

PALLADIUM.

Saturday Morning, October 19.

The Hon. Felix Grundy has been re-elected United States senator from Tennessee.

The next term of the Probate Court for this county, will commence in this place on Monday the 11th November.

The board of Commissioners, for transacting county business, will convene in this place on Monday the 4th of November next.

The Ohio river has risen considerably in the last week, and is in good boating stage.

We learn from the Columbus *Ja. Chronicle*, that John Jones and Cader Heron, were executed in that place on Friday the 11th inst. It is near two years, we believe, since Jones committed the murder for which he suffered, during the whole of which time he was kept in confinement.

David T. Disney has been elected state senator, and A. N. Riddle, John Burgoyne, Wm. C. Anderson and Samuel Bond representatives from Hamilton county, Ohio, at the late election in that state.

INDIAN TREATY. We learn from a gentleman who attended the late treaty with the Indians at Chicago, commencing 10th ult. that the United States effected a purchase of the lands claimed by the Pottawatomies, Chippewas and Ottawas in the state of Illinois and Michigan and Huron territories, estimated to contain between 5 and 6,000,000 acres. No reservations were made. That portion of said tribes residing in Illinois, has agreed to move next summer, and the balance at such times thereafter, within three years, as shall be convenient and practicable. The United States on their part guarantee to the tribes an equal quantity of land north-west of the Mississippi to that ceded by the treaty, and are to defray the expenses of removal, &c. A deputation, composed of 50 chiefs from the tribes, is to visit the north-west next summer, under the superintendance of Col. Pepper, with the view of examining the new country, and fixing on a district of land for their permanent location. It is computed that upwards of 5,000 Indians were in attendance at the treaty.

The commissioners on the part of the United States, were Col. Owen, Col. Weatherford, and Gov. Porter.

NEW CHANNEL OF TRADE. The fact now is apparent to every observer of passing events, that Philadelphia is fast losing the importance she used to hold in the west, and New-York is coming in for a large portion of our profitable trade. The magnificent system of internal improvement so early prosecuted by that state, and seconded by Ohio, is working wonders. Our merchants instead of making their purchases of goods at Philadelphia, as they were wont to do, are turning their attention to New-York, because of the ease, expedition, and cheapness with which they can be forwarded by the New-York canal to Lake Erie, and thence through the Ohio canal to the ports of the Ohio or Mississippi. It was but the other day that a large amount of goods was received by the merchants of this place, in 25 days from the city of New-York; and but for the delays on the Ohio, owing to low water, they would have arrived here in 19 or 20. The usual time from Philadelphia to this place, when the Ohio is low, is from 7 to 8 weeks. Some of our merchants, we are informed, have at this time goods out on the Philadelphia route since the 10th ult. and are yet ignorant where they are. In addition to expedition, the charges for transportation are less from New-York, which must have its effect in inducing traders to prefer that route. On dry goods \$2 14, and on heavy articles \$2 06 per cwt. were paid by our merchants to Portsmouth, and from 374 to 50 cents per cwt. from that place; making in all about \$2 50 per cwt. for the whole distance. The charges from Portsmouth are much above a proportion, but are the common rate for low water.

The Mad River and Lake Erie Rail Road, when completed, will, in a great measure, remove the difficulty in the transportation at this end of the route, and materially lessen the time and charges. Instead of taking the Ohio canal at Cleveland, goods will be forwarded 60 miles farther on the lake to Sandusky City and thence take the rail road to Dayton, and thence down the Miami canal to Cincinnati. The New-Yorkers seem to form a pretty correct idea of this route, and are putting their shoulders manfully to the wheel. They have already secured a valuable trade, and only want this additional link in the chain of improvement to make permanent their advantages.

The following statement of the official vote for member of congress, in the 7th district in this state, completes our list of returns:

Counties.	Edw'd A. Hannegan.	Albert S. White.
Parke,	815	743
Clinton,	135	74
Tippecanoe,	647	644
Fountain,	1009	456
Montgomery,	629	805
Carroll,	320	146
Elkhart,	146	113
St. Joseph,	71	166
Warren,	294	355
Vermillion,	687	451
LaPorte,	41	103
Total	4794	4056

In LaPorte county Joseph M. Hayes received five votes, and H. R. Thomas 19 in Parke and Clinton counties.

TENNESSEE U. S. SENATOR. On the 35th ballot, the Legislature of Tennessee re-elected the Hon. FELIX GRUNDY, a Senator in Congress for six years, from the 4th of March, 1824. The following was the vote:—Grundy 33, Eaton 18, Foster 9. Although Major Eaton addressed a letter to the Speaker of the Senate, some time previous to the last balloting, declining all further pretension, and absolutely withdrawing his name from the canvass, for the avowed purpose of enabling the Legislature to make a choice, and to prevent all further difficulty—still he received eighteen votes on the last ballot. The course pursued by Major Eaton upon this occasion, is certainly highly commendable. Mr. Grundy is an able man, and a faithful friend to the administration.

