

Harvest Groceries

Can be bought cheaper at
Masonic Hall Grocery.
than any place in the city.

**Canned Goods,
Dried Fruits,
Salt Meats,
Cheese, Pickles,
Etc., Etc.**
**Try a can of Tuxedo
Baking Powder.**

HAM L. STRICKLAND,

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

JUDGE.
WILLIAM H. MARTIN.
PROSECUTOR.
ELMER J. BINFORD.
REPRESENTATIVE.
MORRIS HIGGINS.
CLERK.
R. B. BINFORD.
AUDITOR.
WALTER G. BRIDGES.
TREASURER.
JOHN G. MCCORD.
SHERIFF.
JAMES W. MCNAMEE.
RECORDER.
HOWARD T. ROBERTS.
CORONER.
DR. JOHN P. BLACK.
SURVEYOR.
WM. E. SCOTTON.
COMMISSIONER FIRST DISTRICT.
LEMUEL HACKLEMAN.
COMMISSIONER SECOND DISTRICT.
JAMES L. MITCHELL.

THE GREENFIELD REPUBLICAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
Vol. 15, No. 31—Entered at the Postoffice as
second-class mail matter.
W. S. MONTGOMERY,
Publisher and Proprietor.

Circulation This Week, - 2,572.

Republican Mass Convention.
BRANDYVINE TOWNSHIP.
The Republicans of Brandywine township will
meet in mass convention, on
SATURDAY AUGUST 11, 1894,
at 2 o'clock p. m. at
COWDEN'S SCHOOL HOUSE.

for the purpose of nominating candidates as
follows:
One Trustee.
One Assessor.
Two Justices of the Peace.
Two Constables.
By order of Committee.
OLIVER H. TUTTLE,
F. M. HAINES.

CORN is now selling at a higher price
than wheat, something that never hap-
pened before in this county. Farmers
will feed lots of wheat to hogs this year.

THE a b c d of the new American al-
phabet is something to be proud of.—Alt-
geld, Breckinridge, Coxey and Debs.—
New York Tribune.

All are Democrats too.

THE present Democratic Congress is
raising the value of one thing sure, and
that is a Republican nomination. It is
more certain every day that the Republi-
cans will win everything in sight this
year.

CONCERNING the tariff mix in Congress
the Shelbyville Democrat says: Better let
the whole nauseous affair go to grass,
gentlemen, and come home, where the
greater number of you will find business
of importance awaiting you.

THE Republican government at
Hawaii, seems to be firmly established.
Royalties have given up hope of restor-
ing Queen Liliuokalani. The Americans
made it so hot for Cleveland and Gresh-
am that they have gone back on the
negro queen.

PENSION AGENT SPENCER at Indianapo-
lis, is preparing for the quarterly pay-
ment, which begins next Saturday. Aug-
ust 4. He states that the amount to be
paid out this coming quarter will exceed
that paid the last quarter, which was
\$3,596,883. There are in this State 65,
979 soldiers and soldiers' widows draw-
ing pensions, which amount to \$10,155,
022.05, every year. Hancock county gets
about \$35,000 of the above pension fund
this quarter.

GROVER CLEVELAND is always saying
mean things about Trusts and monop-
olies and yet he and his party have been
doing everything they can for the Sugar
trust, the whiskey trust and Cleveland
is determined to have free coal so his
friend Whitey's Nova Scotia coal which
will pay a royalty of 12 cents a ton to the
Canadian government can capture the
New England market. Oh, yes, Cleveland
is against trusts with his mouth but he
cannot deceive the people anymore.

It is now rumored that the Democratic
State Convention will endorse several of
the Populist nominees for the State
offices. The managers feel that so many
Democrats are going over to the Popu-
lists that they might as well endorse a
part of the ticket and try to sneak in a
few of their own men. The Populists
are gaining quite largely from the Demo-
crats over the State.

THE way Grover Cleveland did sling in
personal pronouns in his late letter was a
caution. He used in caps "I" twenty
times, "me" three times, "my" four,
"myself" once, "we" eighteen times,
"us" three, and "our" fifteen times
making twenty-eight times he referred
to himself alone and thirty-six in which
he referred to himself and others, or a
total of sixty four times he referred to
himself. You know he is an important
personage.—Shelbyville Republican.

