

## COMMITTEE ON TAX BILL CAN'T GET TOGETHER

(Continued From Page One.)

slating that action be taken to appropriate less than two millions as a sort of a guarantee fund that the state intends to do its part to give the American Legion a suitable national headquarters, the idea being to make an additional appropriation.

The war memorial problem has become so critical that neither senators or representatives can dodge the responsibility of taking a definite stand.

The war memorial and the tax situation are the questions of the hour.

That both must be settled at once is the opinion of the leading members of both branches of the legislature.

Many members of both houses during the noon hour appeared to be greatly agitated and concerned over the turn of events in the last twenty-four hours.

The war memorial is a question that has taken on such large proportions that the senators and members of the lower house were startled when they faced the necessity of definite action.

Many have stated that delay by keeping the memorial bills slumbering in the ways and means committee, does not have a quiet effect on the situation.

The Marion county representatives and senators appear to be demanding definite action and are insisting that the three bills as favored by the American Legion be passed before final adjournment of the Goodrich legislature.

The problem is to reach a definite agreement on what is to be done with the memorial problem.

## SENATE PASSES TWO PLATOON BILL

The senate yesterday afternoon by a vote of 33 to 2 passed the bill introduced by Senator Alfred Hogston, Marion, providing for two platoon systems for fire departments, in all cities of the state.

Considerable opposition and a protracted debate on the senate floor preceded passage of the bill.

A similar measure was presented to the last regular session of the legislature, but reached the hands of the governor too late to become a law.

The bill as presented by Senator Hogston in the special session is the same as that which failed to become a law in 1919.

Before the bill could be voted on in the senate it was necessary to amend it to take out the provision for tax levies for the raising of revenues necessary for the increased forces which will be made because of the bill.

All bills providing for the levying of taxes must originate in the lower house of the assembly, and, as it was explained by the sponsors of the measure, as each city has provision for the raising of revenue for its individual needs, the tax levy provision in the bill was unnecessary.

Declaring he is in favor of "home rule" cities of the state, in making provision for its individual needs, Senator Andrew H. Beardsley, Elkhart, voiced opposition to the bill.

"I don't think it is right for us in the legislature to say what the various cities of the state shall do in regard to their fire fighting systems," said Senator Beardsley.

"I am an advocate of the home rule system."

"In the last regular session we had a bill similar to this, providing for the institution of a two platoon system for the city of South Bend, and the mayor and chief of the fire department in that city were down here fighting it."

"The senate floor is a place where so strongly in favor of home rule in Indiana cities he has lost an excellent opportunity for showing it," said Senator Hogston, in reply to Senator Beardsley.

"My bill providing for the abolishment of the public service commission provided for home rule by cities, and the senator voted against it."

Senators Hagerty and Hepler, both of St. Joseph county, of which South Bend is the county seat, and who introduced the measure providing for the planing for the city of that city, spoke in defense of the Hogston bill.

Sensor Neidl, Lake county, in an appeal for the passage of the measure, paid a tribute to the fire fighting forces of the state.

Sensors Douglass, Elkhart; Dobyns, Greensburg, and Beardsley, Elkhart, were the only senators who voted "no" on the bill.

## HOUSE PASSES FIRE HOUR MEASURE

Indiana firemen will be benefited by a bill which members of the house of representatives unanimously passed in a session yesterday evening, providing for the regulation of the hours of duty in certain cities in the state.

The bill was introduced at the beginning of the special session by Representative Bidman, Vigo county, who has been making efforts to have the bill passed for several years.

As originally introduced, the bill would affect only Terre Haute, but amendments adopted will affect Indianapolis.

As amended, the bill is as follows: "The board of safety in each city having a population of not less than 60,000 nor more than 100,000, and in all cities of not less than 100,000, according to the United States census of 1920 shall, after January, 1921, divide the officers and members of the fire force of such cities, excepting the chief of the fire force, into two bodies, or platoons, one to perform day service, the other night."

In cases of riot, riotous celebration or other emergency, the chief officer in charge at any fire shall have the power to assign all the members of the fire force to continuous duty in the fire force.

Two weeks is designated by the bill as the maximum limit for which a member of the department may serve on day or night duty.

Day duty will be ten hours and night duty fourteen hours.

Additional tax levy is authorized for payment of salaries, provided that the tax levy shall not exceed 40 cents on each \$100 of the assessed and appraised value of the property subject to taxation.

The bill was returned to the house by Representative Harris, chairman of the committee on cities and towns, which recommended the passage with the included amendments.

The defense of the bill was taken by Representative Bidman and Abrams.

