

The Evening Republican.

No. 242.

RENSSELAER, INDIANA, TUESDAY, OCT. 7, 1919.

VOL. XXII.

COUCHES

Now is the time
to buy that couch
We have a full line
in leather and
tapestry.

W. J. WRIGHT

Rensselaer

Indiana

ROBBINS TALKS TO THE CONFERENCE.

Frankfort Crescent-News, Oct. 4.—It was a large audience that heard the lecture of Raymond Robbins at the M. E. church last evening. The speaker was applauded with such ardor and frequency at one stage of the lecture that he asked there be no applause so that the channel of his argument might not be interrupted. It was a wonderful lecture and a fortunate thing that it was heard by so many ministers and educators, for truths of the greatest importance were spoken. It was made clear that if men fail to recognize the conditions challenging the world, dire results will follow.

Mr. Robbins was a member of the Russian commission and for several months was in charge of the food administration for that country. He said the actual conditions underlying the Russian trouble was the fact that 93 per cent of the people of the country had found they had been deceived by the other 7 per cent, had undertaken government for themselves in preference to again supporting a government they had no confidence in.

He pointed to conditions of labor in England, France and Italy. He said America is the only one of the nations that is maintaining stable government. He argued the righteousness of the cause of labor and convincingly proclaimed conditions must be furnished them that will make their living conditions better and provide for their education and deny to capital the undemocratic advantages it has held in the past.

He contended production is increased by the bettering of conditions and the shortening of the hours of labor. He cited instances to prove it. He told of the demoralizing conditions in the sweat shops and child labor factories and of the reforms that had come when these conditions were corrected.

He told of the success of John M. Parker, of New Orleans, who has immense cotton farms, when he provided his negro employees with comfortable and sanitary homes and all at an increased profit over the old days and especially over the days of slave labor.

While not defining a remedy, the speaker suggested the spirit of the movement was the education of all in a spirit of fairness and the development of the free church, free school and free social order.

The speech seemed to be endorsed by practically all of the large audience and it should encourage all who heard it to strive for the solution of questions affecting capital and labor, for if they are not solved equitably America will some day find itself engulfed in the same way that foreign countries now are.

PRINCESS THEATRE

Matinee—2:15.

Night—7:15.

TONIGHT

TUESDAY

Bryant Washburn

in

“Putting It Over”

Ford Weekly

WEDNESDAY
Madge Kennedy
in
“The Kingdom of
Youth”

THURSDAY

Alice Brady

in

“His Bridal Night”

INDIANA SECTOR WORST EVER

HUNDREDS OF TROOPS PATROL THE STREETS OF THREE INDIANA CITIES.

Chicago, Oct. 6.—Major General Leonard Wood, commander of the central department of the United States army, took charge of the Indiana steel cities of Gary, Indiana Harbor and East Chicago with one thousand overseas veterans of the fourth division, armed with cannon, machine guns and rifles, and declared martial law in Gary, while Adjutant Smith, with a thousand state troops declared martial law in the other two steel centers.

No soldiers' uniforms may be worn in Gary by civilians under the general's orders.

Action Follows Parade.

No disorder preceded the action of the military today, but the troop movement brought about by a parade without permit of 2,000 strikers from the steel mills in Gary, led by a large number of former soldiers in uniform, and a mass meeting in a Gary park, where speakers demanded the release of strikers arrested after a riot on Saturday and the withdrawal of troops sent by Governor Goodrich of Indiana, at the request of city officers.

Rapid Military Movement.

This is the first action by federal troops since the steel strike started on September 22. It came unexpectedly as there had been comparatively little disorder in any of the cities, but the movement was rapid. No sooner had Mayor Hodges, of Gary, asked Governor Goodrich for troops after the mass meeting had been held in violation of his orders and in defiance of the 300 state troops on duty in Gary than the governor repeated the request to General Wood at Chicago.

In five hours the regulars at Fort Sheridan had been loaded in trucks and transported fifty miles to Gary. They had barely unlimbered themselves from the long ride before General Wood issued his order for martial law.

Bar Public Meetings.

