

AMERICAN.

BROOKVILLE, INDIANA.

FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1837.

JOHN WYNN, Esq. will serve, if re-elected to the office of Justice of the Peace of Brookville township. The election is week from next Tuesday.

DAVID HAYS is a candidate for constable of Brookville township.

The new Judiciary Law.—The act of the last Congress to amend the Judiciary System of the United States, has been published in the Globe, of which the following is a synopsis:

Sec. 1. The Supreme Court to consist of a Chief Justice and eight associates. The circuits are re-organized.

1st circuit remains as at present.
2d do Vermont, Connecticut and New York.
3d do New Jersey and Pennsylvania.
4th do Maryland and Delaware.
5th do Virginia and North Carolina.
6th do South Carolina and Georgia.
7th do Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Michigan.
8th do Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri.
9th do Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi and Arkansas.

Sec. 2. Requires the Circuit Courts to be held twice a year, and fixes the time for holding it in Maryland on the first Mondays of April and October annually at Baltimore.

Sec. 3. Revokes the power heretofore given to certain District Judges of holding Circuit Courts in the districts of Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas, the eastern district of Mississippi, the northern district of New York, the western district of Virginia and the western district of Pennsylvania, and the district of Alabama. The Circuit Courts in said districts hereafter to be held by the Judges of the Supreme Court.

Sec. 4. Provides that all suits pending in district courts, but which are properly cognizable before circuit courts, shall be transferred to said court.

Office-holders.—There is so much truth in the following declaration, that we are compelled to insert it for the benefit of the office seeking gentry. The editor of the Detroit Spectator, having nominated James Gordon Bennett, Editor of the New York Herald, as a candidate for the next Presidency, Mr. Bennett in a very humorous manner declines the nomination thus:

"The Presidency of the United States has not attraction enough for me. I look to higher objects—higher honor—higher results—higher glory—and higher salary. I have some little character yet, and I am not so silly as to throw it away upon such an equivocal dignity. I do not wish to lose my honesty and independence—hence I decline the offer of next President. I am engaged in a greater work than ambition. I am up to my eyes in love, philosophy, wit, happiness, science, and money making. I would not exchange my position in life for any throne under the seventh Heaven. Surrounded by the lovely, enchanting, elegant, engaging beauties of New York, the star that leads me through the vale of human life, is a star of loveliness and enchantment. There is no Kitchen Cabinet to mar my felicity, and soil my vestments with grease—there are no office seekers crying out for places, and almost knocking me down with their fumes of rum—there are no miserable politicians presenting me with hickory sticks, and cheese, or worse beef. Here in New York, I live in clover. I am like the lark in the first sunny morning in May, rising to the blue heaven, pouring forth my soul in ecstasy, and carolling my starry way to the mansions of eternity."

WASHINGTON, March 10, 1837.

The Executive Session of the Senate was brought to a close this forenoon. The nominations contained in the Globe of yesterday, have been confirmed. The most important are those of Dallas to be Minister to Russia, Wheaton to be Minister to Prussia, and Poinsett to be Secretary of War. Abraham Van Buren, the second son of the President, has received the appointment of Secretary of the Land Office, and will also act as Private Secretary of his father, and is Chamberlain of the Household. Donelson, it is said, went off in a foam, at not having received the appointment to the War Department, which was promised him. He has received a fit reward for his treachery towards Mr. Calhoun, of whom, at the time of the explosion in General Jackson's first Cabinet, he professed to be the firm friend. Mr. Van Buren's capture of him was a grand achievement. He has been flattering his imagination with the prospect of a seat in the Cabinet—but just as the seat appeared within his reach, another arose and grasped the glittering prize. It was with great difficulty Donelson was prevented from nominating Mr. Dallas arrived in the city to-day by the cars from Baltimore. It is believed he will immediately set out on his mission; Mr. Poinsett arrived on Saturday last with his family. Mr. Chew, the new Secretary of Legation to Russia, has been here for some time past.

