the streets of Hot Springs, but I have never heard it suggested that the Governor of Arkansas should send soldiers to that city. The survivors of the Philpot-Griffin fight have all been arrested, one side acquitted and the other awaiting the healing of a wound for trial. In this instance the officers of the law promptly arrested the parties. Soldiers were not needed to make arrests, and I could not have interfered. The Philpot trouble is in no wise connected with the White-Baker feud.

CANNOT DISARM EVERYBODY.

"But it is said that I might order everybody disarmed in Clay county. The Constitution guarantees to the citizens the right to bear arms openly, and such persons could not lawfully be disarmed unless engaged in some act manifesting a disposition to break the peace. It would require many days to visit these people and disarm them, and as soon as it became apparent that such was the purpose weapons would be placed where the soldiers could not find them, but where their owners could readily obtain them for use. Now, it must be borne in mind that if the soldiers were sent to Clay the Governor would have to direct their movements. B. P. White is the sheriff, and it is charged that the jailer and county judge are his friends and sympathizers. I know nothing personally concerning the position occupied by the peace officers of Clay county towards the Whites and Bakers; but I do know that in no instance has one of them called on me for aid, and I naturally conclude they are entirely willing that matters should continue as they are and have been for some time. If any of the parties were arrested on the Governor's orders they would be entitled to speedy trial before local courts, and the probabilities are they would be discharged.

"The talk about the Governor putting down the trouble in Clay county is absurd. The whole fault in Clay is a vitiated public sentiment and a failure of the civil authorities to do their duty. The laws are insufficient to enable the Governor to apply a remedy. Such feuds have been in progress, more or less, for years, and no Governor of the State has ever been able to quell them. They have terminated only when their force was spent by one side or the other being killed or moving out of the country. There were probably six times as many persons killed in the French-Eversole feud as have been killed in the White-Baker feud. The venue in the cases was changed to Clark county, and only two men were convicted, as I now remember, every other indictment being dismissed. In Rowan county, which had only about 1,100 voters, there were twenty murders and assassinations and sixteen persons wounded, and from August, 1884, to June 22, 1887, there was not a conviction in any one of these cases (see Legislative Report, 1888); and, finally, a number of indictments against ring leaders in that county were dismissed without trial. All this occurred under Democratic administrations, and the partisan papers that are denouncing me now did not give evidence of any indignation then. It seems that these experiences should have caused the legislatures of that period to have made radical and necessary changes in the law, such as would have invested the Governor with adequate power to deal with such conditions, but they did not.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT AT FAULT.

"It is plain that the fault is with the local officers and the public sentiments that surrounds them. The Governor has taken every step authorized by law, and can do no more until statutes are enacted increasing his authority. He should be empowered in such instances to appoint a judge, and the judge to appoint a commonwealth's attorney. The judge should be authorized to order the sheriff of any county in Kentucky to summon a grand jury from such county and to act as sheriff during the sessions of the grand jury and trial, if such is held, in the county, and, for this purpose, vested with the necessary authority to act. Instead of hampering the judge by making his right to change the venue depend on the commonwealth's attorney, he should be authorized to act on his own motion. If it should be found practicable to try the cases in the county and troops should be needed there, or in any county to which the venue is changed, they should be furnished by the Governor and placed under control of the judge. The rule that a circuit court can be held in but one county in the same interval of time should be abrogated and authority given to hold as many courts in the same district at the same time as the judges may see fit.

"There are other defects which might be remedied, and in this way full power given to stamp out the evils. It may be asked, why then has not the Legislature been called in special session? Answer may be made, that such a step has never been taken heretofore, but this is not urged, for a failure to do the right thing at one time does not excuse a failure to do the right thing at another.

"In my first message to the General Assembly, attention was called to the mob spirit abroad in the State, and the Legislature asked for appropriate remedy, but that recommendation was unheeded. At that session a special message was sent to the same body on the same subject, which was ignored. At the called session the same and additional recommendations were submitted. These were ignored in part, but what was known as the Martin bill, more particularly directed against turnpike raiders, was passed.

ACTION OF DEMOCRATS.

"At the next regular session a new Legislature came in and again recommendations were made on the same subject. These, however, were unnoticed and that body repealed the only effective section of the Martin bill and came within a few votes of repealing it over the Governor's veto. The majority of that Legislature was thoroughly partisan. For the first time in the history of the State the Governor recommended that charitable and penal institutions be lifted out of politics, as had been done in many of the States, to their great betterment, but instead of adopting that suggestion, the most partisan prison measure ever heard of was passed, by which the Republicans were legislated out and the Democrats legislated in office.

