THE WEATHER
Fair and warmer tonight and Friday.

Indiana Daily Times

LAST HOME EDITION
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BROOKLYN TAKES SERIES LEAD IN THIRD BIG GAME

DODGERS HOP ON CALDWELL AT THE START

By HENRY FARRELL,
United Press Sports Editor.

THIRD SERIES GAME.

Brooklyn..... 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 *—2 6 1
Cleveland..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1 3 1

Batteries—S. Smith and Miller; Caldwell, Mails, Uhle and O'Neill, Nunamaker.

EBBETS FIELD, N. Y., Oct. 7.—Brooklyn forged to the lead in the 1920 baseball Derby this afternoon when Sherrod Smith, pitching a three-hit game, sent the Indians down to defeat by a score of 2 to 1. The game count in the series stands two to one, with the Robins on the long end, and the teams travel to Cleveland tonight with the Robins in a favorable strategic position for the renewal of hostilities in the Ohio city Saturday.

Supported by a scintillating fielding defense, Smith turned in one of the best-pitched games ever seen in a world's series. He was never in danger. Cleveland's one run was directly due to a schoolboy error by the veteran Zach Wheat in the fourth round when he let Tris Speaker's vicious double roll between his legs to the fence. While he was retrieving the ball the Indian chief easily completed the circuit. Without Wheat's error Speaker would have been left marooned on the bases, as the next batsmen were easy infield outs.

Ivy Olson, little Pete Kilduff and big Ed Konetchy furnished the fielding fireworks of the fray. Olson covered acres of ground at short and his throwing was perfection itself. Kilduff pulled two spectacular fielding stunts, while Konetchy at first performed like a youngster.

Right in the same class with this trio were George Burns, who snagged a foul with one hand out of a right field box, and Tommy Griffith, who made a catch in right field of the regular Speaker variety.

A couple of Texas Leaguers went to the credit of Steve O'Neill. That was all the Indians could do. In spite of their failure to solve Smith and the perfect Brooklyn defense, the Indians fought gamely to the end. They look far from being a beaten club, and seem ready to come back at Brooklyn with both fists Saturday.

Real baseball weather prevailed today and the result was baseball enthusiasm of the world series variety for the first time in three days. The park was packed to capacity, more than 23,000 fans getting through the gates.

The inning play in detail follows:

FIRST INNING.

CLEVELAND—Evans out. Olson to Konetchy on a hard hit drive directly into the shortstop's hands. Wamby walked. Speaker out, Johnston to Konetchy. Wamby going to second. Burns out, Olson to Konetchy. NO RUNS. NO HITS. NO ERRORS.

BROOKLYN—Olson walked. O'Neill went out to calm Caldwell. J. Johnston sacrificed. O'Neill to Burns, Olson taking second. Mails went out to warm up for Cleveland. Griffith was safe at first on Sewell's error, Olson going to third. Wheat singled to left, scoring Olson and sending Griffith to second. Myers singled to right, scoring Griffith and sending Wheat to second. It was dinky pep fly which Burns leaped and touched with his glove, but could not bring down. Mails went in to relieve Caldwell in the box for Cleveland. Konetchy popped to Wamby. Kilduff fouled out to Wood. TWO RUNS. TWO HITS. ONE ERROR.

SECOND INNING.

CLEVELAND—Gardner filed to Griffith. He took the ball without moving out of his tracks. Wood lined to Griffith, who made a small running catch off his shoe tops close to the right field foul line. Sewell out, Konetchy to S. Smith, who covered first. NO RUNS. NO HITS. NO ERRORS.

BROOKLYN—Miller walked. Smith popped to Mails, who doubled Miller off first. Olson singled to center on the first pitched ball. Olson out stealing, O'Neill to Wamby. NO RUNS. ONE HIT. NO ERRORS.

THIRD INNING.

CLEVELAND—O'Neill out, Konetchy to Kilduff, to Smith, who covered first. Konetchy deflected a vicious drive on which Kilduff made a lightning pick up and throw to first. Mails flied to Myers in deep center. Evans out, Kilduff to Konetchy. NO RUNS. NO HITS. NO ERRORS.

BROOKLYN—J. Johnston out, Wamby to Burns on a hard hit grounder. Neis batting for Griffith, went out, Sewell to Burns, on a hairline decision. Wheat singled to center. Myers popped to Sewell. NO RUNS. ONE HIT. NO ERRORS.

FOURTH INNING.