No nomination was made of a Minister to Austria; the President will, however, appoint one during the recess, and I have good authority for informing you, that Mr. King of Alabama will be the fortunate applicant; Mr. King would have been nominated to the Senate, but for the fact, that having been elected to the Chair of the Senate, he had a pride in being again chosen to that situation, on the incumbency of R. M. Johnson! Vivena is a pleasant place, and I doubt not, that Mr. King, who has a keen relish for the joys of life, will luxuriate in that gay metropolis; no one can object to this appointment, as things go. Mr. King is not altogether un-

versed in diplomacy. About sixteen or seventeen years ago, he was Secretary of Legation to Russia, while the highly endowed and accomplished Mr. Pinckney was ambassador to that country.

The Cabinet arrangements are completed but, with the exception of those of Mr. Poinsett and Mr. Butler, the appointments are only temporary. The principle of 'rotation in office,' for which the party were once so clamorous, is to be carried into effect in the case of officers who are appointed for four years, and whose commissions expired on the 4th inst. much more extensive than many of the faithful desire. Our hotels and boarding houses are filled with applicants for the places that have been made vacant—and the new President will find it hard to satisfy any considerable portion of his mercenary followers.

LATEST FROM MEXICO.

ARRIVAL OF SANTA ANNA.—MARCH OF MEXICAN TROOPS UPON TEXAS.

The schooner Creole arrived at New Orleans on the 12th, in six days from Tampico. She brings intelligence that a fleet consisting of 4 brigs, and 3 schooners of war, had sailed from Vera Cruz for Matamoros, destined to operate against Texas. Every thing was tranquil in Tampico. There were about 800 troops there in garrison.

The Creole brought \$491,300 of specie, which in this time of scarcity will be very acceptable.

Santa Anna arrived at Vera Cruz on the 21st of February, where he was rather coolly received, and with no more honours than those due to a common Mexican General. He left immediately for his estate, Mango de Clavo.

The election returns for President were—Anastasio Bustamante, 75 votes. Manuel Gomez Pedraza, 6 " Nicholas Bravo, 3 " Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna 2 "

The government stands in contract with the House of Rubio. Pedro de la Quintada, Echavaria and others, for a loan of two millions of dollars payable half in cash, half in paper.

The above Houses furnish monthly \$200,000 against the Revenue of the custom house of Matamoros and Tampico.

General Bustamante had arrived at the Rio del Norte where the army was stationed and takes the command in conjunction with Bravo.

Santa Anna, on his arrival at Vera Cruz, addressed the people, and assured them that his liberation was not owing to bribery, or to any thing derogatory to the Mexican people, but purely to the goodness of Gen. Houston.

The Ship Moro Castle, Smith, cleared for Havre on the 10th, with a cargo of 400 bales cotton, took fire on the 12th and was burned to the water's edge.

An express, direct from San Antonio, had brought intelligence that Bravo had left the command of the Mexican army, and returned to Mexico, leaving Gen. Amada at Matamoros, with a force of four or five hundred men. That the latter had it in contemplation to despatch six or eight thousand mounted men to seize upon San Antonio and Goliad, knowing that the latter place was unoccupied, and the former only garrisoned by a small force.

After the occupation, commissioners were to be sent forward to the government of Texas to treat for peace and independence.

Several of the persons implicated in concerting the movement are said to have been seized by Colonel Seguin, of the Texian army, at San Antonio, and sent to headquarters. The Texans have established a line of ten block houses, the whole distance from the Trinity to San Antonio. To each block house is apportioned fifty mounted rangers. The people entertain no fears of the Indians, and apprehended nothing from their old foe. The emigration is unparalleled.

A letter from the army, under date of the 17th ult. represents every thing in excellent condition. Order, harmony, and discipline prevailed among the soldiers, who are greatly elated with the prospect of a speedy encounter with the enemy.