"Some time ago, through the public press, the Governor stated that the remedy for the Clay county and other similar troubles was to be found in legislation, but up to this hour, he has, with one or two exceptions, failed to hear any suggestion from the members of that body or to receive any assurance of their co-operation. During the session of the late Democratic convention, at Louisville, he wrote several letters to prominent members of the General Assembly who were in attendance, suggesting a conference concerning those matters, not one of which has ever been answered, and that convention, whilst he was engaged trying to regulate the evils, condemned him in its platform for not being able to maintain peace in the State, and in addition condemned him for calling out troops during the legislative session of 1896.

"Under these circumstances I have not, up to this time, felt that a session of the Legislature would accomplish any good result, but would simply entail a large expense on the State. The call for troops during the legislative session was made on affidavits of the speakers of both houses and others, that danger to the lives of members was impending and that the local civil authorities had failed to afford any protection. Under these circumstances and the further representation made that armed men were about to take possession of the capital, the troops were ordered out and yet that body undertook to censure me, as shown by the investigation, on the ground that I could not in person direct the troops, but was compelled to place them in the hands of some local civil authority. If they were right in that assumption I surely have no right to send troops to Clay and direct their movements.

"From the time I came into office to this moment I have steadily and faithfully labored to maintain the peace of the commonwealth and have used every power conferred by law, and repeatedly asked for legislation which has been denied. The newspapers which so loudly condemn me now failed to condemn Democratic Governors during the Rowan and Perry county feuds and this condemnation is only another evidence that the calling of a legislative session, in the midst of a political campaign, when the dominant party in the Legislature has condemned the Governor in advance, would avail nothing, for admission on their part that legislation is necessary would be a flat contradiction of their assumption that the Governor is to blame."

Trial of James Baker.

BARBOURSVILLE, Ky., Aug. 2.—The case against James Baker, charged with the murder of Wilson Howard in Clay county, for which Wiley Baker is also indicted and Tom Baker was indicted, was not reached until this evening, although set for yesterday. Special Judge Dishman presided. A jury was impaneled this evening, but hearing of testimony will not begin until tomorrow. The commonwealth has about twenty-five witnesses, the defense eighteen. John L. Isaacs, Jesse D. Tuggle and Ben B. Golden are attorneys for the prosecution. Judge Linsley, H. C. Faulkner and Allen Baker will conduct the defense. Judge Dishman says hearing of testimony will not be concluded before Saturday. This alleged murder took place ten miles from Manchester in April, 1895, Burch Storrs and Wilson Howard being ambushed and killed.

OBITUARY.

Gen. Rufus R. Dawes, Father of the Controller of the Currency.

MARIETTA, O., Aug. 2.—Gen. Rufus R. Dawes, father of Hon. Charles G. Dawes, controller of the currency, died at midnight, aged sixty-one years. He enlisted in the Sixth Wisconsin Regiment in the civil war, was chosen captain of a company, promoted to major, lieutenant colonel, colonel and brevet brigadier general, and fought in twenty battles. He received severe wounds and was the only officer of the regiment that went through the war. He served one term in Congress in 1880-1882. President McKinley tendered him the post of minister to Persia, but he declined.

Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The remains of the late Mrs. Kate Chase Sprague were today removed from her late home at Edgewood and placed in the vault at Glenwood Cemetery, whence, it is understood, they will later be removed to Columbus, O. The funeral service of the Episcopal Church was read by Rev. Ernest Paddock, of St. John's Church, but there were no other services. The body was borne to the hearse by colored men who had been formerly in the employ of the family. There were a number of floral offerings.

Noted Japanese Merchant.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—A cable dispatch from Tokio, Japan, announces that Tayo Morimoura, the pioneer in this country of the business in Japanese wares, died last Sunday, aged forty-five years. He was a graduate of Harvard, proprietor of a large wholesale Japanese goods house and a raw silk goods house in this city; owner of a bank in Tokio and many times a millionaire. The Morimoura goods took most of the prizes for modern Japanese wares at the Chicago world's fair.

Senator Tierman.

PARIS, Aug. 2.—Senator Tierman, Republican, formerly Governor of Algeria, is dead. He was born in 1837

INSTRUCTION FOR CUBANS.

Natives Urged to Learn to Write and Prepare for Self-Rule.

HAVANA, Aug. 2.—A Cuban committee has started out with the intention of giving the natives free instruction on certain points. The members of the committee say a definite form of government for the island will soon be determined on and they urge every citizen to at least learn to write, pointing out that there is no question now of fighting for independence, but that every man must say clearly what he wishes in regard to the future of the island, adding that they will only have themselves to blame if, on account of apathy, they have to confess they are incapable of their own social and political regeneration.