How the mighty has fallen. Grover
Cleveland, once the idol of the democratic
party is in hard lines. He is trying to
secure free coal for his friends, W. C.
Whitney, Dan Lamont et al who own the
Nova Scotia coal mines and also put a
tax on Sugar to please his friend Have-
myer who contributed \$500,000 to the
Democratic campaign fund of 1892.
Cleveland has made so many blunders
during his present term that he is losing
his prestige as a man of great intellect
and clear judgment and since Gorman
changed him with double dealing and
treachery and proved it on him by Vest,
Jones and Harris, all able Democratic
Senators, people question Cleveland's
much lauded honesty and faithfulness to
the interests of the people.

ANDREW CARNAGIE, who is now in
London, says that he does not think the
United States now requires protection as
manufactured imports have fallen so low
they are of but little use for revenue pur-
poses. Since the people have found out
what thieves and scoundrels the Carna-
gie Company are in furnishing defective
armor plate for the big war vessels of our
navy crafty, Andy has been trying to
sneak in with the powers that be. He
came out for the Wilson tariff bill and
Cleveland remitted \$210,000 of a \$340,000
one imposed on the Carnegie Company
for frauds. There is another committee
investigating and now Andy goes back
on all protection. That should not save
him. Big thieves as well as little thieves
should be in the penitentiary and for a
longer time too.

THE Cleveland boom still continues.
The weekly reports of the two great
commercial agencies of R. G. Dunn &
Co. and Bradstreet, shows that business
is very badly depressed and the future
darker. R. G. Dunn & Co. said:

"The heavy outgo of gold, the fall of
the treasury reserve and of the price of
wheat to the lowest point on record and
the increasing uncertainty about the
tariff, have entirely overshadowed the
industries. Business delayed for months
by two great strikes now crowds the
railroads and swell returns, and gives
the impression of a revival in business.
But it is not yet clear how far there is an
increase in new traffic, distinguished
from that which has been merely block-
aded or deferred. In some branches
there has been more activity, but in
others less, because events early this
week led many to infer that no change
of tariff would be made. The internal
revenue receipts on whiskey suddenly
dropped more than half and sales of wool
greatly increased. But the uncertainty
is not removed and much of the business
done seems to be in the nature of insur-
ance against possibilities. Wheat has
found in the lowest depth a deeper still
and has sold below 55 cents, making the
monthly average at New York the low-
est ever known."

SINCE the Receivers appointed by the
Court have had charge of the Atchafal-
pa, Topeka & Santa Fe railway system, the
books have revealed the fact that \$7,000-
000.000 in rebates have been paid to
favored shippers within the past three
years. This was contrary to the Inter
State Commerce law and also against
public policy and the welfare of the
people. The stockholders of the Com-
pany have been cheated since stock
which sold at par in 1886 is now practi-
cally worthless. Small dealers and gen-
eral producers have been forced to the
wall as they could not compete in busi-
ness with the big firms who by means of
the rebates secured cheaper transpor-
tation rates. Men who sold grain and
bought merchandise had the regular rate
freight charged up against them and
then the big dealers received rebates
aggregating \$7,000,000 all of which had
been paid by the people, so the dealers
profited by both what they got from the
people and also the rebates amounting
all to \$14,000,000. If many good cases
of grand larceny could not be made out
there we would like to know the reason
why. If the laws are not such that men
can be properly punished for such crimes
they should be changed at once. The
penitentiary is where such men belong.
Government ownership of railways
would do away with all such evils and
the people, all the people would get the
best service at the lowest rates.

Pithy, Pointed and Pertinent.

The House says Senators ought to be
elected by the people; the Senate says
nothing.

Mr. Cleveland is again enjoying the
echoes of the cuckoo songs, in and out of
Congress.

Wonder what the late Jay Gould would
have thought of an impecunious prince
for a son-in-law.

Paul would have been a more appro-
priate name for him than Grover; he
writes so many epistles.

Some men never know when their little
games are blocked. Coxey and Debs are
recent specimens of this class.

More trouble is caused in the world by
bad men than by bad laws, the Coxeyites
to the contrary notwithstanding.

Gov. Hogg's revolution nightmare was
probably the result of indigestion brought
on by overfeeding during his recent east-
ern trip.

The assertion that "Debs will never
surrender" sounds a little odd in view of
the occupancy of a cell in the Cook county
jail by Mr. Debs.