The Telegraph complains considerably of the extensive frauds practised in the United States, both under the pretence of raising money for the Texian government, and in the sale of land claims, which have no real foundation. The friends of Texas are advised not to entrust their donations to any persons who are satisfactorily known as the authorized agents of the government.

Previous to the death of General Austin, arrangements were making by the Texian Cabinet for an exchange of prisoners to the extent of those held by the Mexicans, and for the discharge of the balance on parole. The plan, however, has not as yet been adopted. Col. John T. Callingsworth, Inspector of the Texian army, died at Camp Independence on the 29th of January.

Another Indian Massacre.—The Tallahassee Floridian of the 4th inst. says—"On Wednesday night last, a party of Indians, supposed to be from 50 to 60 in number, attacked the house of Mr. Wallace, who keeps a ferry over the Aucilla. He attempted to resist them, but his gun would not fire. He finally threw himself into the river, and swam to the opposite side. His wife and two daughters were inhumanly murdered by the savages. Lieutenant Bannerman, who was posted near the scene of outrage, with a portion of the mounted men from Leon county, promptly pursued the enemy about four miles, but finding them too strong for him, returned for the purpose of obtaining a larger force."

GENERAL JACKSON.—The Washington Globe of Thursday says:

Mr. Speaker Polk and Major Donelson (who came to Washington to accompany his uncle, Gen. Jackson, on his return,) left the cities in the yesterday's cars, and will probably overtake the late President at Frederick. They will attend him to the Hermitage.

General Jackson was conveyed by the President in his carriage, to the place where he entered the public conveyance on the railroad; on which, for the sake of ease and comfort, he will travel until he reaches his private carriage, which awaits him where the railroad connects with the Macadamized National road. The President took a most affecting leave of the General, and gave him a promise, we understand, to visit him, some time during the summer of the next year, at the hermitage. The Cabinet also attended the late President to the place of embarkation.

General Jackson remained at the Presidential mansion until he left this city. The President occupied his private residence, and discharged his duties at that place. General Jackson dined with him on the day of the inauguration.

FAILURES IN N. ORLEANS.—There have been several very heavy failures in New Orleans, amongst the Cotton merchants, Herman, Briggs and Co. have failed for \$920,000; Leigh, Maddox, and Co. for over \$2,000,000; and Kelley, Mason and Co. for over \$1,000,000. The connections of H. B. and Co. are very extensive, and their failure has produced a great sensation. Several of their endorsers in New Orleans have been under protest, but it is supposed that the Banks will keep them up. The Josephs of New York are under acceptance for Herman, Briggs and Co. for \$1,400,000, and Jackson, Riddle and Co. for \$300,000. Among those implicated with them in New Orleans are Nathan, Samuel Herman and Son and Thos. Bennet and Co.—Louisville Jour.

MR. WEBSTER.—In reply to a letter addressed to Mr. Webster, by a Committee of New York, he says:

"My desire to relinquish my seat in the Senate for two years still remaining of the term for which I was chosen, would have been carried into execution at the close of the present session of the Senate, had not circumstances existed, which, in the judgement of others, rendered it expedient to defer the fulfilment of that purpose, for the present."

MR. WEBSTER, on his arrival at N. York, on his way home from Washington, was received by the citizens of the former city with great parade and distinction. He was escorted to his lodgings (prepared for him by the citizens) by a procession numbering (according to the Courier and Enquirer) at least 15 thousand persons. In the evening, he was addressed by D. B. Ogden, Esq., on behalf of the city at an immense meeting assembled at Niblo's Saloon, to which address Mr. Webster responded in a long, able and exceedingly felicitous speech. We shall probably publish the speech, and give some further account of the honors conferred upon him.—Cincinnati Whig.

CINCINNATI, MARCH 28, 1837.

FLOUR.—The reduction in price has been very considerable in the last week, the current rate to day at the Canal being \$6 25, from Store \$6 75.

WHISKEY.—is still fluctuating, prices ranging from 28 to 30 cts., sales brisk and receipts light.