The Patria says, editorially, to-day, that it believes that Governor General Brooke has the right to dictate any order for the purpose of correcting the present situation, "providing the order does not infringe the resolution declaring the Cuban people independent."

The editors of El Reconcentrado, recently suspended, have been released on signing a promise not to engage in journalistic work.

Gen. Enrique Collazo, who was a member of the staff of the late Gen. Calixto Garcia, writes to La Lucha saying that the statement made by General Gomez that the American gratuity of $3,000,000 was a plague to Cuba, etc., forces him to reply. He denies that there was a Cuban on the commission which asked President McKinley to advance the money and says it is "incredible that the Cuban army in the east which taught Shafter the difference between where discipline ended and dignity began, taught the Americans to be noble and chivalrous. They could not descend to accept, much less to ask, aid from any one." He blamed General Gomez "as the man who called the soldiers to come and take the money," and says that Gomez's tardy tears seem very like crocodile tears. He quotes from an interview of General Garcia with President McKinley, in which the Cuban commander gives his opinion of various officials here, but omits to speak of Senor Desvernine. Collazo supplies this omission, describing Desvernine as the same dreamer as ever. President McKinley, Gen. Collazo says, thinks well of the Cubans, who will soon have cattle and agricultural implements if they behave. It reminds him of what Marti said: "If you behave well you shall marry the daughter of Marti; if not, the daughter of mulato Tomasa." Gen. Collazo concludes by asserting that the Cubans were obliged to return the horses they acquired during the war to their owners, asked what right the Americans had to keep ships and other booty which they took during the war. Returning the horses, he said, falls upon the poor soldier who fought beside those who are now despoiling him. He declared that the peasants of Pinar del Rio are almost in a state to beggary.

Charged with Stealing $1,000.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The adjutant general, at Havana, has cabled the police department at New York to apprehend L. L. Sloane, a passenger on the Ward line steamer Havana, which arrived yesterday from Havana. Sloane, who was on Hoffman island under the usual quarantine detention, is accused of stealing $1,000 from the military authorities at Havana. He will be arrested to-morrow.

Beeves for the Klondike.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 2.—W. J. Miller, a Californian, is in Kansas City buying a trainload of live stock to be shipped by way of Seattle to Dawson City, there to be slaughtered for the Klondike trade. When the day closed he had bought eight carloads of cattle and three of hogs.

Beautiful Complexions by Using
Champlin's Liquid Pearl, 50c, pink or white. Delightful, marvelous results; harmless.

FAIR AND WARMER.

More Sweltering Weather Predicted for Indianians.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—Forecast for Thursday and Friday:

For Ohio—Fair in northern portion; thunderstorms in southern portion Thursday, with cooler in southwest quarter; Friday fair; variable winds.

For Indiana—Fair and warmer on Thursday; Friday fair; winds becoming southerly.

For Illinois—Fair on Thursday, with warmer weather in northeast portion; fair and continued warm on Friday; fresh east to south winds.

Local Observations on Wednesday.

	Bar.	Ther.	R.H.	Wind.	Pre.
7 a. m.	30.01	77	86	West.	0.00
7 p. m.	30.08	69	99	S'west.	2.53

Maximum temperature, 96; minimum temperature, 68.

Following is a comparative statement of the temperature and precipitation Aug. 2:

	Temp.	Pre.
Normal	76	0.12
Mean	82	2.53
Departure from normal	+6	+2.41
Departure since Aug. 1	+4	+2.39
Departure since Jan. 1	+256	-4.65

*Plus. C. F. R. WAPPENHANS, Local Forecast Official.

Yesterday's Temperatures.

Stations.	Min.	Max.	7 p. m.
Atlanta, Ga	70	86	80
Bismarck, N. D	58	86	76
Buffalo, N. Y	70	84	78
Calgary, N. W. T	42	72	66
Cairo, Ill	76	94	90
Cheyenne, Wyo	54	84	78
Chicago, Ill	68	72	68
Cincinnati, O	74	98	92
Concordia, Kan	74	98	94
Davenport, Ia	70	84	80
Des Moines, Ia	68	82	80
Galveston, Tex	80	90	84
Helena, Mont	52	76	74
Jacksonville, Fla	76	92	82
Kansas City, Mo	76	94	88
Little Rock, Ark	78	94	92
Marquette, Mich	58	64	58
Memphis, Tenn	78	94	90
Nashville, Tenn	70	94	90
New Orleans, La	78	96	80
New York, N. Y	66	80	70
North Platte, Neb	64	88	86
Oklahoma, O. T	70	94	88
Omaha, Neb	70	92	90
Pittsburg, Pa	68	90	84
Qu'Appelle, N. W. T	52	66	64
Rapid City, S. D	60	86	84
Salt Lake City, Utah	66	84	70
St. Louis, Mo	74	96	92
St. Paul, Minn	56	68	66
Springfield, Ill	72	96	90
Springfield, Mo	72	94	90
Vicksburg, Miss	76	96	90
Washington, D. C	68	83	72

LINING UP FOR SILVER

MADISON COUNTY DEMOCRATS TRYING TO SHELVE DR. EDWINS.

