

**NEWSPAPERS.** The following apt description of the usefulness and variety of the Newspapers of the present day, we copy from the August No. of the 'Knickerbocker,' a New York periodical, which we take pleasure in recommending as entitled to a station in every respectable library:

"There is something exceedingly grateful in the country, when you can, as far as literature is concerned, enjoy the delectable *urbs in rura*; when you can get books, and especially newspapers; for whatsoever may be said by man or woman, as touching editors, they are famous ministers to our pleasure. We love to peruse their sheets; and even in times of political excitement, when a stranger to the country might be induced to believe that the greatest rascals in the Republic were rival candidates for the highest honors—when, among journalists, each one seems *rempli de colère*, and ready to pull every opponent by the nose—even then, we love to read their writings. We like to see the cut, the keen retort, the hot rejoinder, and the sequent quip. There is excitement in them.

commend me to a newspaper.—Cowper had never seen one of our big sheets, when he called such four-paged folios, "a map of busy life." They are more—they are life itself. It is ever-sounding and resistless *vox populi* thunders through their columns, to cheer or subdue, to elevate or to destroy. Let a scoundrel do a dirty action and get his name and deed into the papers, and then go into the street—Broadway for example—and you will see his reception. Why does each passer-by curl his lip, and regard him with scorn? Why is he shunned, as if a noisome pestilence breathed around him? What makes every man observe him with a contemptuous leer? Because *they have seen the newspaper*, and they know him. So, in a contrary degree, is it with honorable and gifted men. The news-prints keep their works and worth before the public eye; and when themselves appear, they are the observed of all observers.

Hats are lifted as they approach, and strangers, to whom they are pointed out, gaze after them with reverence. Success to newspapers? They are liable, it is true, to abuse—as what blessing is not? but they are noble blessings nevertheless. What an endless variety of subjects, too do they contain! Now we are entertained with original dissertations on numerous important subjects; and then, to use the quaint old catalogue of Burton, 'come tidings of weddings, maskings, mummuries, entertainments, jubilees, wars, fires, inundations, thefts, murders, massacres, meteors, comets, spectrums, prodigies, ship-wrecks, piracies, sea fights, laws, proclamations, embassys, trophies, triumphs, revels, sporters, players; then, again, as in a new-shifted scene, treasons, cheating tricks, robberies, enormous villainies in all kindes, funerals, burials, new discoveries, expositions; now comical, then tragical matters. To-day we hear of new offices created, to-morrow of great men deposed, and then again of fresh honors conferred; one is let loose, another imprisoned; one purchaseth, another breaketh; he thrives, his neighbor turneth bankrupt; now plenty then death and famine; one runs, another rides, wrangles, laughs, weeps, and so forth. Thus we do daily hear such like, both public and private news."

I have an attachment to newspapers, because I deem a kind of moral *batten-ux be plaisirance*—or rail cars mayhap—wherein you can embark before breakfast, or after dinner, and survey the world, and the kingdoms thereof. It is a cheap and right wholesome way of journeying: indeed with the exception of few national jaunts, is about the only mode I have ever employed: "for I travel not, save in mappe and cardo, in which my unconfined thoughts have freely expatiated, as having ever been especially delighted with the study of cosmogony." My bias for newspapers is at least an honest one. And I have been driven into it more perhaps from the worthlessness of the mass of republished books, than from the intrinsic merit of my hebdominal visitors; for the name of these aforesaid books is legion; and most of them, if in sheets, would be fit only to put under pies, to rap spice in and keep roast meat from burning."

**TROUBLE WITH THE FLORIDA INDIANS.** The St. Augustine Herald of August 27th states that an express had just arrived at that place, from Fort King, with dispatches for Brig. Gen. Clinch, commanding the United States

troops in Florida, conveying information of the murder of Private Dalton, of the 3d artillery, who was employed in carrying the mail from Fort King to Tampa Bay. He was met on the evening of the 6th inst. near the Hillsborough bridge, by a party of six Micasmky Indians. He approached them in a peaceable manner, when one of them seized hold of the bridle of his mule, and another shot him. He was then scalped, his bowels ripped open and thrown into a pond in the vicinity. The mule was shot, and the contents of the mail, and the saddle and bridle carried away by the murderers. The cause alleged for the outrage was, that an Indian had been killed in a skirmish with the whites, and his brethren were determined to sacrifice the first white man they should meet. A detachment was forthwith sent out in pursuit of the murderers but returned without apprehending them. A meeting was called by the Indian agent, and it is probable that the murderers will be taken and handed to justice.