PORK—of every description declining, our quotations are nominal.—Mess \$17, Prime \$15.

LARD—dull sales at 8 cts.

BACON.—None offering.

GROCERIES.—We are now in receipt of a large supply, our last quotations are fully maintained.

GRAIN—in active request, Corn 33 cts. wheat \$1.00, Oats 33 cts., Beans \$1 00.

VIRGINIA SENATOR.—The National Intelligencer of the 18th inst. says:

"WM. H. ROANE was elected on Tuesday last, by the Legislature of Virginia, a Senator from that State to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge Parker. There were three candidates. Mr. Roane, Judge Wm. Daniel, and Jno. W. Jones, (a member of the late House of Representatives.) On the second balloting, Mr. Roane was elected by 80 to 62 for Judge Daniel: three scattering. Mr. Roane was formerly many years ago, a Member of the House of Representatives of the United States. The reader will probably recollect that, very lately, he declined to accept the office of Postmaster for the city of Richmond, offered to him by the Executive of the United States."

According to a census of the population of Rome, taken in October last, that capital contains 153,678 souls, without comprising the Jews. In the above number there are 41 bishops, 1,468 secular priests, 2,023 monks, and 1,476 nuns.

Sugar from Chestnuts.—The manufacture of sugar from chestnuts, says the Bon Sens, will probably soon become an object of as much importance as that from beet-root. Some processes of extraction have already yielded 14 per cent, which is more than equal to the average produce of the beet root.

Irish Potatoes were selling at Lexington, (Ky.) a week ago at \$1 per bushel.

Wes. Constellation, March 16.

COMMERCIAL DISTRESS.

Recent news from New Orleans brought us an account of the failure in that city of Messrs. Herman, Briggs & Co., a very large Commission House, whose liabilities fell little short of seven millions of dollars! This failure, carried with it five or six other extensive Houses, the whole causing a panic and distress never before experienced in New Orleans. We are however much gratified to learn by still later advices, that the wealthy House of Reynolds & Co. stepped forward to the assistance of Herman, Briggs & Co., and by its powerful aid enabled the latter firm, in the course of a few days, to resume their business as usual. This fortunate recommencement of Herman, Briggs & Co. immediately restored several of the other firms which had stopped payment in consequence of the stoppage of the former, though two or three of the fortunate Houses had not (at the last accounts) been able to resume their business.

The extensive Banking firm of J. L. & S. Joseph & Co., in New York, being under liabilities for Herman, Briggs & Co. to the amount of about one and a half million of dollars, were also compelled to stop payment so soon as the news of the stoppage of the latter House reached them. This created a dreadful panic in New York, immense distress was anticipated among the Commercial men of that city in consequence. It was however, confidently asserted by the Josephs, that they should go on again as usual if Herman, Briggs & Co. should resume payments that having been done, we expect to hear by the next mail, of the resumption of payments by the Josephs. It is a little remarkable, that a day or two before the stoppage of the Josephs, their large and elegant fireproof Banking House on Wall street, fell to the ground, causing a shock to the city similar to that of an earthquake. This catastrophe seems to have been ominous of their further and still more distressing misfortune.

Several other failures are stated in the N. York papers to have occurred there on the same day of the stoppage of the Josephs.

The Boston papers likewise report the failure of two or three large commercial Houses.

Such is the distress existing among the Commercial classes in the large cities.—Money is represented to be exceedingly scarce, and readily commanding from two to three per centum month from good Houses. Cin. Whig of March 27.

A brother editor accounts for the late auroral phenomena, by supposing that the news of the expunging resolution had just reached the skies, & the heavens were blushing for the degradation of the earth! On this principle, we may soon expect black clouds and darkness to overshadow us, as we presume it will be scarcely possible to conceal the election of Vice President R. M. Johnson.

FLORIDA.—The Jacksonville Courier of the ninth says, that the prospect of peace is growing dull and every preparation is making to renew the war, should the Indians not come in.

