

## THE HERALD

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 Editors

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## DIFFERENCE OF OPINION.

That good men can honestly differ in opinion all sane men will allow. Only the partisan and the man with doubtful motives is sure that he and his belief is right and all opposit corrupt and dishonest. The temperance man is not a friend of temperance who carries the movement into politics. As we have said, Democrats who were for temperance now stand by the county option bill. They feared some features of it, but now that it has passed, they do not propose to repeal it till it has showed that it will not accomplish the things promised by its supporters. If it does accomplish this it will continue to stand. And yet, in spite of this, the fight goes on as a purely political measure. The Anti-Saloon League and the Republican party have joined hands in this fight, and each insists on calling the statements made by honest Democrats lies. Each insists in making unjust attacks on honest temperance Democrats. We say the League has joined hands with the Republican party, for we can see no way in which the League's efforts in this county differ from the ways of the Republican party, except that the League is secret and covert, while most of the Republican work is open. Let the League remember that honest Prohibitionists, certainly as good temperance men as those of the League, do not approve of the bill just passed nor of Governor Hanly. The candidate for president on the Prohibition ticket said recently in a speech at Seymour as follows, as reported by the Seymour Republican, a paper of the same politics as its name:

"He even spoke quite harshly of Governor Hanly who is praised by many in Indiana. He opposes county option and that too is commended by temperance members of the Republican party in this state as well as temperance people in other parties as being a wise measure from the standpoint of temperance."

We call attention to this as denoting that honest men may differ as to methods. That these men, so denounced and attacked by the League, may be for temperance, and an attack upon them may do more harm to the cause than any good that may result from intimidating others so that they will in the future more readily do the behest of the League. The movement looks to many like good Republican politics, but very poor temperance work.

## SHAKING DOWN THE TRUSTS.

Chas. G. Dawes Visits Wall Street and Promises Republican Party Will Be Good.

Under New York date line of Sept. 19 the daily papers of the country publish a dispatch from which the following is taken:

"The visit of Charles G. Dawes, of Chicago (formerly Comptroller of the Currency), had more influence than anything else in arousing Wall street uneasiness. Mr. Dawes came to New York primarily to raise money for the Republican congressional campaign committee, and he gave the people he called upon very clearly to understand that the Republican majority in the house is in danger.

"Wall street has steered itself against the importunities of political canvassers for funds, but Mr. Dawes' visit was unquestionably impressive. The people who saw and heard him were convinced that he really meant what he said when he announced that unless means were taken to arrest the current and change the situation the Democrats would swing into control of the popular branch of congress and probably elect a president. Mr. Dawes did not confine his visit alone to bankers and financiers. He devoted a good share of his attention to leading representatives of the manufacturing interests. He carried away some money, but not nearly as much as he had hoped for."

## A Healthy Family.

"Our whole family has enjoyed good health since we began using Dr. King's New Life Pills, three years ago," says L. A. Bartlett, of Rural Route 1, Guilford, Maine. They cleanse and tone the system in a gentle way that does you good. 25c. at the Owl Drug Store.

Engraved cards at the Herald Office.

## DEMOCRATIC NEWS

## How Union Men Will Vote.

The following from the Cincinnati Enquirer concerning the straw vote, which that paper is taking, shows how the union men of Taft's own city will vote:

On Tuesday evening, October 6, one of the canvassers taking The Enquirer straw vote tried to secure the sentiment of the delegates to the Central Labor Council. Owing to the pressure of business that evening it was impossible to get the matter properly before the Council before its adjournment, and in the "break-away" the votes of a few only of the delegates were secured and later it was found that a few persons who were not delegates had voted.

At the session last evening the matter came up for discussion, some of the delegates claiming it placed the Council in a false light as to the real political sentiment prevailing among the delegates, and a demand was made for a full and complete vote of those present. It was decided to dispense entirely with the printed ballot of the Enquirer and to take a standing vote of all the delegates present, the ballot so taken to be recorded in lieu of that announced in the Enquirer a week ago today.