It is curious that every time a profes-
sional office seeker is turned down he
should feel specially called upon to lead a
new party of reformers.

The silver men have called a national
conference to meet in Washington, Au-
gust 16th. Mr. Cleveland will probably
not send a letter to conference.

The man who makes a practice of
changing his political principles may be
honest, but he cannot blame people for
being a little distrustful of him.

A Richmond, Va., paper says it doesn't
believe that Mr. Cleveland would accept
a fourth nomination for President. Not
unless it be offered to him, brother.

The places where socialism is reported to
be a success are always a long ways off
and the nearer the impartial investigator
gets to them the less apparent is the suc-
cess.

Mr. Cleveland's attempt to play the
little joker in the tariff game between the
House and Senate may win the game,
but as yet it has only caused him to be
accused of cheating.

If, as the adage says, "an idle brain is
the devil's workshop," the devil must
have an overstock of workshops in the
misnamed "industrial" armies now in the
vicinity of Washington.

The statements of Democratic Senators
differ so radically from that made by Mr.
Cleveland as to his position on the Senate
amendments to the tariff bill that they
are equivalent to passing the lie.

The wise cuckoo gets himself taken
care of before the rush that will follow
the Congressional elections. Congress-
man Breckinridge, of Arkansas is a wise
cuckoo; \$17,000 snaps are scarce now.

Mr. Cleveland wants free trade, with-
out any ifs, ands or buts, and he has the
gall to say so, notwithstanding the awful
condition of industrial and business af-
fairs. He is a Bourbon of the Bourbons.

Mr. Cleveland is about to learn the dif-
ference between having the people with
him and having them against him. In
his stand for law and order the people
were with him and success was easy; in
his "break" for free trade the people are
against him.

Somebody around the Treasury depart-
ment must have blundered when a formal
application was made to Congress to pass
a bill giving the Secretary of the Treas-
ury authority to do certain things, as the
administration has been to dictate to
Congress, instead of getting authority
therefrom.

Coxey is not feeding the tramps he has
already induced to go to Washington,
and the only object he can have in trying
to get all the tramps in the country to go
there is to make trouble. He doubtless
hopes that if a very large crowd of
tramps assemble there that starvation
will drive them into committing riotous
excesses which would lead to their being
shot down by U. S. troops. This man
Coxey is a more dangerous anarchist
than Johann Most, who has "done time"
for incendiary speeches.

The Chumpulist Catchism.

Do you see the man?
I do see the man.
Who is the man?
He is a Chumpulist.
What's that?
A political "What is it."
And what is it?
A cross between a Democrat, a Popu-
list, a Cuckoo and a Mugwump.
Has it the good or the bad qualities of
the strain it represents?
Mostly the bad.
What started it?
Political cowardice?
What is political cowardice?
Making promises under the precepts of
a platform, and repudiating them in the
practice of a policy.
How is that?
It is obtaining political goods under
false pretenses.
How, for instance?
The tariff bill.
Is that Chumpulistic?
That's what.
How?
It is the culmination of a cumulative
atrocities.
How cumulative?
Not satisfied with the McKinleyifica-
tion of the Democratic tariff policy, it
adds the Socialistic supplement of an in-
come tax.
Is the income tax socialistic?
It is a slap in the face of energy and
thrift.
Is Socialism antagonistic to energy and
thrift?
A Socialist doesn't want anything he
must work for.
What does he want?
He wants what other people work for.
And the income tax takes from the
workers and not from the idlers and the
lazy?
It is not the idlers and the lazy who
have made this the greatest country on
earth.
Why do the Chumpulists want to do
this?
Because they are Chumpulists.
Why have they led the Democrats
astray?
Because the Democrats have no sand
in their craws.
What would be the result if they had?
They would make their platform their
policy, and fight it out on that line if it
took a leg.
And would it?
It might; but it would not be as bad as
it now is, for what they are doing will
take body, soul, and breeches.
Won't there be any Democratic party
left?
Oh, yes; it will be entirely left; the
worst left you ever heard of.—[New
York Sun (Dem.)]

\$600 Wanted In Ten Days.

The time is now short and the REPUB-
LICAN's delinquent subscribers have not
responded as promptly as they should.
We know that each of you could easily
pay \$1 or \$2 of the amount you owe
if you are not coming to the city send a
P. O. order. We must have the money,
and at once.

