

A LIST OF ACTS.

Joint Resolutions and Memorials, passed at the late session of the Indiana Legislature.

AN ACT to authorise the Circuit Court of the county of Vanderburgh, to change the venue in a certain case. To incorporate the Crawfordsville Seminary.

Authorising an assessment in Gibson county.

Concerning the State Road from Indianapolis to Crawfordsville and Lafayette.

To amend an act, entitled "An act to amend an act for the incorporation of County Libraries;" approved, February 7, 1825.

For the incorporation of the Eugene Academy.

Supplemental to an act, entitled "An act to establish a State Road, from Leavenworth, by Bono, to Indianapolis."

Supplemental to an act, entitled "An act to provide a more certain return of votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor;" approved, December 31, 1825.

To amend an act, entitled "An act to establish a State Library."

To amend the act, entitled "An act to provide for incorporating a Seminary, in the county of Clark;" approved, January 26, 1827.

To legalize the proceedings of the Board of Justices of Pike county.

Establishing a State Road therein named, and for other purposes.

To repeal an act, entitled "An act to incorporate the townships in Snelby county."

Explaining and regulating jurisdiction. To relocate a part of the State Road leading from the Ohio line by Abington and Waterloo to Connersville.

Concerning the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Indiana.

Concerning claims in the co'ty of Henry.

To vacate the south end of Second Street, in the town of Washington, Daviess county.

To incorporate the Rising Sun Seminary Society.

To relocate part of the State Road, from Vincennes to Spencer, in Owen co'ty.

To provide for the removal of the obstructions to the navigation of El river.

To provide for the location, opening and improvement of certain State Roads.

To establish a State Road from George Kline's in Franklin county, to the Lawrenceburgh State Road, on the east side of Flat Rock, in Decatur county.

Supplementary to an act for opening a State road in Allen county.

To incorporate the Jefferson county Seminary Society.

To locate a State Road therein named, and for other purposes.

To improve the navigation of Lost river, White Water river, and other streams therein named.

Requiring the Commissioners of the reserved townships of land in Gibson and Monroe counties, to reduce the minimum prices thereof.

For the relief of James Ball.

Concerning Clerks' offices.

To incorporate the Greencastle Seminary Society.

To facilitate the opening of the Cumberland Road, & preserve the same from being obstructed or injured.

Appointing Commissioners to relocate the seat of Justice of Dubois county.

For the relief of Drury Holt and Vincent Cooper.

To authorise the Collector of the revenue of Jackson county, for 1829, to sell land for taxes due thereon, and for other purposes.

To incorporate the Hamilton, Rossville and Richmond Turnpike company.

For the relief of Samuel Postlewait, of Dubois county.

To incorporate the Franklin county Seminary.

To legalize and establish the original survey of the town of Lafayette in Tippecanoe county, and Mount Vernon, in Posey county.

Dividing the state into Judicial Circuits.

Altering the line dividing the counties of Jefferson and Scott.

Providing for changing a part of the State Road, leading from Mauk's ferry to Indianapolis.

In relation to the action of trespass.

To attach that part of the town of Paris, which lies in Jefferson county, to the county of Jennings, and for other purposes.

To establish a State Road from Middletown, in Shelby county, via Moscow in Rush county, to intersect the Brookville State Road, at or near Erasmus Aldridge's.

For the relief of Claudius G. Brown.

Providing means to construct the portion of the Wabash and Erie Canal, within the state of Indiana.

To authorize the Board of Justices of Pike county, to levy an additional tax in said county.

For the appropriation of money, to aid in building a bridge over Plumb creek.

Making general appropriations for the year 1830.

To establish a State Road from Martinsville via Lyon's mill and Mooresville,

leading northward to the Michigan Road.

To locate a certain State Road therein named, and for other purposes.

Supplemental to an act declaring Mississinewa river a public highway.

To amend an act entitled "An act for the relief of occupying claimants of land."

To incorporate the town of Jeffersonville, in the county of Clark.

Extending the corporation of Madison.

To establish a State Road from Evansville to Anthony's ferry.

Concerning the Seminary site of Union county.

To relocate part of the State Road leading from Madison to Lawrenceburgh. For the better support of the poor in the county of Floyd.

To establish a State Road from Troy, in Perry county, to Washington, in Daviess county.

Amendatory to an act entitled "An act authorising the leasing of Royce's Lick and Rock Lick Reserves, in the county of Washington;" approved, January 7, 1828.

For the relief of Julius Johnson.

Giving further power to the President and Select Council of the town of Lawrenceburgh, in the county of Dearborn.

To amend "An act subjecting Real and Personal Estate, to execution;" approved, January 30, 1824.