The vote on the national ticket was announced by President Miller as follows: Bryan, 56; Taft 1; Debs, 7, and on the state ticket: Harris, none, Harmon, 60; Socialist, 4. No votes were given to any of the other candidates on either the national or state tickets, and the delegates declined to state how they had voted four years ago. There are nearly 100 trades unions and labor organizations represented in the Central Labor Council of Cincinnati, making it the largest delegate body of craftsmen in the state. The basis of representation is five delegates from each union, but each union generally elects only two or sometimes three, so that the actual membership is about 200, and the usual attendance is about 100.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## Farley Not an Officer.

W. B. Farley who is being advertised by the Republican campaign committee to speak at the Majestic tomorrow evening as a representative of organized labor, is not connected in any way with any labor organization. Farley was formerly National Board Member of the United Mine Workers for the Alabama district, but there is no organization in that state now, and he is not now connected with any union organization in any official capacity.

A statement was made to this effect in the Indianapolis News tonight by President Lewis, of the United Mine Workers of America. The Republican committee has been caught red-handed trying to deceive the people by passing Farley off as a representative of the United Mine Workers.

President Golden, of the United Mine Workers of District 8, stated this morning that Farley was no longer an officer in the United Mine Workers and that the Republican committee was trying to deceive the people in representing him as such.

The fact that the bills were sent here advertising the Farley meeting did not bear the union label is further proof that Farley is not a representative of minor labor, but is simply in the pay of the Republican National committee trying to deceive the workmen of the country and induce them to vote for Taft and Watson, the enemies of labor.—Brazil Democrat.

Every time the Republicans attempt to deceive the people on a moral issue something in their devils record turns up to show the inconsistency of their party. Just now Governor Hanly is going over the State fairly preaching a gospel of temperance. It is a well known fact that he has been a frequent guest at the Columbia Club, the wealthy Republican organization at Indianapolis, where whisky and beer are sold and drunk every day and night in the week, including Sundays. It is equally well known that Ed Ballard, a Republican of prominence has been running a gambling resort at West Baden within a half mile of the French Lick casino, of which the Governor had so much to say two years ago and since. Back when Levi P. Morton was Vice-President of the United States, the Republicans undertook one of their periodical temperance bunks, and ran up against the proposition that the Vice-President was the actual pro-

prietor of one of the biggest saloons in Washington City. Elsewhere in this issue will be found a telegram from Washington showing that a party of Prohibitionists on a visit to the White House had wine offered them, which placed them under the embarrassing necessity of declining. The Republicans of Indiana who will do all in their power to curry favor with the saloon vote, while Governor Hanly is preaching temperance, are in a nice position to insist that a Democrat should vote with them on the temperance question!—Rockville Tribune.

## TWO "PRACTICAL MEN"

"The Whiteness of the Pot and the Blackness of the Kettles."

From Theodore Roosevelt's letter of Oct. 4, 1904, to Edward H. Harriman.

Now, my dear sir, you and I are practical men, and you are on the ground and know the conditions better than I do. If you think there is any danger of your visit to me causing trouble or if you think there is nothing special I should be informed about, or no matter in which I could give you aid, why, of course, give up the visit for the time being, and then a few weeks hence before I write my message, I shall get you to come down to discuss certain government matters not connected with the campaign.

From Edward H. Harriman's confidential statement to Sidney Webster. About a week before the election in the autumn of 1904, when it looked certain that the state ticket would go Democratic and was doubtful as to Roosevelt himself, he, the president, sent me a request to go to Washington to confer upon the political conditions in New York state. I complied, and he told me he understood the campaign could not be successfully carried on without sufficient money and asked if I could help him in raising the necessary funds as the national committee, under control of Chairman Cortelyou, had utterly failed of obtaining them, and there was a large amount due from them to the New York state committee. We talked over what could be done for Dewey, and finally he agreed that if found necessary he would appoint him as ambassador to Paris.

With full belief that he, the president, would keep his agreement, I came back to New York, sent for Treasurer Bliss, who told me that I was their last hope and that they had exhausted every other resource. In his presence I called up an intimate friend of Senator Dewey, told him that it was necessary in order to carry New York state that \$200,000 should be raised at once, and if he would help I would subscribe \$50,000. After a few words over the telephone the gentleman said he would let me know, which he did probably in three or four hours, with the result that the whole amount, including my subscription, had been raised.