## HOUSE SENDS UP TEN BILLS

Ten house bills and one house joint resolution were introduced today following their passage by the house of representatives.

Perhaps the outstanding feature of the session was the speed and quietness with which the bills were passed.

Most of the measures were passed unanimously, and without debate.

Two bills received but slight opposition. Briefly, the measures passed are as follows:

## TAX BILL PROPOSED BY FARMERS

Interest now centers on the action the senate will take on the compromise tax bill and the farmers' federation provisions which will be therein contained.

The bill, known as the farmers' federation bill, parts of which are expected to be contained in the compromise senate tax bill.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of the state of Indiana, that at a time to be fixed by the state board of tax commissioners within thirty days from the passage of this act the county board of review for the various counties of this state shall convene and consider the matter of equalization of the valuations of property in the different taxing units of their respective counties for the year 1919; and they shall thereupon make and issue orders of equalization as may be deemed necessary in order to maintain a fair equality between such taxing units in bearing the burdens of taxation.

Said session shall continue so long as may be necessary, not exceeding ten days.

For their services each member of such county board of review shall receive the sum of five dollars (\$5) for each day of actual attendance.

Section 2. Within ten days after the adjournment of the special session of the legislature the county board of review shall certify the necessary data to the state board of tax commissioners, which in turn shall proceed to consider the matter of equalization by counties and the county boards of review shall thereupon make and issue such orders of equalization as it may be deemed proper, which orders shall be certified to the appropriate local officers; and thereupon the assessments as made by the county boards of review for the purpose of taxation for said year 1919.

Provided, however, that the state board shall have the power to exempt from any such order of equalization cash on hand or any other class of property which shall have been assessed by the state board or the local officers at the true cash value.

trustee and advisory board may proceed to borrow the necessary money and issue bonds in any amount sufficient to defray the expenses, not exceeding in the aggregate the 2 per cent constitutional limit.

NO EFFECT ON PENDING CASES.

The act will not effect pending litigation.

Nothing in the law will apply to any school building hereafter condemned by the state board of health.

House bill No. 518, by Representative Dalley, to amend an act regarding the department of public parks in cities of first and second classes, defining its powers and duties, and providing for certain other legal phases connected with the park system.

Provisions are made in the bill for the board of park commissioners to bring suit to recover damages for the breach of an agreement relating to the improvement and management of the parks, streets, driveways or boulevards under its control, and for penalties for any violation of an ordinance, and for injury to any of the park estate.

The bill gives the right to the commissioners to levy a tax of from 5 to 9 cents on each \$100 worth of taxable property in cities of first class, and a tax of from 10 to 10 cents in cities of the second class, for the use of the park.

Further provisions are made that gifts or donations may be placed in the park fund, with certain restrictions.

The measure also provides for park improvement purposes and issue bonds.

WHAT CAN'T CROSS PARK.

No railways or telephone, telegraph, power or other lines can cross the park under the control of the commission, is provided.

House bill No. 574, by Representatives Grayson and Southard, provides that the soldiers and sailors of the world war and their widows and orphans, or of the war with Spain, or in the Philippine Islands or in the regular service of the United States, are to receive the privileges now held by those of the Civil War.

House bill No. 517, by Representative McMaster, provides that Indianapolis may appropriate \$30,000 to defray expenses of the national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic.

The appropriation will be made by an ordinance passed by the council.

House bill No. 541, by Representative Butler, provides for the payment of salaries for clerical help in the office of the county auditor.

Maximum appropriations are fixed as follows: In counties having a population of less than 10,000, \$500; from 10,000 to 20,000, \$750; from 20,000 to 30,000, \$1,250; and from 30,000 to 60,000, \$15,000.

PROHIBITION ON WHOLESALE.

House bill No. 540 by Representative McKinley, prohibits wholesale dealers selling articles, supplies, materials and commodities regularly dealt in by them to co-operative companies at a higher price than the prevailing prices charged by other retail dealers.

The enforcement is referred to the attorney general.

Violation of the law is punishable by a fine of from \$50 to \$2,000, to which may be added imprisonment of not more than one year in the county jail.

House joint resolution No. 1, by Representative Leer, has provisions that a commission to prepare a bill relative to the fees and salaries of county officials and the members of the legislature is created, consisting of two members of the house, appointed by the speaker, and two holdover senators, appointed by the lieutenant-governor.

The members of the commission shall work without compensation and shall co-operate with the state board of accounts in preparing the schedules of salaries and fees.

The committee will report its program at the next session of the general assembly.

