

be, in reality, a friend to our interests, and to the American System.

9. Resolved, That the standing committee be authorized to procure a suitable number of Electoral Tickets, to be printed and distributed in season for the Presidential Election.

10. Resolved, That the proceedings of this Committee be signed by the Chairman and Secretary, and published in the several newspapers of this State.

WILLIAM GRAHAM, Ch'n.

J. ROWLAND, Sec'y.



LAWRENCEBURGH.

SATURDAY, OCT. 18, 1828.

New Orleans, Sept. 20.—Flour bbl. \$5, dull—Pork, mess, bbl. \$11 50 to 12—Lard, lb. 9 to 10, scarce—Bacon, hams, lb. 7 to 8—Butter, lb. 10 to 12, plenty—Beans, bbl. \$5 to 6—Coffee, lb. 13 to 14, plenty—Cheese lb. 12 to 15—Mackerel, bbl. No. 1, \$5 50 to 6; do No. 2, \$5—Sugar, lb. 7 to 8—Molasses, gal. 26 to 27—Whiskey, gal. 92.

Flour.—This article, which has been selling for some weeks past in the eastern markets at an advance of 100 per cent. on former prices, has lately fallen about one half. At Pittsburgh sales were made at \$8 50 per bbl.; it can now be had in that market at 4 75, and is falling. The decrease in price has been equally rapid in Philadelphia, Baltimore, &c. The momentary belief, predicated on the reports of the failure of crops in England, that the demand for our flour was increasing in Europe, has passed away, and the American farmer is again compelled to content himself with former prices, regulated by the demand in the home market.

Ohio.—The annual elections took place in this state on Tuesday last. In Hamilton county we learn the entire Jackson ticket has succeeded by a large majority. Mr. Findley is re-elected to Congress over Mr. Este, by a majority, it is said, of between 2000 and 3000. The contest in the city of Cincinnati seems to have been much closer than in the country—the Jackson ticket succeeding only by an average majority of 200 votes. In the Congressional district composed of Butler and Warren counties, it is reported that Mr. Jas. Shields has been elected over Mr. Wood, the present member, by a considerable majority. Mr. Shields is a Jacksonian. We shall be able to give more authentic information, as to the elections in Ohio, in our next.

The elections in Maryland have recently taken place for delegates to the state legislature. The National Intelligencer states, that so far as ascertained they have resulted much more favorably to the administration than anticipated.

In Vermont Mr. Crafts has been elected Governor, and Mr. Olin, Lieut. Governor; and Messrs. Mallery, Hunt and Swift to Congress. It is stated that only nine friends of Gen. Jackson are elected to the legislature.

In Maine Mr. Lincoln has been re-elected Governor, and Messrs. Anderson, Sprague, and Wingate to congress—all without opposition; Mr. Washburn has beaten Mr. Ripley, present member of Congress. A considerable majority of the state legislature, is stated to be administration.

* Jackson.

The circuit court, for this county, closed its session this morning, after a sitting of two weeks. During this time many cases of a criminal nature were disposed of, and three persons sentenced to the state's prison for a term of 2, 5 and 9 years. We are pleased to state that one of these rogues is the same person, who broke open Buell and Dunn's and Davis' stores, as noticed in our last.

Not content with what he had done here, he entered the store of Mr. S. Hathaway, of Rising Sun, and stole therefrom \$183, with which he made off down the river, sometimes travelling by land and anon by water, in the latter case always stealing a skiff or canoe. Mr. Hathaway and some other person pursued and apprehended him at the mouth of the Kentucky river, brought him back to this place, and, upon confession, he was tried for the offence, found guilty, and sentenced to pay \$100 fine, and remain at hard labor in the state's prison 5 years. He was then tried for breaking the stores in this place,

found guilty and sentenced to pay \$25 fine, and be imprisoned at hard labor in the state's prison 4 years. He is a stranger, and calls himself James Smith.

