

The Democratic Sentinel

J. W. McEwen, Publisher.
RENNSELAER, INDIANA

ECHO OF A LYNCHING.

ACTION OF OHIO'S GOVERNOR WAS ILLEGAL.

Supreme Court Says Bushnell Is Not Upheld by Law in His Proceeding Against the Mayor and Sheriff of Urbana—Desperate Fight in Jail.

Gov. Bushnell Not Sustained. A syllabus of the decision of the Ohio Supreme Court in the quo warranto proceedings instituted against Sheriff McLain and Mayor Ganson of Urbana, charged by Gov. Bushnell with illegal detention of a public officer, and the Governor's action is declared to have been against the law. The case arose out of the lynching of Mitchell, who had committed an outrage on society in Urbana some months ago. Gov. Bushnell accused the sheriff and mayor for not preventing the bloodshed that accompanied the lynching. It will be remembered that several citizens were killed while making an attack on the jail at Mitchell. Indignation was so strong that both McLain and Ganson were forced to leave town for their safety. But they returned shortly afterward. Gov. Bushnell then instituted quo warranto proceedings against the officers. The court says that the act complained of was not one, by statute, upon which there was ground for a writ. The court says that the officers are provided for by law and proceedings must be made in conformity with the statutes.

FEARFUL FIGHT WITH CONVICT.

Guard McQuillen Prevents Escape of Murderer St. Clair.

In the Idaho City, Idaho, jail H. C. St. Clair, under sentence to hang for the murder of John Decker, a Spokane lawyer, was fatally wounded by Guard McQuillen. St. Clair had gained the bars of his cell doors nearly through, and at an opportune moment went through. Sneaking around to the office, which was vacated, he secured a shotgun and revolver, and when McQuillen returned he held him up, telling him he intended to look him and Sheriff Lippincott in cells and then escape. McQuillen argued the point for a moment, and when a noise outside caused St. Clair to turn his eyes, McQuillen jumped for him. St. Clair fired both barrels of the shotgun, but missed his mark. He then turned and fired loose, but McQuillen turned the weapon aside. A desperate hand-to-hand conflict ensued. Armed only with a knife, McQuillen wrestled with the desperado, plunging the keen weapon time after time into his breast. The guard finally got hold of the revolver and sent a bullet into St. Clair. The ball glanced and did not kill the murderer, and he was packed inside and the doors were locked. St. Clair's case is now on appeal to the Supreme Court.

GIGANTIC ROBBERY PLANNED.

Conspiracy to Loot Dawson City of \$4,000,000.

A special from Victoria, B. C., says: By the arrival of the Nineghow news is received of the existence of a secret band in the lower waters of the Yukon whose leaders contemplate the most gigantic robbery in the history of America. The story is told by Dick Chamberlain of Circle City, who joined the pirate band upon compulsion. "The band," he says, "is composed of the most desperate thieves, gamblers and cutthroats in the north country and it contemplates a sudden descent upon the stores of the two commercial companies at Dawson City, the blowing of their safes, as well as that of the Government commissioner and the newly established bank, and the cashing of spoils far below the city walls. The proceeds of the gigantic steal can be run down the river on a stolen river boat. On the argument of being able to obtain much valuable information Chamberlain prevailed on the gang to send him to scout and thus he escaped. It is said that upward of \$4,000,000 is the stake played for.

Standing of the Clubs.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the National Base Ball League:

W. L.	Pittsburgh	3	1
Chicago	2	2	1
Baltimore	1	3	0
Cincinnati	4	2	4
Philadelphia	4	2	4
Cleveland	3	2	4
Brooklyn	3	3	1

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

W. L.	Columbus	3	0
Kansas City	3	0	1
Indianapolis	3	0	1
St. Paul	3	1	0

Death Prevents Marriage.

At Malvern, N. S., a shooting affair took place under extraordinary circumstances. Bertie Douglas, who was worth \$100,000 in his own right, being the victim. A year ago that day Douglas's sister was to have been married. A sister died suddenly on the wedding day. The marriage was postponed one year. On that day the carriage bearing the bride was at the door. The bride was missed. He was searched for and found with a bullet in his head. The affair is a mystery.

Akron Boiler Company Fails.

At Akron, Ohio, the J. C. McNeil Company was placed in the hands of receivers. The liabilities are placed at \$80,000 and assets at \$102,000. The company employs 200 men in the manufacture of boilers.

Glasgow's Great Fire Loss.

A tremendous fire broke out in the Clyde district of Glasgow, Scotland. Several large buildings were involved, including the magnificent Roman Catholic Cathedral of St. Andrew. The damage amounts to \$150,000 (\$750,000).

Reorganization Bill Passed.

The House on Saturday passed the army reorganization bill, authorizing the recruiting of the twenty-five infantry regiments of the service up to a total of 31,800 enlisted men.

Nicaragua vs. Costa Rica.

The peace negotiations between Nicaragua and Costa Rica have fallen through. The two armies are facing each other near the frontier, scarcely half a mile apart. The Nicaraguans officers and troops, it is reported, are anxious that President Zelaya should leave the country at a complete standstill.