BLUE SKY LAW OF SOME KIND COMING

That the special session of the Indiana legislature will pass some sort of "blue sky" legislation, regardless of the fact, as expressed by members of the senate, that proposed measures are inadequate, is indicated in the action of the upper house in making the "blue sky" bill a special order of business for this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The measure was called up for second reading by Senator Luke Duffey of Marion county, and was called up by him Monday afternoon for second reading.

Considerable argument ensued in the senate when the Marion county senator made his request for the reading of the bill.

When a roll call was taken on a bill, it was found there was no quorum present.

"Mr. Duffey, take your lieutenants and go to the hotels of the city, and round up all absent senators, arrest them and bring them immediately to the senate chamber."

"There are too many absentees from this house."

thereof: And provided further, that said state board shall have the power to reconsider and reassess any property assessed by it originally or otherwise.

Section 3. Upon the valuations of property as finally fixed in the manner prescribed by the preceding sections of this enactment, the appropriate taxing officers shall make levies in such amounts as may be necessary in order to produce substantially the same amount of revenue provided by the valuations and levies hereinafter fixed and approved by the state board of tax commissioners for the year 1919.

ALTERATIONS ACCORDING FOR.

Section 4. Any alterations in the amount of taxes to be paid by any taxpayer as a result of the proceedings hereinafter provided for shall be taken into account in the collection of the second installment of taxes for said year; and if the amount previously paid exceeds one-half of the total amount due a credit shall be made on the second installment for the excess; and if the amount so paid is less than one-half the total amount due the deficit shall be added to the second installment. If any taxpayer has paid more than the total amount due the auditor shall draw a warrant on the treasurer for a proper refund.

Section 5. All taxes assessed by virtue of the proceedings hereinafter provided for shall be and remain a lien on property, real and personal, until paid as other taxes under the general laws of the state.

Section 6. Each taxing unit of the state of Indiana is hereby authorized to borrow in anticipation of the collection of the revenues provided for in the preceding sections an amount equal to the amount to be raised as provided in said sections which loans shall be paid from said revenue.

Section 7. Should the auditor be required to make a duplicate through the enforcement of this law he shall be entitled to receive a reasonable compensation therefor, to be determined by the board of county commissioners.

Section 8. The emergency is hereby declared to exist for the immediate taking of this act and, therefore, the same shall be in full force and effect from and after the passage thereof.

bill for the second time, and charges that attempts were being made to delay the bill in the special session, in the same manner in which it was "pocketed" at the regular session of 1919, brought a storm of criticism from the administration followers, as well as from Lieut. Gov. Edgar D. Bush.

"I don't know why the bill has not been printed," said Senator Duffey, as he requested the reading of the measure.

"It seems to me the same tactics are being used now as were used in the last regular session when a similar measure was pigeon-holed to prevent its passage."

"The bill introduced at this session was especially requested by the Federation of Farmers' Associations, and that organization, as well as the other citizens of Indiana, are going to hold the majority party in this senate responsible for this measure," said Mr. Duffey.

Referring to the allegation made by Senator Duffey that the bill was "pigeon-holed" at the regular session, Lieut. Gov. Bush denied he was responsible for the failure of the bill's passage and accused the press of the state of making misleading statements as to the responsibility for the failure of the bill to become a law.

"The bill was not pigeon-holed," said Mr. Bush, "and the failure of its passage can be laid at the door of no person other than the sponsors of the measure."

"The bill was regularly reported out of committee, and at the night session of the last day of the regular session, it was laid on my desk, along with many other bills that were hurriedly reported at the eleventh hour rush."

"At that time the chair was handed over to several of the senators, in turn, and each in turn refused, or failed to hand the bill over."

DENIES ANYTHING UNDERHAND.

"The bill was entrusted to the committee of which Senator McKinley, for whom I have the highest regard, is chairman, and I am sure that he would stoop to no underhanded methods to prevent the passage of a bill of any kind."

Considerable opposition was voiced to the passage of the latest "blue sky" bill presented to the special session.

Many of the senators declare that the bill has no teeth in it, and that its passage would be useless.

Those speaking in defense of the bill, however, declare that the measure has its merits, and inasmuch as the people are complaining of a sort of blue sky legislation, the present bill should become a law.

"The people are demanding a blue sky law," said Senator Oscar Ratts of Paoli, speaking in defense of the proposed bill.

"It is time that Indiana should cease to be the dumping ground for all sorts of fake stock promotion schemes, and while the state is in this predicament the bill has no 'teeth' in it, yet it has its merits and should be passed."

Upon being advised that the printed copies of the bill would be returned from the state printer by this morning, the senate made action on the measure a special order of business for 3 o'clock.

