

Indiana Daily Times

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Daily Except Sunday, 25-29 South Meridian Street.
Telephones—Main 3500, New 28-351

MEMBER OF AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATIONS.

Advertising Offices—Chicago, New York, Boston, Detroit, G. Logan Payne Co.

"THIS IS THE YEAR"

"SERVICE AT COST" will not be objectionable to Indianapolis if the street car company can only find a way to provide the service.

RIDING the mayor and the purchasing agent in the new patrol wagon they just bought was a cruel hoax, considering that the purchasing department is still under investigation by the council.

BUT THEN, why shouldn't jail prisoners be allowed the same privileges that the city administration extends to the negro gamblers in Indiana avenue poolrooms?

A STATE RENTAL BOARD might be of great value to both landlords and tenants in this state provided neither Gov. Goodrich nor Stanley Wyckoff had any connection with it.

IT IS DIFFICULT to understand why eleven autos were stolen in Indianapolis in a few hours. Only four men convicted of auto thefts avoided sentences on various pretexts last week.

THE ONLY PLEDGE a democrat need make to get a seat in the general assembly of Indiana is a pledge to end the "centralization" that brought about the tax law changes and the highway graft.

THE "ANTI-JEWETT" organization will please stand up and be labeled a part of "sinister influences" that threaten "good citizenship" as expounded by Sheriff Miller, ex-Prosecutor Rucker, ex-Sheriff Dodson in federal court and ex-Chief Coffin before the board of safety.

More "Good Citizenship"

If James E. Collins, judge of the criminal court, and Claris Adams, prosecutor, had any conception of their duty to the people of Marion county who were deluded into electing them to office, they would not permit the misfeasance in office of Sheriff Miller to go unprobed by the Marion county grand jury.

Sheriff Miller, heedless of warnings in federal court, in the face of the pleadings of his friends permitted his underlings at the county jail to violate the law with his undoubted knowledge. They starved prisoners, grafted off of them and in exchanges for bribes permitted prisoners to carry the keys of the jail and go and come regardless of the sentences of the court.

Sworn testimony to this effect has been brought out in federal court and is available for use both before the grand jury and in a hearing to impeach Mr. Miller.

Either the judge of the criminal court or the prosecutor could lay these facts before the Marion county grand jury and that body could and probably would return a bill of impeachment against Miller for his official neglect in the superintendency of the jail.

But will they do it?
Not unless public sentiment compels them to act.
It is far more likely that these two misfits who are now charged with the enforcement of the criminal laws of the state will hold a little conference with other county pap-suckers and decide what they can do to hush the scandal that Judge Anderson loosed.

Miller, remember, is a candidate for renomination on the republican ticket. He is running on his record as a "good citizen" office-holder. He is another of those exponents of "good citizenship and clean government" who were foisted into public office by the News-controlled gang of political pirates who believe in letting the office-holders get all they can under the cloak of misrepresentation.

We hope the republican party nominates Bob Miller for sheriff again. Such a nomination would not only be a measure of the brazen effrontery of the courthouse gang, but it would give the people of Marion county a chance to say at the polls whether they approve gambling, graft and bribery in their county jail.

We can not think that a plurality of the voters of this county are so indifferent to decency in office that they would vote to indorse the "record" of Sheriff Miller and his gang of petty larcenists who operate the jail.

"Eventually, Why Not Now?"

Senator Colt of Rhode Island, a republican and a former federal judge, says that the peace treaty recently returned by a mandarin senate to President Wilson "is only temporarily laid aside as far as the United States is concerned and must eventually be ratified."

The senator's view is becoming wide spread every day. The leaders of his party are beginning to realize that they do not dare go before the public on their record in regard to the peace treaty for the reason that it consists of nothing but obstruction.

The republican senate obstructed the league of nations and offered nothing as a substitute.

It attempted by reservations and interpretations to amend the peace treaty and it failed for lack of unity among the republicans.