*N. Y. Times.*

"GUESS so." There is not a more notorious or useful Yankee than these two words. Some English scribbler has said that it is almost impossible for a Yankee to talk without guessing, and we 'guess,' he is more than half right. But the pith of the joke is, the real genuine Yankee always guesses what he knows to be certain. For ought we can conscientiously say to the contrary, a conversation like the following may have taken place, aptly illustrating our subject:

"What's going on up your way?"  
"Can't you guess?"  
"Guess I can't, what is it?"  
"Nothing, I guess, only a trainin'-aunt you goin'?"  
"Guess not."  
"Guess you'd better—have a fine time I guess."  
"Guess they will—but rather guess I'm engaged."  
"Guess you'll go?"  
"Guess I shan't. Good day."  
"Good day." [Exultant ambo.]

**ANECDOTE.** A certain German, who had but a slight acquaintance with the English language was once invited to take tea with a married lady and her sister. Having observed previously when in company, that he was at a loss in pronouncing the word *mistake*, which in his dialect approached rather nearly mus-tick, he examined a dictionary containing many provincial definitions, he found mistake, 'to get the wrong sow by the ear.' He accordingly took tea and while sipping a cup of it, he cast a very knowing look towards the sister and said, 'I tink de American ladies are not so vont of coffee as de Germun ladies ish, Miss Mary.' At this, the young lady looked at her sister's name and said, 'my sister's name is Mary, mine is Jane. 'Ah! said the German, ah! pardon, I hat de wrong sow on de ear!'

**THE LION'S STRENGTH.** Well authenticated accounts prove, that a lion will carry off an ox or a horse with nearly as great ease as a fox would do a goose. A young lion has been known to carry a good sized horse a mile from the spot where he killed it, and an instance occurred in the Snouberg, where a lion carried off a two-year old heifer, and when his track or *spoor* was followed by the hunters for 5 hours on horseback, throughout the whole distance, the carcass only once or twice was discovered to have touched the ground. Sparrman says he saw a lion at the Cape of Good Hope take a heifer in his mouth, and, though the legs trailed on the ground, he carried it off as a cat would a rat, and leaped a broad-like without the least difficulty.

**RETORT PROPER.** Our devil a few days since, was interrogated by a man, who had provisions to sell, "with the question 'do you want to buy any flower here?' 'No, we take eastern flour,' replied the lad. The man with the bag started, and asked him what he meant. 'Why,' said the lad, when you were asked to subscribe for a Missouri paper you said you couldnt, because you took an eastern paper. So we took you at your word, and sent east for our flour.' The man of grains looked confused for a moment and rejoined: 'That was but right—those who won't encourage you, ought not to expect your custom—so you may send me the paper.'—*Western paper.*

Mr. Locke, of moon hoax notoriety, is said to be writing a scientific novel! Cin. Mir.

**Iron, Glassware, &c.**  
RECEIVED (per Steam Boat LADY MARSHALL) a large supply of *Rolled, Round, Square and Hoop IRON*; also, an assortment of *NAILS, GLASS, GLASSWARE, &c.* March 25, 1835. 11-tf.

**Bacon, Lard &c.**  
THE subscribers have a supply of the above articles for sale. J. P. DUNN, & Co. March 25, 1835. 11-tf.

**Five Dollars Reward.**

LOST on Monday the 3d August, 1835, in Lawrenceburg, a WHITE CALF SKIN POCKET BOOK, containing \$35—some \$10 and five \$5 bills on the Lawrenceburg and Indianapolis branches of the State Bank of Indiana, together with other papers, among which was a receipt from Richard Field. Any person who will return the said pocket book and money to the undersigned will be entitled to the above reward. WM. DANIEL, Jr. 30\*3t.

