

GRAND JURORS ASK PROBE OF THEIR CONDUCT

Petition Judge to Cite Managing Editor of The Times.

ADAMS GIVEN ORDER

Members of the Marion county grand jury, before whom Charles Rollinson was permitted to examine his client, Harry Parsons, in the grand jury room, today took steps to bring about a complete investigation in criminal court of the proceedings by petitioning Judge James A. Collins to cite for contempt the managing editor of the Indiana Daily Times and Mr. Rollinson.

In accordance with the petition to the court Judge Collins entered an order directing Prosecutor Clark Adams, who had charge of the grand jury when the Rollinson case went to trial, to make personal charge of it when the petition was prepared, to file in the criminal court a proper specification of contempt against the parties named in the petition.

The petition of the grand jury sets out the article which was printed in the Times under the heading "The Indianapolis Bar Association," calling attention to the fact of the bar association to demand of Judge Collins an investigation of the story told by Mr. Rollinson concerning the incident before the grand jury.

WHAT PETITION SETS FORTH.

The petition then purports to set out the facts in this matter as follows:

"One Charles W. Rollinson, attorney, of this bar, represented to the prosecuting attorney before this investigation began that he was employed by the defendant, Harry Parsons, who had been bound over to the grand jury by the Judge of the city court upon a charge of receiving stolen goods, consisting of the purchase of automobile parts, all of whom have been convicted of their part in the transaction. The said Rollinson represented to the prosecuting attorney that the only evidence tending to connect his client with this gang of automobile thieves was a confession taken from Parsons by members of the Indianapolis police department and that he had said to the police that he was in error, particularly. He represented that it had been obtained from the defendant, Parsons, through the advice of a lawyer, which he had first employed, said lawyer advising him that it would go easier for him if he should sign a confession, though untrue, and get off as light as he could because all the others were guilty and he was going to try to lay part of the blame upon him. He further said that there was force and violence used in obtaining this confession from Parsons. He, therefore, upon these representations, solicited the privilege of having the defendant, Parsons, and his brother, who was also a member of the grand jury for investigation, appear before the body and tell them just how this confession had been obtained from him. Rollinson represented that his client was not guilty as heretofore said and that the only evidence against him was the confession; that he, Parsons, could be held sure, convince the grand jury that the confession was taken from Parsons, was forced and duress and that it was not just for the grand jury to indict him solely upon the confession obtained without there being presented to the grand jury the alleged facts of the fraud and duress in obtaining such confession. The prosecuting attorney then told the said Rollinson that if the grand jury consented, he would make no objection to the said defendant appearing and telling the alleged facts to the grand jury in order that its members might consider that phase of the case in passing upon the question of whether or not the persons should be indicted. He then referred to the grand jury, his lawyer, Ralph Jones, to whom Rollinson made the same request and upon the request being presented to the grand jury, through Mr. Jones, it was agreed that defendant might appear and make any statement relative to the obtaining of the confession which was being used as evidence against him, and he was warned, however, that anything which he would say might be used against him. This was the only knowledge that the prosecuting attorney had of the procedure in this case and Charles W. Rollinson did not either as an attorney or otherwise appear before the grand jury.

ADMIT LAWYER WAS BEFORE GRAND JURY.

"That Charles W. Rollinson did not appear and conduct a defense of this case before the grand jury of Marion county as set out in this false libelous, defamatory and scandalous statement, but the facts concerning his alleged appearance before the grand jury are as follows: All the witnesses for the state in the Parsons case had been heard when the defendants, Harry and Ben Parsons, appeared in the grand jury room in accordance with their lawyer's request to testify in their own behalf. All the other witnesses who had been called for that morning had testified and there was no other business before the grand jury on that morning. When Harry Parsons was called he was sworn and warned of his constitutional rights in the matter and then said that anything which he said might be used against him. At this juncture his lawyer, Charles W. Rollinson, who had come with him to the anteroom of the grand jury, opened the door, called the deputy prosecutor, Mr. Jones, and asked him to ask certain questions of this defendant. Mr. Jones then said, 'I want these questions asked as soon as they themselves.' He then turned to the witness and said: 'Harry, tell your story.' This Mr. Parsons did. That is the only thing that was said by Mr. Rollinson about the defendant, Harry Parsons. He then returned with Ben Parsons and told him to come in to tell his part of the story and said he had no objection to kill her for her former husband, she went to New York, where she said she expected to teach French. Mrs. Jackson, who is a musician, asks for the custody of the three children, Jeanne, 15; Mildred, 10, and Gustavus, aged 7.

Told Boy Can't Live, Mother Kills Self

CHICAGO, April 15.—Told her little son Leonard could not recover from pneumonia, Mrs. Benjamin Cayne leaped to her death early today from the fourth floor of the hospital where her son was a patient. Half an hour later Leonard joined his mother.

