

## SERMON TOPICS ANNOUNCED FOR MANY PULPITS

Indianapolis Churches Provide  
Programs for Morning and  
Evening Services.

### VARIETY IN SUBJECTS

"Summer Symbols of Sacrifice" is a seasonal sermon for the morning services of the Central Avenue M. E. church by the pastor, Dr. O. W. Fifer.

The Rev. C. E. Bacon will preach at the morning services of the Roberts Park M. E. church, and Dr. George M. Smith, pastor of the church, will preach on "A Holy Spirit" in the evening.

"The Great Anarchy" is the theme of the sermon of the Rev. J. Ambrose Dunkel, pastor of the Tabernacle Presbyterian church, at the morning service.

"The Great Inanity" will be the subject at the Tabernacle chapel in the evening.

### "CITY OF THE GREAT KING"

Rev. Owen Davies Odell will preach on "The City of the Great King" in the morning at the Second Presbyterian church.

"Opportunity" and "The Man Who Is Too Busy" will be the subjects of the morning and evening sermons of Rev. T. B. White at the Meridian Heights church.

Rev. M. L. Haines, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, will talk on "Making the Best of Both Worlds" at the morning service.

Dr. Bernard C. Clauser of Syracuse, N. Y., will preach on "The Miracle of Me" at the morning services of the First Baptist church.

"The Work of Their Testimony" will be the theme of the morning address at the Central Christian church by Rev. Allan B. Philpott, pastor of the church.

### WHEELER MISSION.

"The World's Worst Enemy" and "The World's Greatest City" will be discussed at the morning and evening meetings at the Wheeler Mission by J. A. Nipper.

Dr. Edward Haines Kistler, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian church, will preach in the evening at the summer union services of Home Presbyterian and Seventh Christian churches.

Special musical numbers will be given by Mrs. W. N. Day, Miss Mary Moore, W. R. Alexander and W. N. Day.

"Christ's Method" will be the theme of the morning sermon at the St. Paul M. E. church by Rev. Benjamin Hilt, pastor of the church.

At the morning services of the St. Paul's Episcopal church Rev. Lewis Brown will preach on "The Supreme Trial in Character."

Rev. J. E. Parsons will preach on "Solomon in the Shadows" and "Flabby Folks" in the morning and evening at the Brookside Park M. E. church.

### COLLEGE QUESTION TO BE DISCUSSED.

"Fundamental Requirements of a Good College or University" will be the subject of the sermon by Rev. E. A. Robertson at the Broad Ripple M. E. church in the morning. Rev. E. S. Farmer will preach in the evening at the union services.

"The Release of Christ's Power" will be discussed by Dr. C. E. Reidenbach, pastor of the Downey Avenue Christian church, in the morning.

Rev. W. L. Ewing, pastor of the Irvington M. E. church, will preach the sermon in the evening at the union services of Irvington churches at the Presbyterian church.

"Mystifying Knowledge" will be the theme of Rev. J. D. Garrison at the North Park Christian church in the morning.

Mrs. L. Riddell Gramlet of McKeesport, Pa., will sing "In the Secret of His Presence."

### MISSION SECRETARY AT MANUSUR PARK.

Rev. Charles H. Beck, general secretary of the board of home missions of the M. E. church, will preach at the Manusur Park M. E. church in the morning.

Rev. J. C. McCaslin, pastor of the church, will deliver the evening sermon, his subject being "Ragtime Religion."

A series of meetings at the Fourth Christian church, beginning Monday evening, will be held under the auspices of Rev. B. L. Allen, pastor.

Rev. C. N. Willson will preach at the Trinity M. E. church in the morning on "One View of God's Territory" and "A Tribute to Demetrius to Paul."

### Chicago Man Jumps From Train at Goshen

GOSHEN, Ind., July 17.—William H. Lucas of Chicago jumped from a New York Central train here Friday afternoon while suffering alleged mental derangement.

He was en route to Pittsburg with his wife.

Three hours later he was found in a field at the edge of the city, where he had burned two \$100 bills and buried his \$150 gold watch and \$35 in silver.

He declared he was being pursued by union men who were trying to take his life.

Mrs. Lucas remained on the train until it stopped at Ligonier, from where she returned to Goshen and assisted in the search for her husband.

### Two Hurt When Little Girl Runs Into Auto

Two persons were injured slightly in an accident at Northwestern avenue and Twenty-sixth street last night.