Frankfort Argus.

The Philadelphia papers contain a CARD from the Hon. Wm. J. Duane, denying certain false assertions coined by the City Gazette, to operate on the pending election, in which the Hon. Secretary is said to have called the President, a *tyrant, despot, &c.* Mr. Duane pronounces the whole entirely destitute of truth, without the slightest foundation; says the recent occurrences at Washington have not changed his political principles, or opinions relative to the measures of the government.

Del. Gazette.

CELEBRATION OF THE VICTORY AT THE THAMES.

About twelve hundred persons from various parts of the state, attended the celebration of this victory on the 5th inst. at Lagrange, in Fayette county. The company comprised persons of all parties, and many of those who fought and bled in the battle, and we were highly pleased to see the harmony and enthusiasm, which pervaded the whole assemblage. Eighteen or twenty toasts were drunk, and several appropriate and patriotic speeches delivered, which were cheered by the company generally, and by the fine company of Lexington Light Infantry, by the firing of cannon and musketry.

When the toast of Gen. Harrison was given, an interesting and patriotic letter was read, which he had written to the committee, in answer to the invitation that had been given, him to attend the celebration.

When the toast was given to Col. Johnson, he addressed the company in a very interesting and appropriate speech of about a half an hour's length. The interest it excited and the effect it produced upon the audience, were quite electrical. The sentiments, which he uttered on the occasion, were so patriotic, and so consistent with his whole life, as a democratic republican, that the delight and approbation of those present, were manifested by shouts and loud applause, at very short intervals, during the whole of his discourse. Some of the revolutionary patriots were heard to exclaim that this reminded them of the *talk* in the days of the revolution. We have rarely witnessed such a powerful effect produced upon an audience, as was done by this plain and unadorned speech. We regret that we are not able to place this whole speech before the public, as it would do honor to both the head and the heart of "old Tecumseh."

Col. Garrett Wall, who led the forlorn hope in the charge upon the Indians, under Col. R. M. Johnson, when toasted, delivered an address, in which he described the charge in a very forcible and interesting manner, and related some incidents, which present the intrepid bravery of Col. Johnson in the strongest light.

Col. James Davidson, who led one of the companies in the charge, and who fought near Col. Johnson, and was covered with wounds and blood, also made an address, in which he bore ample testimony to the heroism of both Col. James and R. M. Johnson. Maj. Christie of New Orleans, also made an address to the company, in which he complimented Gen. Harrison and Col. R. M. Johnson, for their patriotic and heroic services in the late war. We expect to have the speeches of Col. Wall and Maj. Christie, the letter of Gen. Harrison and the toasts for publication in our next paper.

Frankfort, Ky. Argus.

MARYLAND AT LAST FOR JACKSON. The returns in the Republican and Eastern Shore papers, leave no doubt of the predominance of Jackson and reform in the next Maryland Legislature. All the counties but three have been heard from, and the result is 47 Jackson, and 21 opposition. Allegany, Charles, and St. Mary's counties remain to be heard from. "the last of which," says the Republican, "will add to the number of Jackson men, and secure us the ascendancy in joint ballot."

All the Congressional Districts but one have been heard from, and the result is 5 Jackson and 2 opposition. Mr. Carmichael is elected over Hopper by a majority of about 200—Cecil giving him a majority of 306, and Talbot a majority of 66 against him. Thomas and Turner are elected by large majorities, of upwards of a thousand, and McKinley by a majority of 379.

Delaware Gaz.

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION. In the first Congressional District, Joel B. Sutherland is elected over John Sergeant by a majority of between seven and eight hundred.

The whole Philadelphia county ticket has been carried by the friends of the administration, by a majority of near two thousand.

In the city proper the election was closely contested. The opposition, who last year had a majority of about 1600, have now carried their ticket by an average majority of 126; some of their candidates succeeding by a majority of about 90, where the whole poll was near 9000.

B.

Dr. COOPER, the father of Nullification, has avowed himself the author of the anonymous letters which appeared some time since in the Columbia Times, preparing the way for the nullifiers to support the Bank. These letters have been published in a pamphlet form, with a preface bearing the signature of the Doctor himself, in which he comes out boldly in favor of the Bank. It is now asserted by the opposition prints, that with the single exception of Gen. Blair, the entire delegation in the next congress from South Carolina, will support Mr. Biddle and the Bank. Great as has been the opposition of these nullifying leaders to the Bank, from a conviction of its unconstitutionality and corrupting tendency, the *magic* of the Carolina doctrine can metamorphose the Bank into an institution necessary even for the purity of elections and the safety of the country. The friends of the administration never expected anything different from nullifiers, whatever might have been their former opinions and pledges to the contrary. In the next Congress, they can give Mr. Biddle the vote of every nullifier, and then triumph over the Bank and its gold by a decided majority.