PAPER AT ANY PRICE!

Print paper prices have taken another jump skyward due to the railroad strike holding up shipments from the paper mills.

Before the strike there was a serious shortage of paper; now it has become acute.

The Times paid 14 cents per pound for the last paper it was able to buy, in carload lots.

This was an emergency order, given regardless of price, to make sure of continuous publication.

Under our present low advertising and subscription rates we would soon be "up the flue" if we used 14-cent paper regularly.

If paper bought on contract continues to advance in price, as now appears certain, the only course open to the newspaper will be a raise in its rates.

It's Spreading!

DETROIT, April 15.—Three thousand members of the Loyalty Order of Moose have resolutions indorsing formation of "overalls clubs" among membership here.

EMPORIA, Kas., April 15.—City firemen and policemen here organize "overall club" to combat the high cost of living. Attorney Owen Samuel heads move.

ROSEBURG, Ore., April 15.—"Over-all club" formed here with business men of the city, bankers, real estate, capitalists, clerks and contractors as charter members.

TOLEDO, April 15.—Twenty Toledo business men organize "Ohio's First Overall Club." They are pledged to wear the denim all summer.

Detroit Paper Boosts Price to 3 Cents

DETROIT, April 15.—The Detroit Free Press announced today that beginning Monday, April 19, its selling price would be increased to 3 cents a copy. The present price is 2 cents.

Lowden Plurality Surpasses 80,000

CHICAGO, April 15.—Lowden's plurality in the Illinois preferential primary Tuesday was more than \$80,000, returns today indicated.

All but 227 precincts reported.

Lowden's total in 5,635 of the 5,962 precincts was 234,878; Woods' total was 150,624; Hiram Johnson's vote was 46,181.

The management hopes to be able to resume publication in two weeks.

Says New Outbreak Brews in Germany

PARIS, April 15.—Dispatches to the French foreign office today indicated that a new revolutionary military movement was organizing in Germany.

An outbreak against the Ebert government was expected momentarily, the dispatches said.

Two More Indiana Towns Show Gains

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The census bureau today announced 1920 population results for following Indiana towns: Lebanon, Ind., 6,257; increase, 783, or 14.3 per cent. Tipton, Ind., 4,507; increase 432, or 10.6 per cent.

Dr. Roberts Must Serve His Sentence

MADISON, Wis., April 15.—Gov. Philip has denied the application for the pardon of Dr. David Roberts of Waukesha.

Dr. Roberts is serving a year's sentence in the house of correction at Milwaukee on a statutory offense with Miss Grace Lusk, who murdered Dr. Roberts' wife.

None of these has presented his credentials to the president.

The new wholesale sugar price in Indianapolis is 21.45 cents a pound, according to Stanley Wyckoff, fair price commissioner.

This price was agreed upon after a conference of wholesalers.

The new 2-cent margin of profit, this will make the retail price generally 23.4 cents a pound.

Mr. Wyckoff, asserting that speculators in Cuba and New York have cornered the Cuban crop, declared Indianapolis wholesalers had agreed to sell the sugar at 21.45 cents a pound, although they had been offered as high as 30 cents a pound by manufacturers who use a great deal of sugar.

The wholesale price in the city was fixed at 18.70 cents a pound several days ago.

No sugar was on sale today at the city market, except in cartons.

WOULD IMPEACH LOUIS F. POST

Congressman Charges Abuse of Deportation Duties.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—A resolution providing for impeachment of Louis F. Post, assistant secretary of labor, on charges of preventing deportation of aliens who sought to enter the country by force and violence, was prepared for introduction in the house by Representative Hoch, Republican, Kansas.

Information has reached the board that Mueller had decided to retain his office until his successor is qualified.

The negro voters are attempting to make this controversy a political issue and Commissioner Lewis G. Mueller, a justice of the peace of Center Township, and the petition of W. E. Henderson, a colored attorney for the town, will be used to obtain a jury.

Indications were that the entire afternoon will be used in an effort to obtain a jury.

Fifty men have been summoned for jury service.

The hearing was scheduled for 10 a. m. today, Wednesday in the commissioners' court.

The commissioners were informed today by Attorney Henderson that Squire Mueller had turned over his books and records to Frank L. Glass.

"Let us decide what should be done," said Commissioner Hayes.

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The restraining order is requested pending the hearing of a divorce petition.

The Longs were married Sept. 12 last and separated sometime ago.

Mrs. Long asks that her husband be restrained from molesting or bothering her, embracing her or otherwise forcing himself upon her.

She claims that the attorney continually follows her and forces his attentions upon her.

A detour of five miles from the National road in Hancock county would enable continuous of trucking.

