

LAWRENCEBURGH,  
SATURDAY MORNING, JAN. 2, 1836.

FOR PRESIDENT:  
GENERAL WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON,  
OF OHIO.

HARRISON ELECTORS FOR INDIANA.  
Gen. JOHN G. CLENDENAN, of Orange county.  
Dr. HIRAM DECKER, of Knox.  
Gen. MILTON STAFF, of Jefferson.  
Mr. ENOCH McCARTY, of Franklin.  
Mr. ACHILLES WILLIAMS, of Wayne.  
Mr. ALBERT S. WHITE, of Tippacanoe.  
Gen. MARTON G. CLARK, of Washington.  
Mr. ABRAHAM P. ANDREWS, of Leopold.  
Mr. A. W. MORRIS, of Marion.

According to the custom of the Press, though not because it is customary, we present our compliments to our readers, and sincerely wish for each and all of them, a happy New-Year.

In sermonizing phrase, we wish all of them "blessings suited to their various conditions"—to the poor, wealth—to the sick, health—to the merchant, good customers—to the farmers, plentiful harvests and good markets—to our *fair readers*, whatever they please to wish, as fast as they can wish it, and to our brother Editors, a large increase of punctual subscribers, so that if *good readers* are of any avail, our readers may all expect the new year to be, indeed, a happy one.

A public meeting was held in Cincinnati, on the 15th ult., to consider the subject of a Rail Road from that city to Springfield. We have great pleasure in noticing among the Resolutions adopted at the meeting, the following: "Resolved, that this meeting is gratified to observe the manifestations of public spirit in the State of Indiana, and the energy there manifested in the prosecution of a *work of Internal Improvement*. This meeting also, approves the granting to our Governor's Message which recommends the granting to that State, the privilege of constructing, a part of the White Water Canal within this State (Ohio)."

*Congress.*—We have but little information about the business of this body. Under the proper head the reader will find the proceedings in the Senate on the 21st ult.

In the House a bill was reported and passed to a second reading, for the relief of the sufferers by the late fire in New York. One section of the bill provides, that the Collector of the Port of that City, may extend the time of payment of bonds heretofore given for duties (and not due before the 17th ult.) to periods not exceeding an average of three, four and five years, provided the payments at those periods shall be secured. The second section of the bill, directs the Secretary of the Treasury, to transfer to such banks as he may select (in the city of New York we presume) any *surplus money* of the government, not required for the public service, and permit the same to remain in such banks, for twelve months from the passage of the act.

*Deeds and Conveyances.*—It was decided we believe, not long ago, by the Supreme Court of Ohio, that the certificate of a wife's acknowledgement of a deed for the conveyance of lands, should state "that the contents of the deed were fully explained to her." We find in Hammond's Gazette of the 22d ult., the following decision in the Court of Bank, of that State, which may be of use to conveyancers. "Held, in the case of Catharine McFarland, vs. the heirs of Fibiger, that where a deed recites that husband and wife were parties of the first part, but where the operative words of conveyance are of the husband's rights only and the covenants specially made by the husband alone, the joinder of the wife in the execution of the deed, does not bar her claim to dower."

*A Challenge.*—On our second page the reader will find a challenge, which we copy from the Louisville Journal. It is not a challenge to fight a duel, gentle reader, but to a trial of the comparative merits of the various Machines, now before the public, for making Brick. We like to give publicity to such challenges. It is important that the public should know, which of the various inventions, is best. The proprietor of "Sawyer's patent" seems to be very confident of its superiority, by the tone of his challenge, and the wager he offers.

"Hang out the Banner on the outer wall."—  
"The cry is still—THEY COME!"

The Anti-masons and Whigs of Pennsylvania, have both, in their State Conventions, nominated Harrison for the Presidency. While rejoicing at this event, we received, also, the most cheering intelligence from Maryland. The Whig convention of that state assembled, and on the 23d ult. *unanimously* nominated Gen. Harrison, as a candidate for the Presidency, and John Tyler of Virginia, for the Vice Presidency. So says the Baltimore Patriot, of the 24th ult. Verily, the Old Hero's prospects grow brighter every day. The People are more numerous than the office-holders.