Commissioner Evans Asked to Take Him Off Pension Board—Killed with Joy at Getting Back Pay.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ANDERSON, Ind., Aug. 2.—The Evening News, of this city, the county Democratic organ, undertakes to read out of the party Dr. S. W. Edwins, of Elwood, a life-long Democrat. Dr. Edwins holds a position on the pension board in this county. The News says that Dr. Edwins ought to be "bounced," that he has no right to hold the position; that he is not a Democrat, and is not recognized as such by the Democracy of Elwood, nor by the county Democratic central committee. J. T. Knowland, a prominent Democrat and a pension attorney, has asked Commissioner of Pensions Evans to make an examination of Dr. Edwins, with a view of having him changed and a young free-silver Democrat placed on the board. The friends of Dr. Edwins in Anderson resent the charges. For many years Dr. Edwins has been the most prominent and influential Democrat in the north part of the county.

Business Men's Night at Winona.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WINONA LAKE, Ind., Aug. 2.—To-night was set aside on the Assembly programme as business men's evening and the attendance was increased by a large number of business men and their families, of Warsaw. A special musical programme was rendered, under the direction of Professor Schliewen. The Winona Orchestra rendered several selections and the rest of the programme consisted of piano, violin and vocal solos and duets. An immense crowd was present and the evening was a decided success. This morning, Alton Packard, the cartoonist, gave an entertainment. The Boys' Club held a meeting this afternoon. This is a new thing, and, under the guidance of Captain Reddick, it is intended to make it a permanent institution. The management has secured William Jennings Bryan to speak here Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 9. He will speak at 1:30 in the afternoon. Among late arrivals at the hotels are: Winona, Mrs. J. W. Emrick, Toledo; Mrs. M. J. Bolan, Peru; A. George Smith, Cincinnati; J. Kinsey Smith and wife, Miss Evalyn Smith, Townsville; E. W. Hale, Cincinnati; I. H. Hale, Wilmington; A. C. Matthews, Indianapolis; Alton Packard, Dayton; Brigham S. Young, Ada, O.

Minnewawan Inn—Miss Mary Paddock, Pana; Winifred L. Bevan, Logansport; J. W. Walker, Indianapolis; Mrs. J. K. Demarist, Jeffersonville; Mrs. W. M. Bruner, Ella P. Bruner, Crawfordsville; Mrs. E. B. Myers, Margaret M. Myers, Elkhart; Mrs. C. A. Drapier and daughter, Liberty; W. M. Clark, Liberty; R. Leavitt and wife, Vernon; William J. Yeo and wife, Elwood; Mrs. A. H. Lusk, Mrs. Henry Huss, Robert Lusk, Nashville, Tenn.; Etta Wingate, Shelbyville; E. B. Newcomb, Keokuk; L. H. Beeler, Rockford, O.

Kokomo Automobile Breaks Record.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

KOKOMO, Ind., Aug. 2.—The Kokomo automobile which started from here last week for Brooklyn, N. Y., is now at Albany, arriving at the capital of the Empire State last night. The run from Rochester to Syracuse, eighty miles, was made in four hours. Equally good time was made to Utica and Albany. The machine remained two days each in Cleveland and Buffalo and will stay the same length of time at Albany, where the manufacturing company has customers. The Kokomo machine has broken all records in long-distance runs, which is counted a point in favor of gasoline motors over the electric and air machines. The automobile has covered over eight hundred miles without an accident and Haynes and Apperson, the drivers, say the engine is running better than it did the first day out of the shop. They expect to make the last run from Albany to Brooklyn in one day, the distance being about 190 miles. The Kokomo machine weighs 1,400 pounds, whereas most of the electric motor automobiles weigh 4,500 pounds.

