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DAILY AND WEEKLY

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If your carrier boy misses you with the Evening Republican call telephone 378 and William Campbell will supply the missing paper.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1920.

THE LEAGUE AND PERMANENT PEACE

Any attempt to make it appear that Senator Harding and the Republican Party are antagonistic to feasible and reasonable schemes for world peace is an attempt at deliberate misrepresentation of the facts.

What every voter in Indiana, particularly the women, should understand is the difference between the league of nations covenant demanded by President Wilson and an association of free nations espoused by Senator Harding.

In theory, and perhaps in purpose, the two are alike. In effect they are beyond question at absolute variance.

President Wilson's league is founded on the plan of an international combine which seeks to carry out its mandates by the force of arms. It would be presided over and governed by the diplomats and politicians of Europe, who, through their representatives in the council of the league, would dominate the decisions of the council to the advantage and benefit of their own governments.

The Wilson league contemplates armed action against a member na-

tion which refuses to submit to the decisions of the league council. A dangerous contract in the covenant is Article X. That clause makes it incumbent on every member nation to protect from external aggression the boundaries of every other member nation. Such provision draws the United States into a menacing and entangling alliance with foreign powers, an alliance such as Washington warned against in the cradle years of the republic.

It is from these phases of dangerous internationalism that Senator Harding and the Republican party seek to save the nation. It is for these reasons that they are unalterably opposed to the Wilson league of nations.

But to state that by such a position they are opposed to a society of nations founded for the purpose of effectually maintaining the peace of the world is to spitefully and maliciously warp the truth and with intent to mislead the electorate of the nation; an electorate which wants world peace; but wants it without sacrificing the sovereignty of the United States or bargaining the lives of the nation's young manhood for the safety of the territorial borders of powers across the sea.

Senator Harding has stated his position clearly. Without equivocation and with the utmost candor, in his speech to the Indiana delegation at Marion, August 28, he made it clear that he does not overlook the necessity of this country lending a hand to the stricken nations abroad, and he also stressed the fact that this country must have the most positive understanding of what its obligations entail.

"For myself," he said in that masterful address, "I yield to no man in willingness, eye, in eagerness, to render the greatest conceivable assistance to the stricken people of Europe." Further, he said: "We know now that the league constituted at Versailles is utterly impotent as a preventive of wars."

In the Senator's own words the difference between a court of international justice and the council created by the Wilson league covenant, is simple but profound. One, he says, is a judicial tribunal to be governed by fixed and definite principles of law administered without passion or prejudice. Such a tribunal he favors; and it is favored by the Republican party. The other, said the senator, is an association of diplomats and politicians whose determinations are sure to be influenced by considerations of expediency and national selfishness. To such an association of diplomats and politicians Senator Harding is immovably opposed.

Harding proposes to take all that is good in the league of nations covenant and in The Hague tribunal, at

the same time removing all that is bad and dangerous from both, and out of the gleanings and with new constructive agencies working in the light of the new demands set up a sound and safe court of international justice.

"A league of free nations, animated by considerations of right and justice. Instead of might and self interest, and not merely proclaimed an agency in pursuit of peace, but so organized and so participated in as to make the actual attainment of peace a reasonable possibility."

"Such an association," affirms Senator Harding, "I favor with all my heart."

COAL PRICE OF \$8 PER TON ESTABLISHED, REPORT

Indianapolis, Oct. 4.—The price of Indiana coal delivered to the consumer will be in the neighborhood of \$8 a ton, when coal prices are announced by the special fuel and food commission according to indications here today.

While no announcement has been made concerning the price, it is believed that the commission will follow closely the margins of profit and cost allowed jobbers and retailers by the federal fuel administration. The federal regulatory body permitted retailers to charge approximately \$2.50 a ton for expenses in handling the coal and profit.

The commission has announced that some Indiana coal for emergency purposes can be had at the mine for \$4 a ton. Allowing jobbers the necessary margins for handling, the coal and delivering to the retailers and other expenses of bringing the coal to the consumer, it is believed that \$8.00 a ton will fairly approximate the cost of coal to the public when the commission has completed its price fixing.