To provide for the opening of a part of the Michigan Road.

Authorising the sale of one of the reserved Sections of land in the reserved township of land in Monroe county.

Providing for a State Road from Noblesville to Logansport, and also from Indianapolis, by Pendleton to Andersonstown.

To establish a State Road from Lake Michigan, by way of Indianapolis, to some convenient point on the Ohio river.

Making provisions for expending the Mauk's Ferry Road Fund, and for other purposes.

For the relief of Martha McBride.

Fixing the time of holding Courts in the Several Judicial Circuits, in this state, and for other purposes.

Supplemental to an act to regulate the Judicial Circuits, and fixing the times of holding Courts; passed at the present session.

To locate a State Road from Troy, in Perry county, to Washington, in Daviess county.

To establish a state road therein named.

Providing for the relocation of the County Seat of Sullivan county.

To amend the act regulating Estrays, and Water Crafts going adrift.

Declaratory of the Law on the subject of Divorces.

For the formation of a new county, north of Marion and Hendricks counties; (Boone.)

To incorporate a company to make a Turnpike Road from New Albany, in Floyd county, by Greenville, Paoli, Mount Pleasant and Washington, to Vincennes, in Knox county.

Relative to navigable streams declared public highways, by the ordinance of Congress of 1787; approved January 23, 1829

Supplemental to an act entitled "An act providing for the location, opening & improvement of certain State Roads; passed at the present session of the General Assembly; and for other purposes."

To authorise the board of Justices of Pike county, to levy an additional tax in said county.

Providing for the opening of a part of the Michigan Road.

For the relief of Paul Castlebury, late Commissioner on the State Road leading from Fredonia to the Mouth of the Wabash river.

To provide for taking the enumeration of the White Male inhabitants, above the age of twenty-one years in this state.

To authorise the building of Bridges across Lick creek and Salt creek.

Authorizing the Board of Commissioners of Shelby county, to hold special sessions.

Declaring little Pigeon creek a Public Highway.

To amend the act concerning Divorces.

Appointing Asher Labertew, Agent of the reserved township of land in Monroe county, and for other purposes.

To attach certain territory to the county of Hamilton.

For the formation of the counties of St. Joseph and Elkhart.

For the improvement of the Wabash, below Vincennes.

To exempt from imprisonment for debt, Soldiers of the Revolutionary War.

Relative to the State Road, from Rushville in Rush county, to Lawrenceburgh in Dearborn county.

Supplemental to an act, organizing the county of Clinton.

To relocate a part of the State Road, leading from Rockport to Bloomington.

Legalizing the proceedings of the superintendent of a School Section, therein named.

To incorporate the White Water and Miami Turnpike company.

To change the mode of doing county business in the county of Delaware; and for other purposes.

Providing for taking a list of the taxable property and polls in Vermillion county, and for other purposes.

Relative to Twin creek.

For the formation of a new county east of Tippecanoe county, (Clinton.)

To legalize the proceedings of the Probate court of the county of Pike.

In relation to certain Ferries.

To legalize the proceedings of the school commissioners of Madison county.

Making an appropriation for the improvement of the State Road, from Indianapolis to Madison.

Relative to the River St. Mary's.

For the relief of the securities of Samuel Postlewait, late Collector of Dubois county.

Authorizing Asylums for the Poor, in the counties of Washington & Dearborn.

To amend an act entitled "an act establishing a state road from Shelbyville, to intersect the Madison state road, in Jennings county;" approved, January 19, 1828.

To extend a certain act therein named, to the county of Warren.

To establish a state road from Jeffersonville state road, on the West side of Silver Creek, to the lower falls of Driftwood Fork of White River.

To amend the act entitled an act incorporating Congressional Townships, and providing, for public schools therein.

Authorizing the leasing of Jackson's Lick, in Monroe county.

Authorizing the leasing of the French Lick reserve in Orange County.

Amendatory of the several acts regulating the Jurisdiction and duties of Justices of the Peace.

Regulating Medical Societies.

For the benefit of the inhabitants of a certain township therein named.

To organize the Militia of Hancock, Delaware, Randolph, and Warren counties.

To provide for the distribution of the Laws and Journals, and for other purposes.

Making specific appropriations for the year 1830.

Supplemental to an act, entitled "an act to relocate the Seat of Justice of Dubois County;" approved January 21, 1830.

To amend an act to organize Probate Courts, and defining the powers and duties of Executors and Administrators, approved, January 23 1829.

To authorize the Sale of the School Lands, and for other purposes, approved, January 3d, 1829.

JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

A Joint Resolution relative to deaf and dumb persons in this State.

