

# LET'S MAKE PROSPERITY A PERMANENT POSSESSION!



## PROTECTION Of American Honor Of American Rights Of American Industries

¶ Let's make our prosperity permanent. ¶ We have a war prosperity now, a "spotted prosperity—spotted and stained" as Senator Beveridge says. ¶ But if the European War should come to a close over night, what would become of this temporary American prosperity? ¶ A million men now engaged in making war supplies would immediately be thrown out of employment. ¶ By reason of the Underwood Tariff Law our ports are open to the cheap labor of Europe. ¶ Fifteen millions of men now in the trenches will when the war closes be turned back to the farms, the factories and the shops of Europe, and millions of dollars worth of their products will be dumped on the American market. ¶ The Underwood Tariff Law permits this. The gates are down. ¶ Two million American workmen will be forced out of employment. ¶ We had a suggestion of what will happen under the present tariff law when the war closes in the frightful industrial depression of two years ago. ¶ We had ten months of the operation of the Underwood Tariff Bill before the war in Europe.

### From a Democratic Authority

Secretary of Agriculture Redfield, in a speech before the Chamber of Commerce at Hamilton, O., on February 24th, 1914, gave an illustration of the operation of the Underwood tariff law, which illustration is enough to condemn it. He said:

"For example, take the last three months of 1912 and the last three months of 1913. In the former we imported 112,000 cattle; in the latter, 341,000.  
"In the former we brought in 253,000 bushels of corn; in the latter, 4,450,000 bushels.  
"In the former, 13,600 bushels of oats; in the latter, 15,280,000 bushels.  
"In the same period of 1912, 865,000 pounds of fresh meat; in 1913, 33,500,000 pounds."

How will the farmer fare when this spotted prosperity—"spotted and stained"—is over by reason of the closing of hostilities abroad? Isn't it the guidance of "safety first" to build a reasonable protective tariff law before the protective wall of the European war totters and falls. Let us guarantee a permanent prosperity through our own upbuilding policy of the Protective Tariff, rather than only as a transient prosperity resulting from war conditions abroad and sure to end with the declaration of peace.

**CHOOSE  
HUGHES**

¶ Our recollection goes back to this—the thousands of idle men, the bread lines in the cities, and the impoverishment and distress on every hand.  
¶ In the Steel industry more than \$746,000,000 of annual wages was wiped out.  
¶ In New York City alone 350,000 workmen were out of employment.  
¶ Throughout the land the procession of jobless men tramping in search of employment was appalling.  
¶ Only the outbreak of war and the stimulus of war orders brought these conditions to an end. Precisely these conditions will return at the close of the war unless we fortify against them in time.  
¶ A Protective Tariff is the only known way of doing this and of making prosperity permanent.  
¶ The Republican party promises a restoration of the protective tariff and it promises a permanent prosperity. It promises a tariff that will protect, and "that tariff shall in no case exceed the difference in the cost of production at home and abroad."  
¶ The protective tariff is the greatest labor law ever proposed. It is the greatest boon to the farmer and the producer in all lines this country has ever known.  
¶ Let's make our prosperity permanent!  
¶ Let's prepare for the day when the war in Europe comes to an end.  
¶ The Democrat party is pledged against the protective tariff. It stands committed through a dozen different national platforms to a revenue-only tariff, and it has demonstrated that a revenue-only tariff doesn't produce the revenue.  
¶ Its War-Tax Revenue Bill was a makeshift to replace the deficiency in tariff revenues the Underwood Law had willfully created.  
¶ 34 per cent of that deficiency was created by removing the tariff from Farm Products.  
¶ The farmer was made the goat both ways. He lost his protection and paid higher taxes.  
¶ The revenue-only tariff is a decided step away from tariff-taxation to direct taxes.  
¶ The revenue-only tariff takes more money away from the people and at the same time takes away from them the opportunity of making any money.  
¶ The Republican party stands for the protective tariff and a full pocket-book.  
¶ It stands for fewer burdens of government and a multiplied ability for meeting those fewer burdens.  
¶ When you cast your vote on November 7th remember that the real issue is protection.  
¶ It is protection to American honor and America's place among the nations—always that! It is also protection to American producers to the end that there may be prosperity—prosperity that is healthful and prosperity that is permanent.  
¶ Vote for Hughes and Fairbanks. Vote for two Republican senators and thirteen Republican congressmen from Indiana.  
¶ Vote the entire Republican State and County Ticket.