Receipt of Pension Money Killed Him.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARION, Ind., Aug. 2.—William F. Snider, a member of Company K, One-hundred-and-eighteenth Indiana, subject to apoplexy, has been a member of the hospital in the Home for some time. He was at one time a well-to-do farmer of Wabash county. By some misfortune he lost everything and was obliged to enter the Home, his wife going to the County Infirmary and his little son to the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home, at Knightstown. The veteran made application several years ago for a pension, which was never granted until a few days ago, when he also received about $600 back pay. He was so overcome with joy on receiving the information that he was overcome with another attack of apoplexy, from which he never regained consciousness, and died a few hours later. The pension will go to the aged wife and only child.

Colored Odd Fellows Elect Officers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., Aug. 2.—The Grand Lodge of the colored Odd Fellows to-day elected the following officers: Grand master, R. A. Roberts, of Shelbyville; deputy grand, D. G. Lewellen, of Connersville; secretary, George C. King, of Logansport; treasurer, I. E. Shannon, of Madison; director, J. H. Keemer, of Knightstown. For the next place of meeting Bloomington won on the third ballot. For the purpose of reimbursing the treasury it was decided that a 4 per cent. assessment be made on the 1,600 members. The Household of Ruth Order elected the following officers: P. M. N. G., Martha J. Collins; M. N. G., Ada Goings; R. N. G., Mary Keith; N. G., Maggie Crenshaw; W. R., Anna M. Ashworth; W. T., Sarah White; W. P., Francis O'Rear; W. S., Lillie Campbell; W. C., Jennie Raglin.

Tricounty Old Settlers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

HAGERSTOWN, Ind., Aug. 2.—Two thousand people attended the old settlers' meeting at Economy yesterday. This meeting attracts old settlers from three counties, Wayne, Randolph and Henry. The principal speech was delivered by John F. Robbins, of Richmond. Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Brown, of Jefferson township, were the oldest people there, being ninety-three and ninety-two, respectively. Old utensils and implements were displayed, together with an old Bible that had been in the township more than a hundred years. Demonstrations in the use of the implements and utensils was most interesting and entertaining for the crowds. Visitors were present from Detroit, Indianapolis, Richmond and other places. The next annual meeting will be held at the same place.

Accidents to Brakemen.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 2.—John Ratliffe, a switchman in the Vandalia yards, caught his feet in a frog while coupling cars this afternoon and was run over and killed. He had been a road brakeman until recently, when he asked for work in the yard. He was twenty-eight years old and came here from Charleston, Ill.

W. H. Worley, a brakeman on the Big Four, fell from the caboose as the train was entering the city, but caught an iron rod. He could not raise himself entirely, but did manage to hang suspended between the cars until the train stopped at the depot, when he was discovered nearly exhausted. He was sent to his home in Indianapolis this evening.

Portland Street Pavers Strike.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WABASH, Ind., Aug. 2.—Philip Hipskind & Sons, of this city, have a large contract for paving streets at Portland with brick. To-day their brick carriers struck for an advance in wages from $1.35 to $1.50 a day. The Hipskinds refused to concede the advance and are filling their places with new men. The work will be delayed but a short time.

Boy Burned to Death in Barn.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NEW PALESTINE, Ind., Aug. 2.—The most severe electrical storm known to the oldest inhabitant raged for three hours here this evening. The storm broke over this city at 4 o'clock and lasted until 7 without the least abatement. Henry Merlau's barn, two miles south, was struck by lightning and burned. Noah Murman, fourteen years old, who went to shut one of the doors, was in the barn at the time and was burned to death.

Whipped by Whitecaps.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SULLIVAN, Ind., Aug. 2.—Last night Charles Lambert, who has been keeping company with a woman named Senna Collins, was accosted by a party of about twelve men, each wearing "mother hubbards" and tall white caps, and each bearing a heavy apple tree switch, with which they gave Lambert a severe whipping. Lambert's cries attracted a number of residents of that part of the city, but the whipping party had gone. Lambert lay on the ground with his hands tied behind him, writhing with pain, while around him lay several heavy switches worn out. Lambert is now confined to his bed as a result of the punishment. There is no clew to the guilty parties.

Returned Soldier Has No Complaint.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LEBANON, Ind., Aug. 2.—Ollie Miller, one of the Lebanon boys who enlisted in the Third Artillery and went to Manila, has returned, having been discharged from the service after being out about thirteen months. He was a member of Battery L, Third Artillery, and took part in the capture of Caloocan. Afterward in a fight beyond Caloocan he was slightly wounded in the side by a spent ball and was off duty for eleven days. A note book in his coat pocket saved his life, breaking the force of the bullet and deflecting it. He has no complaint to make of his treatment while at the front.

