

UNION TO LET ILLINOIS MEN TAKE UP JOBS

No Big Strike Due Because
They Get Raise and Go
to Work.

INCREASE IS \$2 A DAY

Definite assurance was given today at the headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America that the reported settlement of differences between miners and operators in twelve Illinois coal mines will not result in a nation-wide strike, or even in a strike involving the entire central competitive district.

This assurance was given despite the first statement given out by John L. Lewis, president of the mine workers, after the "outlaw" strike had assumed serious proportions, in which he said that any settlement in Illinois changing the "modified and basic" interstate agreement would result in "an immediate shutdown of all mines operating in the central competitive field, involving some 210,000 men."

When a news dispatch from Danville, Ill., was read to the miners' executive he expressed the view that the mines in which settlement was made probably are independent miners, or members of the Operators' association.

While Mr. Lewis declined to be quoted, it is known he holds the opinion that such settlement may be subject to later adjudication, along with the hoped-for interstate agreement.

GET INCREASE OR \$2 A DAY

An increase of \$2 a day for "top" men was reported to be the basis of settlement that took miners back to work at Danville.

President Lewis and the international executive board of the mine workers, now in session, were awaiting a reply to a telegram sent by President Lewis to John J. Breen, president of St. Louis, chairman of the executive committee of coal operators of the central competitive field, asking for an immediate conference on the coal strike situation.

The message requested the head of the operators' committee to join with officials of the miners' committee in efforts toward an immediate settlement of the labor differences that threaten to close all the mines in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and western Pennsylvania, composing the central competitive field.

President Lewis told the operators' committee head that the seriousness of the coal situation demands immediate action.

Early today Mr. Lewis said he had nothing to add to the statement and would not have until he had word from Chairman Brewster.

SENDS WORD TO BREWSTER.

The message sent to Mr. Brewster said: "The present disturbed situation in the coal industry is a matter of grave importance and of tremendous public concern."

"The commercial and social equilibrium of our country will be increasingly disturbed unless prompt remedial adjustments are made of those elements charged with such responsibility."

"It is the operators' contention that any remedies which must be applied should be done so by orderly processes and through the instrumentality of the existing machinery within the coal industry."

"I am accordingly herewith making an official request that you join me in a call for the immediate assembly of a joint committee of operators and miners of the central competitive field for the purpose of giving consideration to the confusion now existing in the coal industry and the national emergency measures designed to restore normal conditions."

"Please advise me at the earliest possible hour of your action."

Approval of the telegram was made by the operators' committee.

Late yesterday, President Lewis, in a formal statement, commented on the action of Frank Farlagton, head of the Illinois miners, in which he took occasion to severely criticize the latter for trying to make a "local settlement" on the trouble.

He called the Illinois mine head's action "local," and said that he had not conformed to the constitutional requirements of the United Mine Workers.

His statement says:

"Action was taken by this office today

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SEND OUT S. O. S. ON T. B. BONDS

\$100,000 Worth Await Public-Spirited Buyers.

An "S. O. S." call went out today from the county commissioners court for help in the sale of \$100,000 worth of Sunnyside Tuberculosis hospital bonds, as a result of failure to dispose of the bonds in the open market.

"We'd like to see scores of liberal-minded, interested citizens buy blocks of bonds in order to help save for more patients at the institution," explained Carlin Shank, county commissioner, "and since we have been unable to dispose of them, which are 5 per cent non-taxable, it is doubtful that the work can proceed."

The commissioners received from Lawrence F. Orr, deputy state examiner, who had taken over Jess Eischbach's (Continued on Page Eleven.)

Burst of Flame at Sea; Seek Wrecked Vessel

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 28.—All vessels off the Jersey coast were today instructed by wireless to look for survivors or wreckage that would throw light on a mysterious explosion which occurred off Avalon, twenty miles south of this city, last night.

It is understood the Villistas, said to number not more than 600, will lay down their arms, under immunity, the details of which will be decided on by Villa and Martinez.