We have received the first number of the Repository, published at Greenburgh, in Decatur county, in this state. It promises to be an able advocate of correct principles, and we wish it abundant success.

We should not omit, to notice, also, a new paper, entitled "The Post," published at Bloomington. It supports Harrison with zeal and ability. May it prosper. We have received, also, the "Courier," a paper just commenced at Greenburgh, by W. V. Coleman. It supports Van Buren and Johnson. It is very fair sheet; we mean as to its typography.

We have received this week, ten or twelve additional exchange papers—all for Harrison.

The Savannah Georgian says, col. James C. Terrell, elected last year, a member of congress from that state, died on the 1st ult.

"Honor to whom Honor is due."—Now that there is a prospect of the completion, at no very distant day, of the Rail Road from Cincinnati to Charleston, it begins to be a question of some interest "who first projected it?" We find in the Cincinnati Evening Post,—the subjoined article, which is there published, in answer to the enquiry of a correspondent. The Senior Editor of the Post is, E. F. Thomas.

"It is true, as stated by our correspondent in the article above, that we are the author and projector of the Cincinnati and Charleston Rail Road, five years ago this month, of which we have incontestable proof—and it is equally true that we were not on any of the Committees that have been appointed; consequently cannot answer the questions put to us upon the subject.—We shall nevertheless continue to exert all our energies and devote our press to the promotion of the "Great Enterprise."

SENIOR EDITOR OF THE EVENING POST.

It will be seen from our Legislative Summary, that the Bill for the Apportionment of Representatives and Senators, in the several counties, in this state, has passed. By the provisions of the Law, this county is to have four Representatives and one Senator. Next week we will publish the Law.

Bishop Emory, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was thrown from his carriage on the 16th ult. and killed. We find in the National Intelligencer, the following account of his death.

"The late Bishop Emory left his residence, one mile this side of Reister's Town, on the morning of the 16th instant, about 6 o'clock, and proceeded on his journey towards Baltimore, as far as the hill little north of Weaver's Tavern, where it is supposed the horse ran away with the carriage, and, on passing violently down the hill, a short distance below Weaver's at a water break, it is believed the Bishop was thrown from his carriage with great force, the back of his head coming in contact with a large stone, broke the skull, and the brain protruded out.

"The horse becoming disengaged from the carriage, continued down the road, was first discovered by Mr. Simpson going up the road, near the bridge, at Owings' mills, who made an effort to stop the horse, but failed. Mr. Simpson, on approaching the water break, discovered the Bishop lying on the margin of the east side of the road, and the carriage nearly opposite on the west side. He was then taken to Mr. Weaver's, where every kindness and attention was paid him, and the professional attendance of Drs. Addison and Lash procured without delay.

"He expired at a quarter past seven o'clock, on the evening of the same day. He was found speechless, and continued so until his decease."

A fire broke out last night, between nine and ten o'clock, on Ninth street, near the Court House, in a Saddlery manufactory, a three story frame; it, and its contents, were soon consumed, and the fire spread to the tavern of Mr. Merchant, and several other smaller frames and stables, which were much injured or destroyed; but after the arrival of the fire engines the fire was immediately got under, and spread no further.—*Cincinnati Republican*.

*Steam Boat Disaster.*—We learn from the clerk of the Steam boat Native, just arrived from the mouth of the Cumberland, that the steam boat Walk-in-the-Water was destroyed by fire, at Natchez landing, on Saturday, the 5th inst. Our informant adds, that her cargo was not only entirely consumed but that after having been cut loose, she floated down against the splendid boat Charles-ton; which taking fire, was also much injured. A white and a colored man were burnt to death.

Nashville Union.