A man by the name of John D. Myers was also arraigned before the court, on two several indictments: The first for *petit larceny*, to which he plead not guilty; but after a due investigation was found guilty, as charged in the indictment, and sentenced by the jury to one year's hard labor in the state's prison. On motion of prisoner's counsel, the court set aside the verdict, on the ground of the crime being barred by the statute of limitation, and the verdict being delivered to the clerk during the recess of the court. He was tried on the second indictment, which was for an assault and battery with intent to murder, and also for a base assault and battery; on the first count in the indictment he was found guilty and sentenced to two years' hard labor in the state's prison, and pay a fine to the state of \$25; on the second count he plead guilty & was fined \$5. This same Myers was once before in our jail on a charge of stealing, but made his escape by burning the lock off the door. The offence for which he suffers, originated, as we have learned it, in this way:—Mr. Campbell, a constable of Randolph township, went to the house of Myers to serve a writ on him for a breach of the peace, when Myers resisted being taken, and attacked Mr. Campbell and another man by the name of Austin, cutting them dreadfully with a knife. The constable, in particular, was much injured, having received a stab on the neck, as though aimed to cut the jugular vein. After having thus laid about him some time, Myers resisted from his bloody work, and assisted to bind up the wounds of Campbell, who was the worst hurt. Both of the persons stabbed in this affair, are in a fair way of recovery. We have already noticed the sentence of Couch to 5 years imprisonment, &c.

From the Indianapolis Gazette.

TO THE PUBLIC.

If the undersigned had not been called upon, by the Editors of Newspapers, on both sides of the Presidential question, to redeem a pledge which he made in a hand bill, prior to the late election for Governor in Indiana, until his health was in some degree restored, their importunities would have been superceded by a publication which he intended at all times to make, when it became necessary. Before the last election, I declared verbally and in writing, to the public, that, as between General Jackson and Mr. Adams, I had maintained, and should preserve a strict neutrality; that I was opposed to *partism*, and to the anti-republican modern practice of electing State Officers, upon the merits and popularity of other men—and that my name could not be used by either of the parties, in that way; nor could I consent to an election upon such dishonorable grounds. It was also stated by me, that if I were the successful candidate, after the election was over, should either party claim me as having been elected by them exclusively, a statement of facts would be made. An extensive tour through the state, and an intimate acquaintance with the politics of the people enable me to say, with great certainty, that though elected by a majority of about twenty-five hundred votes over my Jackson competitor, Doctor Canby, and between four and five thousand votes over my Administration competitor, H. H. Moore, esq. I feel free to assert, that I was not elected by the friends of either side in a *party* controversy. In some instances, counties decidedly Jacksonian, gave me majorities. In other cases, counties known to be undoubtedly for the Administration, gave me majorities. They had for more than a year preceding, lived unhappy together, in consequence, it is believed, of his too great intimacy with a lewd woman named *Rachael Cunningham*. This woman had recently placed on one of his farms, where she resided at the time, and near which Mrs. Swearingen lost her life. On Sunday 7th inst. Swearingen and wife, with their only child, about three years old, visited a relative near Cresap-town. On Monday 8th they started for the purpose of visiting another relative, living beyond the property on which this *Rachael* lived. Early in the day, after passing a little boy about 12 or 13 years of age, on the road going to school, Swearingen dismounting, tied his horse, took the child from his wife, and took her across a low piece of ground and up a hill of about one hundred feet in height, thickly covered with laurel, on the top of which, it is supposed she was put to death, as bloody leaves were there found, under circumstances of peculiar horror—from thence it is believed the body was removed to the spot where it

but before they had time either to speak or to act, the fatal trigger was drawn, and Elisha received the contents of the gun in his back. Lewis caught his brother before he fell, and laid him upon the floor of the porch—when he and Blackledge immediately caught Swanson, and took his gun from him—after having secured the gun, Lewis was attracted by the groans of his brother—let go his hold on Swanson, and returned to Elisha's assistance, who was now expiring on the porch—At this moment Swanson's wife, assisted by some other women rushed from the house, attacked Blackledge, and rescued Swanson from him, who immediately fled and has not since been heard of. No quarrel had, during the day, taken place between the deceased and Swanson—though it is said they had for some time previous, manifested hostility to each other.

The ball entered Clark's back near the shoulder blade, and came out at his breast—he expired in a few minutes.

He left behind him to bewail his untimely end, an aged father and mother, several brothers and sisters, a tender wife, and, to render the unfortunate affair still more calamitous, six little children (all females,) are thrown orphans upon the world, destitute of the means of subsistence.

Fayette Observer.