CLEVELAND—Neis playing right field for Brooklyn. Wamby out, Olson to Konetchy. Olson made a pretty play from deep short and nipped the Indian by an eyelash. Speaker doubled to right and scored when the ball rolled past Wheat to the fence. Wheat was charged with an error. This broke seventeen scoreless innings for the Indians. Burns out, J. Johnston to Konetchy on another close play. Gardner was out, J. Johnston to Konetchy. ONE RUN. ONE HIT. ONE ERROR.

BROOKLYN—Konetchy walked. O'Neill went out and patted Mails on the back. Kilduff sacrificed, Mails to Burns, sending Konetchy to second. Miller flied to Evans and Konetchy was held at second. Smith out, Burns unassisted. NO RUNS. NO HITS. NO ERRORS.

FIFTH INNING.

CLEVELAND—Wood fanned. The third strike was called. Sewell walked. O'Neill singled to center, sending Sewell to second. Mails forced O'Neill, Olson to Kilduff and was doubled at first by Kilduff's throw to Konetchy. NO RUNS. ONE HIT. NO ERRORS.

BROOKLYN—Olson flied to Speaker. J. Johnston fanned, swinging hard at the last one. Neis popped to Burns. NO RUNS. NO HITS. NO ERRORS.

SIXTH INNING.

CLEVELAND—Evans flied to Wheat, who took his lofty offering close to the foul line in left. Wamby went out, Smith to Konetchy. Smith leaped into the air and dragged down a high bounce with one hand. Speaker fouled to Konetchy. NO RUNS. NO HITS. NO ERRORS.

BROOKLYN—Wheat fouled to Burns who made a brilliant one-handed catch while leaning over a rail into a right field box. Myers singled to left. It was a hard hit line drive. Konetchy hit into a double play, Wamby to Sewell to Burns. NO RUNS. ONE HIT. NO ERRORS.

SEVENTH INNING.

CLEVELAND—Burns fanned. Gardner out, Kilduff to Konetchy, on an easy [illegible]. Wood out, Kilduff to Konetchy. [illegible]S. NO HITS. NO ERRORS.

[illegible]LYN—Kilduff walked. Miller [illegible] Mails to Burns, sending Kil[illegible]econd. Smith sent a foul over [illegible] field fence. Smith fanned. Ol[illegible]ed. J. Johnston out, Sewell to [illegible] NO RUNS. NO HITS. NO [illegible]

EIGHTH INNING.

[illegible]LAND—Sewell out to Konetchy, [illegible]. O'Neill dropped a Texas leaguer back of short. Nunamaker batted for Mails. Jamieson ran for O'Neill. Nunamaker forced Jamieson, J. Johnston to Kilduff, and was doubled at first, Kilduff to Konetchy. NO RUNS. ONE HIT. NO ERRORS.

BROOKLYN—Uhle and Nunamaker took up the battery work for Cleveland. Neis flied to Evans in deep left. Wheat singled through short. Myers out, Uhle to Burns, Wheat taking second. Konetchy flied to Speaker. NO RUNS. ONE HIT. NO ERRORS.

NINTH INNING.

CLEVELAND—Evans out, Smith to Konetchy. Wamby out, Olson to Konetchy. Speaker out, Olson to Konetchy. NO RUNS. NO HITS. NO ERRORS.

WINNING PITCHER TODAY AND TWO BROOKLYN SLUGGERS.

Third Series Game Today

CLEVELAND.

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Evans, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Wamby, 2b	3	0	0	2	2	0
Speaker, cf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Burns, lf	3	0	0	12	0	0
Gardner, 3b	3	0	0	0	0	0
Wood, rf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Sewell, ss	2	0	0	2	3	1
O'Neill, c	3	0	2	2	2	0
*Jamieson	0	0	0	0	0	0
Caldwell, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mails, p	2	0	0	1	3	0
Nunamaker, c	1	0	0	0	0	0
Uhle, p	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	28	1	3	24	11	1

*Ran for O'Neill in eighth.

BROOKLYN.

