but the fact that his business or travels took him out of the State for any definite period during the twenty years would not render him ineligible.

INDUSTRIAL BOARD
PENSION COMMISSION.

The industrial board of Indiana would constitute the "old age pension commission" and would be responsible for enforcement of the act. The bill was referred to the House Ways and Means Committee.

The administration bill providing for transfer of the buildings of the State Fair Association and making the State board of agriculture a State institution was introduced in the House Monday by Representative Murray Barker of Boone County. The bill was referred to the Ways and Means Committee.

The board of agriculture would consist of sixteen members, thirteen selected from each of the congressional districts and the other three, not more than two of whom would be of the same political party appointed by the Governor. The first members would be the members of the State board of agriculture as constituted Jan. 10, 1921.

The terms of eight of the members appointed would expire on the last day of the annual conference of 1922 and the other eight members' terms would expire on the last day of the annual conference of 1923. The terms of successors would be two years.

Compensation would be fixed at \$10 for each day actually employed and not to exceed \$5 a day for expenses while actually employed, not to exceed actual travel expenses. The bill provides for a general conference of agricultural societies in the State in Indianapolis on the first Wednesday after the first Mon-

HEAD STUFFED FROM
CATARRH OR A COLD
Says Cream Applied in Nostrils
Opens Air Passages Right Up.

Instant relief—no waiting. Your clogged nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more hawking, mauling, bawling, headache, drooping. No stuffy nose, no aching at night; your cold or catarrh disappears.

Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm from your druggist now. Apply a little of this fragrant, antiseptic, healing cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or sensitive mucous membranes and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine. Don't stay stuffed up with a cold or nasty catarrh. Advertise-

Recovers From Nerve Shock

Every Town Has Just Such a Sufferer Who Should Be Given Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer.

There is no condition more distressing than a nerve system racked to the point of exhaustion.

And those haunting fears of nervously exhausted people can be overcome. This is evidenced by the experience of Mrs. Wheeler.

"My nervous system had been severely shocked. Doctors pronounced it nervous prostration. I suffered extremely from nervous chills, and from intense exhaustion, which caused an uncontrollable terror, as though a strong hand had seized my heart and I would die in a minute. Noise was torture, and to the extreme, my condition may be imagined. The use of Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer completely cured me of this trouble and today I am absolutely well."—Mrs. G. K. Wheeler, Birmingham, Va.

Be sure to ask for Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer. It is free from dope—does not contain alcohol or narcotics. Safely and successfully used by thousands.

\$1.10 per bottle at drug stores or by prepaid express. SAMPLE bottles for ten cents to help pay cost of mailing. The J. W. Brant Co., Dept. I, Albion, Mich.—Advertisement.

HAVE DARK HAIR AND LOOK YOUNG

Nobody can tell when you
Darken Gray, Faded Hair
with Sage Tea.

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and attractive with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur Compound. Now ever her hair took on a dark, full, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Weyeth's" Sage and Sulphur Compound, you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, all ready to use, at a trifling cost. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says everybody uses Weyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use. You simply dampen the comb or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and beautiful.—Advertisement.

Left Wife for War, She Divorces Him

Special to The Times.
SOUTH BEND, Ind., Feb. 1.—Deserting his young wife to enlist in the United States Army in 1919 and go to Germany, came Fred Becker, now in the St. Joseph Superior Court on complaint of the girl, who is not yet of age, and whose maiden name, Goldie Alexander, was restored.

day in January of each year, with the best of credit lines.

Property of the present board, consisting of the property at the State Fair Ground, would be turned over to the State and would be exempt from taxation.

To create a fund with which to pay premiums and to provide a contingent sinking fund for the payment of obligations and expenses of operation of 1 cent would be levied on each \$1000.

Other bills introduced and the committees to which they were referred were as follows:

Do Long, providing for a minimum school term of eight months. Education.

Barker of Boone, prescribing method and procedure for voluntary dissolution of certain private corporations. Ways and Means.

Miltenberger, amending an act authorizing school townships to borrow money. Education.

Smith, correcting title to certain land in Gibson County. Judiciary.

Shugart, amending act concerning maintenance and repair of ditches and drains. Drains and Dikes.

Shawwood, providing for enlarging certain prescribed school units. Ways and Means.

Freeman, amending existing divorce laws. Public Morals.

Freeman, providing for appointment of elementary and high school inspectors and repealing act creating high school inspector. Education.

Abel, concerning courts of limited jurisdiction. Judiciary.

Ahlgren, concerning inspection of masonry construction. Public Buildings.