It kept this nation in a state of war and commercial chaos for a year and it concluded the spectacle by sending the treaty back to the president without a single recommendation or a single intimation of what it wanted.

What is wrong with the Wilson treaty?

There are as many answers to that question as there are different kinds of republicans in the senate. Johnson says the whole league of nations theory is wrong. Lodge pretends to endorse the league, but insists that the treaty is so worded as to run afoul of our constitution. Taft indorses the league of nations and the treaty with certain reservations.

And, as a result of these differences of opinion as to what is wrong, differences that prevent any constructive measures for the formation of a treaty that is acceptable to the republicans, no treaty has been enacted.

This nation will not long continue as the only one of the allies that has not concluded peace.

A treaty of peace can only be originated by the president.

The republican senate must call upon President Wilson for a treaty of peace with Germany and when it does it must again receive the treaty with the league of nations features.

As Senator Colt says:
"Peace has to be made. Terms have to be agreed upon. The common-sense thing to do is to stay with our associates and to make with the common enemy the peace they make."

"If we permanently stay out of the league of nations, instead of having the bulk of the world with us, we shall have forty-five nations in the league all allied against us. Our Monroe Doctrine will be gone, for the South American countries are going into the league. Our world leadership will be gone."

Open for the Primaries

Enforcement of that part of our criminal laws which is presumed to prevent open gambling houses in Indiana has become a joke. With the approach of the primaries the negro craps shooters on whom the organization republicans are depending for the nomination of their candidates are shooting craps on the "avenue" without fear of molestation and with little interference by the police. One negro who holds an administration job had three craps games in operation Saturday night and Sunday and was not molested by the police who appear to have confined their attention to the arrest of Sol Caldwell, whom they have been arresting regularly for months.

Mayor Jewett has revoked no poolroom licenses in spite of his expressed willingness to do so. The craps shooting is mostly confined to poolrooms and the licensees thereof pay no attention to city ordinances governing them.

All of which is another indication of the approach of the May primaries.

Chief Kinney can not control these gambling joints without stationing policemen in them. Mr. Taggart and Mr. McWhirter of the board ought to have the courage to insist that he station policemen in them, whether or not that course meets with the approval of Mayor Jewett.

THE DEMOCRAT WHO MEETS DIFFICULTIES WITH A SMILE



Photo by International Film Service.
WILLIAM GIBBS McADOO.

This photo of Mr. McAdoo was taken as he was laying the corner stone of the new Assay building in New York City. It is characteristic of the man that however serious his thoughts he meets life with a smile.

William Gibbs McAdoo has spent almost entirely to him. He was twenty-eight years of his fifty-six in New York City. Born in Marietta, Ga., in 1863, he was educated at the University of Tennessee and admitted to the bar at the age of 21. He practiced at Chattanooga until he was 28, when he came to New York and continued his profession for many years. The idea of putting a tunnel under the Hudson river and carrying passengers in it must be credited almost entirely to him. He was president and director of the Hudson and Manhattan Railroad company, which in the year 1904, after he had overcome all sorts of extraordinary difficulties, both in engineering and financing, completed the first tunnel. This was followed by three more, and the present system was completed in 1908. He is a delegate to the democratic national convention at Baltimore, which selected Woodrow Wilson.

son, and was subsequently vice chairman of the democratic national committee, and acting chairman during much of the campaign. President Wilson made him secretary of the treasury in his first cabinet the following year.

Mr. McAdoo has been married twice. His first wife, whose name was Sarah H. Fleming, died in 1912, after a married life of twenty-seven years. In May, 1914, as every one knows, he married the president's daughter, Eleanor Wilson.

Of Mr. McAdoo's activities since 1913 and especially those during the war, there is no need for me to speak in detail here. He was put in charge of the railroads, after they were taken over in December, 1917, and operated them throughout the war period. Mr. McAdoo told me an interesting bit of secret history in connection with this matter. He stated that the roads were taken over largely because the allies were on the edge of starvation through lack of American food, which could not be moved to tidewater in this country. They actually curtailed munitions to get food through. Mr. McAdoo flatly denied that government operation was either inefficient or wastefully expensive. He stated that a steady and bitter propaganda to discredit government operation has been conducted, and that it has been successful in misinforming the public mind to an astonishing degree.