	AB.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Olson, ss	2	1	1	0	6	0
J. Johnston, 3b	3	0	0	0	4	0
Griffith, rf	1	1	0	2	0	0
Neis, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Wheat, lf	4	0	3	1	0	1
Myers, cf	4	0	2	1	0	0
Konetchy, 1b	3	0	0	17	2	0
Kilduff, 2b	1	0	0	2	6	0
Miller, c	1	0	0	2	0	0
S. Smith, p	3	0	0	2	2	0
Totals	25	2	6	27	20	1

Brooklyn..... 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 *—2
Cleveland..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hit—Speaker. Hits—Off Caldwell, 2 in 1-3 inning; off Mails, 3 in 6 2-3 innings; off Uhle, 1 in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits—J. Johnston, Kilduff, Miller. Double plays—Olson to Kilduff to Konetchy; Mails to Burns; Wamby to Sewell to Burns; J. Johnston to Kilduff to Konetchy. Left on bases—Cleveland, 2; Brooklyn, 7. Bases on balls—Off Smith, 2; Caldwell, 1; Mails, 4. Struck out—By Smith, 2; by Mails, 2. Losing pitcher—Caldwell. Time—1:47. Umpires—O'Day, National League, at plate; Dineen, American League, at first base; Klem, National League, at second; Connolly, American League, at third.

RAP POOR FARM IN REFORM PLEA

State Report Says Buildings Are Old and Infested With Vermin.

In emphasizing the need of improvements at the Marion County poor farm, the State board of charities today reported in a written finding to the board of county commissioners that "the inmates die in the same room with the other sick."

When Dr. Henry C. Wright, an expert in institutional management, of New York City, was here investigating the county institutions, he recommended many improvements at the poor farm, but nothing has been done by the commissioners.

The report of the State Charity Board states that hospital facilities are poor and that no real nursing is done at the poor farm.

There are now 130 men and 53 women inmates at the farm, many of whom are paralytic and semi-helpless, the report shows.

The report states that the men's building is old and is in only fair repair, the floors are worn, the plastering is off in many places and the building "is infected with bugs and a constant warfare on them is necessary to keep them down."

The report states that the meals are good and the food plentiful, the general health of patients is good and the patients are well clothed.

The report finds no complaint with Superintendent William Lewis, but the report is mainly directed against building and hospital conditions, the greatest need being hospital care and treatment.

INDIANA BANKERS HONOR MALOTT

Representatives to American Bankers' Association Named.

An address by R. S. Hawes of St. Louis, president of the American Bankers' Association; an address of welcome by Volney T. Malott and a response by John T. Beasley of Terre Haute; an invocation by the Rev. Allan B. Philputt, the reports of officers and the appointment of committees were included in today's program of the Indiana Bankers' association at the Claypool Hotel.

When Volney T. Malott entered the hall a tribute of appreciation was paid him by the members of the association rising to their feet, and a basket of pink roses was presented him.

Directly following the morning session a meeting of Indiana members of the American Bankers' Association was held and the following were elected to the American association from the State association:

Members of the executive council, R. W. Akin of Sullivan and A. R. Morris of Fairmount; vice president, James S. Royse of Terre Haute; member of the nominating committee, Andrew Smith, Indianapolis; vice president of the trust company section, Walter J. Ball, Lafayette; vice president of the Savings Bank section, J. T. Beasley, Terre Haute; vice president of the National Bank section, J. R. Emley, Huntington; vice president to the State Bank section, Fred Martz, Arcadia.

The program for the afternoon's session included an address on "The Banks and the Capital Market," by Dr. Benjamin M. Anderson, Jr., of New York; an address on "Governmental Expenditures and the Budget," by James W. Good, representative from Iowa, and a general discussion of various banking topics.

27 Cars of Food Now Stand in Rail Yards

The number of cars containing perishable food which have been standing in local railroad yards more than five days was increased to twenty-seven today in a report of railroad companies, in connection with the food investigation.

One car load of cabbage has been standing in the yards fourteen days, according to the report.

Two cars have been on the tracks thirteen days; one, eleven days; one, nine days; two, eight days; eleven, seven days, and ten, six days.

The food contained in the cars includes potatoes, apples, onions, cabbage, grapes, pears, prunes and peaches.

Bet This Was Funny

With an overcoat in one hand and a big revolver in the other, Patrolman John Mosby, colored, pursued Ed Hawkins, colored, today, but Hawkins ran faster.

Mosby had arrested Hawkins on the charge of assault and battery at Douglas street and Indiana avenue, and while awaiting the arrival of a patrol wagon Hawkins started to run.

The policeman grabbed the fugitive by the overcoat, but Hawkins ran out of the coat and dodged bullets from the officer's revolver to the nearest alley, where he escaped.

WEARY OF GUN TOTIN'.

GARY, Ind., Oct. 7.—Aroused by the recent firearm fights in Gary, the city council has advanced to third reading an ordinance prohibiting the sale or purchase of pistols, revolvers and repeating guns or other firearms, except on a permit granted by the board of safety

SHIP EXPLOSION TRAPS 200; RUSH AID TO VICTIMS

Fire Follows Blast in New York Harbor Late This Afternoon.