H. K. Bishop, engineer of the state highway commission, said at noon today that the road is making in the law which gives the commission authority to interfere in the county road jurisdiction.

A number of trucks have been held up in the northern part of the state by township officials who refused permission to pass over roads and in Ohio truckers have had some difficulty with rural authorities about heavy loads, drivers in some cases being forced to unload their trucks.

The highest rental, \$3,000, is set for the home of Mrs. R. Hall McCormick, a society leader.

The full staff of servants is included in all rental figures, it was explained.

The Victory Issues sold at \$96.26.

(Continued on Page Six.)

WOMAN LOSES JEWELS WORTH \$4,000 IN HOTEL

Mrs. Julia Rogers Reports All Her Valuables Disappeared From Room.

\$1,000 BOND ALSO GONE

Jewelry valued at about \$4,000 and a \$1,000 liberty bond, the property of Mrs. Julia Rogers, residing at the Claypool hotel, have been lost or stolen, it became known this afternoon.

Detectors who are seeking to unravel the mystery of the missing jewels are uncertain as to how they disappeared, but Mrs. Rogers is positive in her declaration that they have been stolen.

The list of missing jewels includes a velvet dog collar, set with diamond slides, valued at \$1,700; a diamond bracelet at \$600, a pearl necklace and ring valued at \$800; a pearl and diamond ring valued at \$250; a diamond brooch valued at \$75; an amethyst matrix valued at \$75; a gold chain and a coral bracelet set with pearls.

USUALLY CARRIED JEWELS IN HOLDER.

Mrs. Rogers usually carried the jewels during the day in a holder about fifteen inches long, which folded three times, and attached to a belt which she wore about her body, she explained to the detectives.

At night she usually placed the jewels between the sheets of her bed.

Mrs. Rogers left her suite in the Claypool at 10:30 o'clock Wednesday morning.

Late in the afternoon she missed the jewels and reported their disappearance.

Detectives William Lash and G. M. Stewart, tracing down the loss of the jewels, were told by the maid that she had thrown all her clothes in a closet, from which they were removed, and sent to the laundry.

Before the clothes are thrown into the washing machine they are shaken out by a man who has been employed at the job for several years and is said to bear an excellent reputation for honesty.

GENERAL SEARCH IS CONDUCTED.

A search was made of all washing machine laundry on the chance that the jewels might have gone into them, but no trace of them was found.

The velvet dog collar was one of the finest pieces of jewelry in Indianapolis, it is said.

It was purchased in New York for \$1,700 and is said, and is worth \$3,000 at this time.

Each of the five slides in the collar was studded with a diamond.

Mrs. Rogers, who was much disturbed over the robbery, called in Pinkerton detectives in the case.

She was extremely anxious to avoid publicity.

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Lowden's total in 5,635 of the 5,962 precincts was 234,878; Woods' total was 150,624; Hiram Johnson's vote was 46,181.

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SEE WILSON BACK IN OLD-TIME FORM

Cabinet Meeting Hailed as

Hopeful Signal at Capital.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—President Wilson, it was understood today, stands ready to resume cabinet meetings, probably within a week.

Mr. Grayson announced that the president is perfectly able to meet with his cabinet whenever he deems it advisable.

It is understood the new members of the foreign diplomatic corps will be received shortly.

The cabinet meeting Wednesday is regarded as the first official meeting of the new administration circle as the signal announcing the resumption by the president of approximately his normal official activities.

Since the president was taken ill, Washington has sent a new ambassador to Japan, so has Italy, Argentina and Republic, while two of the new countries created by the peace of Versailles, Poland and Czechoslovakia, have appointed ministers to this country.

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To act as a unit in influencing and urging upon all law-making bodies of the state of Indiana to make existing law more equitable toward the tenant.

To act as a unit in aiding the authorities of the city of Indianapolis and state of Indiana in maintaining law and order.

The articles of incorporation provided that a board of advisors, consisting of ten in number, shall be elected annually, and the president of the board of directors of five shall be named and the directors shall manage the association.

Incorporators are Walter R. Beard, 453 East Washington street, furniture dealer; Henry B. Miller, 1706 Avenue, druggist; James F. Ryan, 118 East St. Clair street, cigar store owner; Elmer J. Nease, 100 North New street, of Robins Electric Company, and Charles N. Bartter, 1800 South Oliver street, manager Robins Music Company.

Karrer & Stroh are attorneys for the incorporators.

With these hands she is charged with finally stabbing her husband on the night of Dec. 26 last.

In a dying statement Gossett told the authorities he had been waylaid while on the way to the Chalfont apartments, 26th and Locust, where he had been riding his bicycle, and was beaten and attacked and stabbed by an unidentified man.

Following his death, the authorities found a butcher knife, covered with blood, on the roof of a building adjoining the apartment house.