Virgil A. Stewart, celebrated for his arrest of the notorious Murel, has been arrested himself at Grenada, Miss., on a charge of petty larceny, and recognized to appear for trial at the next term of the Circuit Court for Yalabousha county. His prosecutor is one Matthew Clanton. Public opinion is said to be strong in favor of the accused. Lou. Jour.

An editorial convention is to be held at Indianapolis, on the last Monday in May next. The condition of the press in Indiana needs something of the kind; or should be placed upon higher and more honorable footing. And we hope the contemplated meeting of the editors will place it where it ought to stand.—New Albany Gazette.

MARRIED.—On the 25th of March by the Rev. Thos. Manwaring, Mr. JOHN LITTLE to Miss DEBORAH PARVIS—all of this county.

On yesterday, by the Rev. Joad Stout, Mr. JOHN M'NUTT to Miss ELIZABETH JONES—both of Springfield township.

On the 22d inst by Rev Elijah Barwick, Mr. JONATHAN WILLIAMS to Miss MARY FERRIS.

On the 23d, inst by Rev Presley S Silvey, Mr. PETER S MASSEY to Miss MARY SANDERS—all of the county.

Manager's Office,
WHEELING, Feb. 14th, 1837.
Grand and Splendid Scheme.
Alexandria Lottery Class D. draws at Alexandria, April 23d, 1837.
Capital Prize \$50,000!

SCHEME.			
1 prize of	\$50,000	is	\$50,000
1 "	20,000	is	20,000
1 "	10,000	is	10,000
1 "	5,000	is	5,000
2 "	3,000	is	6,000
2 "	2,000	is	4,000
50 "	1,000	is	50,000
50 "	500	is	25,000

Tickets 10 dollars.
A certificate of 25 whole tickets will cost \$140—shares in proportion.

VIRGINIA NORFOLK LOTTERY.
Class No. 4, draws at Alexandria, April 29, 1837.
Capital Prize \$35,294 11c.

The fortunate holder of the capital will receive 30,000 dollars net.			
1 prize of	\$35,294 11c	is	\$35,294 11c
1 "	11,764 70	is	11,764 70c
1 "	6,000	is	6,000
1 "	5,000	is	5,000
1 "	3,000	is	3,000
1 "	3,500	is	2,500
50 "	1,000	is	50,000
50 "	500	is	25,000

Tickets 10 dollars.
A certificate of 25 whole tickets will cost \$135, shares in proportion.

We present to our patrons abroad the above splendid scheme for April—address your orders to

AUGUST ELECTION.—1837.

For Governor, AMAZIAH MORGAN.
For Lieutenant Governor, DAVID HILLIS. ABEL C. PEPPER.
For Congress, fourth District, GEORGE H. DUNN, AMOS LANE, JOHN P. DUNN.
For Clerk, ROBERT JOHN. J. M. JOHNSTON.
For Associate Judge, ENOCH M'CARTY, JOHN QUICK.
For Representatives, JAMES SAMUELS.
JACOB FAUSSETT.

TOWNSHIP ELECTIONS.—Mathew H. Pruett, Isaac Jones, John P. St. John and Jefferson Coal-scott, are candidates for the office of constable of Brookville township, at the April Election.

Parmenter Davis is a candidate for Supervisor of District No. 5. of Brookville township.

J. & G. R. CHITWOOD, HAVING entered into a co-partnership for the transaction of the Mercantile business, will keep constantly on hand, at the old stand in Mt. Carmel, a general assortment of Merclandise; consisting of dry goods, groceries, queen's and glass-ware, cutlery, hardware, trace-chains, &c. &c. All of which they will sell on the most reasonable terms, for cash or approved produce. March 20, 1837. 13—*

Sale of Fine Stock. ON the 11th of April next, the subscriber will sell at public sale, three fine Bertram horse colts, four mare colts of the same stock, all two year olds; several good brood mares with foal by a Jack, and which will have colts this spring; and many others, geldings, mares and colts, in all about thirty five; one fine Short-horn Durham Bull 4 years old, which took the premium offered by the Hamilton Co. Agri. Society, with 15 or 20 of his calves; two or three yoke of steers; one two horse wagon, &c.