The order provided that no public meetings or assemblies might be held "in any street, park or other portion of the city." However, it specifically exempted from this provision churches, theatre, motion picture houses and lecture rooms.

The order set forth that all men in the uniform of the United States army in the city would be brought to military headquarters immediately.

If investigation developed that a particular man was "a part of the armed forces of the nation," the order added, "he would be placed under the command of the military authorities in the city for duty. If, however, the man was 'out of the service,' the order stated, "he would be held pending further investigation."

This latter provision was taken to mean that discharged soldiers wearing their uniforms in the city would be held in custody.

Ask Citizens' Assistance.

The order was made effective immediately. It set forth that strict enforcement of law would prevail, and called upon all citizens to lend their assistance to the military authorities. The functions of the city government, it added, would be carried on through the city authorities "as much as possible."

All parades and processions were prohibited by the order. It provided further that no firearms might be carried by anyone other than the police, military authorities, troops and members of the city government.

The order will continue in effect "until further notice."

Steel plants throughout the district continued to operate today with varying forces of men at work. As on previous days, plant officials claimed that many additional men had reported for work, but strike leaders asserted that only a few unskilled workers had gone back.

Firearms Reach Negroes.

After an investigation following the arrest of a negro on a charge of carrying a weapon, C. E. Huber, assistant postmaster at Gary, declared today that many firearms were reaching negroes at Gary through the mails. He expressed the belief that postoffice authorities could not refuse delivery of the firearms after they had once been placed in the mail.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Indiana: Fair tonight and Wednesday; slightly cooler tonight and probable frost in northeast portion.

County Commissioners Charles Welch and D. S. Makeever are attending a joint session with the Newton county commissioners at Kentland today. They have before them the establishment of two improved roads.

Simon Fendig and wife, of Wheatfield, were in Rensselaer today, Mrs. Fendig attending the meeting of the Jasper county War Mothers.

CONFERENCE IS ADJOURNED

THE REV. E. W. STRECKER IS RETURNED TO TRINITY M. E. CHURCH HERE.

Frankfort Crescent-News, Oct. 6.—The Northwest Indiana conference adjourned shortly after noon today, following the announcement of the appointments by Bishop Nicholson, who stated that the greatest difficulty was occasioned this year owing to the fact that there were twenty ministers who had been in the military service returned to the conference and there were not enough good places for them without displacing others who had every reason to continue in the field where stationed. He said that the appointments had been worked out as equitably as possible and that the difficulties had been largely surmounted. The appointments of this district follow:

Lafayette district, W. E. McKenzie, district superintendent; Ambia and Talbot, C. C. Farmer; Barkley and Lee, J. E. Dean; Battle Ground, Richard Pengilly; Boswell, J. J. Rankin; Brook, J. J. Wilson; Brookston and Chalmers, A. E. Bagby; Buck Creek and Radnor, H. C. Riley; Dayton, H. L. McBride; Delphi, R. O. Kimberlin; Fair Oaks, to be supplied; Fowler, Wm. Brandon; Francesville, T. J. Reder; Goodland, V. B. Servies; Idaville, J. P. Alford; Kentland, C. L. Harper; Kewanna, G. S. Reedy; Lafayette—Congress Street, A. V. Babbs, St. Paul's, S. C. Rogers; Trinity, T. F. Williams; West Lafayette, H. O. Enwall; Leiter's Ford, C. V. Roush; Lowell, C. A. Brown; Lucerne, E. Watson; Medaryville, F. J. Beisel; Monon, Fred Longwell; Monon Chapel, to be supplied; Monticello, F. L. Hovis; Montmorenci and Mt. Zion, W. J. Stewart; Morocco, A. L. Brandenberg; Mt. Ayr, B. H. Horton; Otterbein, J. B. McNary; Oxford, C. W. Shoemaker; Raub, G. F. Cramer; Remington, A. L. Miller; Rensselaer, E. W. Strecker; Reynolds, Earl Heimburger; Richland Center, George A. Kenyon; Rochester, G. F. Craig; Roselawn, to be supplied; Royal Center, W. C. Aye; Shelby, to be supplied; Star City, D. A. Rodgers; Stidham, C. B. Rippetoe; West Point and Roberts, J. E. Sidebottom; Winamac, J. E. Porter; Wolcott, Harry Upchurch; Yeoman and Pittsburgh, to be supplied.