Swanson is represented as about 55 years of age—hair very grey—about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high—beard sandy, interspersed with white spots—square built and tolerably heavy. The citizens of Rush county offer a considerable reward for his apprehension, so that he may be brought to justice.]

From the Md. Torch Light.

Death of Mrs. Mary C. Swearingen.

We are at last enabled to speak, with something like certainty, in relation to the melancholy fate of MARY C. SWEARINGEN, wife of George Swearingen, Esq. Sheriff of Washington county. And it is with feelings of the keenest regret and deepest horror, that we announce the fate, revolting to all the feelings and sympathies of our nature, that there is too much reason for believing that she came to her death, *by the hands of her husband*. Her body has been twice examined by a Coroner's Jury. The first examination resulted in a verdict of *death from an unknown cause*. This verdict, unattended by other suspicious circumstances, was, of itself, sufficient to create an uneasiness in the public mind, particularly when it was recollected that Swearingen admitted that he was with her at the time of her death; but, we understand, there were other and many suspicious circumstances attendant on the melancholy occasion—all of which seemed to point out the propriety of a re-examination. That examination accordingly took place, on Thursday night 11th inst. and several following days, although the decease occurred on Monday morning 8th inst. The result of this re-examination was "That after a careful and full examination of numerous witnesses (they the Jurymen) are of opinion that Mary C. Swearingen came to her death by the hands of her husband, George Swearingen." Swearingen fled on Thursday night, shortly after the disinterment of the body for re-examination, and has not yet been taken. It is said he has been traced as far as Staunton, in Virginia, where the pursuit was given up.

As this case will yet probably be subjected to legal investigation, we do not wish to say anything in relation to it, that may have the remotest tendency to prejudice the public mind, already much excited against this most unfortunate man, whether guilty or innocent. And, with a view of correcting some of the thousand reports now in circulation—many no doubt entirely unfounded—we shall give a brief statement of the leading facts of the case, as they have been represented to us, upon what we conceive good authority.

Swearingen and his wife had been for several weeks in Cumberland, in the neighborhood of which they owned considerable property, devised by her father, the late James Scott, Esq. of that town. They had for more than a year preceding, lived unhappy together, in consequence, it is believed, of his too great intimacy with a lewd woman named *Rachael Cunningham*. This woman had recently placed on one of his farms, where she resided at the time, and near which Mrs. Swearingen lost her life. On Sunday 7th inst. Swearingen and wife, with their only child, about three years old, visited a relative near Cresap-town. On Monday 8th they started for the purpose of visiting another relative, living beyond the property on which this *Rachael* lived. Early in the day, after passing a little boy about 12 or 13 years of age, on the road going to school, Swearingen dismounting, tied his horse, took the child from his wife, and took her across a low piece of ground and up a hill of about one hundred feet in height, thickly covered with laurel, on the top of which, it is supposed she was put to death, as bloody leaves were there found, under circumstances of peculiar horror—from thence it is believed the body was removed to the spot where it

was found, when the alarm was given by Swearingen—on the road leading past the house in which Rachael Cunningham lived, and not far from it. This woman has since fled with Swearingen—and has not yet been taken. If a murder has been committed, there can be little doubt but she was accessory to it.

The relatives of Swearingen and his wife are highly respectable. He was wealthy and his prospects flattering—more than two years of his term as Sheriff, are yet unexpired. She was a woman of amiable and confiding disposition, and tenderly loved her husband to the last hour of her life.

The Government of the state, it is supposed, will if Swearingen be not soon taken, issue his proclamation offering a reward for his apprehension as well as that of Rachael Cunningham. Christian Newcomer, Esq. who was on the return with Swearingen at last fall's election, will probably be commissioned Sheriff.

Fayette Observer.

For the following information, we are indebted to the attention of a gentleman who attended on the occasion.

A treaty has recently been concluded, at the residence of the Rev. Isaac McCoy, on the river St. Joseph, between Governor Cass and Col. Menard, commissioners of the U. S. and the Pottawatamie tribe of Indians; by which the latter ceded a small tract of land on the South side of the St. Joseph, in the territory of Michigan. As also a tract within this state—commencing at the head branch of the Kankakee, about ten miles south of the north line of Indiana; running thence south ten miles; thence east to Flatbelly's village; thence to another village about fifteen miles west of Fort Wayne—on the last Indian boundary; thence with that line, to the state line of Ohio; thence north to the old Indian boundary, and thence west to the place of beginning. Supposed to contain one million acres of land. No large reservation has been made. It includes what is termed the Elkhart within this state, once a part of the St. Joseph.