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THE DAILY TIMES

CAN REACH YOU RE-GARDLESS OF WHERE YOU SPEND YOUR VACATION

No matter what out-of-the-way place you choose for your vacation, The Daily Times will reach you each day if you leave your summer address.

Just before leaving for the train call Main 2300 and receive your favorite newspaper daily.

French Would Participate In Soviet Peace Parley—If

Demand Russia Meet Terms of Allied Note.

WARSAW, July 28.—Despite the armistice agreement entered into by the Bolsheviks and the Poles, the red armies have resumed violent attacks over the whole front south of Grodno, it was announced today.

They have advanced twenty kilometers.

PARIS, July 28.—France has finally decided to participate in a peace parley at London to discuss recognition of the Soviet government, but only on conditions the Russia meets the terms of the new note which the allies have dispatched to Moscow.

The note calls for active participation by the allies in the conference.

The all important news that France may take part in the proposed peace conference was not made public in Paris until after the return today of Premier Millerand from London.

It was stated in the Boulogne press that the note was issued in the morning newspaper.

Instead of demanding that the Soviet government first acknowledge the Russian national debt before a peace parley is held at London, the French apparently are now willing that the whole situation, including guaranty of the Russian debt, recognition of the Soviet government and other questions, be discussed simultaneously.

France will insist, however, upon serving liberty of action along with the allies in respect to recognition of Bolshevik Russia.

Another important result of the Boulogne conference is that France probably will not insist that the American delegation remain holding up munitions consigned to Poland, attending to Petain, the political editor of the Echo de Paris.



ALEXANDRE MILLERAND

the Boulogne conference as a victory for Millerand.

"The Soviet government will undoubtedly accept the allies' terms," predicted the Journal.

This reflected the general press opinion.

The allied high commissioner at Dantzig has been ordered to use extreme measures against the Soviet, holding up munitions consigned to Poland, attending to Petain, the political editor of the Echo de Paris.

UNCOVER BOLSHEVIK PLAN TO TAKE GERMANY

BERLIN, July 28.—A plot for a Bolshevik uprising in Germany as soon as the Russian red troops crossed the Prussian frontier, and the declaration of a

(Continued on Page Two.)

SLOT MACHINES PENNY DRAINS

War Tax Next on List of Where They Go.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Treasury officials and particularly the director of the mint, are wondering where all the pennies go.

John Public can't buy anything with a penny any more, not even at a bargain rush, yet the mint can't seem to keep up with the demand.

The mint put in circulation 513,000,000 one-cent pieces during the fiscal year.

WARN NOT TO MIX INDUSTRY WITH POLITICS

Gompers Cautions Against Laying Off Men and Wage Lowering.

By WILLIAM PHILLIP SIMMS.
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Warning all concerned not to play politics with the industrial situation, either by laying off men or reducing their wages, President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, in an exclusive interview given today to the International News Service, declared that what the country needs in production and that "arrogance, bigotry and autocratic conduct of employers is a waste that society can ill afford."

President Gompers scored the tendency to lay off men and asked if it were a political trick for the purpose of scaring them into one or the other of the political camps.

"In respect to the enforcement of the Volstead act, I said I was in favor of its amendment," he said.

"I answered that congress had that power within the limits of good faith and that the supreme court would be very loath to attribute bad faith to congress, a co-operative branch of the government," he said.

"In respect to the enforcement of prohibition, I ventured the opinion that it could be better enforced by moderate penalties and reasonable provisions than by draconian severity, and that harshly inquisitorial measures and heavy penalties, as by fanatics, would obstruct rather than aid the law and would stultify and turn the people against prohibition."

"As a matter of fact, I am not in favor of amending the Volstead act in respect to the amount of permissible alcohol in beverages. I am not in favor of allowing light wines and beer to be sold under the auspices of the Volstead act. I believe it would defeat the purpose of the amendment. No such distinction as that between wines and beer on the one hand and spirituous liquors on the other is practicable as a police measure."

"I did not favor national prohibition when it was first adopted. It has been a mistake to have it, and it should be done away with in good faith. Any such loophole as light wines and beer would make the amendment a laughing stock."

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