Freight Wreck on the Wabash.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WILLIAMSPORT, Ind., Aug. 2.—A through fast freight on the Wabash, drawn by the new big compound locomotive, No. 708, crashed into the rear end of the local freight at this place yesterday and smashed the caboose and twelve box cars into kindling wood, and almost totally wrecking four other cars. The engineer and a "student" on the engine jumped before the collision and were bruised somewhat, but not seriously. The fireman remained on the engine and escaped unhurt. It is stated that the airbrakes on the fast freight refused to work and the engineer could not control his train.

Was Lured to the Klondike.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Aug. 2.—John Koehler, a well-known manufacturer of this city, just returned from the Klondike and is fully convinced that the part of the country he visited is not an El Derado. His party went forty miles north of the Arctic circle, where it was 66 degrees below zero. They only secured such small quantities of gold that it did not pay. He did not meet any prospectors who had enough gold to pay them, and he says that transportation companies manufacture glowing reports to lure men to certain disappointment and suffering.

Bedford's Library Building.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

BEDFORD, Ind., Aug. 2.—The directors of the Bedford public library have purchased the old Baptist Church building and site and will use it for a permanent library home. The library is only in its infancy, but contains about 5,000 volumes of selected books. Dr. Gardner, the well-known Red Cross worker, who is a resident of this city, donated one hundred volumes from his library. Dr. Gardner probably has one of the best private libraries in the State. The citizens of Bedford, both adult and youth, show great appreciation of this useful and valuable enterprise, as is evidenced by the largely increasing patronage.

Emmet Post Putting on Style.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WABASH, Ind., Aug. 2.—James H. Emmet Post, No. 6, G. A. R., which for sixteen years has occupied quarters in the Union Hall block, last night moved into its magnificent new postroom in the $40,000 Soldiers' Memorial Hall. The event was celebrated with a banquet served by the members of the Woman's Relief Corps. Speeches were made by Judge Shively, Captain Williams and a number of other members of the post, and the hundred or more present had a most delightful evening.

Old Dispute Settled with Revolvers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

DELPHI, Ind., Aug. 2.—Joseph Ward, of Reynolds, was shot by Hiram Collins, of Chalmers, yesterday, and died at noon today. The ball entered just below his heart. Ward and Collins had a quarrel about some land which they both claimed and Ward made a demand on Collins for the rent. Collins ordered him off his place. Both had revolvers. As Ward was leaving both fired with the above result. Ward, before dying, said he did not shoot to hit.

Another Bottle Factory.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

FAIRMOUNT, Ind., Aug. 2.—The Fairmount glass works yesterday contracted for another large bottle factory. This company already has two factories in operation, but about one month ago sold the entire output for the coming year, and since that time has received orders which compel it to enlarge its plant. The firm makes prescription ware and brandy bottles, and is one of the few firms in the gas belt making successfully "tank flint."

Convict Attempted Suicide.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARION, Ind., Aug. 2.—Joseph Goins, the paroled convict who had violated his parole, and who was to start back to Michigan City this afternoon, took morphine at the county jail this morning, but was saved by the doctor. Goins was sent up from here two years ago for larceny. About two weeks ago, while going under the assumed name of Murray, he kidnaped a little girl in Anderson by the name of Eva Thayer.

Heat Kills Five Head of Cattle.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

COLFAX, Ind., Aug. 2.—This has been the warmest day of the year. The temperature at 2 p. m. was 100 in the shade. Five head of cattle belonging to Andrew Archie, three miles west of this city, were killed by the heat and a number of others prostrated.

Congressman Steele Home Again.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARION, Ind., Aug. 2.—Congressman Steele and wife, who have been members of the congressional party which has been touring the Northwest, returned home this afternoon.

Indiana Obituary.

KOKOMO, Ind., Aug. 2.—Moses McDaniels, a pioneer resident of New London, died yesterday, aged eighty-two. His widow is the daughter of Mrs. Mary Bryan Cobb, stepgrandmother of Col. William Jennings Bryan, and has kept her mother for the past twenty years, the latter being now ninety-seven years old. Mrs. McDaniels is nearly eighty years old.

DUBLIN, Ind., Aug. 2.—Mrs. Sarah White, aged fifty-six, wife of Daniel T. White, of this place, died to-day of cancer. She was formerly a Gilbert, and was born and raised at Hopewell, a Quaker settlement. She leaves two daughters and one son, Mrs. Oliver Gilmore, of Fort Wayne, Mrs. Anna Benson, of Guthrie, O. T., and Dr. A. T. White, of New Castle.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Aug. 2.—Mrs. Elizabeth B. Blakeley, wife of Mr. W. E. Blakeley, died in this city this morning after a few months' illness. Some months ago Mrs. Blakeley's mother died after a severe illness and it is believed that grief over the death of her mother hastened her own death.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Aug. 2.—Mrs. Isabella Rugg, aged seventy-seven years, died to-night. She came here in 1846 and was the widow of Samuel L. Rugg, formerly superintendent of public instruction.