We extract the following paragraph from the Vermillion, (At.) Sentinel, of the 5th inst. The editor has omitted to mention through what source the news was received, and at what time Cos and his army surrendered. Our only apprehension is, that the account of such a desirable result is premature, although we feel certain such an event is, by no means improbable. *Louisville Adv.*

"Cos and his whole forces were obliged to capitulate and surrendered themselves prisoners of war.

ANOTHER STEAM BOAT LOST.

We learn that the Walk-in-the-Water was burnt at Natchez, about a week ago, with a cargo of eighteen hundred bales of cotton. The Captain and Clerk were ashore, and the officers of the boat were about retiring to their berths, when the alarm was given, and they rushed to the doors which were fast—they forced them, and with difficulty made their escape. It is not known how the fire originated.—*Cincinnati Post*.

Indiana Legislature.

IN SENATE.

THURSDAY, Dec. 17, 1835.

The President laid before the Senate a report from the commissioner of the canal fund; which was read, and on motion of Mr. Morgan, referred to the committee on the canal fund.

Mr. TALLMADGE presented some petitions, which were referred.

Mr. WHITE offered the following, which lies over one day:

*Resolved*, That the Committee on Public Lands be instructed to inquire into the propriety of providing, by law, that John H. Cook, of the State of Indiana, may enter and obtain a grant for one hundred thousand acres of land, in exchange for the like quantity claimed by him in the State of Alabama.

On motion of Mr. WEBSTER, Mr. EWING, Mr. GRUNDY, Mr. SOUTHDARD, Mr. CLAYTON, Mr. BLACK, and Mr. WHITE, such parts of the President's Message as had reference to the subjects pertaining to the Committees of which they are Chairmen, were referred to those committees.

INCENDIARY PUBLICATIONS.

Mr. CALHOUN moved that so much of the Presidents Message as refers to the transmission of incendiary publications by mail be referred to a special committee.

On this motion some debate took place, (which will be given in our next,) in which the affirmative of the proposition was sustained by Mr. PRESTON, Mr. MANGUM, Mr. CLAYTON, GOLDSBOROUGH, Mr. LEIGH, Mr. EWING, and Mr. DAVIS, and the negative by Mr. KING, of Alabama, Mr. GRUNDY, Mr. BUCHANAN and Mr. BROWN.

The motion of Mr. CALHOUN was carried in the affirmative—ayes 23.

On motion of Mr. CALHOUN, the committee was ordered to consist of five Senators.

The Senate proceeded to ballot for the committee, when the following Senators were elected: Mr. CALHOUN, Mr. KING of Ga., Mr. MANGUM, Mr. DAVIS, and Mr. LINN.

On motion of Mr. BLACK, the bill introduced by him to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to invest the 2 per cent. fund, &c. was read a second time and referred.

The Senate then adjourned.

DIED—On the 28th ult. at Cincinnati, General James Findlay.

M'Guire, who was shot, a few days ago, at Cincinnati by Gedney, is dead.

Laurenceburgh Lyceum,

Will meet next Monday evening, at Mr. Leverett's School Room, to discuss the following question:

Is the Art of Printing of more use to mankind, than the Mariners' Compass?

Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to attend.

E. P. BOND, Secretary.

THE sale of the Real Estate, in this county, of Cunningham Carrick deceased, will not take place at the time stated in the advertisement of the Administratrix. Due notice will be given before the sale.

SAWYER'S PATENT,

For Making Brick from Dry Clay.

FOUR extensive establishments are now engaged for making the irons, moulds and castings of Sawyer's *Celebrated Patent Brick Machines*, in order to supply those preparing for their erection the ensuing season. When the clay is properly prepared during the winter it is estimated that the expense of manufacturing will be lessened, at least one half from that of making in the usual way. Application for Rights in the West, may be made as before to the subscriber in Louisville Ky.

On motion of Mr. P. laid on the table.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, Dec. 17, 1835.

On motion of Mr. Walker two resolutions were introduced and adopted, that evidence of the contract made with, and all evidence in relation to the establishment heretofore of the seat of justice for Dearborn county, in the town of Lawrenceburgh, be laid before the committee on the judiciary by the present memorialists—and that the proceedings of the commissioners in relation to the seat of justice of Dearborn county, at or near the town of Wilmington, be laid before the judiciary committee.