Margaret Corbin, 6, of 602 West Twenty-sixth street, was knocked down and bruised when, it is said, she ran into the side of an automobile driven by Ed Moore, 37, of 2547 Northwestern avenue.

Moore swerved the car to avoid hitting the child and hit the curb.

The sudden stop threw Moore's nephew, Charles Moore, 9, of 540 Birch avenue, against the windshield and the boy suffered a cut over the left eye.

### Plan to Use Speed for Improving Freights

NEW YORK, July 17.—Plans to increase railroad freight service, by raising the daily mileage of cars nearly 30 per cent, and by heavier loading, were made here at a conference of more than 100 railroad executives.

At present freight cars average little more than twenty-three miles a day, but under the new plan they will make more than thirty miles.

Elimination of worn-out locomotives also was proposed.

### Government Collects \$100 for 42 Cents

It cost the federal government only 42 cents to collect each \$100 of revenue in Indiana during the fiscal year ending June 30, William L. Elder, collector of internal revenues, said today.

Mr. Elder contrasted this statement, based on figures of the department, with the rumor that it is costing the government as much as \$40 to collect each \$100 of revenue.

According to Mr. Elder the department collected a total of \$73,008,766.91 during the last fiscal year at a cost of \$313,139.55.

## Housewives' League Carries H. C. L. War to Market



Stand of Marion County Housewives' League on the City Market.

By KATHLEEN M'KEE.  
"Cut the high cost of living" is the slogan of the Housewives' league of Marion county.

The two stands conducted on the city market constitute one of their most effective onslaughts against the profiteering "bug."

Only members of the league may make purchases at the stands, and a rule of the organization requires that the membership cards be shown at the time the purchase is made.

League members take turns in serving at the stands, which are open on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

WOMEN GET NO PAY FOR SERVICE.  
The work of the league is done by the women for their time in waiting on the stands.

The entire management of the stands is under the supervision of the organization, and all the purchasing is done by Mrs. Martha Smith, a member.

Only first-class goods are sold, and only at a margin of profit to meet the overhead expenses.

A revolving fund is kept on hand to meet the current expenditures for purchases at the stands.

It is possible for women desiring to do canning to order a large amount of the product they desire through the purchasing agent and receive it at a minimum cost, and also be certain that they will obtain a good quality.

In discussing the success of the stands, which have been in operation a little more than a month, Mrs. William A. Ragan, one of the enthusiastic organizers of the scheme, said that "they are just doing fine."

"There is a splendid spirit of co-operation among the members now, although it was a little hard to get started at first," she said.

"I have had any number of women tell me how much they appreciate being able to get such an excellent quality of goods without having to pay an exorbitant middleman's profit for it."

Mrs. Ragan said that there is a general sentiment of appreciation among the women that they know they are not in danger of being cheated when they make their purchases.

The Housewives' league, which has been organized a little under one year, has a membership of over 1,500 Indianapolis housewives.

Women from every part of the city, and from every degree of social standing, have united in the common cause of home problems in the organization.

The league holds a meeting once a month, devoting the session to discussion of the problems directly and indirectly connected with the home.

It is not only the largest organization of its kind in the country, but it is the most active.

The legislative committee, which has a number of measures, which it proposes to put before the special session of the legislature, takes up the intensive work connected with home economic questions.

Mrs. William H. Hart is president of the league; Mrs. Philip Zoercher, vice-president; Mrs. William Powers, treasurer, and Mrs. William A. Ragan, secretary.

## STRIKES AFFECT 3 MILLION MEN

Production Loss Attains Total  
of \$700,000,000.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Approximately 3,500,000 workers were affected by labor controversies, strikes and lock outs in the United States during the government's fiscal year, which ended June 30, it was estimated unofficially here today on the basis of reports now being prepared for Director Hugh Kerwin of the conciliation bureau, department of labor.

The reports, when completed, will show that the bureau was asked to mediate in a total of 800 cases, involving approximately 1,000,000 workers, Kerwin believes, or about half the number involved during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1919.

The estimate for 1920 indicates that workers lost roughly \$75,000,000 in wages, assuming an average wage of \$5 and a total of ten days' lost for each.

Strikes which do not continue at least ten days are rare, government reports show.

The loss to employers would be about \$700,000,000 in value of production curtailed if wages represent one quarter of the value of the product.