Announcement of coal prices by the commission is expected Tuesday or Wednesday. It is understood that Jesse E. Eschbach, chairman of the commission, will call the state regulatory body together and make recommendations for the various prices of Indiana coal. Mr. Eschbach and a corps of assistants have been gathering information concerning coal prices for some time and a series of public hearings were held last week.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

The following letters remain unclaimed at the Post Office at Rensselaer, Indiana.

Lawrence D. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Caper, Mrs. Chas. Cleaver, Thos. Kennedy, Arthur Kennedy, Rhonda Rutherford, Hon. A. J. Reanly.

The above letters, if not claimed, will be sent to the Dead Letter office on Oct. 18.

N. LITTLEFIELD, P. M.

POCAHONTAS MARKET.

There will be a Pocahontas market at the Co-operative meat market Saturday, October 9, at eleven o'clock.

A team of national League All-stars, lead by "Casey" Stengel, Philadelphia outfielder, will play at Lafayette Thursday. Walter Truogresser, Lafayette boy with Philadelphia, will do the catching for the All-stars.

MARRIAGE LICENSE ISSUED.

October 4, Percy Bernard Voyles, born Tennessee September 28, 1894; present residence, Remington; occupation, chauffeur; and Vivian Alice Kerriek, born Ohio, August 17, 1900; present residence, Remington; occupation, housekeeper.

Job work at the Republican office.

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Calumet

Graham Muffin

Recipe

1 cup of white flour,
1 cup Graham flour,
1 tablespoon sugar,
3 level teaspoons
Calumet Baking
Powder, 1 teaspoon
salt, 1 cup of milk,
1 egg well beaten, 1
tablespoon melted
butter. Then mix in
the regular way.

MONON ROUTE.

RENSSELAER TIME TABLE
In effect July 11, 1920.

FOREWARD
No. 36 Cincinnati to Chicago 4:34 a.m.
No. 37 Louisville to Chicago 5:01 a.m.
No. 40 Lafayette to Chicago 7:01 a.m.
No. 32 Indianapolis to Chicago 10:38 a.m.
No. 33 Indianapolis to Chicago 2:51 p.m.
No. 8 Indianapolis to Chicago 2:58 p.m.
No. 35 Cincinnati to Chicago 6:29 p.m.
No. 16 Cincinnati to Chicago 6:17 p.m.

SOUEWOUR
No. 35 Chicago to Cincinnati 2:37 a.m.
No. 8 Chicago to Louisville 10:59 a.m.
No. 40 Lafayette to Indianapolis 11:31 a.m.
No. 32 Ohio to Indianapolis 1:57 p.m.
No. 33 Chicago to Lafayette 5:54 p.m.
No. 31 Chicago to Indianapolis 7:21 p.m.
No. 1 Chicago to Louisville 11:10 p.m.
No. 15 Chicago to Cincinnati 1:41 a.m.

Train No. 16 stops to discharge passengers off of the C. I. & W.
Train 15 stops to take on passengers for points on the C. I. & W.

Job work at the Republican office.

ABE MARTIN.

(Indianapolis News.)

Next t' a girl's face th' easiest thing t' muss is a silk plug hat. Slippery elm is th' official wood fer P'publican flag poles this campaign.

CITY BUS LINE

CALL
FOR TRAINS AND CITY
SERVICE.

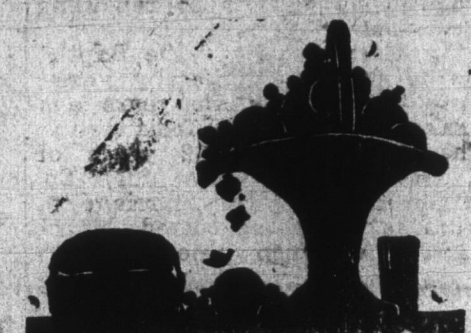
STOCKTON

& SON

PHONE 107.

Farm leases for sale at the Republican office, grain and cash rent.

Advertise in the Republican.



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Ralph O'Riley's

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