August 8, 1835.

**Notice.**

I HAVE taken out letters of administration on the estate of Andrew Haynes, late deceased—all having claims against said estate, will present them duly authenticated for settlement without delay—and all indebted to said estate will please come forward and settle their accounts. The estate is supposed to be solvent. Aug. 29-33w3

JACOB STAGNER.

**Molasses.**

A few bbls. Molasses (first quality) just received (per Steam Boat UNCLE SAM,) and for sale by N. & G. SPARKS. March 20, 1835. 11-tf.

**Iron, Nails, &c.**

JUST arrived, and for sale, a quantity of IRON NAILS, and American BLISTER STEEL. GEO. W. LANE, & Co. April 9, 1835. 13-tf.

**Kanhawa Salt.**

A QUANTITY of Kanhawa Salt, just received and for sale by GEO. W. LANE & Co. 43-tf.

D. S. MAJOR will hereafter make his arrangements so as to be at his office on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays; if absent, it will be on Thursdays and Fridays. July 10th, 1835. 26-2mo

**FOR SALE.**

I WILL sell my Bank stock, Insurance stock, and Rai Road stock, also the House and lot on the corner of High and Elm Streets, in which I now reside—and 2 or 3 vacant lots. J. W. HUNTER. Lawrenceburg, May 21, 1835. 19-tf.

**JOHN TEST, Jr.**

**ATTORNEY AT LAW.**

HAVING removed to Lawrenceburg, offers his professional service to the citizens of Dearborn County. Office immediately over D. Guards store. June 27, 1835. 24-tf.

**Shaw's Patent Lever Locks,**

CONSISTING OF Upright mortise Locks  
Bank Locks, Fire-Proof do. Six inch do. do.  
Store door do. 6, 7, 8, & 9 inch rim do.  
Front door do. Vestibule Latches,  
Sliding door do. Mortise do.  
Folding door do. Recess and night do.  
Which are manufactured in Cincinnati, by Abe Shawk, and warranted to be superior to any formerly offered to the public, are kept constantly on hand, and for sale by W. B. SNYDER. 3-tf. Lawrenceburg, Jan. 31, 1835.

**A CARD.**

THE subscribers have moved to their New Building nearly opposite their old stand, and near the corner of Main and Short streets, where they are now receiving and opening a large supply of GOODS. GEO. W. LANE, & Co. April 9, 1835.

**Notice--By the Printer.**

THOSE indebted to D. V. CULLEY or to CULLEY & CO., for newspapers, job printing, or advertising, are notified that their accounts are made out, and will be presented for payment with as little delay as possible. Those indebted by note will be required to lift him immediately.

**ENW GOODS.**

C. R. & W. WEST,  
CONSISTING IN PART OF BROAD CLOTHS,

Super Blue, invisible green, London smoke, Olive brown, blue, mixed, and drab. SATINETS (assorted)

STILES. Real black Italian lustrings, black gro. do. Swiss, black gro. do. nap and Senshaws. Mantus, Sarsanets and lavantine satin; colored gro. do. Naps, plain and figured; colored Forence and satins.

A VARIETY OF DRESS HANDKERCHIEFS.

CONSISTING OF blond gauze, gro. do. zane, gro. do. naps, Papelino, and crade chine; superfine gauze, and Crade scarfs; figured and plain bobbinets.

Thread and bobbinet laces, and inserting, bobbinet and Swiss capes, white and black bobbinet veils, Black, green and white gauze do.; Irish linen, lawns, and Linen cambrics; linen cambric handkerchiefs, Pink, white and black Italian crapes; plain, striped and Corded ginghams; painted Muslin;

Plain and figured Swiss, book and cambric muslin;

Corded skirts; Linen and cotton table diaper;

Circassians, merinos and bombazets.