The steel strike alone is estimated to have cost the workers approximately \$3,000,000 a day in lost wages.

Wage losses of the outlay railroad strikes are believed to total nearly as much as those of the steel strikers.

"Strikes are not breaking out as fast as a year ago," said Kerwin, "but they're much harder to settle now than formerly."

"It seems as if workers now wait to make sure they have what they consider a perfect grievance before beginning a strike."

"But once out they seem determined to stay out until they win."

"Both employers and workers, however, now seem more willing to ask this bureau for assistance than formerly."

## Walter Heiskell Dies in Washington

Telegrams from Fair Harbor, Wash., received here, state that Walter Heiskell, formerly of Indianapolis, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Heiskell, 2233 North Delaware street, died suddenly there Thursday.

Mr. Heiskell was 50 years old and has been in the state of Washington for more than fifteen years.

At the time of his death he was on a vacation trip. The telegram did not state the cause of death.

He is survived by his widow, father and mother and two brothers, Frank Heiskell of Indianapolis and A. H. Heiskell of Chicago.

## Thief Steals Church Coin Meant for Poor

A thief stole a box containing \$20 which had been donated to the poor, at St. John's Catholic church, 127 South Capitol avenue, last night.

Rev. Boaler told the police the thief also took \$2.40 from the office in the rectory of the church.

## 'Only Gods Can Tell Mere Man's Fate Now That Woman Is Busy'

CHICAGO, July 17.—"What will become of mere man is a question only the gods can determine," John M. Glenn, secretary of the Illinois Manufacturers association, said today.

He was studying statistics showing the increasing number of women employed in industrial plants.

"Man is becoming the drone of the hive," he said.

"He is seen idle in the market place, when he ought to be at work."

"He is seen at the matinee and moving picture theater."

"He is seen on the golf links, the diamond and the bleachers and is visible in large numbers in every place where sport and pleasure are dominant."

"Contemplate what would happen if woman were to retire from industry and return to the home."

"Fifty years ago she had no place in business."

"She made her first appearance in the retail mercantile establishment and has edged along until she practically dominates that institution."

"On every hand demands are for more women and they are not to be met."

"Women will continue to take a greater part in industry."

"She has shown she is capable of doing the work and she has qualifications the man does not possess."

"Just now factories in which the workers are women are better off than those operated by men."

"Woman doesn't seem to have the aptitude for striking."

"The women who appeared before the platform committees of the two major parties this year knew what they wanted and went after it more capably than the men did."

"The influence of women at the conventions was another indication of the growing importance of women outside the home."

"Man is being elbowd off the deck."

## GIVEN RIGHT TO TAKE OWN NAME

Poor Little Rich Boy Story  
Like Fairy Tale.

CHICAGO, July 17.—When an aunt objected to his using the family name, "Robert Edwards" agreed and for years he has been known as such.

But when his father, Edward Ridgely, son of Charles Ridgely, Springfield (Ill.) millionaire, died, he resented the aunt's objection to his presence at the funeral and applied for a legal order returning his proper name.

Today "Edwards" bears his own name as a result of the granting of the order yesterday.

"Edwards" father incurred the family displeasure when he married Little Rock, Ark., and eloped Miss Fannie Clark.

Nothing was said of the child when, four months after its birth, the family learned of the elopement and insisted upon another marriage.

When relatives learned of the birth of the son, they opposed letting it be known for fear of creating a scandal.

"Edwards" was born of this marriage, but the family refused to recognize the elopement.

Edwards was brought up unaware of the fact that he was a Ridgely.

He was sent to a fashionable eastern school and was graduated from Cornell university.

He lost his identity when his grandfather died and left \$50,000.

Leon B. Graham, for several years a resident of Indianapolis, died at Wichita, Kan., last Tuesday from an attack of blood poisoning, according to word received by his former friends here.

Mr. Graham was formerly associated with the Fairbanks-Morse Company here as a salesman.

## LLOYD GEORGE LAMENT'S LACK OF U. S. COUNSEL

Believes America Will Find  
She Must Help Solve  
Problems.

### SAYS 'MUCH DONE AT SPA'

SPA, Belgium, July 17.—"We have accomplished much during the Spa conference, but it would have been better if the United States had acted as an impartial participant," declared Premier Lloyd George before leaving for London today.

The British premier apparently was astounded with the result of the discussions which came to an end last night when the Germans signed the allied coal protocol pledging themselves to deliver to the allies 2,000,000 tons of coal monthly for a specified time.

