

## G. O. P. GOES BACK ON ITS OWN MEN

### Evans Woolen Makes Strong Plea for League.

The issue in the 1920 election is between Senator Harding's rejection of the present League of Nations, on the one hand, and Governor Cox's acceptance thereof on the other, said Evans Woolen, president of the Fletcher Trust & Savings Company, in an address before the noon luncheon of the Indiana Democratic Club today.

Further issue, he declared, is the effort of the Republicans to arrange some future league, and the proposal of the Democrats to enter the present league.

"The League of Nations, he declared, is 'an agreement to promote international cooperation in an effort to achieve peace and security.'"

"The League of Nations is an undertaking to apply immediately to relations to the other nations of the world the great lesson of the war, namely that victory is the result of cooperation," Mr. Woolen said.

"Was that not the lesson of the food administration and of the other cooperating instrumentalities?"

"Was it not also the lesson of the command united under Marshall Foch?"

"And as of victory in war, so of victory over war."

"It will be achieved ultimately by cooperation by the League of Nations and the League of Nations is an instrumentality for service in the direction of that ultimate victory over war."

**NAMES OF VETERANS WHO VOTED IT**

"Such in brief was the covenant of the League of Nations which the President brought from Paris and submitted to the Senate."

"There this great plan for the amelioration of the suffering of the world was degraded by ignominious passion and hypocrisy."

"A packed foreign relations committee conspired to bedevil the covenant and befuddle the public."

"This conspiracy had no backing by the most outstanding men in the Republican party."

"Former Attorney General Wickersham, who said of the Knox resolution for a separate peace with Germany, that it was an effort as discreditable as it was futile; Senator McCumber, who said that he had deserted our allies and our cause; President Lowell of Harvard, one of our foremost writers on Government; former President of the Senate, Charles McNary, who said of the League of Nations, 'it is a conspiracy to destroy the Republic.'"

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## G. A. R. Event Schedule

Tomorrow's program of the G. A. R. encampment follows:

G. A. R.  
10:00 A. M.—Business session, Tomlinson Hall.  
W. R. C.  
9:30 A. M.—Business session continued, Central Avenue M. E. Church.  
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF UNION EX-PRISONERS OF WAR.  
8:00 P. M.—Camp-fire, House of Representatives, Statehouse.  
DAUGHTERS OF VETERANS.  
8:30 A. M.—Business session, Statehouse (election of officers).

1:30 P. M.—Closing business session (installation of officers).  
SONS OF VETERANS.  
9:30 A. M.—Encampment in session, Hotel Severin.  
2:00 P. M.—Encampment in session, Hotel Severin.  
7:30 P. M.—Committees in session, Hotel Severin.  
SONS OF VETERANS AUXILIARY.  
9:30 A. M.—Business session, Eagles Lodge, 42 West Vermont street.  
2:00 P. M.—Business session, Eagles Lodge, 42 West Vermont street.  
An evening's entertainment by Ben Harrison's Camp E. of V. and Auxiliary.

## 150,000 REVIEW ANNUAL MARCH OF OLD HEROES

(Continued From Page One.)

about resting on shoulders, were brought into play.

Windows in office buildings and stores were full of clerks, stenographers and business men and their families.

Some of the more daring climbed to the roofs of many of the high office buildings.

**CHEER AFTER CHEER**

**GREETS MARCHERS**

Cheers after cheers greeted the gallant old veterans, who, marching erect, shoulders back fully, and full of spirit as when in the days of the war the quickened step to the martial music that led them into battle.

And the crowds were patriotic, to say the least.

As each flag passed salutes could be seen, hats would wave and men, women and children would cheer lustily.

Many times, the crowd in its enthusiasm would surge forward, threatening the strong ropes that held it in, but on second thought they would move back again.

Each succeeding delegation brought its cheers from the crowd.

Not until the last man had passed, long after noon, did the crowd break and clear the sidewalks.

Slight difficulty was experienced when, following the parade, the crowd cleared.

Each succeeding delegation brought its cheers from the crowd.

## 15,000 VETERANS FOR BIGGEST DAY

(Continued From Page One.)

of the George H. Thomas Post No. 5 of Chicago, Ill.

An elderly white-haired veteran with an army of these was for scouting and repudiation; all favored the league and maintained the attitude of statesmen.

"They criticized the covenant, to be sure, some of them severely, but their criticism was constructive and helpful."

"Many of their suggestions, made when the first draft was under consideration, were embodied in the final revision."