Our correspondent speaks in the highest terms of the conduct of Governor Cass, and that of Gen. Tipton. Without the best exertions of the latter, any attempt, he conceives, to negotiate with the Indians, must have proved abortive.

This purchase opens at once a free communication with the north, from which it is expected the happiest results, both to the citizens and the country, will follow.—*Ind. Journal.*

From the Republican Statesman.

INDIAN TREATY.

Copy of a letter from Gen. Tipton to the Hon. J. Jennings, dated.

EEL RIVER, Sept. 24th, 1828.

SIR—I have just returned from the Treaty on the St. Josephs of Lake Michigan. A treaty has been concluded with the Pottawatamies, by which they have ceded all their land north and east of a line beginning near the portage path, at the most easterly branch of the Kankakee; thence to Flatbelly's village, thence to Seek's village on Eel river, about 15 miles west from Fort Wayne, containing upwards of one million acres, not incumbered with large reservations to impede our settling the country.

Your obt. servant.
JOHN TIPTON.

HON. J. JENNINGS.

Charlestown.

Effects of the Storm at Westfield, Vt.

An avalanche moved from the height of 500 or 600 feet, at Hazen's Notch, down upon the road, which it overwhelmed, and left impassable—a traveler was hardly able to find a place by which he could lead his horse round it through the woods. Large hemlocks and spruce trees were thrown a distance beyond the termination of the avalanche, with their roots in the opposite direction to that in which they would naturally have fallen. At a little distance from this place, a rock weighing 12 or 1500 lbs. fell from a great height, and after striking a few times in its decent bounded into the road, where it nearly buried itself in the earth.

New York.—At the convention of Jacksonian Delegates, assembled at Herkimer, MARTIN VAN BUREN was nominated as their candidate for Governor, and E. T. THROOP as candidate for Lieutenant Governor, at the ensuing election.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale.

BY virtue of a decree of the Dearborn circuit Court will be sold under the direction of the subscriber, administrator of the estate of Jonathan Dayton deceased, on the premises in the county of Dearborn, in the State of Indiana, on the 24th day of November next at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of that day, section number 16, and fractional sections number 14 & 15 in Township No. 4 range No. 1 west, containing about 1294 acres.

Terms and conditions of sale made known by application to George H. Dunn, attorney at law, at Lawrenceburg, or to the subscriber at Cincinnati.

O. M. SPENCER. October 15, 1828.

Presidential Election.

FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER.

ELECTORS FOR INDIANA,

OF PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT.

For John Q. Adams, For Andrew Jackson,

AND Richard Rush. John C. Calhoun.

Amaziah Morgan, Benjamin V. Beckes,

Joseph Bartholomew, Ruth Boon,

Isaac Montgomery, Jesse B. Durham.

Joseph Orr, William Lowe,

John Watts, Ross Smiley.

JACKSON MEETING.

The friends of Gen. Jackson in Dearborn County, are informed that a meeting will be held at the house of Oliver Heustis, Manchester, on the 20th October inst. to make arrangements for the ensuing presidential election. A general attendance is requested.

CINCINNATI PRICE CURRENT.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

ARTICLES.

FROM TO

\$cts. \$cts.

Bees wax lb. 22 25

Candles, dipped lb. 9 10

Mould lb. 11 12

Castor Beans bushel 1 00

Castings per ton 60 00

Cigars, Amer 1st qual 1000 75 1 00

Spanish " 8 10 00

Coffee best qual per lb 164 17

Cotton per lb 11 12

Cotton Yarn, Nos. 5 to 10 lb 27 30

Feathers live geese & ducks lb 22 23

Mackerel No 1 per bbl 9 00

No 2 & 3 " 7 50 8 50

Flaxseed bushel 374 40

Flour sup. fresh from wagons bbl 3 75 3 87

in store

Ginseng per lb 12

Gunpowder Lexington Ky keg 5 50 6 25

Dupont's " 7 50

Hemp per lb 6

Iron Juntas hammered ton 100 00 135 00

Puddled " 80 00 100