The enforcement is referred to the attorney general.

Violation of the law is punishable by a fine of from \$50 to \$2,000, to which may be added imprisonment of not more than one year in the county jail.

House joint resolution No. 1, by Representative Leer, has provisions that a commission to prepare a bill relative to the fees and salaries of county officials and the members of the legislature is created, consisting of two members of the house, appointed by the speaker, and two holdover senators, appointed by the lieutenant-governor.

The members of the commission shall work without compensation and shall co-operate with the state board of accounts in preparing the schedules of salaries and fees.

The committee will report its program at the next session of the general assembly.

BLUE SKY LAW OF SOME KIND COMING

That the special session of the Indiana legislature will pass some sort of "blue sky" legislation, regardless of the fact, as expressed by members of the senate, that proposed measures are inadequate, is indicated in the action of the upper house in making the "blue sky" bill a special order of business for this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The measure was called up for second reading by Senator Luke Duffey of Marion county, and was called up by him Monday afternoon for second reading.

Considerable argument ensued in the senate when the Marion county senator made his request for the reading of the bill.

When a roll call was taken on a bill, it was found there was no quorum present.

"Mr. Duffey, take your lieutenants and go to the hotels of the city, and round up all absent senators, arrest them and bring them immediately to the senate chamber."

"There are too many absentees from this house."

"Some of the senators who are here should be home making hay."

for the assessment, review and equalization of taxes.

Two weeks notice will be given of the meeting, at which the board will hear complaints of owners of personal property, except such property as is assessed originally by the state board of tax commissioners, to equalize the valuation of property and taxables made subsequent to the preceding March 1, and to correct lists of valuations.

Power is also given the board to equalize the valuation made by assessors by adding or subtracting sums to fix the assessment at its true cash value.

Provisions are made in the bill for the routine through which the board must go in acting on any question, and the oath to which the members must subscribe.

In addition to his other duties, the county treasurer shall report to the board for action all corrections and changes in the returns of the township assessors, which, in his judgment, ought to be made.

The board of the county will work in co-operation with the board of review.

COUNTY HOSPITAL BILL IS PASSED

Legislation of the establishment of county hospitals was effected by the house today when it passed, with only one dissenting vote, the bill for an act to legalize proceedings taken in such establishment, and providing for additions and improvements.

Following are the provisions of the bill which will now go to the senate: "Whereas, the proceedings have been had for the establishment of a hospital and where, after such establishment has been sanctioned by a majority vote, a contract has been let for the erection of the hospital and the contractor has carried out the contract and expended money before the bonds issued have been sold, and where such contractor is unable to sell bonds on account of defects in the proceedings of the board of county commissioners."

Section 1. The emergency is hereby declared to exist for the immediate taking of this act and, therefore, the same shall be in full force and effect from and after the passage thereof.

The same provisions are made where issuance of bonds to pay for the cost of additions and improvements of hospital property have been made with error by the part of the commissioners.

The bill originally was introduced by Representative Johnson.

Representative Dalley's bill amending the act relating to the establishment and maintenance of county hospitals for tuberculosis, also was passed in the house by unanimous vote.

The amendments submitted provide that the county does not have a hospital for the care of persons afflicted with tuberculosis the county commissioners may arrange for the care and treatment of those persons in a hospital in any other county.

A contract may be made by the commissioners to provide for the minimum number of patients to be sent annually from the county, and the amount of compensation to be paid for the maintenance.

The county auditor will forward to the county commissioners the application of any person desiring with error which application must be accompanied by a physician's certificate.

Provisions are made in one section of the Dalley bill for the compensation to be paid for the attendance of a non-resident patient of the hospital.

Cooperation between the board of managers of the hospital and the county board of commissioners forms the basis of the maintenance co-operation.

HOARDING BILL AGAIN DEFERRED

Failure to Get Majority Causes Holdover.

The "pernicious hoarding" bill, introduced by Senator Harry E. Negley, Marion county, on request of the House-keepers League of Indianapolis, was expected to be called up again in the senate today, was again postponed.

Failure to obtain a constitutional majority on roll call yesterday when the measure was called for passage, necessitated holding it over.

Objection was voiced to the bill by Senator Oliver Kline, Huntington, who said he was not in favor of including grain in the bill.

Several other members of the upper house also opposed the bill, and Senator Negley had a lively scrap in its defense.

The bill provides a fine and imprisonment for any person who "hoards" permits fruit, vegetables or grains to lie on the ground and rot, rather than to sell them.