Concerning the Indiana College.

Relative to the Agent of the three per cent. fund.

To fill a vacancy in the Board of Visitors to the Indiana College.

Relative to the Western Mail Stage Route, from Louisville in Kentucky, to St. Louis in Missouri.

To the Congress of the United States, requesting a corps of Engineers to examine & survey White River, the East and West forks thereof; and to examine, and if found practicable, survey a canal route to connect the Wabash & Erie Canal, with the Ohio River.

Providing for the erection of Tomb Stones over the grave of the late Daniel C. Lane, Esq. dec'd.

Of the State of Indiana, on the subject of Colonizing People of Colour.

Authorizing the Auditor of Public Accounts, to procure a list of Relinquished lands, from the Land Offices, therein named.

Relative to the Indiana College.

Relative to a certain act of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Ratifying the compact between the States of Ohio and Indiana, in pursuance of the act of Congress, of the 24th of May, 1828.

Relative to the establishment of a Medical College, and for other purposes.

Relative to the three per cent. fund.

On the subject of Canal Lands, donated to Indiana by Congress.

Concerning the Ag't of the three per cent. fund.

Allowing compensation to Philip Hedges, for distributing the Laws & Journals.

Relative to a certain number of Acts of 1824.

MEMORIALS

A Memorial of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana upon the subject of continuing the construction of the Cumberland Road.

To the Congress of the United States, on the subject of certain Saline Reserves.

To the Congress of the United States, for the benefit of certificate holders of forfeited lands within the State of Indiana.

Relative to the grant of land for the purpose of improving the Mail Route from New Albany, to Evansville.

To Congress, on the subject of removing the obstructions to the navigation of the Wabash and White rivers, with its Branches; and of improving the Great Western Mail Route, from Louisville Kentucky, through New Albany, Paoli,

li, Mount Pleasant and Washington, to Vincennes.

To Congress, on the subject of School Sections.

Of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana.

Memorial and Joint Resolution of the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, on the subject of extinguishing the Indian title to lands within this state, and of removing the Indians beyond the Mississippi.

TWENTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 6.

Sketch of a debate, in the Senate, on the

MILEAGE BILL.

Mr. BIBB said that there had been speculations upon former occasions about the compensation bill* of members of Congress, which he was not now inclined to interfere with unnecessarily. When the public mind had become quieted on this subject, he, for his own part, felt no disposition to render it again unquiet; because he did not believe that the compensation of members of Congress was too much. As an individual, he was unwilling to see legislation transferred exclusively to those who are able to defray their expenses at the seat of Government, and going to and returning from it, out of their own private funds. Nor was he disposed, although he had great respect for many gentlemen of that fraternity, [bowing to a member across the chamber] to entrust legislation to the bachelors exclusively. Whilst these were his opinions on this subject, he must state that he would gladly see the measure as to the compensation of members of Congress, rest where it was placed at the time when the ferment, into which the public mind had been formerly put, respecting it, had ceased. When he read that part of the bill referring to compensation, he was strongly impressed with the idea that, according to his conception of the second section of the bill, relative to the payment of members who absented themselves from Congress, it deserved some correction. Mr. B. said, (and he begged leave to call the attention of gentlemen to this particular) that the bill declared that any member of Congress, who is not present in the House, of which he may be a member, at some time every day during the session, will not be entitled to compensation for that day. To that rule he had the most serious objections: & his objections were founded not only on his experience of the present session of Congress, but of former sessions, when, many years ago he was a member of this body. The absence of a member he contended, was not evidence of his inattention to the public business. He was a member of a Committee of this House, and in that capacity had on one occasion during the present session to go to one of the offices for information for the Committee; yet, before he returned, the Senate had adjourned. He thought a member under such circumstances ought not to be deprived of his compensation. He went, as he had before said, to one of the public offices, to obtain information to enable him to discharge his duty more efficiently; and on his return to this House, he met a Senator, who informed him that it had adjourned. Was he, under such circumstances, at all culpable? He had therefore felt it his duty to call the attention of gentlemen to this part of the bill, in order that if it should pass, this section might be amended. Mr. B. felt himself constrained to say, however uncourteous it might seem, that the bill was unworthy to be a subject of legislation. Yet, if the bill is to be taken up and passed, he thought he had stated enough to shew gentlemen that the 2d section of it deserved correction. The Senate could not, yesterday, agree upon what particular Committee this bill ought to be referred to. It appeared there was no Committee of this House to which it could be properly referred. For these considerations he moved its reference to a Select Committee.