MANY MAY BE KILLED

BULLETIN.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—At 3:20 o'clock the bodies of six of the harbor explosion victims had been recovered, the police announced.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Many persons were reported killed and injured in an explosion on board the oil tanker Crowe at the foot of Twenty-Second street, Brooklyn, this afternoon.

The explosion at 2:10 was followed by fire.

At 2:40 the Brooklyn police estimated the dead from ten to twelve.

According to police there were between 200 and 250 persons on board the vessel when the blast occurred.

All available ambulances from Brooklyn were rushed to the scene.

Two bodies of the dead were taken from the hold of the ship.

The boiler was said to have exploded.

The Crowe was a tanker in the oil carrying trade.

Mostly employes of the shipyard were on board at the time of the explosion.

The explosion blew a great hole in the side of the ship. The thick fumes hindered the rescuers, who fought their way into the interior of the vessel. Finally ropes were lowered and the work of lifting the imprisoned men was commenced.

Firemen put on gas masks and entered the ship's hold, now filled with poisonous fumes, to fight the flames.

They found the place strewn with dead and injured and shattered debris.

The cries of the wounded rose above the roar of the fire.

Young Farmer Takes Life After Forgeries

Special to The Times.

HARTFORD CITY, Ind., Oct. 7.—It developed Wednesday that financial difficulties caused Clyde Couch, prominent young farmer, to take his life.

Forged notes said to total $4,000 given by Couch have turned up here and in surrounding cities.

To these he signed the names of his father, uncle and other relatives.

Couch killed himself recently by shooting.

All's Well on de Av'noo

Cheer up boys, things are all right on "de av'noo," for Harry "Goosie" Lee, negro political power who lines up the votes among the negroes of the northwest section of the city for the Republican party, and Everett "Shiner" Middaugh were seen riding through the famous section of the city in an automobile yesterday afternoon.

afternoon.

Middaugh, a white man, formerly frequented Indiana avenue, but while Patrolman Allison was on that beat "Shiner" made himself scarce when he was arrested and ordered to stay away from that district in spite of the fact that Judge Walter Pritchard released him in City Court.

Republicans got busy and Patrolman Allison was prevented from interfering with the Indiana avenue crap games, and he is now walking the Monon railroad tracks in the east end.

Middaugh, who has been convicted of gambling and bootlegging and who was bound over to the grand jury on another charge, was in company with the good Republican, "Goosie" Lee, who was released from the penal farm after an appeal bond had been signed. This proved to the "doubtful" ones on the avenue that the two, as they rode through that district in an automobile, are still in power.

New Labor Outbreak at German Capital

BERLIN, Oct. 7.—Serious labor troubles developed in Berlin today.

All the Berlin newspapers except the Socialist party organs, voluntarily suspended publication and dismissed all employes as the result of a long drawn-out conflict with labor unions.

Lowell Will Discuss Choosing Vocation

Mr. R. C. Lowell, vocational director of the Indianapolis public schools, will speak on "Choosing a Vocation" in the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow night.

Mr. Lowell has had a varied experience, having served his apprenticeship as both printer and machinist.

He is also a graduate mechanical engineer.

During the war he served on the Federal Vocational Board.

HEAVY TRAFFIC ON 'BOOZE LINE' LOWERS COST

Morals Squad Captures Five Whisky-Loaded Autos on Rockville Road.

TEN MEN FACE CHARGES

Some indication of the quantity of whisky which is being brought into Indianapolis was revealed last night when a police morals squad captured five automobiles containing seventy-nine gallons of "white mule."

So much booze has been shipped into the city that the price has dropped from $25 a quart to $12 a quart.

Seven men were arrested on charges of operating a blind tiger and three on charges of vagrancy when the cars were captured.

The six automobiles, loaded with booze, attempted to enter the city by way of the Rockville road within a period of seven hours.

One of them succeeded in evading the police, and the driver of another escaped.

TOSSES JUG FROM CAR.

Joe Szendry, 35, Rural Route 8 was the first man arrested, and the police say he tossed a jug of whisky out of his car and that they got part of the broken jug containing enough of the liquor to be used as evidence.

The next car to appear was piled high with kegs and boxes that the police are confident contained liquor, but the driver did not stop and the car raced in the direction of the city.