1 Union Suit for Women's "Kaysers" and "Gilt Edge" union suit of fine cotton and lisle, wide white with lace edge or light knee, our \$1.25 and \$1.49 lines, in regular and extra sizes, at \$1.00 a suit.

3 Cotton Vests. Women's low neck and sleeveless fine cotton vests, plain or with lace trimmed yokes, 49c grades in regular and extra sizes, 3 vests for \$1.00.

1 Union Suit for Women's "Kaysers" and "Gilt Edge" union suit of fine cotton and lisle, wide white with lace edge or light knee, our \$1.25 and \$1.49 lines, in regular and extra sizes, at \$1.00 a suit.

3 Yards Printed Crepe Plisse. 30 inches wide, assorted patterns, for gowns, pajamas, etc., offered Wednesday, 3 yards for \$1.00.

3 Yards Galatea Cloth. Best grade, in assorted striped and figured patterns (no plain colors), offered 3 yards for \$1.00.

3 Yds. Shirting. Genuine cheviot shirting for men's shirts, boys' waists, etc., in checked, striped or plain blue, 3 yards for \$1.00.

Cotton Batts. Just arrived, 1,000 hats for quick disposal; ribbon, milans, basket weaves, panamas and rough straw; women's, misses' and children's hats included in this lot at \$1.00 each.

4 Yds. Muslin. Unbleached muslin, full yard wide, splendid wearing quality, will easily bleach, 4 yards for \$1.00.

3 Yds. Percale. Standard quality, full yard wide, in assorted light shirting patterns, medium and dark colors (limit of 6 yards), 3 yards for \$1.00.

3 Yds. Chambray. Excellent quality in plain blue and gray, for Wednesday only, 3 yards for \$1.00.

8 Pairs of Gloves for Men's white canvas work gloves, with knit wrist, offered for Wednesday only, 8 pairs for \$1.00.

Middy Ties. Women's and misses' silk middie ties, 1/2 square size, in black and colors, for Wednesday only, \$1.00 each.

Leather Goods. A sample line of all leather purses in black and colors, kodak-hand bags, manicuring sets, collar and cuff boxes, etc., at \$1.00 each.

Necklaces. Diamond cut crystal bead necklaces in many colorings, regular \$2.50 values, at \$1.00 each.

Children's Parasols. Children's fancy parasols, with plain and figured tops, in splendid colorings, \$1.39 quality, \$1.00 each.

No C. O. D., Mail or Phone Orders on Dollar Day Items. We reserve the right to limit quantity.

## Between You and High Prices Stands Goldstein's

# \$1 DOLLAR DAY \$1

## DAY Wednesday, July 21st DAY

Please bear in mind that this is not a sale in the ordinary sense of the word. It is an effort to help lower the cost of living—offering desirable, seasonable merchandise at unusually low prices—backed up with our unusual liberal policy of "SATISFACTION OR YOUR MONEY BACK."

## Make Goldstein's Your First Shopping Place Wednesday

1 Pair of Hose for. Women's pure silk hose in black only, open work side clocking, double silk lisle garter tops and soles, seamed backs, irregulars of \$2.00 and \$2.25 qualities, at \$1.00 a pair.

1 Pair of Hose for. Women's drop stitch and open work silk hose, in handsome color combinations "Onyx" and "Eiffel," \$1.75 grades, every pair perfect, \$1.00 a pair.

2 Pairs of Hose for. Women's finer silk hose in white only, double garter tops and soles, high apliced heels, 85c to \$1.00 qualities, every pair perfect, 2 pairs for \$1.00.

4 Pairs of Hose for. Women's "Durham" fine cotton and lisle hose in black and white, double garter tops and soles, our 39c lines, every pair perfect, 4 pairs for \$1.00.

3 Pairs of Hose for. Women's "Durham" out size cotton hose in black, white and tan, extra wide garter tops, double soles, every pair perfect, 3 pairs for \$1.00.

2 Union Suits for. Boys' athletic style union suits of checked white nainsook, sleeveless, knee length, elastic waist seams, ages 10 to 16, our 65c line, every suit perfect; 2 suits for \$1.00.

3 Cotton Vests for. Women's low neck and sleeveless fine cotton vests, plain or with lace trimmed yokes, 49c grades in regular and extra sizes, 3 vests for \$1.00.

1 Union Suit for. Women's "Kaysers" and "Gilt Edge" union suit of fine cotton and lisle, wide white with lace edge or light knee, our \$1.25 and \$1.49 lines, in regular and extra sizes, at \$1.00 a suit.

3 Yards Printed Crepe Plisse. 30 inches wide, assorted patterns, for gowns, pajamas, etc., offered Wednesday, 3 yards for \$1.00.