### The Underwood Tariff and the Farmer

During the last three months of 1912 under PROTECTIVE TARIFF we imported 112,000 head of cattle, 253,000 bushels of corn, 13,600 bushels of oats, 865,000 pounds of fresh meats, and 41,000 bushels of potatoes. During the same period of 1913, under FREE TRADE, we brought in 341,000 head of cattle, 4,450,000 bushels of corn, 13,320,000 bushels of oats, 35,500,000 pounds of fresh meat, and 2,800,000 bushels of potatoes. The price to the consumer was not reduced one cent, but the National Treasurer lost \$7,943,000 and the American farmer lost almost three times that amount.

### The Farmer Demands a Tariff and Gets a Tax

The National Grange at its 42nd session said:  
Whatever the policy of the Government may be, the farmers of the United States demand that as far as possible, such measures of direct benefit therefrom as is given to manufacturers or any other industries of the country shall also be accorded to agriculture.

So it was under Republican Tariff Laws.

Below is presented the record of Democratic Free Trade in Farm Products:

34% War Taxes Paid to Replace Revenue Lost on Changes in Farm Products Schedule.

Agricultural imports 1912.....	\$783,457,471
Agricultural imports 1915 .....	998,185,128
Showing increase in imports .....	\$124,727,657
Treasury loss in reduced tariffs .....	\$33,270,720

On above or 34% of all revenue losses suffered under Underwood Law.

—REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Mrs. Frank Kresler will entertain the Sew Club Thursday of this week.

J. J. Montgomery made a business trip to Chicago today.

Hon. David F. Houston, democrat, spoke at the Ellis theatre Monday evening.

Mrs. K. L. Bruce went to Moody today to visit her daughter, Mrs. John Culp.

Earl Duvall returned to Rensselaer Monday evening after spending Sunday at Rockville, Ind.

### GRIDIRON GOSSIP.

Rensselaer high school will play St. Joseph's college at St. Joe college next Saturday afternoon in a practice game. This game will not count in the records as St. Joe is not a member of the high school association. Harry Parker is leading the Collegians this year and will be pitted against one of his former pupils, Floyd Meyers, in this game, and the outcome of the battle will be watched with interest. The collegians are heavier than the locals and this should be the hardest game on the high school schedule. Rensselaer will play Hammond at Hammond a week from Saturday instead of this coming Saturday as was incorrectly stated in Monday's Republican. The Rensselaer Bantams will play the St. Joe Bantams on Saturday, also at St. Joe. Hammond high school defeated East Chicago at Hammond Saturday by a score of 19 to 7. This was the biggest upset of the season, as the Twin City aggregation was looked upon as an easy victor over the purple and white. Since Rensselaer only defeated East Chicago 7 to 6, a much harder game with Hammond than was first thought is looked for. Hammond has been defeated this year but at that time had five regular men out of the game with injuries.

A card received from Morocco high school this morning to The Republican states that the Morocco team was not defeated by either Englewood or Logansport. This is true. A typographical error on our part stated that Morocco was defeated by both of these teams. Morocco has not played Logansport and was only tied by Englewood. However, Englewood was defeated by East Chicago and Rensselaer defeated East Chicago, which gives the locals the edge in

Uncle Stewart C. Hammond Reached 89th Milestone today.

Uncle Stewart C. Hammond, father of Joseph P. Hammond, county auditor, reached his 89th milestone today, Oct. 24th. Relatives are celebrating the occasion at the home of Clint Brown in Barkley township with a birthday dinner. Mr. Hammond is probably the oldest resident of Jasper county with the possible exception of Uncle James T. Randle. Mr. Hammond has been a resident of Marion township since 1837, a period of 79 years. He came from Monticello to Rensselaer when but ten years old, and since that time has been one of Jasper county's best and most substantial citizens. The Republican wishes to join in congratulating Mr. Hammond on his 89th birthday and also that he may live to have many more birthday parties in his honor.

We have just received a shipment of Holland grown bulbs for fall planting. Call and inspect them.—Osborne Floral Co., Phone 439.

Don't pay fancy prices for your shoes. Buy Crawfords, \$3 to \$5. Work shoes \$2.50 to \$4. Ball Band rubbers.—Hilliard & Hamill.

this matter. Morocco is clamoring for a game with Rensselaer and say that they are state champions, by virtue of their victory over Gary 6 to 0, and are recognized as such. It is probable that a contract will be signed with Morocco which will bring that team here for a game on Thanksgiving day.