Farming Can Be Made To Pay Big—Farmer Mount's Success.

Indianapolis Journal.

It should be a source of pride to the
farmers of Indiana that one of their num-
ber, Hon. J. A. Mount, of Shannondale,
has been selected by the Chautauqua As-
sembly committee to deliver an address
at that place August 16, and will have
for his subject "The Future of Agricul-
ture in the United States Imperatively
Demands of the Farmer a Higher Stan-
dard of Intelligence." Mr. Mount is no
stranger to the platform, he having been
selected by the State Central Committee
to represent the Republican party in
several joint political discussions, and was
recognized as a painstaking and able ser-
vant of the people when in office. But he
is, perhaps, even better known in the
farmers' institute work and agricultural
interests generally. Mr. T. B. Ferry, of
Ohio, himself a farmer of more than or-
dinary ability and a fine platform enter-
tainer, said: "Mr. Mount's success on the
farm has had but few parallels in the
United States." There is food for re-
flection for the young farmer in Mr.
Mount's success. After his return from
the war he began farming under circum-
stances as discouraging as confront the
poor boys of the farm to-day. For nine
years he struggled as a renter. The pes-
simistic farmer, as a matter of course,
was near at hand, advising him to go
west and take a "homestead" claim, ar-
guing that he could never own a farm
within the borders of Indiana. But, un-
dunted by such discouragement, he said
he would demonstrate what it was possi-
ble to do, and the demonstration is to-
day a practical, tangible thing in the way
of a farm of 500 acres of superior land in
Montgomery county, which is noted for
its fine farms. He is also giving his
children the best college education and is
building a residence that will rival the
best in the city for architectural beauty
and modern convenience. This latter act
is one which should entitle him to the
praise of every true agriculturist. It is
too often the case that the farmer, after
having spent almost a lifetime in farm
labor, and having acquired a competence,
"moves to town to take life easy," and
with the whittlings that such a man
carves from the boxes at the corner gro-
cery store falls into a debris of discontent
under the feet of the easy-to-be-discour-
aged farmer who happens along. Mr.
Mount has repeatedly said: "I am deter-
mined to carry out to the end of life my
idea of farm life and farm work." Thus
it is felt that the selection of farmer
Mount to deliver such an address is a
wise one, that it is an honor to the State
and a source of pride to his neighbors,
who have known him throughout his
struggles and brilliant success, and a
cause of gratification to his friends else-
where. In troublous times, such as we
are now having, the nobility and sturdy
integrity of the farmers of the State are
worthy of mention. Notwithstanding the
fact that multitudinous agencies at the
present time combine to make some
branches of husbandry unprofitable, the
farmer has no time for strikes and an-
archy; and who is the laboring man if
not he? Unceasing toil, Democratic leg-
islation, a superb wheat crop and ruinous
prices, and yet, with all advantageous
conditions in many branches, compose a
mixture that he must take, and he thrives
under the medicament better than many
people think.

Let the young farmers be encouraged;
let them be wide awake and aggressive,
and the day will soon dawn when farm-
ing as a business will be viewed by all
classes in the light wherein it has already
revealed the splendor of its possibilities
to James A. Mount and to hundreds of
others of lesser note.

OLD MONTGOMERY.

Darlington, Ind., July 25.

Proceedings of Jackson Township Sunday School Union.

Pursuant to the call of the president,
the various Sunday-schools of Jackson
township met at the M. E. church in Cleve-
land at 2 p. m., July 29th. The pres-
ident being detained at home on account
of sickness, Rev. J. W. Bowen, county
president, presided. Miss Edith Hunt,
of the Friends' school, Charlottesville, was
elected secretary and Thomas Williams,
of Brown's Chapel, treasurer. These
officers, with the president, will serve for
one year.
The duty of the president is to visit
each school in the township as often as
possible and call township con-
ventions whenever practicable. The
whole Sunday school interests of the
township is under the township president's
supervision. The secretary shall aid the
president in convention work, by corres-
pondence and otherwise. The treasurer
shall keep all funds placed in his hands
until orders signed by the president and
secretary be presented for its use.
This convention was a great success,
there being more present than the seat-
ing capacity of the church could accom-
modate. Every school was well rep-
resented and each gave a written report.
The addresses and declamations were all
first class.
The average attendance of each school
is as follows: Charlottesville M. E. 63,
Charlottesville Christian 50, Charlottes-
ville Friends' 30, Conklin 40, Charlottesville
50, Brown's Chapel 70, Center 35, Total
340. The enrollment is about twice this
number.