**Men's Summer Wear,**

CONSISTING OF SUMMER

CLOTHS. Merino, casimere, brochell, princtessa, and lasting real linen drilling; blue and yellow Nankeens; superior silk velvets;

Valentia, Satin face and silk vesting.

STOCKS. Bombazin, plain and figured silk;

Black Italian cravats; Gentlemen's and Ladies gloves;

Brown and bleached sheetings and shirtings;

Checks, plaids, and ticks, &c. & c.

**HATS, LADIES' TUSCAN AND STRAW BONNETS; BOOTS & SHOES;**

And are expecting daily, a general assortment of

**Hardware, Cutlery, Queensware GLASSWARE & GROCERIES.**

ALSO, BAR IRON, CASTINGS, NAILS, AND

Window Glass, &c. & c.

April 4, 1835. 13-tf.

They feel grateful to their friends and customers for the liberal patronage heretofore extended, and solicit a continuance of public favors.

**NOTICE.**

THE partnership, heretofore existing between the undersigned in the publication of the Indiana Palladium, has been dissolved by mutual consent. The debt due to the late firm, may be settled with either of the undersigned.

Those indebted for papers, advertising or job printing, are requested to make early arrangements to settle the same, by note of payment.

D. V. CULLEY, V. M. COLE.

July 27th, 1835.

**Coarse Linen.**

3,000 YARDS LINEN for Sacks or Can-

vassing Meat, for sale by J. P. DUNN, & Co.

May 8th, 1835. 17-tf.

**NEW FEATHERS.**  
A QUANTITY of New Feathers on hand and for sale by GEO. TOUSEY, & Co. July 3, 1835.

**REMOVAL.**

**NEW GOODS**

(AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.)

THE subscribers have removed to Mr. Ludlow's large brick house on the east corner of Main and Short streets, one door below the Bank, where they are now opening their large and splendid assortment of BRITISH, FRENCH, INDIA, and AMERICAN

**DRY GOODS.** Also an assortment of Hats, Shoes, Boots, (New Style;) Tuscan Straw & Leghorn Bonnets, (Fine Assorted.)

Cutlery, Heavy Hardware, Queensware; FRESH TEAS, WINES, GROCERIES, &c.

We tender our thanks to those who have favored us with their custom and solicit a continuance of favor, feeling confident that we can give as good choice of goods, and on as fair terms as can be had in the west.

J. P. DUNN, & Co. 10-tf.

March 18, 1845.

**JOSEPH GROFF,**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

**HAT MANUFACTURER;**

HAVING recently removed his establishment from Elizabethtown, Ohio, to Lawrenceburg, Indiana, would inform his former friends and customers, and the public in general, that his manufactory is now in full operation, on High street, one door above Jesse Hunt's Hotel; where he will be happy to accommodate all persons, either wholesale or retail, with all kinds of HATS, of the latest fashions.

**BLACK, DRAB, BEAVER, and OTHER HATS**

made on the shortest notice, and sold at a reasonable price, for cash or country produce. Persons wishing to purchase will please call and examine for themselves.

He wishes to purchase a quantity of all kinds of FURS, for which a liberal price will be given.

Lawrenceburg, August 2, 1834. 29-tf

Sept. 12-35w3

HENRY BRUCE.

**Sale of Real Estate.**

PUBLIC notice is hereby given that by virtue of a decree of the Probate court of Dearborn county, May 1835, I will expose to sale at public vendue, at or on the premises, at 12 o'clock M., on the 10th of October next, in lots No. 65 and No. 68, on the plat or plan of Lawrenceburg, in the county of Dearborn, and State of Indiana; on the following terms and conditions, to wit:

one half the purchase money in hand at the time of sale, the residue in six months from that time. The deferred payment to be well secured by good personal security.

These lots are sold as the property of the heirs of DANIEL HAGEMAN, dec'd; and sold for their benefit—the same will be sold discharged of dower, and on the payment of the whole of the purchase money, the purchaser or purchasers, will receive a deed or deeds for the same.

DANIEL S. MAJOR, Com'r. 35-3w

Sept. 12th, 1835.

**Potatoes wanted**