The checks were given to Treasurer Bliss, who took them to Chairman Cortelyou. If there were any among them of life insurance companies, or any other like organizations, of course Cortelyou must have informed the president. I do not know who the subscribers were, other than the friend of Dewey, who was an individual. This amount enabled the New York state committee to continue its work, with the result that at least 50,000 votes were turned in the city of New York alone, making a difference of 100,000 votes in the general result.

## DAWES FOR GUARANTEE

Comptroller of Currency Under McKinley Favored Insurance of Bank Deposits.

Charles G. Dawes was comptroller of the currency under Mr. McKinley. Since 1902 he has been president of the Central Trust company at Chicago. Writing in The Public, Louis F. Post calls attention to the fact that several years ago Mr. Dawes wrote a book entitled "The Banking System of the United States." The following is taken from Mr. Post's article:

In describing in that book the "present need of our national banking system," Mr. Dawes distinctly argues for the insurance idea that Bryan advocated in congress and upon which his campaign is now advancing in the west. Referring to a proposed law, advocated by Bryan in congress, which would have levied a tax upon national banks for the purpose of creating a fund for the insurance of deposits, Mr. Dawes wrote:

"National banking statistics show that a fund of the necessary amount would soon be created by a comparatively small tax upon each national bank."

"It must certainly be admitted that the establishment of such a fund would have a tendency to prevent the mad rushes of small and large depositors during times of panic, for money which they hoard away in safety deposit boxes or other hiding places."

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## THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN

## Open Letter to Whiteness

October 14, 1908.

Mr. O. O. Whiteness,  
 District Superintendent,  
 Terre Haute, Ind.

Dear Sir: My attention has been called to a circular letter sent out by you in which you attack Representative Hostetter of this county and abuse him for voting as he did on the County Option measure made a law at the last session of the Legislature.

I am not surprised to learn that you think Mr. Hostetter should have voted for the measure that you championed, but that you should attack him in the manner you have, is, to my mind, a very serious mistake and one that you, as a representative of the Anti-Saloon League of Indiana, cannot afford to make, if that organization is really trying to work in the interest of temperance.

Recently, in a conversation between the writer of this letter and yourself, you took occasion to deplore the fact that politics had entered the fight in the First Ward of the City of Greencastle, and assured me that could the league have begun the fight there against the saloons it would by its superior method have prevented such a disaster, and could, no doubt, have secured a remonstrance that would have put the saloons out. You pointed with pride to the result accomplished in Franklin Township, and took great credit for the superior method the league had used there, and spoke of it in comparison with a fight that had been had on the question near Ladoga in which some people became so embittered that they would not speak to each other after the fight was over.

As I understand, the League championed the County Option measure recently made a law, and should therefore be interested in seeing that this law has a fair chance to become effective for temperance in every county in the State of Indiana. In fact it should become its duty to do everything in its power to make conditions such that the question, when it comes to be voted on by the people, should have a fair chance and not mixed with politics. This should be that it may be settled on its merits alone.

In this county there is considerable speculation among thinking men as to whether the county will go wet or dry under this law. Personally I have felt that the county would go dry, and expected the Anti-Saloon League of Indiana to show us, by "some superior method," how to keep the question out of politics and make the right win solely on its merits and because it is right.

But now you are dragging the whole question in politics and entering into our political campaign with a circular letter attacking the regular nominee of the Democratic party, the dominating party of this county, not for the purpose of putting Putnam County in the temperance column, but for the avowed purpose of defeating Mr. Hostetter, who, until he cast one vote on one question had as you say in your letter "voted right on every proposition" and for the purpose of electing Mr. Lane because, as you say, "he has promised to support our temperance measures, and his word is as good as gold."

I do not know by what "superior method" you arrived at the conclusion that Mr. Hostetter voted as he did because of a mistaken idea that he would be helping out Mr. Marshall in his race for governor. Personally I do not believe Mr. Hostetter would have done right had he voted against the measure solely because the Democratic party had adopted a plank in their platform that proposed a different temperance measure, nor solely because the Democrats as a majority in the house and senate were voting against it. I am strongly of the opinion that no man ever has a moral right to cast a ballot against a good measure, or for a bad measure, because of the immediate political situation out of which it may have sprung. That it is the duty of every legislator to vote first for the measure that is right, and second for the measure that will benefit the people as a whole that he represents, if in his best judgment it is a just measure to all the people.