The object of these union organizations
in the township is to bring all the work-
ers together, that they may be helpful to
each other in discussing successful
methods in Sunday-school work.

NOTES.

Joseph B. Hunt's address, "Sunday-
schools, the Hope of Our Country," was
full of facts and all to the point.
The recitations of Misses Blanche Hey-
wood, Pearl Hill, Minnie Johnson and
Miss Bundy, were well rendered.
Miss Mollie Staley was at her best in a
soprano solo, "Rock of Ages."
Elder Hammon treated the subject,
"Teachers, and Class," in a very happy
manner.

Miss Emma Parrell, Mrs. Vinnie Hat-
field and others from Greenfield were in
attendance.
Presidents Mrs. Coffin, of Blue River
and Mr. Martindale, of Brown townships
were present. Mr. Martindale will call
a convention at Willow Branch some
time in August.

Jackson township may pride herself
upon a thorough organization and one of
the largest conventions ever held in the
county. Now for real downright practi-
cal hard work at home.

The secretary and treasurer of the
Fourth of July committee has made their
report, which is as follows:

Total receipts.....\$378.00
Total expenditure.....295.97
Balance.....\$82.03

The above balance will be held subject
to the order of the majority of the com-
mittee.

Board of Review Work.

The following is a list of assessments
of corporations, as fixed by the Board of
Review. The assessments are for 1893
and 1894:

	1893	1894
Western Union Telegraph Co.....	\$19,360	\$36,057
Postal Telegraph Co.....	3,485	3,325
Central Union Telephone Co.....	715	6,625
Adams Express Co.....	4,750	4,850
Greenfield Iron & Nail Co.....	8,200	6,900
New Palestine Butter & Cheese Co.....	1,060	200
Fortville Bank.....	6,310	9,515
Greenfield Banking Co.....	39,112	20,420
Citizens Bank.....	36,562	35,275
Hughes Bank.....	1,400	2,250
New Palestine Bank.....	11,954	5,915
Hanna & Masters Gas Co. Brown township.....	2,500	2,250
Slabtown Gas Co.....	2,160	1,845
Willow Branch Gas Co.....	1,821	1,640
Wilkinson Gas Co.....	1,710	1,810
Mutual Gas Company Green- field.....	1,425	1,580
Greenfield Gas Co. Greenfield.....	20,300	14,000
Citizens Gas Co. Greenfield.....	1,800	11,000
Fortville Gas Co.....	2,700	2,500
Davis Gas Co., Fortville.....	1,200	1,295
Mutual Gas Co., Fortville.....	2,600	2,000
McCordsville Gas Co.....	2,500	2,345
Cushman Gas Co.....	1,000	1,000
Sugar Creek Gas Co.....	3,800	3,350
California Gas Co.....	1,800	1,620
Thomas Hanna Gas Co.....	new	830
Mohawk Gas Co.....	2,410	2,170
Pleasant Hill Gas Co. Brandy- vine township.....	2,340	2,100
Maxwell Gas Co.....	3,300	2,970
Western Grove Gas Co.....	2,000	1,900
Westland Gas Co.....	990	890
Morristown Gas Co.....	new	2,500
Gilboa Gas Co.....	1,000	900
Blue River Gas Co.....	new	1,000
Pigeon Roost Gas Co.....	4,500	4,050
Charlottesville Gas Co.....	2,700	2,430
Cleveland Gas Co.....	1,400	1,260
Nameless Creek Gas Co.....	2,000	1,800
Southern Indiana Gas Co.....	28,130	25,205
Moore & Sniders Gas Co.....	2,835	2,552
Peoples Gas Co.....	5,000	800
Fortville Horse Co.....	new	1,280
Fortville Publishing Co.....	new	350
The Herald Publishing Co.....	new	1,500
The Home Building and Loan.....	new	165
Loan.....	new	100
Greenfield Electric Light Co.....	9,620	8,660

The August Magazines.