On motion of Mr. Brown,

On motion of Mr. P. laid on the table.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE undersigned having taken out letters of Administration on the estate of John Bennett, late of Henry county, dec'd., situated in the county of Dearborn, request all indebted to said estate to make immediate payment; and all those having claims to present them, duly and punctually for settlement. The estate is supposed to solvent.

ROBERT ROWE, Jr. Adm'r.

Dec. 28, 1835.

51—tf.

*Resolved*, That the committee on the judiciary be instructed to enquire into the propriety of establishing a system of Probate, or chancery courts, and of transferring to said courts all the powers and duties of the present probate courts; as also the equity or chancery powers now exercised by the Circuit Courts.

Mr. Stapp moved the following resolution; which was read, and, on his motion, laid on the table, to wit:

*Resolved*, That the committee on Ways and Means be instructed to report a bill increasing the salary of the supreme and circuit judges, to the sum of one thousand dollars each, per annum.

APPORTIONMENT BILL PASSED.

The House, late on yesterday evening, passed the apportionment Bill of the Senate, providing for 46 Senators and 100 Representatives, with a few slight amendments. It now requires the concurrence of the Senate, in the amendments of the House, and the signature of the Governor to become a law.

Twenty-Fourth Congress.

MONDAY, DECEMBER, 21, 1835.

IN SENATE.

JOHN M. NILES, a Senator from Connecticut, appointed to fill the place of the late NATHAN SMITH, appeared and took his seat.

Mr. TOMLINSON presented the credentials of JOHN M. NILES, appointed by the Executive of Connecticut to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of the Hon. NATHAN SMITH.

Mr. NILES was then sworn.

A Message was received from the President of the United States, submitting to the consideration of Congress a request made in London for an Institution in this country, which on motion of Mr. WEBSTER, was laid on the table.

Various petitions were presented by Mr. KEAN, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. SWIFT, Mr. SHEPHERD, Mr. EWING, Mr. NAUDAIN, Mr. WEBSTER, Mr. BLACK, Mr. TIPTON, Mr. LEIGH, PORTER, and appropriately referred.

Mr. WEBSTER offered the following resolution, and moved its consideration at this time, which was agreed to:

*Resolved*, That the Committee on Finance be instructed to inquire what measures should be adopted by Congress in consequence of the destruction of merchandise and other property by the late fire in New York.

NORTHERN BOUNDARY OF OHIO.

Mr. EWING, pursuant to notice, rose to ask leave to introduce a bill to define and settle the northern boundary line of the State of Ohio.

Leave being granted, Mr. EWING introduced the bill, which was read and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. EWING moved the second reading of the bill, which was objected to by Mr. MORRIS.

Mr. RUGGLES offered the following resolution, which lies over for consideration:

*Resolved*, That the Committee on Commerce be instructed to inquire into the expediency of making appropriations to construct harbors at the mouths of the St. Joseph's, Kalamazoo, and Gallion rivers of Lake Michigan, and for removing the bar at the mouth of Clinton river of Lake St. Clair.

Mr. HENDRICKS presented sundry petitions, and offered the following resolutions, which lie over one day.

*Resolved*, That the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads be instructed to inquire into the expediency of establishing a post route from Indianapolis, by way of Danville, Rockville, Montezuma, and Newport, to Danville, in Illinois.

*Resolved*, That the Committee on Roads and Canals be instructed to inquire into the expediency of making an appropriation for the construction of the Cumberland road in the States of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois.

Mr. TALLMADGE presented some petitions, which were referred.

Mr. WHITE offered the following, which lies over one day:

*Resolved*, That the Committee on Public Lands be instructed to inquire into the propriety of providing, by law, that John H. Cook, of the State of Indiana, may enter and obtain a grant for one hundred thousand acres of land, in exchange for the like quantity claimed by him in the State of Alabama.

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