But I understand that Mr. Hostetter declined to vote for the county option measure because he did not think it was the best temperance measure and would give the relief promised in its name to the people that he represented, and for the further reason that it was adding an unnecessary expense of election to the people of his county, where the saloons were few in number and re-

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stricted to a small territory, the boundaries of which could be, by the City Council, changed so as to allow the county to go dry under the present laws. Where, if the City Council failed to act, the matter would be made an issue in the next city election and acted upon.

The sufficiency of the first reason given is apparent to any thinking man. No man is so base as to waver another to cast a ballot for that which he deems to be bad, even though he cannot agree with the position taken. Only a vote under this law can decide whether this is a wise measure or not. If Putnam County goes dry under this law, then the effectiveness of the law is proven and Mr. Hostetter was mistaken in his judgment of the measure. If it goes wet, then Mr. Hostetter was right, and the law is ineffective for this county and Mr. Hostetter did right in voting against the bill.

But what are you doing to help this county to go dry? Is the "superior method of keeping the question out of politics" as indicated in your circular letter an aid? Do you think that this question can now come up and be decided on its merits alone, after giving the thinking people of this county a sample of inductive reasoning that reaches a conclusion on one example, and asking men to act on that one act as a basis to justify them in taking a step that leads to confusion.

Please do not misunderstand me. I am not preparing an indictment against you. I understand perfectly that any organization seeking the moral uplift of the people may enter politics and play the game up to and including the nominating convention, and still be able to say that it is not doing political work for a pecuniary reward or the hope thereof. But if it go beyond the point of the nominating convention it becomes subject to the criticisms that may be thrown against any other political organization, and may safely be measured by the same standards. But I am not doing this with the Anti-Saloon League, and I do not believe that my old friend Whiteness is a person that could by any means be made a tool to execute any base purpose.

But, if the Republican party (as I have sometimes thought) is a great Octopus reaching out with its many arms in every direction and drawing in and devouring unsuspecting victims. And if the Anti-Saloon League of Indiana is one of those arms, (as it is if it permits itself to be controlled in any sense by the present Republican candidate for

Governor, who is in this campaign directly depending upon unsuspecting people to elect him, people that are blinded by this moral issue so that they do not see the man or the real principles for which he stands and has stood in the past). What course would it have you pursue more to its interest than to write the kind of circular letter you have written? and what is the value of that kind of a letter for temperance in Putnam County?

Yours truly,  
 A Temperance Democrat.

## MEALS FOR A DAY

(Chicago Record-Herald.)

BREAKFAST  
 Sliced Peaches or Baked Apples  
 and Cream.  
 Broiled Chops  
 Hashed Brown Potatoes.  
 Popovers. Coffee.

LUNCHEON  
 Corn Fritters. Lettuce Sandwiches.  
 Grapes. Small Cakes.  
 Tea or Chocolate.

DINNER  
 Cream of Celery Soup.  
 Roast leg of Lamb. Cream Sauce.  
 Brown Gravy.  
 Brown Potatoes. Peas.  
 Stuffed Tomato Salad.  
 Nut Cream.  
 Coffee.

Nut Cream—Two-thirds pint nut meats. Rub skin off with coarse towel, add a little of the white of an egg and pound to a paste. Make a custard of one-half pint sweet milk, yolks of two eggs and one-half cup sugar. When at boiling point remove from fire; cool and add one teaspoon gelatin dissolved in warm water. Stir in the nut paste; mix well. Whip one-half pint thick cream and stir into the mixture. Turn into a mold and set on ice until firm. Serve in sherbert cups.

## NOTICE TO DEMOCRATS

The Democrats of Greencastle Township, will meet in the Court House at 7:30 o'clock on the evening of Thursday, October 15, to nominate candidate for Trustee and a candidate for Assessor of Greencastle Township.

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