The Wabash A. A. was defeated by Evanston, of Chicago, Sunday by a score of 21 to 18.

Tax Paying Days of Grace Are Growing Short.

One week from next Monday is the last day permitted by law for the payment of the fall installment of taxes. After that date, all taxes unpaid are subject to the delinquent penalty and the treasurer has no other alternative except to tack on the ten per cent. A considerable part of the taxes have been paid, but there is never a year when there is not a big rush during the last few days, and particularly on the last day. There is considerable time left and the next few days should be utilized by all who do not want to stand in line when the big rush comes.

### CURTIS CREEK.

Misses Mary Phares and Elsie Bathena and Lizzie Selby spent Saturday night and Sunday in Parr.

Miss Edna Yeoman spent Saturday night with her sister, Mrs. C. A. Downs, in Rensselaer.

Walter Kelly and family and Roscoe Halstead and family spent Sunday with Benton Kelly.

Miss Martha Yeoman, who has been visiting in Rensselaer, returned to her sister, Mrs. John Rush, Saturday.

Misses Mollie Johnson and Leota Dirst, Virgil Coovert and Milton Mauck, of Mt. Ayr, and Miss Roxie Gunyon, of Rensselaer, took Sunday dinner at Robert Yeoman's.

Miss Mildred Rush spent Sunday with Ethel Murfitt.

Frank Biggs and family, of near Rensselaer, spent Sunday with R. C. Yeoman and family.

Soft, warm, comfy underwear, perfect fitting old fashioned qualities. Men's \$1 to \$4; boys' 50c to \$1.—Hilliard & Hamill.

### MORTGAGE LOANS

TO INVESTORS—We have for sale a carefully selected list of Mortgage Loans and other securities which will yield the highest rate of income that can be expected from conservative investment.  
TO BORROWERS—We are prepared to consider applications for Mortgage Loans in any amount, and have every facility for furnishing money on short notice, and on reasonable terms.

### WILLIAMS & DEAN

Telephone No. 31 Odd Fellows Building Rensselaer, Indiana.

Leaves Somme Battle Front For U. S. to Register.

From the Somme battlefield to Chicago in eleven days was the trip John Barrett, director general of the Pan-American Union of Washington, made in order to register for the national election, he said, just before he started for the east.  
Barrett went to Europe to study the effect of the war upon Pan-American trade. He was invited to visit the front in France. On Oct. 6 he cabled to find out registration day in Chicago. That night the answer came and in a fast war auto he made an all-night ride to Bordeaux and caught his ship. Then from New York he came by the fastest trains arriving just a few hours before the registration books closed.

Mr. Farmer, visit our hardware counter. We save you money.—Jarré's.

You'll find more different kinds and better qualities of men's and boys' underwear at Hilliard & Hamill's than anywhere else in Rensselaer.

### ALL TIRED OUT

Hundreds More in Rensselaer in the Same Plight.

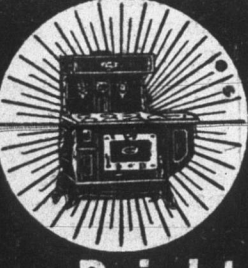
Tired all the time;  
Weariness and worn out night and day;  
Back aches; head aches;  
Your kidneys are probably weakened.

You should help them at their work.

Lct one who knows tell you how.  
Mrs. Joseph Adams, Work and Van Rensselaer Sts., Rensselaer, says: "I suffered very much from kidney disorders. My kidneys acted too often and I could get little rest at night. The kidney secretions were scanty and caused annoyance. I felt tired out all the time and was nervous and blue. Sometimes, flashes of color kept coming before my eyes. My head ached and it seemed as though I would go wild. Doan's Kidney Pills, which we got at A. F. Long's Drug Store, relieved me wonderfully."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Adams had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

**Keeps Your Stove Shining Bright**



Gives a brilliant glossy shine that does not rub off or dust off—that anneals to the iron—that lasts four times as long as any other.

**Black Silk Stove Polish**

is in a class by itself. It's more carefully made and made from better materials.

Try it on your parlor stove, your cook stove or your gas range. If you don't find it the best polish you ever used, your hardware or grocery dealer is authorized to refund your money.

There's "A Shine in Every Drop"

**Watch for Fendig's Big One Cent Rexall Sale, November 2, 3 and 4**