Special Appointments.

H. A. Gobin, vice-president DePauw university, member College avenue, Greencastle, quarterly conference.

E. S. Shumaker, state superintendent, Indiana Anti-Saloon league, member of St. Paul, Indianapolis, quarterly conference.

R. C. Curnick, field secretary for Methodist hospital, Indianapolis, member of St. Paul, Indianapolis, quarterly conference.

C. D. Royse, Centenary commission, Chicago area, Rockville, quarterly conference.

A. W. Wood, chaplain northern Indiana prison, Michigan City, quarterly conference.

W. W. Moore, Elm street, Indianapolis, quarterly conference.

A resolution was offered and passed asking the delegates to the general conference to urge a provision for three years' instead of annual appointments.

Full membership in conference, 56,989. A decrease of 970. This decrease was accounted for by the transfer of one church to the Indiana conference and by the system of accounting for non-resident members.

There are 293 Sunday schools in the district, a decrease of nine, owing to consolidation. The total number of officers and teachers in the conference was 5,020, a decrease of 300. The total enrollment was 58,337, a decrease of 1,220.

The Epworth League has a membership of 5,000, a decrease of 156.

A resolution was offered by Rev. W. B. Warriner expressing gratification at the hospitality shown the ministers at the conference, praising Rev. E. W. Dunlavy for the completeness of all arrangements, the newspapers for their handling of the reports, the Masonic order for the use of their building, the Christian church for the use of their church for the lay conference sessions, the Farmers' and the American National banks for favors extended, the ladies for their fine handling of the delegates at the meals, and the people of Frankfort generally and those in whose homes the delegates were entertained particularly.

The resolution also praised Bishop Nicholson for his fairness and Christian spirit in conducting the sessions of the conference. The resolutions were endorsed unanimously.

The Monnett School for Girls, which the conference took over last week, was reported favorably to the Newton county commissioners at Kentland today. They have before them the establishment of two improved roads.

The senate Saturday adopted the conference report on the anti-profit-sharing bills to aid Attorney General Palmer in his campaign against the high cost of living.

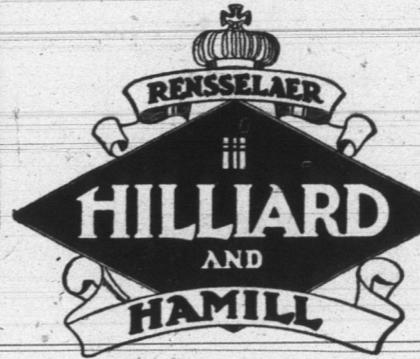
Charles A. Armstrong was in Michigan City last week visiting with his mother, Mrs. Alfred Armstrong, and his sister, Dortha Armstrong. Miss Armstrong is a teacher in the Michigan City schools, but on last Tuesday Mrs. Armstrong left for New York City, where she will make her home with her daughter, Mrs. George R. Snyder, formerly Miss Pearl Armstrong.

New Fall Shirts=



Get that little word
“NEW?”

\$3 up



INDIANA BATTERY TOYED WITH THE SOX MONDAY.

Horace "Hod" Eller, Muncie, Indiana, and William Rariden, Bedford, Indiana, Cincinnati battery in the fifth world's series game, toyed with the White Sox Monday, winning their fourth game of the nine-game set by a score of 5 to 0. It was the second straight shut-out administered by the Redlegs and the pitching of Eller was the most marvelous ever recorded in a world's series. The Eller person allowed but three hits, duplicating the feat of his stablemate, Ring, on Saturday. Eller also whiffed nine of the Hoss, six of them in a row in the second and third innings, a world's record for the major leagues.

Williams, White Sox, also pitched a wonderful game, allowing but four hits, the second time he has perpetrated the feat in as many starts, although winning neither game.

Yesterday's Cincinnati victory leaves the club with but one more game to win to clinch the championship, and they are on their home ground for the next two games.