Mrs. Eliza Coombs, who had lived in Fort Wayne fifty-two years, died to-day, aged ninety-three years.

COLFAX, Ind., Aug. 2.—Miss Mary Kendall, aged forty-six, died at her home in this city to-day. She was widely known in this part of the State for her earnestness in church work. She has a number of relatives in Indianapolis.

MARION, Ind., Aug. 2.—Word was received in this city to-day by telegram that J. S. Stewart, one of the owners of Stewart & Estep's big window-glass factory in this city, had died while visiting a son in Homestead, Pa.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 2.—John Torrance, for thirty-five years master mechanic of the Evansville & Terre Haute Railroad, died at his home here this afternoon, aged sixty-seven. He was a prominent Mason.

WILKINSON, Ind., Aug. 2.—Joseph Sheets died last night with flux. He was seventy-two years old and had been a resident of this section for sixty-five years. He leaves a wife and several children.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Aug. 2.—George P. Ketcham, one of the best-known citizens of the county, died this evening of dropsy. He had been ill for many weeks.

FRANKLIN, Ind., Aug. 2.—Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of John C. Bowles, one of Franklin's old citizens, who has been an invalid for years, died last night.

Indiana Notes.

The Marion City Council, by a vote of 5 to 4, restored the mayor's salary to $2,000 a year. The salary had been cut to $1,500 a week ago.

The contract for the erection of a new church for the Methodists of Anderson has been awarded to Thomas Owen & Co., of Louisville, for $28,797, and, with the parsonage, the cost will be $42,000.

Lieut. W. H. Wilson, of the Twenty-ninth United States Volunteers, has arrived at Anderson and opened a recruiting office for volunteer service in the Philippines. Dr. J. O. Lowman has been appointed examining surgeon.

Professor Denny, of the Indiana University biological station at Winona, has been recured for the chair of sciences in the Anderson high schools, to succeed W. O. Hiatt, promoted to be principal. Prof. J. W. Hubbard has resigned and will move to South Bend to practice law.

THE "OATMEAL KING" WEDS.

Ferdinand Schumacher Marries Miss Mary Zipperlen.

AKRON, O., Aug. 2.—The Akron friends and relatives of Ferdinand Schumacher, the "Oatmeal King," were surprised to receive to-day a telegram from him from San Francisco stating that "Mary and I were happily married at 10 o'clock this morning." The Mary referred to is Miss Mary Zipperlen, daughter of Adolph Zipperlen, of Cincinnati. Mr. Schumacher, Miss Dora, Dr. Schumacher, his niece, and Miss Zipperlen have been traveling together in California for several weeks. No one in Akron had any intimation that a marriage was contemplated. The Zipperlens lived in Akron during the civil war, and the two families were closely associated. Miss Zipperlen was born in Akron thirty-nine years ago, and has been for years a teacher in the Cincinnati schools. Mr. Schumacher's first wife died about ten years ago. He is seventy-eight years of age.

WAR AGAINST GRASSHOPPERS

Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska to Unite in a Campaign.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 2.—Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska have agreed to unite on a war against grasshoppers. Details of the campaign will be arranged at a meeting to be held to-morrow at the Fort Collins Agricultural College. Prof. Lawrence Brunner, state entomologist of Nebraska, pictures the condition as something scarcely within comprehension of city residents.

President Greets Volunteer Officers.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 2.—The President received the officers of the Twenty-sixth Volunteer Regiment to-day. This is the regiment that is being recruited at Plattsburg Barracks. Among the officers were Col. Edmond Rice, formerly colonel of the Sixth Massachusetts Volunteers; Lieut. Col. William P. Duvall, formerly instructor in tactics at West Point; Captain Meeks, formerly of the Seventy-first Regiment, New York Volunteers; Capt. Thomas Talbot, formerly secretary of the Republican state committee of Massachusetts; Capt. John Bordman, the Harvard athlete; Lieut. Fortescue, of Roosevelt's Rough Riders, and Lieut. Duncan Elliott.

Outlaws Escape from Prison.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Aug. 2.—Jack Holly, L. Priest and Will Bobo, prisoners at the federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, this afternoon assaulted with shovels Guard F. Knief, and, after beating him over the head and neck, almost severing his head from his body with crude weapons, made their escape. Holly attempted to board a fast-flying Santa Fe train, and, missing his foothold, was cut in two. Holly and the others were Indian Territory outlaws.