"President Lowell's suggestion that domestic questions be specifically excluded from the league's jurisdiction was adopted."

"Mr. Taft's suggestion about the Monroe Doctrine was adopted."

"Mr. Hughes and Mr. Root criticized the lack in the first draft of provision for withdrawal and, accordingly, provision for withdrawal on the two years' notice suggested by President Lowell was adopted."

"Indeed, it is said that later Oscar Straus, having gone to Paris for the purpose, secured advance copies of clauses proposed for inclusion in the final draft of the covenant, cabled them to Messrs. Root and Taft and received in reply suggestions which were adopted."

"That was a very serious matter, for the common good, and it must be influential with the open-minded that the League these outstanding Republicans helped to improve has now been abandoned by the Republican party which has won, thereby, the support of Morah and Hiram Johnson, of William Randolph Hearst and George Sylvester Viereck."

**HE BREAKS DOWN ANOTHER OBJECTION.**

"One objection is that under the agreement not to resort to war until three months after a dispute has been arbitrated or inquired into by the League's council, we would stand defenseless in the presence of a Mexican border raid."

"To the contrary, a nation disregarding its obligations under the covenant, as Mexico would in beginning an attack, thereby and thereupon, would be in defiance of the covenant and the League of Nations is infinitely free for self-defense."

"The objection most insistently offered is that our sons, at the order of the league, will have to fight the battles of Europe."

"To the contrary, we answer, first, that the covenant of the league was framed and accepted in the presence of the fact, with notice of which, the world is charged, that under our constitution no power can order our sons into battle except our own Congress."

"This is not to say that Congress in any instance would be free to disregard either our legal or moral obligations as a member of the league, but it is to say that Congress in every instance would be free to determine in its own unlimited discretion what were and what were not our obligations."

"We answer, second, waiting for the argument the protection of our constitution, that the league has no power to order any soldiers to fight any battles, or to order any nation to contribute soldiers."

"To the contrary, the only provisions are, first, that in case of attack on a member's territorial integrity, the council shall advise on the means to be used by the other members; and second, that in case of a covenant-breaking resort to war by one member, the council shall recommend what forces the other members shall contribute."

"Now, while there is still in our ears the cry of the great Britisher that this form and bleeding earth is calling for the help of America; now, in this three hundredth year since the signing of the Mayflower compact and in the very month of the year which has been named after the Mayflower will have returned to Europe bearing a gift of inestimable value to the world—a gift that will enrich and of nothing deprive the giver."

**W. R. C. Notes**

A meeting of the National Staff Association which is allied with the Woman's Relief Corps, was held this morning in Parlor B of the Claypool hotel.

All the officers for the past year will continue as executives.

They include Mrs. Ada G. Mohr of Brooklyn, N. Y., president; Mrs. Jennie B. Hall of Fargo, N. D., vice-president; and Mrs. Mary North of Hazden, Va., secretary-treasurer.

Reports from various officers and committees were read and it was decided that the association would contribute a sum of money, the exact amount to be named later, to the fund for the National Memorial building for the veterans of all wars, to be erected in Washington, D. C.

A reception will be given tonight in the Claypool parlors on the mezzanine floor by Mrs. Mary North, president of the Department of the Potomac and her staff, together with the army nurses.

A short business session of the American Women's Press Association, which is connected with the W. R. C., was held in Parlor C, but owing to the parade the women decided to postpone the election of officers until later.

## RECORD THROG AT CAMP FIRE

With the standing room only sign exhibited fully an hour and a half before the time the program was scheduled to begin, and with approximately 4,000 veterans and their families in the crowded Tomlinson Hall, members of the G. A. R. last night went back fifty-five years and lived again the experiences of war times.

The occasion was the annual camp fire meeting that is always a feature of the national encampments, and, according to the program of the organization, last night's meeting was one of the most successful ever held.

Rebel yells and battle songs and stories of experiences during the strife from '61 to '65, mingled with the noise of the fire and drum corps that were plentiful.

Addresses, in which Indianapolis was complimented for the manner in which the national encampment has been handled, were made by several past commanders of the organization.

"When you men feel that your time is passing and that you will perhaps never answer to the roll call on your places in the ranks of comrades who have passed before you, when you feel a trifle envious of the youth and vigor of those who are taking your places in the doing of the world's work, tell yourselves this: 'I have obeyed the commands of Lincoln the Great. None of these men will ever do it.'"

"You last appeared in Indianapolis twenty-seven years ago."