Charles Hasse, 28, of 522 North Keystone avenue, and Joseph Degars, 25, of 922 Cottage avenue, were arrested on the charge of operating a blind tiger.

Both were riding in a touring car with twelve gallons of whisky

POLITICAL WORKER SIGNS BONDS.

William P. (Kinney) Hiatt, Republican political worker and professional bondsman shown special privileges by the Jewett "good government" political machine, signed the bonds of Hasse and Degars for $1,000 each.

In the same car with Hasse and Degars were three men who were arrested on vagrancy charged when Hasse and Degars claimed to own all the liquor.

They gave their names as Dominick Dawanz, 55, and Angelo Spadorica, 23, both of Clinton, and John Debaurger, 436 Virginia avenue.

When the police stopped an automobile in which Harley Carleton, 42, of 501 Kentucky avenue, and Jesse Washburn, 26, of Mars Hill, were riding they found nineteen gallons of white mule and both men were arrested on the charge of operating a blind tiger.

Fred Bonifield, a Republican attorney, signed the bonds for the two men.

Carleton, the police say, has been convicted three times on the charge of operating a blind tiger.

25 GALLONS IN ONE AUTO.

The largest amount of whisky captured in one automobile was twenty-five gallons found in a car in which Elmer Hansen, 34, and Otto W. Dietz, 42, were

(Continued on Page Four.)

U. S. AGENTS NAB 4 IN WALL ST. BLAST

Flynn's Men Round Up Anarchist Quartette.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Four persons were detained at police headquarters today while William J. Flynn, chief of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, sought evidence to see if they could be connected in any way with the Wall street bomb explosion.

The prisoners are: Giacomo Carusso of Corona, L. I., known to the police as an anarchist and a bomb expert, charged with violation of the anti-pistol-carrying law and robbery.

Charles Fasaulio, New York, a barber, charged with having explosives in his possession without a permit.

Vincenzo Abatto, New York, charged with robbery.

Frank A. Ferro, New York, charged with robbery.

Harding Comes Out Cold Against Pact of Nations

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 7.—Rejection not interpretation should be the fate of obligations imposed by the League of Nations covenant, Senator Warren G. Harding declared in a speech here today.

Harding met Democratic queries as to his view about scrapping the league with the retort that it is futile to talk about scrapping something already scrapped.

Declaring he does not wish to risk the final solution of the problem by being too specific now, Harding said that as soon as possible after his election he will call the best minds of the country, including Senators, into conference to formulate his international program.

Taking up the league, Harding advocated an America wholly self-reliant and independent politically.

"Whether President Wilson is to be blamed or thanked for the result it remains that the Paris league has been scrapped by the hand of its chief architect," Harding said.

SHAVING HAIR OFF HAIR.

"The issue as made by the Democratic president, the Democratic platform and the Democratic nominee does not present the question of whether they shall favor some form of association among the nations for preserving international peace, but whether they favor the particular league proposed by President Wilson.

"The obligations are clear enough and specific enough.

"I do not want to clarify these obligations; I want to turn my back on them. It is not interpretation, but rejection that I am seeking.

"My position is that the proposed league strikes a deadly blow at our constitutional integrity and surrenders to a dangerous extent our independence of action. The issue is clear.

"I understand the position of the Democratic candidate and he understands mine.

"In simple words it is that he favors going into the league and I favor staying out.

"His position is beyond cavil and it is that we shall go into the Paris league without modification or substantial qualification. To such a betrayal of my countrymen I will never consent."

Europe, Harding continued, is ready to recognize America's moral leadership.

WILL ADVISE WITH SENATORS

"As soon as possible after my election," said Harding, "I shall advise with the best minds in the United States and especially I shall consult in advance with the Senate, with whom, by the terms of the Constitution, I shall indeed be bound to counsel and without whose consent

(Continued on Page Two.)

WEATHER

Forecast for Indianapolis and vicinity for the twenty-four hours ending 7 p. m., Friday, Oct. 8: Fair and warmer tonight and Friday.

HOURLY TEMPERATURE.

6 a. m.	44
7 a. m.	48
8 a. m.	50
9 a. m.	55
10 a. m.	59
11 a. m.	61
12 (noon)	63
1 p. m.	68
2 p. m.	69

What Do You Know About the League?

"The League of Nations is now the burden of most of the speeches by campaigners in both parties," says a political report.

Every progressive man or woman should understand this question and be able to discuss it.

The Daily Times has made arrangements to furnish copies of the League of Nations covenant to all readers free.

Just fill out the attached coupon and send it, with a 2-cent stamp for postage, to our Information Bureau at Washington.