Del. Gazette.

In Winchester, Ky., on the 1st inst., an unfortunate rencontre took place before the Court House door, between Samuel R. Combs and his sons, and two sons of Ambrose Bush, which terminated in the death of Samuel R. Combs. Combs had shot a man, named Nelson, the day previous, with a pistol, and was in the custody of the Sheriff, who had summoned the Bushes as a guard. Combs' head was nearly separated from his body, and he died in a very short time after he received the cut.

Paris Cit.

St. Louis, Sept. 13. "Lynch's Law." We have heard that Capt. Stick summoned his corps the other night, and obtained possession of a man with whose misdeeds they had become familiar, carried him to the prairie near the town, and administered "Lynch's Law" upon him in fine style. He received about fifty lashes—and was ordered to do camp. The offence consisted in cheating at the gambling table—whereof he was overbold.

The *Jamaica Watchman* gives the following description of a colonial clergyman: "Let any go to his chapel, it is ten to one but you have to sit there two or three hours before you see him, and then he hurries over, and sometimes skips the service, that he may be off, like a school-boy, at play-hours."

A Bubale, an animal having the head of a cow, and the body of a giraffe, has just arrived at the garden of Plants, from Africa. It was accompanied by a beautiful antelope, but it has just died.

English Paper.

The Synod of Indiana is now in session at this place, (Indianapolis.) A number of distinguished preachers are present, and among others are Dr. BYLTHE, President of the Hanover College, and Dr. WYLIE, President of the Indiana.

Ind. Jour., Oct. 12.

Singular Accident.—On Friday the 20th inst. as Miss Van Buren a young lady of the Valatie, was dressing her hair in the factory of Mr. Baldwin, she accidentally brought it in contact with one of the horizontal iron shafts which makes 53 revolutions the minute. This shaft is square, two and a half inches in diameter and is placed about 17 inches from the upper floor. The young lady was standing nearly under it, facing from it, and in tossing back her hair, which she had been combing over her face, probably without reflecting that the shaft above her was in motion, it caught fast, and she found herself drawn upwards with the velocity of lightning. With an extraordinary presence of mind, she grasped the shaft with her hands at the same time making a violent effort to place her feet upon it, in order to revolving with it she might escape a dislocation of the neck. She succeeded in clinging to the shaft during two or three revolutions, but its velocity was such at length to break her hold, and she was projected a distance of 8 or 10 feet from it, leaving her entire scalp from the extremities of the eyelids to the third vertebra of the neck, fast to the smallest shaft and revolving with it. She arose immediately from the floor and proceeded to stop one of the looms which she tended while the overseer stopped the wheel.

Many of these people, seem to be much more wealthy and respectable, than those we have observed moving to this State in former years. One Tuesday last, a company passed, in which were five large, well built and heavily laden wagons, and six neat, two-horse carriages, filled with females who had every appearance of the Lady about them—the wagons and carriages were driven by white men, well dressed and of good appearance.

The fertile lands of Illinois must invite men of enterprise and capital; and e're long we expect to see this young State take a conspicuous stand among her sisters of the Union.

EMIGRATION TO ILLINOIS.

The number of persons that daily pass through this place on their way to the State of Illinois is immense. Our office is situated directly on the street, along which these people are compelled to pass, and we have a good opportunity of observing their numbers and appearance.

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Green River Ky. Adv. Oct. 11.

The difference between rising at five and seven o'clock in the morning, for the space of forty years, supposing a man to go to bed at the same hour at night, is nearly equivalent to the addition of ten years to a man's life.

Drs. Miller and Phillip were immediately called, and with the assistance of such as had not fled or faint from fright, the scalp was replaced upon the head and adjusted, and the patient conveyed to her room. The scene was truly frightful. The whole head, temple and forehead were peeled to the bone, the blood streaming from the small veins and arteries over her shoulders, and to those who had seen the profusion of beautiful locks that formerly adorned her head, her first appearance impressed the idea of a headless trunk. Her presence of mind seemed at no time to have forsaken her. She was sitting in a chair when her physicians arrived, and observed that the back of her neck was severely bruised, the only injury which she was then, or is even now, conscious of having received. She is at present in a very comfortable condition, and her physicians state, that every symptom indicates a firm re-union of the parts and a speedy recovery of health. *Columbia Sentinel.*

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