Harris, amending section 1 of an act concerning sale of property purchased or held for school purposes. Cities and Towns.

Newman, fixing salaries of Supreme and Appellate Court judges at \$7,500 a year. Organization of Courts.

Newman, concerning organization of in-

surance companies. Insurance.

Copnock, permitting transfer of certain surplus funds of any township to road fund or special school fund or general township fund. Roads.

Barker of Posey, to repeal certain sections of act concerning highways. Roads.

Harris, amending act fixing by court or commissioners of compensation of surveyors or engineers. Drains and Dikes.

Shultz, placing bounty of 10 cents on crows and \$2 on certain species of hawks. County and Township Business.

Humphries, authorizing and legalizing expenditure of public money made during continuance of war for feeding of county prisoners by sheriffs. Judiciary.

Beyer, regulating admission of wills to probate. Judiciary.

Beyer, regulating practice of chiropracy. Public Health.

The bills passed were:

House Bill No. 80, introduced by Rep-

representative Oscar A. Ahlgren of Lake County, providing that county war memorial boards shall be non-partisan in character, passed by vote of 84 to 0.

Woman Now Lawyer

KOKOMO, Ind., Feb. 1.—Mrs. Goldah Snyder, the first woman to be admitted to the Howard County bar, took her oath today.

SAVES LIFE BY LEAP INTO WELL

ELSTAFFORD CITY, Ind., Feb. 1.—J. P. Kajut, electrician at the American Window Glass factory, here Monday saved his life by leaping into a sixteen-foot dry cistern to avoid being crushed by a heavy water pump which broke from its moorings. Kajut escaped with slight bruises.

COMPLETE NEW CITY MAP.

Sett. S. Ward and Macklin Mack of the department of survey of the city engi-

neering department have completed a new

city map, the first. It is a number

of years.

Smaller maps will be made

from the official one, which is ten by ten

feet in size.

Kidnap Copper!

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Fred School, a policeman, was held up and kidnapped by two highwaymen, who drove him about the city.

"I'm not a coward, but life is a

precious thing," said School.

Alce Cain, negress, living in the rear

of 1340 North Senate avenue, who was arrested recently by Sergeant Dean and a squad of police and sheriff's men, paid \$50 and costs and sentenced to serve ten days in the Marion County jail by Judge Walter Pritchard in city court Monday afternoon.

According to the police, when they ar-

ived they found Haywood Martin, 119

North West street, in the house and he

had hidden his wife in the

house.

From Mrs. Cain. After a search they found three quarts of "white mule" and several empty bottles.

Negress Given Jail Term in Tiger Case

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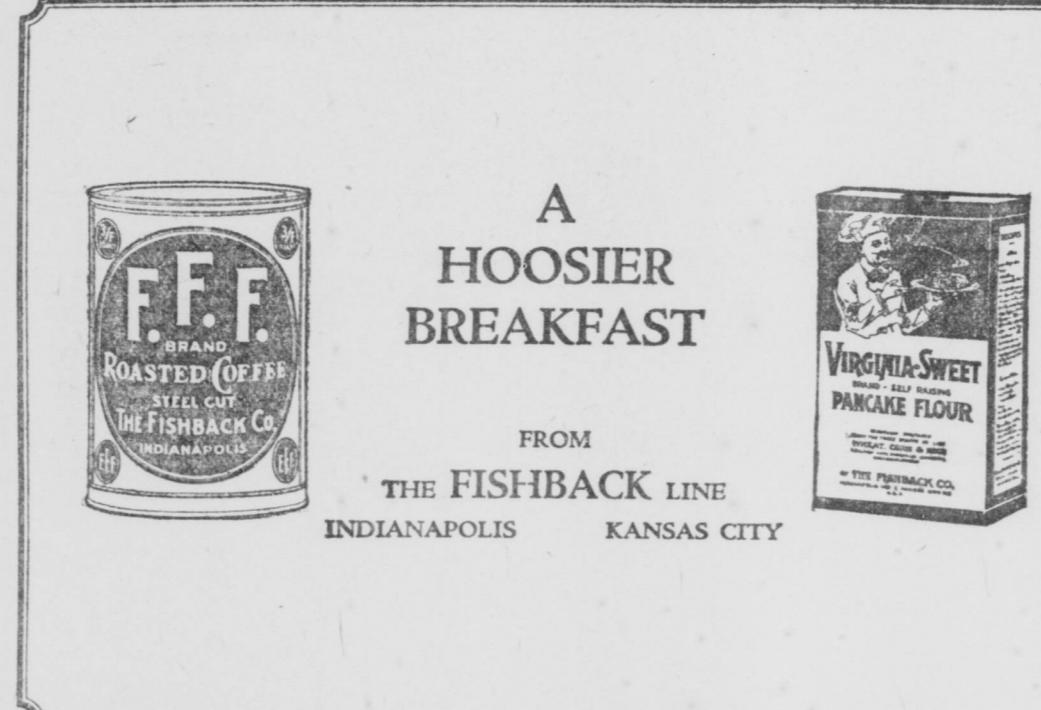
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Were You Ever In a Coal Mine?