Y. P. C. U. Convention.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 2.—The opening session of the Y. P. C. U. convention to-night more than realized the expectations of the general committee. The audience numbered more than 8,000 enthusiastic Christian workers. The choir of 1,000 led the vast assemblage in a praise service, after which Rev. J. Addison Alexander, of Washington, Pa., delivered the address of welcome. Rev. W. H. McMillen, of Allegheny, closed the session with a powerful address on "Worship."

Cycler Hanson's Feat.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 2.—Bicyclist Hanson finished his 900 miles at 4:53 p. m. and then took a rest until 6 o'clock, when he started out on the last century of his one-thousand-mile ride. He is in prime condition. He rode the 900 miles in eighty-two hours and eighteen minutes, and will try to complete the 1,000 miles to-night. He has nearly twenty-four hours in which to finish and be within the record for the distance.

To Ship Linseed Oil in Tanks.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The American Linseed Company to-day completed a deal with the American Car and Foundry Company for the purchase of fifty tank cars of 70,000 gallons capacity each, to be used for the transportation of its oil product to the manufacturing centers of the East. The purchase of tank cars marks the policy of the company to ship its goods in tanks, so as to avoid leakage and other expenses.

Enlistment of Volunteers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—The enlistments of volunteers yesterday were 526, making a total of 8,622. The Thirty-first Regiment, Colonel Pettit's, is completed. Colonel Bell's regiment, the Twenty-seventh, lacked but fifty-eight last night. The Thirtieth Regiment at Chicago lacked only 173 of its full quota.

Carnegie Company Gives $1,000.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—United States Treasurer Roberts to-day received a telegram from Pittsburg stating that the Carnegie Steel Company had subscribed $1,000 to the Dewey home fund. The actual amount of cash so far received for this fund is $17,358.

Price of Hay Rakes Advanced.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—Hay-rake manufacturers of the middle Western States decided to-day to advance the price of rakes.

Not "Chase's Folly" After All.

Washington Post.

The wise provision of Chief Justice Chase furnished a livelihood for his daughter. One day, while he was still Governor of Ohio, some one advised him to buy the property now known as Edgewood. It was then a farm of thirty-five acres, out in the country. He purchased it and built the residence now upon the land, and which was at that time dubbed "Chase's Folly." When land increased in value it was seen that the investment was not so short-sighted as it had seemed at first. The time came when Mrs. Chase was offered $2,000 an acre for the ground, but she refused to sell it. When the extension of Fourth street was found to run through the ground, the portion west of that street was sold, but the rest was retained.

After a while a mortgage was placed on the property, and in time it was increased by subsequent loans and interest, until the incumbrance on the property amounts at the present time to $52,000. Several efforts have been made to sell the property to advantage, but the efforts have so far been unsuccessful. Friends of Mrs. Chase hold the major portion of the trust deeds, and they have been waiting until the property could be disposed of to advantage to Mrs. Chase. During this stringency the friends of Mrs. Chase provided means to prevent the valuable estate from being sacrificed, and in addition gave her an income amounting to about $3,000 annually.

Particulars Desired.

Chicago Tribune.

"Children," said the visitor who was addressing the Hawcreek Sunday school, "I can illustrate my meaning better, perhaps, by narrating a little fable. A dog started out one morning to catch a rabbit for his master's dinner. Bear that in mind, now. First, the dog started out."

"Mister," squeaked one of the boys, "if the dawg went first how could he ever ketch the rabbit?"

Science of the Future.

Buffalo Commercial.

After a while we shall hear that there is no such thing as being struck by lightning—it is only the action of an electrified germ or bacillus.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

TWO DOMINICANS SHOT

ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN CONCERNED IN HEUREAUX'S MURDER.

Revolutionary Placards Posted in the City of San Domingo—Political Crisis in Haiti.

FORT DE FRANCE, Island of Martinique, Aug. 2.—Latest advices from Santo Domingo report that, in conformity with the Constitution of the Dominican Republic, which provides that in the event of the death of the President, the Vice President shall be empowered to exercise the functions of the chief magistrate during the remainder of the presidential term, General Figuereo to-day took the oath of office before Congress and was invested with full powers. His term will expire Feb. 27, 1901. He has given the strictest orders, it is understood, to the governors of all the departments of the republic.

Yesterday two accomplices of the assassins of President Heureaux were arrested and shot at Moca. Two persons, one of whom was said to be a priest, were taken into custody at Santiago yesterday and subsequently shot.

Last night placards bearing the in