I might add that he makes the same charge in regard to most of these so-called war scandals.

"No war in history was conducted with so little waste and graft as this one," he declared.

"It is true that money was spent prodigiously, because we had to organize prodigiously, but such expenditures were a true economy in the end. The best informed statesmen and military experts expected the war to last at least until the summer of 1919.

"When the armistice was signed, the war was costing us \$60,000,000 a day. America's big scale efforts undoubtedly ended the conflict six to nine months earlier than would otherwise have been the case.

"By spending as we did we saved to the country the cost of six months' war, or \$10,000,000,000. This is to say nothing of the far more vital aspect of the matter—the many thousands of additional American lives which were saved by the early termination of the conflict. Who is so hard enough to measure those lives against the dollars which were spent, it is true, prodigiously, but with the maximum effect, at a time when such expenditure was needed?"—Copyrighted by Bruce Blyden.

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Palm for Taximan

SEATTLE, March 31.—Give him the pomme de terra, general, and another pomme for exceptional bravery. John Magnusson, taxi cab driver here, has automobile license No. 13131A.

HOOVER'S OUT AS REPUBLICAN

'Can Not Refuse Service,' He Telegraphs Californians.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 31.—Plans for an active nation-wide campaign to secure the republican presidential nomination for Herbert Hoover, were being launched by his friends here today following Hoover's announcement that he would accept the republican nomination.

"While I do not and will not myself seek the nomination, if it is felt the issues necessitate it and it is demanded of me I can not refuse service," Hoover declared in a telegram received here by Warren Gregory, president of the Hoover Republican club of California.

"The recent developments over the treaty, stagnation in adjustment of our great economic problems and particularly the many urgent representations that I have received as to the situation in my own state, convince me that it is my duty to confirm the action that my republican friends there have already taken without consulting me," Hoover's telegram declared.

A full-fledged Hoover boom is expected to develop in Indiana as a result of the statement of Mr. Hoover that he will accept the republican nomination.

for the presidency if it is offered to him at the Chicago convention.

Indiana will be represented at a conference to be held in Chicago within the next ten days to plan a campaign in an effort to bring about the nomination of the former food administrator.

Added attempts will be made to turn the former food control organization in Indiana into a political organization with the nomination of Hoover as its object.

Harry M. Barnard, former federal food administrator for Indiana, is back of this movement.

Some time ago he sent letters to all the former food administrators asking their support of a movement to bring about the nomination of Hoover, but the continued reluctance of Mr. Hoover to say whether he would accept the nomination or even to say with which party he would affiliate.

Commission Signed by Three Presidents

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., March 31.—Joseph P. Connor, who has assumed office as postmaster of the city, possesses the distinction of having commissions signed by three presidents and three postmasters general.

Mr. Connor, who held the same office from 1904 to 1918, has commissions signed by President Roosevelt, Taft and Wilson and Postmaster Generals Von L. Meyer, Hitchcock and Burleson.

DATA ON \$17,000 SCHOOL JOB

(Continued From Page 5)

modeling job was one undertaken by school authorities on an authorized expenditure of \$17,000, as reported until more than \$17,000. If the list of materials was it is declared by those who it disappeared, it would be evidence of intent on the part to exceed the authorized expenditure of the building.

School 59 presents one of the most complete of how the affairs of the city are operated.

Material was bought, cost thousands of dollars spent without any specifications prepared, without any authority the school board for the remodeling of the building.

The state board of accounts considerable difficulty in tracing the school board for the remodeling of the building. The board, and the disappearance of the documents is only a small part of the story. The campaign that is under way to secure of these responsible positions that have cost the taxpayers of Indianapolis thousands of dollars.