(Be sure to write name and address plainly.)

Frederic J. Haskin, Director,
Indiana Daily Times
Information Bureau,
Washington, D. C.

I enclose herewith 2 cents in stamps for return postage on a free copy of the League of Nations Covenant.

Name .....

Street .....

City .....

State .....

Grand Jury Frees Man Who Says He Attacked So Many Girls He Can't Remember All of Them

Although he confessed to attacking so many little girls that he "could not remember all of them," and was confronted in the city court with nine girls whom he admitted mistreating, Roy Linkenfelter, 24, 1109 North Jefferson avenue, walked out of the Marion County jail last Saturday without ever being called upon to answer in court for his offenses.

Linkenfelter was recommended for discharge by the Marion County grand jury Oct. 2 and the explanation made today by Ralph Jones, deputy prosecutor in charge of the grand jury, was that "there was not sufficient evidence to justify his indictment."

When Linkenfelter was captured after a police chase on Aug. 13, 1920, he confessed attacking an 8-year-old girl in the neighborhood of Roosevelt avenue and Hazel street.

He said he had been in trouble before for the same thing and had "fixed" it up.

"I just can't help it," he declared to a representative of the Times, who assisted in his capture.

When he was brought into court on Aug. 19, 1920, Linkenfelter waived a preliminary examination and was bound over to the grand jury in the sum of $2,000.

RECOMMENDED HIS DISCHARGE FOR LACK OF SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE.

There were nine little girls, with their parents, in the courtroom waiting to give testimony of attempted assaults on their person by him.

Linkenfelter was remanded to the county jail to await action by the grand jury.

The grand jury recommended his discharge Oct. 2 "for lack of sufficient evidence."

Investigation discloses that the prosecuting attorney failed to bring to the grand jury evidence which had previously been made public through the newspapers; that the prosecuting attorney failed to call as a witness the Rev. H. O. Kisner, 2610 Roosevelt avenue, pastor of the Fountain Street Methodist Church, who personally captured Linkenfelter following an assault on one little girl, and held him until the police arrived.

The Rev. Mr. Kisner today declared his intention of demanding that the grand jury hear his testimony, even though it has seen fit to discharge the defendant.

A search of the records of the criminal court discloses that Roy Linkenfelter was arraigned in criminal court Dec. 3, 1914, and charged with assault and battery with intent to commit a felony; that he was found guilty of assault and battery, the intent charge being dismissed, and was sentenced to six months in the workhouse and fined $500; that the judgment and sentence were suspended during his good behavior.

STORY CARRIED AT TIME OF ARREST.

At the time of Linkenfelter's last arrest the Times printed the following story:

"If I were not a minister I would be a detective," said Rev. H. O. Kisner, 2610 Roosevelt avenue, pastor of the Fountain Street Methodist Church, today as he turned over to the police a man alleged to have attempted to assault an 8-year-old girl.

The prisoner was Roy Linkenfelter, 24, of 1109 North Jefferson avenue.

He is charged with assault and vagrancy and is held under a high bond.

The police received a call to Roosevelt avenue and Hazel street on the report that a man had attempted to assault a little girl.

They found a man riding on a motorcycle had enticed a child into an alley near that corner.

He had been interrupted by a

(Continued on Page Two.)

M'CRAY KNOWN AS BUCKET SHOP OWNER AT HOME

By Staff Correspondent.

KENTLAND, Ind., Oct. 7.—Much surprise is occasioned here in the home county of Warren T. McCray, Republican nominee for Governor, over the fact that his interest in The Sawyer Grain Company, a firm that deals in grain futures on the Chicago Board of Trade, is not more generally known in Indiana.

There is nothing sinister in Mr. McCray's connection with a "bucket shop," but his neighbors can not help but comment on the manner in which he has eliminated all reference to this avocation while on the stump discoursing on his "business ability."

"How has he managed to keep it quiet?" is the question his friends ask. "It has been generally known for years here that he is connected with the company and that he has made much of his fortune through the Board of Trade."

Mr. McCray is vice president of the Sawyer Company and another Kentland man, William Simmons, is president. Mr. McCray, however, is said to be the controlling spirit of the organization.

Kentland, which is in the center of a thriving grain district, has a "neighbor" branch of the Sawyer company near by in Sheldon, a little town just across the State line in Illinois.

It is explained that the branch was located there in order to assist the elevator operators in the neighborhood to keep abreast of the grain market.

