

SEES FARMERS' REVOLT UNLESS AID IS GIVEN

William Allen White Expects Reaction in 1922 Election.

THREE FACTORS NAMED

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EMPORIA, Kan., Dec. 6.—A dangerous political reaction to "the present maladjustment in the matter of agricultural interests" was forecasted in an interview today by William Allen White, one-time Bull Moose national committeeman for Kansas.

White believes this reaction will take the form of an "agrarian uprising like that of the nineties which expressed itself in the Farmers' Alliance and Populist party."

These factors, he feels, are the disturbing elements:

1. A steady decline in the price of everything the farmer has to sell.

2. An increase in land rent and interest rates.

3. Falling of unemployment in cities to reduce farm labor wages.

Unless the farmer gets relief, White expects this political reaction will show itself in the 1922 election.

DESCRIBES MEETING LAST SATURDAY.

"I really think there will be a dangerous political reaction to the present maladjustment in the matter of agricultural interests," White said.

"Last Saturday there met in Lyon County Courthouse in response to a more or less spontaneous feeling, seventy-five good stanch, methodic, Republican farmers, the type that is on the county central committee and served on the district precinct committees—the big farm owners in this county.

"These men had no organization or leaders, but they were discussing earnestly the social and economic conditions which the farmer has to face. They saw rather definitely a gradual decline, and an almost inevitable decline in the things the farmer had to sell—his livestock, his grain, his poultry, his hay—and they have seen this decline coming as interest rates have been rising and as the cost of living has also been increasing.

FARM LABOR ON WAY UP.

And while interest and rent have been increasing and prices decreasing, farm labor has also taken a steady upward trend, and has not been affected as yet by the unemployment of the great cities. Moreover, it will take a vast degree of unemployment in the great cities to bring farm labor down to the point where it will correspond to the decline of farm products.

"The farmer is not talking politics, he is not even thinking about political relief—not now. But unless he does get relief; if this situation should become acute during the campaign we will say, or 1922, this economic condition is going to be a political issue. It is going to be revolutionary in its character, not unlike the agrarian uprising of the nineties, which expressed itself in the Farmers' Alliance and the Populist party."

TOTALS ASKED MORE THAN 1920 APPROPRIATION

(Continued from Page One.)

than they are receiving during the present year are the war risk insurance bureau, the pension department, the Federal Board for Vocational Education, the Department of Agriculture and the White House. The expected proper appropriation for this year is \$701,320, while next year the request is for \$430,800.

The amounts of appropriations asked by the various departments, follow:

State, \$31,833,831.03.

Treasury, \$116,000,000.

Interior, \$21,531,000.

Postoffice, \$14,500,000.

Commerce, \$100,000,000.

Labor, \$5,921,155.75.

Justice, \$3,181,063.75.

Interstate commerce commission, \$881,400.

Federal trade commission, \$100,000.

Shipping, \$147,500,000.

Federal labor board, \$100,000.

Federal power commission, \$357,063.

Enforcement of prohibition, \$7,500,000.

Army and navy requests for aviation appropriation totaled \$35,000,000 as compared with \$33,000,000 granted for the current year, and during a larger sum is expected. The amount for the pay of the army is \$215,650,830. Although the chemical warfare service was granted no appropriation for experimental work during the current year, it asks \$4,457,376.20 for next year.

Request for the National guard totals \$74,800,000, an increase of \$46,000,000.

OTHER GOVERNMENT INNOVATIONS.

Other Government innovations from which appropriations are requested are:

Weather bureau service on condition of highways, \$20,000,000. Weather bureau stations to forecast forest fires; a prison exclusively for women to \$300,000.

To continue the fight against venereal and the search for an effective cure an appropriation of \$200,000 is asked by the United States health service. To build public health service hospitals for wounded soldiers, an additional appropriation of \$35,000,000 was requested.

The Secretary of Agriculture believes \$1,000,000 is necessary to fight the foot and mouth disease and \$600,000 the pink worm. He also proposes to make an investigation of the economic problems of the farm products, economic problems of the farm and rural life at a cost of \$102,080, while much larger appropriations are asked to assist in marketing crops.

SUMMARY OF OTHER REQUESTS.

Summarized, other important requests are:

Return of American soldier dead, \$20,000,000.

The United States employment service, \$1,014,491.50 as compared with \$225,000 for the current year.

For enforcement of anti-trust laws, \$30,000,000, an increase of \$20,000,000.

Bureau of immigration, \$148,000, increase of \$85,000.

Bureau of naturalization, \$82,000, increase of \$30,000.

Child welfare, \$382,770, increase of \$27,700.

Women's labor bureau, \$62,500, increase of \$84,000.

Investigation of foreign discrimination against Americans ships, \$100,000.

South American and Far Eastern commerce, \$300,000, increase of \$100,000.

Commercial attaches service, Department of Commerce, \$20,000,000, increase of \$235,000.

Work in improving rivers and harbors appropriations \$88,997,865 were asked as compared with \$19,452,700 allowed during the present year.

The main requests included: Mississipp River passes, \$3,121,000; Mississippi River, \$1,500,000; Ohio River, \$1,000,000; Chicago, Indiana and Michigan City harbors, \$1,228,000; ship channel in Great Lakes, \$1,144,000 (including \$10,000 for the Detroit River).

The Department of Agriculture again refused to request an appropriation for free seed distribution by Congressmen, although Congress voted for the seeds during the present year.

SUPERIOR JUDGES MEET.

The Judges of the Marion County Superior Courts today met in room 2, in general term. The court considered issues in a case of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, but no action was

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STIVENS CASE MAY END COURT HABIT

Police Bench Right to Suspend Sentence Questioned.

Action may be taken by Judge Solon J. Carter of Superior Court, room 3, which practically will set aside the sentence of suspending sentences in the city court.

The legal right of the city court to suspend sentences will be argued tomorrow morning before Judge Carter in the case of Pat Stivens, 336 Annex street, who is seeking to be released from jail on the charge of killing her.

Stivens was sentenced to 185 days on the Indiana State farm and fined \$50 on a blind tiger charge by Judge Pro Tem. Frank Symmes of the city court on Nov. 11, but the court suspended the days on the condition that he not engage in the illegal sale of whisky.

Reports received here said County Prosecutor Russell Brown had requested the legal right to