Kerr, who has registered the only Chicago victory to date, has been elected to carry the Chicago hopes today and will be opposed by Ruether, who won the opening game in Cincinnati.

BRACE UP!

Do you feel old before your time? Is your back bent and stiff? Do you suffer urinary disorders? Don't despair—profit by Rensselaer experiences. Rensselaer people recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. Here's a Rensselaer resident's statement:

Mrs. Wm. Moore, Elm street, says: "I suffered from kidney trouble. I had backaches and headaches for a long time and I had no strength or ambition and couldn't sleep well. I could hardly turn in bed on account of the lameness in my back and I couldn't do my house work. I knew that my kidneys were weak. Finally I got Doan's Kidney Pills and they cured me of all those ailments and I have never had an attack since."

OVER EIGHT YEARS LATER, Mrs. Moore said: "I am never without Doan's Kidney Pills in the house. They are the best medicine I know of."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Moore had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Miss Laura Marlowe, of Cleveland, O., is the guest this week of her sister, Mrs. Dr. A. G. Catt.

Charles A. Armstrong was in Michigan City last week visiting with his mother, Mrs. Alfred Armstrong, and his sister, Dortha Armstrong. Miss Armstrong is a teacher in the Michigan City schools, but on last Tuesday Mrs. Armstrong left for New York City, where she will make her home with her daughter, Mrs. George R. Snyder, formerly Miss Pearl Armstrong.

KERR STANDS AS LAST HOPE

Redland Field, 2 p. m.—Clear weather prevailed as the White Sox, led by Manager Gleason, trotted onto the field for their sixth clash with Moran's coming champions. They bore a dogged, determined look and stood ready to battle to the last ditch to prevent the men of Moran from closing the series. Kerr has been picked to thwart the Redlegs by Gleason with Schalk doing the receiving.

Rutherford and Wingo were Moran's choices to end the series.

MARKETS BY WIRE.

[Furnished by Farmers' Grain Co., H. H. Potter, Mgr.]

Chicago, Oct. 7.—Livestock receipts, 30,000 hogs, 25 to 75 lower, top \$16.50; 15,000 cattle, steady, top \$18.50; 39,000 sheep.

Grain, December corn, opening, \$1.23 1/4; close, \$1.22 7-8. May corn, opening, \$1.21 3-4; close, \$1.21 1-8. December oats, opening, 70 3-8; close, 70 1/2; May, opening, 72 5-8; close, 72 5-8. Toledo clover, cash and October, \$31.

Holder of wheat had better examine same for weevil.

Wheat, receipts, 268 cars.

Corn, receipts, 46 cars.

Oats, receipts, 96 cars.

GIVEN PLEASANT SURPRISE ON SILVER ANNIVERSARY.

A pleasant surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Dunker at their home in Gilliam township Sunday evening when a number of their friends and neighbors called on them laden with food and presents to remind them that it was their silver wedding anniversary. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Otto Greiger and family, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Cain and family, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Garling, Mr. and Mrs. August Garling, Mr. and Mrs. William Cain and family, Mr. and Mrs. William Garling and family, Henry Busch and family and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Dunker and family.

The evening was spent in music and games. Refreshments were served at a late hour and the guests departed wishing Mr. and Mrs. Dunker many more such pleasant anniversaries.—Contributed.

TWO NEW DIVORCE CASES ARE FILED.

On Monday, October 6, there was filed with the clerk of the circuit court a suit for divorce by Clara Johnson vs. James Wesley Johnson. Parties were married March, 1916, and parted February, 1918. The charge is intoxication, cruelty and failure to provide. Plaintiff asks for divorce and custody of their son.

Another divorce case was filed on October 7 by Claribel Roebuck against John N. Roebuck. Parties were married in Cook county, Ill., October 8, 1911, and separated on August 31, 1919. Plaintiff charges cruel and inhuman treatment and failure to provide. She asks for decree of divorce and restoration of her maiden name, Claribel Bierley.

Mrs. Frank Helfrich and son, Robert, who were visiting her sister, Mrs. J. M. Johnson, were called to their home in Monon today on account of the receipt of a telegram announcing the sudden death of her grandmother in Corliss, Wis.