Gerónimo Threatens Trouble.

Rumors of an Indian uprising near Fort Sill, I. T., to Gerónimo and his Apache band caused the return of one troop of cavalry which had returned from Rush Springs on its way to New Orleans. It is said that the Indians have fallen out among themselves, and trouble is feared.

American Plants Exported.

At Vienna, a decree has been published forbidding importation of American fruit, plants, fresh fruit refuse, fruit wrappers and fruit peckings, etc., and cases where the examination at the port of entry results in the discovery of traces of the San Jose louse.

Capital Contract Is Awarded.

The new Pennsylvania capitol commission awarded the contract for the erection of the new building to Allen B. Horne of Philadelphia for \$225,000. There were five other bidders. The sum appropriated by the Legislature for the new building was \$500,000.

CITY FUNDS ARE MISSING.

San Francisco Treasurer Accused of Embezzling \$100,000.

Augustus C. Widder, treasurer of the city and county of San Francisco, Cal., is accused of having embezzled \$100,000 of the municipal funds. The suspicion of other city officials that something was amiss in the treasury department was aroused and Philip H. Andrus, Auditor Broderick began an investigation, which resulted in some startling discoveries. The sealed bags of gold in the city treasurer's vault had been surreptitiously opened. Care had been taken not to break the seals, but the string had been deftly cut and gold extracted and silver inserted, to leave the weight of the bags unchanged. Then the coins inside had been fastened and the several ends of the string concealed in the natural folds of the canvas bags. A search was made for Treasurer Widder, but he could not be found in the city. He was finally discovered at his ranch near Walnut creek, in Contra Costa County, fifty miles from San Francisco. He was arrested by a constable. Widder refused to make any statement.

SANTA FE IS HELD UP.

Engineer Killed and One Highwayman Fatally Wounded.

The Santa Fe railroad No. 1, west bound, was held up at the Mojave river bridge, near Oro Grande, Cal. Engineer Gifford was killed by one of the robbers, the other of whom was mortally wounded by Gifford in an exchange of shots. The two robbers fled the train at the approach to the bridge, and boarding the engine, took the engineer and fireman back to the express car and endeavored to detach it from the train. But would not succeed. They succeeded in cutting off the mail car and compelling the engineer to pull it up to the siding. Here they rifled the mail and secured the registered mail. They then backed down to the train and were proceeding to the express car, when Engineer Gifford opened fire on them with a revolver. He fatally wounded one of the robbers, Paul Jones of Oro Grande, but the other escaped after shooting Gifford in the chest with a charge of buckshot, killing him instantly.

STOCK MEN INCENSED.

Cannot Remove Starving Cattle Owing to Drought in California.

The stock and sheep men who are anxious to get their starving cattle and sheep out of central and southern California as soon as possible are incensed at the Secretary of Agriculture for his delay in instructing the inspectors at Sacramento, Stockton and Fresno to proceed with the inspection of the animals and removal of the stock. The inspectors are now in California, the stockmen say, 90,000 head of cattle and 100,000 head of sheep that must be moved immediately to good pasturage to prevent them from starving to death. Most of the stockmen are agreed that nearly all of the cattle and sheep mentioned are to be sent east within the next two months.

PHILIPPINES FOR SALE.

Spain Would Trade Her Islands for Munitions of War.

The Berliner Nachrichten, a Bismarck organ, says that the Spanish Government has offered to sell the Philippines to Germany for \$20,000,000. She wishes to take in exchange for the islands, at this price, munitions of war. The minister of foreign affairs in Berlin has just issued a statement made by the Nachrichten, but declares that Germany will positively observe strict neutrality if war between the United States and Spain breaks out.

White's Plan of Finance.

Twenty-five hundred and a hundred have been victimized to the extent of \$302,000. The Central National Bank of New York, of which former Mayor Strong presided, is a loser to the amount of \$14,585.93. Col. Strong then took the grand jury to secure the indictment of George B. White, a leather merchant, now under arrest in Philadelphia. In each case, the bank was sold out by White's plan of finance. White's plan of finance is in Boston, and he has a big factory at Hyndman, Pa. He appeared at the Central National Bank in New York City for \$10,555.93. He claimed he had property at Hyndman, Pa., worth several times this amount. He declared it was unencumbered, and there were no outstanding loans against it. The bank found such a man was doing business in Boston at that time, and loaned him the money. White repeated the operation with the other banks and has suffered.

Run Down by a Truck.

Four members of the Fish Ship Dunfermline were drowned in upper New York bay a few nights ago while deserting their ship. They attempted to reach New York by the Fish Ship Dunfermline, but the ship and are believed to have been run down by a tugboat. The boat in which they deserted from the ship was picked up by passing tugboat of Governor's Island the next morning cut in two. No bodies were recovered.

Speech of the Queen Regent.

The Queen Regent opened the Spanish Cortes with a speech blaming the United States for existing conditions and appealing to the patriotism of her people. The war spirit seems strong in Spain.

Senator Walworth Dead.

Senator Edward C. Walworth of Mississippi died at Washington, D. C. With the exception of fourteen months, he has been in the United States Senate since March 12, 1885.