Five Minutes For Five Days Will Give You The Information You Want

We want to talk to you for five minutes in this space each day for five days. We are going to give you "gospel facts" about the business of coal mining and let you make your own deductions—reach your own conclusions.

We know you are interested because coal is the all important basic factor that enters into the cost of everything you buy, whether necessity or luxury.

A goodly number of well-meaning but badly misinformed people sacrificed a large portion of 1920 talking coal production, coal distribution and coal costs.

Do You Remember How It All Started?

(1) The miners' strike from November 1 to December 12, 1919, with industries and railroads running all the while full steam ahead, depleted coal stocks.

(2) Traffic on railroads continued in record-breaking volume, which, coupled with the unscrambling of the roads from government control to private ownership created an acute car shortage and held the mines down to fifty per cent running time.

(3) Then came the outlaw switchmen's strike which practically paralyzed transportation.

(4) Not to be outdone, the day men employed in and around the coal mines staged an outlaw strike and forced wage concessions in excess of the Bituminous Coal Commissions' award.

With all these factors retarding coal production and industry going ahead full blast, is it any wonder that fear of the dire results of a coal shortage found almost universal expression?

The public clamored for Federal control of coal and the re-establishment of the Fuel Administration. This manifestation by the people proved a costly blunder.

And Why?

Every manufacturing plant likely to be classified as a non-essential in the event Federal control became a reality took time by the forelock, bid undreamed of prices for spot coal, stocked up for months ahead, which upset well-ordered distribution.

Thus the agitation inaugurated to bring relief and equalize as nearly as possible coal deliveries to all elements had the direct opposite effect.

During This Period It Was Useless To Explain.

Operating companies whose outputs were fully contracted, in many instances companies unable to secure sufficient car supply to fill contracts, companies that did not even mine or market domestic coal, were denounced, vilified and threatened with all sorts of prosecution if they failed to meet the popular demand and turn their outputs into unknown domestic channels.

Patiently the Knox County Coal Operators' Association endured the criticism directed at the coal industry as a whole. We knew that the time would come when cellars would be bulging with coal, when retailers would be canceling orders, car supply would exceed demand and mines would be down for lack of orders.

Six Weeks Have Passed Since We Arrived At This State.

Now that everyone is stocked and over stocked and the railway managements are at their wit's end to find storage sidings for idle coal cars, with industry limping along and everybody possessed of time a-plenty to reason, the Knox County Coal Operators' Association is going to take the public into its confidence and reveal the inside facts about coal.

Every phase of the business of mining and marketing coal, wage scales, railroad rates, contracts, distribution, costs and realization will be detailed in such a manner as will enable all to understand.

Remember You Are To Reach Your Own Conclusions.
We Are Merely Going To Give You The Facts.

Knox County Coal Operators' Association

"Organized to Build Markets for Indiana Coal"

TO THE PUBLIC

My thanks and personal appreciation are hereby given to my patrons who participated in my special Money Raising Sale. The sale just concluded was most gratifying and its aims were accomplished.

There are several lines in different departments that have been greatly reduced in price in order to clear out all broken lines from the past few days of terrific selling.

LOT No. 1—\$50 SUITS, \$19.85—
Some suits, these are, men! Going at a price that will make you think and buy quick. Many different patterns, sold to \$50;
\$19.85

The cream of the store. All handmade suits included in this lot. Bought to sell at \$50.00. All sizes and styles. Sale price **\$26.85**

To \$3.00 Pants.....	\$1.95
To \$6.00 Pants.....	\$3.45
Men's fine Pants, worth to \$9.....	\$2.45
To \$1.50 Cotton Underwear.....	79c
Shirts, worth \$3.00 now.....	\$1.95
Men's fine Hats, worth to \$6.00 now.....	\$2.45
To 60c Hose, 3 pairs for only.....	95c

One lot of Men's Overcoats, actually worth to \$30.....	\$24.85
Fine Overcoats, worth to \$37.50, now.....	\$