When Lloyd George was asked where the next conference of the allied foreign ministers would be held he laughed as he replied: "Washington would be a good place, but they tell me it is pretty hot there in summer. I should prefer Devonville myself."

Lloyd George believes the German government will have a more difficult time enforcing the disarmament protocol than the coal protocol.

Both call for quick action on the part of the Berlin government, as both are effective at once.

The British delegation, which was the biggest at the conference, was the first to leave, being followed by the French.

The German delegation, headed by Chancellor Konstantin Fehrenbach, planned to leave for Berlin late in the afternoon.

DRAMATIC TOUCH TO INCIDENT.  
There was a dramatic touch to an incident that followed the adjournment of the conference.

Lloyd George, with a company of French officials, dined in a cheap little cafe where each ate a dollar table d'hôte dinner.

Later the British premier sauntered over to the hotel where the American and English correspondents, attired in correct evening dress, were dining with much formality.

Lloyd George entered the dining room and sat down with the correspondents. His gray sack suit was wrinkled and

baggy at the knees from lack of pressing.

His collar was soiled and wilted from the heat.

When the waiter came up the British statesman said he had eaten but would have a cigar.

Lloyd George was in a jovial mood. "You correspondents have been telephoning your stories to London today have you not?" he asked, turning to a group of men representing newspapers and press associations in the United States.

"Well, one of these days I suppose you will be telephoning to Europe from New York just as easily as you talked to London today."

"After all this is a small world and I think America will find that she must come in and help us solve our difficulties."

"It would have been well for America to be represented here."

WOULD HAVE APPRECIATED U. S.  
"Sometimes it might have been embarrassing for us, particularly when America was against us, but I think it would have been a great thing if we could have secured fresh viewpoints from the United States, which is a nation free from the natural rivalries of Europe."

The premier said he believed the present government at Berlin is absolutely sincere in its determination to execute the treaty of Versailles, but expressed some fears that the present German government might not last long.

"At any rate, we shall get the coal, even if we have to get it ourselves," added the British statesman.

Four main subjects were taken up during the conference:

1. Disarmament of Germany.

2. Deliveries of German coal.

3. Indemnity.

4. Trials of German war offenders.

OTHERS GO TO COMMISSIONERS.  
Germany signed the disarmament and coal protocols while the war criminals and war indemnity were referred to commissions.

Several times the conference was at the breaking point and on Wednesday night the allies went so far as to threaten the Germans with an ultimatum calling for the occupation of the Ruhr district with allied armies.

The Germans pointed out that Germany's position is difficult because of the great increase in the amount of floating currency which makes it increasingly difficult for her to meet her national debt.

The allies must see to it that she has the means to recover sufficiently to pay her external obligations, was one declaration.

The Germans were said to be attempting to take advantage of the Russian victories over Poland, but the allies held firm to their own terms.

Arrangements will be worked out to extend German credits in connection with the coal deliveries so that larger supplies of food can be obtained for the workers in the German coal fields.

MEXICO CITY, July 17.—Gen. Pablo Gonzales was today awaiting court-martial on Monday on charges that he led a revolt against the de la Huerta government. The offense is punishable by death.

Gen. Obregon ordered mobilization of all available forces to crush the remnants of the uprising at Monterrey and other points in northern Mexico.

It was officially announced that Gen. Carlos Osuma had signified his willingness to surrender if the government would guarantee his personal safety.

The railway from Monterrey to Laredo was still out on account of lack of material to repair the bridges destroyed by rebels.

President de la Huerta has named a committee to reorganize the country's finances and recommend a basis for settlement of domestic and foreign obligations.

They will also lay the ground work for establishment of a national bank.

## Irish Rob Mail Train

BELFAST, July 17.—A band of one hundred men held up a mail train near Donaghmore, early today, and, after lining up the crew beside the train, seized all the official mail.

## MEXICAN REBEL AWAITS COURT

Gonzales Charges Are Punishable by Death.

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\$55.50 32x4 N. S. \$46.00  
\$57.25 33x4 N. S. \$48.00  
\$63.00 32x4½ N. S. \$52.00  
\$67.05 34x4½ N. S. \$55.00  
\$79.50 33x5 N. S. \$66.00  
\$83.25 35x5 N. S. \$69.00  
\$86.40 37x5 N. S. \$72.00

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