According to some reports in Kentland this little branch office netted its owners $50,000 last year.

The Republican candidate's Board of Trade relations came into a more unfavorable light, however, last June, when the Raub Grain Company of Raub, Ind., found that nearly $50,000 of the company's money had been lost in Board of Trade transactions.

When accountants investigated the books they found that the manager, L. W. Kelley, had been dealing in "fu-

(Continued on Page Five.)

Page Captain Kidd

Buried treasure was found in St. Clair Park by two policemen today.

The policemen dug up a large gold spoon with strange carving on it, an alligator's foot, a small statue of an elephant, a cameo jewel box, a sterling silver stamp box, a silver statue of a child with arms outstretched, a miniature saw, such as might be used by a jeweler, some poker chips, thirty-three cartridges for a .38-caliber revolver, twenty-six cartridges for a .32-caliber revolver and a number of red beads.

Says Sargeant Did Not Live at Address Given

Mrs. O. L. Meisler, 2150 Bellefontaine street, declared today that she had never heard of John W. Sargent, held by Federal officials on a charge of sending obscene letters through the mails and who gave her house number as his address.

Mrs. Meisler stated emphatically that he did not live at that place and [illegible] never lived there so far as she knew. [illegible] and on that day in reference to the

COAL SUPPLIES NOT AVAILABLE AT NEW PRICES

Commission's Action Puts Stop to Movement of Fuel.

COURT BATTLE IS SEEN

Not a pound of Indiana coal was for sale in Indianapolis today at margins of profit fixed by the Special Coal and Food Commission, so far as could be determined.

Coal operators, in statements, took the attitude that the orders of the commission do not apply to contract coal.

This also is apparently the attitude of retailers who are refusing to abide by the commission's orders.

They contend that the order also does not apply to coal mined outside of the State and shipped into the State.

An authority on coal production said that 95 per cent of the coal produced in Indiana is contract coal and not subject to the price fixed by the commission.

It is pointed out that, consequently, under the act of the Legislature in special session, the commission's rulings are confined to a very small percentage of the coal produced.

OPERATORS' ATTITUDE IN EDITORIAL.

Operators cited an editorial by K. C. Adams in the last issue of the American Coal Miner as expressive of their attitude.

The editorial brands the attempts of the Goodrich administration to fix coal prices as "Bunko Control" and states that the "whole scheme is a colossal 'bunko game' and predicts that "the attempt to penalize the coal operators of the state to boost the political aspirations of Governor Goodrich, or to swell his returns on investments in public utilities, will fail and the coal consumers who have held off buying will pay the market price for coal, as the people in other States are doing."

The editorial reads:

"The Indiana coal industry is about to be penalized for the high prices for spot coal which have prevailed for the past four months.

"The State coal commission, created by a special session of the State legislature, at the behest of Governor Goodrich, who is interested in coal properties, but whose other interests in public utilities outweigh his coal holdings, will name coal prices and margins within the next few days.

"The operators failed in an attempt in the Federal Court to enjoin the commission from exercising the control provided in the bill creating it.

"Contract coal is not subject to the prices to be fixed by the commission. Interstate shipments are also exempted.

"The most profitable markets for Indiana coal are located in Illinois and Michigan. Taking into account the railroad contracts and the Illinois and Michigan business, the bulk of Indiana coal is contracted up, and even the tonnage sold in the State, excepting domestic, is practically all contracted.

"It will, of course, be necessary for the Governor's commission to deliver coal to whoever wants it at prices fixed by the commission, if the political plan of coal control is to succeed. This the commission can not do. Operators will fill their contracts in other States upon which they are dependent for business in normal times.

"Consumers now holding off buying awaiting the reduced prices to be fixed by the commission will be clamoring for coal at the price named. Unable to deliver, the commission will attempt to confiscate coal mined in the State for State consumers and then the operators will go into court, make the necessary showing and no doubt will be sustained in their right to fill their contracts and supply the usual markets that they have served.

"The attempt to penalize the coal operators of the State to boost the political aspirations of Governor Goodrich or to swell his returns on investments in public utilities will fail, and the coal consumers who have held off buying will pay the market price for coal, as the people in other States are doing.

"The whole scheme is a colossal bunko game,' born in the mind of a scheming politician, who has made a miserable failure as chief executive of the State in every particular."

The attitude of retailers, jobbers and operators was voiced in no uncertain terms by representatives of the three classes of dealers who complained to Jesse E. Eschbach, head of the commission.

The Bunting Coal Company of Warsaw, of which L. E. Bunting is president, filed the first formal complaint.