"Can you tell by your faces that you are young tonight?"

"Go away then, expecting to meet here again twenty-seven years hence."

## THEY'RE PAYING DEBT OF GRATITUDE, SPAAN DECLARES

The enormous Republican campaign fund is being contributed by profiteers and if the Republican party is successful the government will be one of profiteers, Henry S. Spaan, Democratic nominee for Congress from the Seventh district, said in a speech at the Thomas Madden & Sons Company factory today.

He said:

"One of the causes of the high cost of living is profiteering."

"The profiteer is the meanest man in our economic life."

He robs us under the guise of business. And there is no doubt where he stands in this campaign—he will vote the Republican ticket."

He is who is helping to raise the enormous campaign fund with which the Republican leaders hope to win this election."

At the close of the war a Republican Congress was elected.

President Wilson asked this Congress to make profiteering a crime—Congress refused—hence the gratitude of the profiteers towards the Republican leaders."

President Wilson asked for a cold storage law licensing cold storage profiteers. He asked for a law compelling cold storage food speculators to mark the price of foodstuffs during the war, and also at the time of sale; by this method the profiteer could be found out and punished—Congress refused—therefore, it is that high prices are kept up by profiteers and, therefore, it is that all profiteers swear by the Republican party."

The same Congress was asked for power to buy up the Cuban sugar crop in order to keep the price down. Congress refused to give this power until it was too late and the Cuban sugar crop had been bought up by England and by American speculators."

"This is the reason why the women paid 30 cents a pound for sugar."

President Wilson asked this Republican Congress to cut down our enormous income taxes made necessary by the war—Congress refused to do this—therefore, the war is adding to the high cost of living, because taxes are always paid by the ultimate consumer."

In the Federal land administration, in the city and county the Jewett and the county Republican administration are doing just the same thing. They are adding to the high cost of living by imposing on us enormously increased taxes."

It is high time for our laboring men and women, for our taxpayers, to help defeat these Republican leaders—that is, the only way to save this country of getting rid of a great evil."

## SLUSH SIFTING END PROTEST

(Continued From Page One.)

on the committee, but declined, Gerard said.

Efforts are being made to form Democratic fund-raising organizations all over the country, Gerard testified, and said he would provide a list of state organizations.

The proposed national organization, Gerard said, works independently of the money-raising organizations headed by W. D. Jamieson, Democratic finance director, who is conducting a letter-writing campaign.

Kenyon asked about Tammany's activity. Gerard said: "Tammany is undoubtedly raising money, but has not yet contributed to the national fund."

Rich Democrats are as scarce as hen's teeth, Gerard said. "Thank heaven we have a few."

Gerard said he had placed no limit on individual contributions and named contributors who gave \$5,000 each.

They included Bernard M. Baruch, August Belmont, C. T. Alexander, Edward L. Doherty, all men and Joseph E. Willard, ambassador to Japan.

Another \$5,000 contributor was Frank H. D. Roosevelt, Vice Presidential nominee.

Daniel C. Roper, former internal revenue collector, gave \$500, the financial statement showed.

W. G. McAdoo gave \$1,000.

Secretary of War Baker sent \$50. Gerard said, but it did not appear in the statement.

No Federal officials would be asked for money, he said.

Gerard said he understood \$275,000 would be spent for publicity and that Governor Cox's special train is costing \$100,000. Senator Kenyon asked about the action story, "Uncle Sam of Freedom Riders," in argument for the League of Nations, which the committee has been told was being sent out by the Democratic committee.

Gerard did not know who was paying for it.

"Dog watch" is the Navy term for the civilian "off hours" and on board ship sailors generally make it the occasion for the swapping of some marvelous yarns.

However, the gray-haired sea dogs expect to recall many stirring events in which monitors and Rams, gunboats and frigates and their beloved Admiral Farragut figured.

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Other Ohio posts followed and then came David Stambaugh, 88, of Mansfield, O., dressed in silk knickerbockers, black stockings, a high hat and a long tailcoat.

As he shook his white locks in lifting his hat to the applause while stepping very high, he said, "I am the youngest one in the parade."

Playing some of the old camp fire melodies came a little man blowing a French horn.

In the Ohio delegation was a quiet little veteran marching along with Louis Erwhank, a member of the Indiana State Supreme Court.

**FATHER OF REPUBLICAN NOMINEE IN LINE.**

The quiet little man with the jurist was Dr. George C. Harding, father of Warren G. Harding, the Republican candidate for the presidency of the United States.