Mr. NOBLE inquired of the President what was the title of the bill; and being informed, said that he thought it was entitled "An Act to retrench." The word "retrenchment," he said, should have appeared on the margin of the bill at least. He thought that the reference which the gentleman from Kentucky, (Mr. BIBB) proposed, went against his own arguments; for he said, that the bill was unworthy of notice; in which opinion he (Mr. N.) fully concurred. The bill was not deserving of notice. For the last 14 years, during which time he had been a member of this body, this was the first time that a bill had been presented, which no member was willing to receive, and which could not be properly referred to any one of the thirteen Standing Committees of the Senate. A select committee was now proposed. He (Mr. N.) was strongly induced to think from the context of this bill, that it ought to be entitled "An Act to provide materials for stump orations on the first Monday in August next." He was therefore opposed to a reference of this bill to

*The provisions of this bill, as it passed the house of representatives, were given in a note in the Palladium of last week.

a select committee; he wanted copies of it to be made, that he might send one to each of his constituents, who might then call township meetings to instruct him how he was to act. He was not afraid of the people, and he could say, that the people detested the smallness of such measures as that now under consideration. Mr. N. concluded by moving to lay the bill on the table.

This motion was negatived without a division.

Mr. HAYNE said, he had but one remark to make on the question before the Senate. He thought it was only respectful to the body with which the bill originated, to refer it to some committee, in which, if it were liable to the objections stated, it might be so amended or corrected, as to remove those objections. As the House had agreed that there was no appropriate committee to which it could be referred, the usual course in such cases was, according to parliamentary rules, to appoint a select committee for it. He therefore hoped that this motion would prevail.

Mr. FORSYTH said, that as the House had yesterday, according to the best of his recollection, refused to refer the bill to a select committee, and that therefore such a motion was not now in order, he should move a reconsideration of that vote.

The motion to reconsider was agreed to, and the bill was referred to a select committee.

The committee consists of Messrs. BIBB, FORSYTH, NOBLE, HAYNE and HOLMES.

Thursday, Jan. 7. In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. Holmes presented the petition of Sundry citizens of the State of Maine, praying the abolition of Slavery in the District of Columbia. The bill authorising the retrocession on the part of the State of Illinois, of a township of land, granted by the United States, for literary purposes, and the location of other lands in lieu thereof, was passed.

The bill for the more distinct demarcation of the Northern Boundary Line of the State of Missouri, and for the division among the half breeds of the Sacs and Fox tribes of Indians the reservation of land within that State; and the bill allowing the duties on foreign merchandise imported into Louisville, St. Louis, and other places on the Western Waters, to be secured and paid at those places; were respectively ordered, after being amended, to be engrossed for a third reading.

In the House of Representatives, yesterday, sundry petitions were presented, and a great many resolutions offered. After the hour appointed had expired, a number of resolutions were presented on leave, so that the hour for considering resolutions expired before the House called up the unfinished business of yesterday; the resolution of Mr. Hunt, and the amendment of Mr. Martin. Mr. Hunt has the floor for to-morrow in continuation of his speech of Tuesday.

The House then resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole, on the contested election between Thomas D. Arnold and Pryor Lea. Mr. Arnold addressed the House in support of his claim, until the hour of adjournment.

Friday, Jan. 8.

The Senate yesterday passed the bill to increase the pension of Major Charles Larabee; the bill for the relief of the Mayor and city Council of Baltimore; the bill allowing the duties on foreign merchandise imported into Louisville, St. Louis, Pittsburg, Nashville, and Natchez, to be secured and paid at these places; and the bill for causing the northern boundary line of Missouri to be marked & for dividing the reservation of land in that State among the half breeds of the Sacs and Fox tribes of Indians.

Mr. Smith, of Maryland, from the Committee on Finance, reported the following bills, which were read and ordered to a second reading.

A bill to continue in force the act passed the 2d March, 1827, allowing a drawback on the exportation of brandy in casks, containing not less than 15 gallons.

A bill prescribing the terms of credit, to be allowed on bonds given for duties accruing on goods, wares and merchandise, imported into the United States; and

A bill to authorize the Commissioners of the sinking Fund, to redeem the public debt of the United States.

Mr. White, from the committee on Indian Affairs, to whom was referred the memorial of the state of Indiana, made a report, accompanied by a bill, which was read and passed to a second reading.

Several bills were read the second time and referred; and the bills for the relief of Isidore Moore, and for the relief of John Edgar, were ordered to be engrossed. A discussion took place on the bill for the relief of certain citizens of the U. States who have lost property by the depredations of Indian tribes, in which Messrs. Benton, Barton and White, supported, Messrs. Smith, of S. C. and Holmes, opposed the bill; but before any question was taken, the Senate adjourned over to Monday next.