BARGAIN TABLE

50c HARDWATER COCOA SOAP (limit 1 dozen), 3 for 10c
10c KIRK'S BATH SOAP (limit 1 dozen), 3 for 7c
10c LAVA OIL BUTTER-MILK SOAP (limit 1 dozen), 3 for 7c



306-312 E. Washington St., Just East of Courthouse.
Store Closes Saturdays at 6 p. m.

SOAP SALE

White Bar Soap, 5 cakes, 10c
Ivory Soap, 5 cakes, 10c
Dutch Cleanser, 5 cakes, 10c
P. & G. White Soap, 4 cakes, 10c
No Phosphorus Soap, 4 cakes, 10c

Here Are Remarkable Opportunities In Modest Priced Spring Wear



Even in these times it is possible for the man who keeps in touch with the market, to obtain at special concessions in price, garments that are fresh from the maker's hands.

Our buyers have achieved another excellent "buy." For we have just added to our already unusually extensive spring lines, several of the season's most desirable models in the very latest modes, which make it possible for us to pass on to our customers opportunities in price economies seldom offered at this high of the season.

Styles That Are Delightful—Prices Even More So.
\$55.00 Value—
\$39.50
\$65.00 Value—
\$49.00

The New Dresses

Every spring occasion, every individual taste and requirement are happily remembered in this assemblage of new frocks. The straight line type is still popular with the addition this season of the more fitted lines. The fuller hip lines are noted in many delightful variations by the clever use of pleating and ruffings.

At \$19.50 to \$69.00

New Spring Coats

The new coats are certainly an added reason for being glad that Spring is coming, so luxuriously soft are new materials and so charming the shades in which they come. The three-quarter length is a pleasant change from the decidedly heavy, long coats of the winter.

At \$16.50 to \$52.50
All alterations free. This means another saving of \$2 to \$5.

Spring Fashions Hold Sway

Flower Trimmed Millinery Suggests the Approach of Easter

And what a gloriously beautiful Easter! It will be with all these richly, deftly colored "flower wicker" to rival spring's own budding life in beauty. And the hats with flowered crowns—what glories are here. Look over our hats before you decide.

\$5 \$10 \$15

Stunning Crepe de Chine and Georgette

BLOUSES

Don't try to picture these wonderful blouses, for very few women can because they are so becomingly different. You had best see them yourself and judge what remarkable values they really are. All the most desirable shades are represented in all the wanted sizes, and selection will be a simple matter. Extraordinary values at—

\$4.95 to \$19.95

Easter Gloves

KAYSER'S SILK GLOVES, 2-clasp; also other styles, in white, black and colors, self or contrasting stitching—\$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

LONG SILK GLOVES, 16-button length, in white or black, nearly all sizes, a pair—\$1.25

LONG SILK GLOVES, in white, pink or blue, 12-button length; a pair—\$1.50

KAYSER'S LONG SILK GLOVES, 16-button length, in white or black, a pair—\$2.50

NEW SILK BAGS, self-covered or metal frames, also bead trimmed; fitted wrist; in black, navy and gray; special values, \$1.00 up to—\$10.50

Boys' Easter Wear

Easter happiness for the boy in suits for Easter and day-in-and-day-out wear—suits made with the old-time care that mother used to know and practice. The goodness of the tailoring shows in the fit of the suit—there's boyish smartness in every line.

All-Wool Serges—
\$12.75 to \$17.75

Fancy Mixtures—
\$9.75 to \$22.50

BOYS' WAISTS OR SHIRTS, attached collar or neckband style, soft cuff, in white or fancy stripes, 95c, \$1.25 and—**\$1.50**

BOYS' TIES, Windsor or four-hand style, bright spring colorings, choice—**50c**

BRINGING UP FATHER.



ABIE THE AGENT.



YOU WILL HAVE A GAME OF PINOCHLE?



THERE'S ALWAYS SOMETHING LACKING