The company will receive a hearing at its request at 10 o'clock Monday morning, when it will present its operating cost sheets and data which President Bunting declares will show that his company can not operate at a marginal profit of $2.25 a ton, as fixed by the commission.

He claims his company can not operate at less than $2.45 a ton and survive.

Chairman Eschbach said other dealers, retailers, wholesalers, operators, or others who can show the commission they can not operate under the orders issued that the companies affected will be re-classified and a fair effort will be made to give them consideration.

Inquiries at the coal yards showed that only a very few have any Indiana coal for sale and that these are asking $10.50 to $11.25 a ton.

This condition exists despite the fact

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GOVERNOR COX ASSURED BOOST IN KENTUCKY

EN ROUTE WITH GOVERNOR COX, ELIZABETHTOWN, Ky., Oct. 7.—Governor Cox may speak "within the shadow of Senator Harding's front porch."

Marion Democrats are asking that the Democratic candidate speak there according to word received from national headquarters. The invitation is under consideration.

EN ROUTE WITH GOVERNOR COX, ELIZABETHTOWN, Ky., Oct. 7.—Governor James M. Cox was back on the stump today ready to wage his fight for the presidency continuously until election day.

Ironing out the dent made in the "solid south" by Republican gains in Kentucky in the 1918 State and congressional election was his first objective.

The governor was scheduled to make four set speeches and about a dozen rear platform talks in the state.

Today he was to speak here and at Bowling Green, then swing down to Nashville for a night meeting and tomorrow visit Paducah and Louisville.

LEAGUE CONTINUES OUTSTANDING FEATURE.

Cox said he would continue to make the League of Nations the outstanding feature of the campaign.

He was watching to see whether Senator Harding would discuss this issue at Des Moines today.

Encouraging reports of the Kentucky and Tennessee fights were given the Governor by various Democratic leaders who met his train here.

There was considerable interest whether Cox would make any mention of Senator Shields of Tennessee who voted with the Republicans several times during the Senate treaty fight.

PLUMB DECLINES DISCUSSION.

En route from Columbus to Cincinnati, Cox conferred with Glenn E. Plumb, author of the Plumb plan for the operation of railroads.

Plumb said he visited the Governor "by request," but declined to discuss his conference.

Cox has developed another cold during the last two days which may interfere with his speaking.

Goodrich Will Profit by Coal Price Fixing

James P. Goodrich, Governor of Indiana, issued a public statement July 13, 1920, relative to Indiana coal in which he said:

"I know that it costs less than $3 a ton to put this coal on the car. I know just as well as I know that I am alive that I can take an appropriation sufficient to purchase, operate or lease a mine and that I can mine that coal and place it on the car, operating 60 per cent of capacity, for less than $3 a ton."

On Oct. 6, the Indiana coal commission, of which Governor James P. Goodrich is a member, fixed $3 a ton as a fair price for coal operators to charge for mine-run coal at the pits.

The Indiana coal commission, much touted as a price-fixing body, that was to relieve the coal consumers of Indiana of "intolerable" conditions relative to the market prices of coal, fixed a scale of prices ranging from $2.80 a ton for screenings up to $5.85 a ton for the best grade of Indiana coal at the mines.

The price operators are permitted to charge under this Goodrich commission is thus established at from 80 cents a ton up to $3.85 a ton more than Goodrich himself declared less than three months ago was the cost of putting this coal on the cars.

Mr. Goodrich is well qualified to speak as an expert on the cost of operating a coal mine, for in a statement made to the State Legislature July 19, 1920, Mr. Goodrich admitted buying $10,000 of the stock of the Lenoir Coal Company and giving it to his son as a wedding present and on that day in reference to the Patoks Coal Company he told the Legislature:

"My family and myself are financially interested in the success of these two mines."

Previously to that time he had admitted that he had owned stock in the Globe

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OPEN LETTER

TO ED WASMUTH,
Chairman Republican State Committee.

Dear Sir—Is it not a fact that there were presented to you as chairman of the Republican State committee reasons why you should interfere in the fight between J. W. Fesler and Warren T. McCray for the Republican nomination for Governor?

Do you not think that as an advocate of good government you should now make public the reasons that were once offered to you as sufficient to justify an effort to have Mr. McCray retire?

Is it fair to the voters of the Republican party to keep them in ignorance of charges made by other Republicans against the man you expect them to support for the Governorship?

Why do you hesitate to reveal the inside story of the McCray-Fesler fight?