A credit till next Christmas will be given. Also—at the same time the farm on which I reside.

JOHN LOWE.
Franklin co. near the mouth of Garrison Creek. March 22, 1837. 13—3w

FRANKLIN COUNTY Agricultural Society. THE annual meeting of said society, for the election of officers, &c. will be held at the court house in Brookville at 12 o'clock, on Saturday the 1st day of April, 1837, being the first Saturday in said month. It is expected that all the members of the Society will be in attendance. GEO. HOLLAND, Sec'y. March 11, 1837. 13—tm

Administrator's Notice. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has taken out letters of administration on the estate of James Hornback dec'd, late of the county of Franklin, in the state of Indiana. The estate is probably solvent. I hereby give notice that I will offer for sale at the house of Hanibal Sutton, in Ray township, in said county, on the 15th day of April next, the personal property of the said deceased. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock on said day. Terms made known on the day of sale. HANIBAL SUTTON, Adm'r. March 18th, 1837. 13—3w

On Petition to Assign Dower. Hannah Lamb, VS. Joshua York and Valentine York. In the Probate court of Franklin county.

THE said Joshua York and Valentine York and all others interested, will take notice that application will be made, by the undersigned Hannah Lamb, widow of Pearce Lamb deceased, to the Probate court of Franklin county and state of Indiana, on the first day of the next term of said court to be holden at the court house in Brookville in the county and state aforesaid, on the second Monday of May A. D. 1837, to appoint commissioners to assign and set over to her the said Hannah Lamb her dower as widow of the said Pearce Lamb, in and to the following described real estate, situate in the county and state aforesaid, to-wit: The south west quarter, of section seventeen, in town eleven, range twelve east of the second principal meridian line of lands sold at Cincinnati, containing one hundred and sixty acres, of which the said Pearce Lamb was seized during his coverture with the said Hannah Lamb, and in which the said Hannah Lamb his widow is entitled to dower, and in which the said Valentine York and Joshua York have the next immediate estate of freehold. HANNAH LAMB. John A. Matson, solicitor for complainant. March 16th, 1837. 13—4w

Administrator's Notice. THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has taken out letters of administration in due form of law on the personal estate of John T. M'Kinney, late of Franklin county, Ia., deceased; and all persons indebted to said estate by note or otherwise are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against said estate, will, within one year, present the same, well authenticated for payment or they will be excluded by law. The estate is solvent. ELIJAH BARWICK, Adm'r. March 23d, 1837. 13—3w

Eastern Funds Wanted. NOTES on the Bank of the United States—also on the Banks in the cities of Boston, New-York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, wanted by March 6, 1837. R. & S. TYNER. 10—bty.

Administrator's Sale. THE undersigned, Administrator of the personal Estate of John T. M'Kinney, deceased, will sell at public sale, at the late residence of said deceased in Brookville, Franklin county, Ia., on Friday the 14th of April, 1837, to the highest bidder, all of the personal estate of said deceased, consisting of house hold and kitchen furniture, amongst which are a numerous quantity of valuable books, on law, history, &c. one cooking stove, one baking stove, beds and bedding. Also five head of horses, cattle, &c. one dearborn wagon, a quantity of corn in the ear, about 100 cords of wood in the cord, many other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. on said day. A credit of nine months will be given for all sums above 3 dollars by the purchaser giving note with approved security. ELIJAH BARWICK Adm'r. March 23d, 1837. 13—3w

Cash for Wheat and Rags. THE subscribers will pay the highest cash price for merchantable Wheat, and four and a half dollars per hundred for clean linnen and cotton rags; all to be delivered at their Mills in Brookville J. H. SPEER & Co. Brookville February 10th 1837. 40—tf.

C. F. Clarkson, Notary Public, Brookville, Indiana.