Among the interesting papers in the
August Arena are Rev. Minot J. Savage's
"The Present Conflict for a Larger Life
in the Social World;" Hon. John Davis's
on "Money in Politics;" Rabbi Solomon
Schindler's on "Insurance and the Na-
tion;" B. O. Flower's "Then Dawned a
Light in the East," comparing the civiliza-
tion of Christendom to day with that
of the Roman Empire 2000 years ago;
Dr. Sidney Barrington Elliott's "Pre-
Natal Influence;" S. B. Rigge on "The
Land Question and the Single Tax;"
Prof. Thos. E. Will. M. A. on "Crimin-
als and Prisons, and a paper reviewing
militarism in the public schools, by the
Editor, entitled "Fostering the Savage
in the Young." Altogether it is a note-
worthy budget of social thought.

The leading features in the August
number of St. Nicholas are "The Ad-
miral and the Midshipmite," a humorous
story of boy nature by Mary Murdoch
Mason; "American Bicyclers at Mont St.
Michel," by Edward H. Elwell, Jr.; the
serials by Miss Mollie Elliott Seawell
and Howard Pyle, both of them exciting
stories of adventure; "G. Whillikens,"
by James Barnes, an account of the
clever capture of a big trout; a sketch of
James Fenimore Cooper, by Brander
Matthews; "In the Path of a Sound
Steamer," by Gervis Howe, a true
story of the narrow escape of two boys
from being run down by a steamer at
night; "The Bears of North America,"
by W. T. Hornaday, with particular
reference to the fierce grizzly; "The Daugh-
ters of Zeus," an account of the Nine
Muses, by O. S. Lowell, and "How Meta
Saved the Mill, by Elizabeth Worthing-
ton Fiske, and "A One-Sided Correspon-
dence," by Antoinette Golay, both bright
stories for girls.

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION.

Thursday, August 2, 1894, Via the Lake
Erie & Western R. R.—"Natural
Gas Route."

On Thursday August 3, 1894, the Lake
Erie & Western R. R. will run their
popular annual excursion to Cleveland,
Chautauqua Lake, Buffalo and Niagara
Falls at the following very low rate,
viz.

Peoria.....	\$7.50	Ft. Wayne.....	\$5.00
Bloomington.....	7.00	Muncie.....	5.00
LaFayette.....	6.00	Connersville.....	5.00
Michigan City.....	6.00	Rushville.....	5.00
Indianapolis.....	5.00	New Castle.....	5.00
Tipton.....	5.00	Cambridge.....	5.00
Lima.....	4.00	Fremont.....	4.00
Sandusky, \$4.00			

With corresponding reductions from in-
termediate points.

In addition to the above, the purchas-
ers of these tickets will be given privilege
of special excursion side trips to Lewis-
ton-on-the-Lake, including a steamboat
ride on Lake Ontario, for 25 cents. To
Toronto and return by Lake from Lewis-
ton \$1.00, to Thousand Islands, \$5.00.
Tickets for the above side trips can be
had when purchasing Niagara Falls ticket
or at any time on train.

Beside the above privileges, with that
of spending Sunday at the Falls, we will
furnish all those who desire a side trip
from Brocton Junction to Chautauqua
Lake and return free of charge.

Tickets of admission to places of
special interest at or near Niagara Falls,
but outside the reservation, including
toll over the International Bridge to the
Canadian side, elevators to the water's
edge at Whirlpool Rapids on the Cana-
dian side, will be offered on train at a
reduction from prices charged after
reaching the Falls.

Do not miss this opportunity to spend
Sunday at Niagara Falls. The excur-
sion train will arrive at Niagara Falls
7:00 a. m., Friday, August 3, 1894, and
will leave the Falls returning Sunday
morning August 5, at 6 o'clock, stopping
at Cleveland Sunday afternoon, giving
an opportunity to visit the magnificent
monument of the late President Garfield,
and many other interesting points.

Tickets will be good, however, to re-
turn on regular trains leaving the Falls
Saturday, August 4, for those not desir-
ing to remain over. Tickets will also be
good returning on all regular trains up
to and including Tuesday, August 7,
1894. Secure your tickets, also chair
and sleeping car accommodations, early.
Those desiring can secure accommoda-
tions in these cars while at the Falls.
For further information call on any
agent Lake Erie & Western R. R., or
address
C. F. DALY, Gen. Pass. Agent,
Indianapolis, Ind.

HARRY STRICKLAND,