The appearance of the big New York delegation was announced by a military band and was followed by Alfred E. Stacey, department commander, and his staff.

These veterans made a striking appearance in their big square formation. Thomas Hollingsworth, 77, of Brooklyn, N. Y., walked with a youthful step, and one of the youngest of the crowd in the grand stands, he raised his hat and exposed a bald head.

In perfect marching order came the members of Pierce Post of Rochester, N. Y.

George Fairhead, a handsome man of 86 years, and neatly dressed in a new uniform was the champion thrower of kisses to the women along the line of march.

"He has thrown away ten thousand kisses," said one of his comrades.

"His kisses have all his life's mark," responded another veteran as a woman in the reviewing stand waved Mr. Fairhead a kiss.

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## SAYS PROFITEERS WORK FOR G. O. P.

They're Paying Debt of Gratitude, Spaan Declares.

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## WALL ST. BLAST SEARCH TWISTS

Reported Dynamite Was Being Hauled for Excavating.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—There was a sudden reversal of the policy of investigation of the Wall street explosion this afternoon when the police were informed that Ray Clarke, employed as a foreman of excavation work being done at Broad and Wall streets, had made a statement that dynamite was being moved in Wall street last Thursday for use in blasting rock.

The story led the police to search again on the theory that criminal negligence and not a preconcerted bomb plot might be the explanation of the tragic affair.

Every investigating agency in the city, however, continued efforts to find some definite clue which would lead to those guilty of the bomb plot which shook lower Manhattan last Thursday.

Department of Justice agents, police, experts in medicine and explosives, horse-shoers, wagon makers and fire department officials were working on their particular angles of the case.

An appeal made to all persons to turn over to the police pieces of metal and wood picked up after the explosion, revealed that souvenir hunters had carried away valuable evidence.

There is every indication the testimony of scores of witnesses before the grand jury has failed to produce any evidence.

A bomb warning was received at the Brooklyn postoffice today. It was on post card dropped in the mail chute of the office at about 11 a. m. and read:

"Clear the building at 12:15 a. m. Saturday for me."

"Thank you."

B. M. Gardner, collector of internal revenue, said although the card evidently was written as a hoax, every precaution will be taken to guard the building.

**BOSTON, Sept. 22.—Mayor A. J. Peters today turned over to the police a letter, the third he has received this year, threatening his life.**

The letter referred to the Wall street bomb explosion and said:

"A better job will be done in Boston."

Mayors of Bedford and Fall River have received threatening letters, according to word received here.

**VALPARAISO ROLL IS RECORD.**

VALPARAISO, Ind., Sept. 22.—A new attendance record for Valparaiso University was made Tuesday when more than 2,000 enrolled for the fall semester. Prof. John H. Cloud, former head of the physics department, has resigned his place here to accept a similar position at the State University at Clearwater, Okla.

## Man Who Warned



EDWIN P. FISCHER.  
Edwin P. Fischer, man who sent post card warnings to friends urging them to keep out of Wall street because there was to be an explosion there, photographed as he arrived at police headquarters in New York with the detectives, who had accompanied him from Hamilton, Ontario, Canada, where he had been placed under arrest on an insanity charge. He accompanied the detectives voluntarily.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—"Terence MacSwiney, lord mayor of Cork, is dead," was the message Father James F. Cassidy, St. Thomas College, St. Paul, received yesterday.

Father Cassidy is of the opinion that the news has been suppressed by British authorities.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Harry Boland, secretary to President De Valera of the republic of Ireland, when informed of the private message said to have been received by Father Cassidy of St. Paul, said he had no word to confirm the report of Lord Mayor MacSwiney's death.

CORK, Sept. 22.—Eleven Irish hunger strikers in jail here entered the forty-fourth day of their fasting today with little change in their condition.

Authorities said the strikers had been prolonged by excellent care.

Oil stoves were used to insure an even and comfortable temperature, and the men were packed in hot water bottles.

## BAR 3 SOCIALISTS; COLLEAGUES QUIT

New York Assembly Fight on Members Open Again.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 22.—The New York State assembly today, for the second time this year, was without its five Socialist members.

Following a seven-hour debate, the lower house of the Legislature voted 50 to 45 to expel three Socialists, Charles Solomon, Louis Waldman and August Claassen.

The other two Samuel De Witt and Samuel Orr, were seated by a vote of 87 to 48.

Following the action of the assembly De Witt and Orr resigned, declaring they would not remain in "such an un-American body."

The main argument for seating the