French Aid for Spain.

A national league, recently opened in Paris in behalf of the Spanish Government and is meeting with prompt and effective support.

Troops Moving Southward.

Regiments of the regular army are being hurried to convenient points in the South for transport to Cuba.

Male Suffrage Granted.

At Christchurch, the Statute by a vote of 78 to 36, has adopted universal male suffrage.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, \$1.14 to \$1.15; corn, No. 2, 32c to 33c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 58c; butter, choice creamery, 10c to 12c; eggs, fresh, 10c to 11c; potatoes, common to choice, 50c to 60c per bushel.
Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.25; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, common to light, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 25c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 58c; corn, No. 2, 32c to 33c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 26c.
St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, \$1.04 to \$1.05; corn, No. 2, 32c to 33c; oats, No. 2, 27c to 28c; rye, No. 2, 54c to 56c.
Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.25; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, \$1.01 to \$1.03; corn, No. 2, 32c to 33c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 58c.
Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, \$1.03 to \$1.05; corn, No. 2, 32c to 33c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 58c.
Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2, spring, \$1.04 to \$1.06; corn, No. 3, 31c to 33c; oats, No. 2, white, 30c to 32c; rye, No. 1, 57c to 59c; barley, No. 2, 44c to 45c; pork, mess, \$10.25 to \$10.75.
Buffalo—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2, 32c to 33c; corn, No. 2, 32c to 33c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 58c.
New York—Cattle, \$2.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.75; wheat, No. 2, red, \$1.01 to \$1.03; corn, No. 2, 32c to 33c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 58c; butter, creamery, 15c to 19c; eggs, Western, 1c to 12c.

knit goods trust. Mr. Rowe was the organizer, president and principal stockholder in the proposed trust. The work of organizing the trust killed him. There remains a board of directors, but it is the opinion of those who know his composition, that it will not be able to carry the original plans into effect without the guidance of the master spirit. The knit goods trust, or, as it was officially called, "The Knit Goods Company," was organized at the Gilroy House, New York, April 14. The call for the meeting was made by William H. Rowe, who was the proprietor of two of the largest woolen mills and held heavy interests among the forty or fifty Eastern manufacturers responded to the call, 200 mills being represented. The trust was incorporated under the laws of New Jersey, the trustees appointed being William H. Rowe, of Troy, Thomas Brosin of Waterford, William V. Vanbroeklin of Amsterdam, John K. Faure of New York, William H. Rowe, Jr., of Troy, Foster B. Barker of Berkeley, Va., and John J. Johnson of Elizabeth, N. J. These trustees were directed to amalgamate the mills into one gigantic corporation, on the lines of the Standard Oil Company. There were to be issued \$15,000,000 of common stock, \$10,000,000 of bonds and \$5,000,000 of preferred stock.

DI-A TROUS PRAIRIE FIRE.

Thousands of Cattle and Ponies Perish in the Flames.

Parties arriving at Chamberlain, S. D., from White river bring details of a disastrous prairie fire which swept over practically the whole of the Rosebud Indian reservation, destroying hundreds and perhaps thousands of head of cattle and horses. The fire swept over the greater part of a region eighty miles long and sixty wide, extending to the top of the Black Hills. The fire is supposed to have been started by a white man traveling overland to Valentine, Neb., and was the worst prairie fire since the one which destroyed the town of Mount Vernon nine years ago.

CHARGED WITH TREASON.

War Between Chili and Argentina Now Appears Imminent.

New and startling developments have been disclosed in the border dispute between Chili and Argentina and great excitement prevails in Valparaiso. It is reported semi-officially that during an interview with President Bazzariz and members of the cabinet, Mr. Belmont, chief engineer of the boundary sub-commission, acting by order of Mr. Moreno, chief of the Argentine boundary commission, has been working with a large force of laborers to dig a canal to change the course of a river in order to detach Chili out of a large portion of the territory rightfully belonging to that country. The Buenos Ayres Government will be asked for an explanation.

Hold-Up in Arizona.

The struggle between Gerónimo and Globe, I. T., was held up about five miles north of Gerónimo by two robbers. They took the registered mail and express and robbed all the passengers. The robbers went north of San Eliza and the Indians sent Indian scouts to take the trail. It is not known how much booty the robbers secured.

Consul Frank Hill Is Insane.

Frank Hill of Minnesota, who was appointed consul at Santos, Brazil, in November, 1896, and who is now in the commission, has been taken to the emergency hospital in Washington, D. C., suffering from insane delusions, the effect, it is stated, of alcohol and opium. He is 36 or 38 years of age and is unmarried.

Ex-Banker Warner Found Guilty.

Col. Alexander Warner, president of the defunct Baxter Bank of Baxter Springs, Kan., has been found guilty of receiving deposits while the bank was in an insolvent condition, and is sentenced to the penitentiary for not more than five years, or both.

Things Kill a Kansas Marshal.

Others attempted to arrest a gang of thugs in Coffeyville, Kan. The gang was killed on the spot. The killing of Kim, city marshal. One of the gang was wounded and the rest escaped, but was captured and brought back by a posse.

Disaster on New York Central.

A freight wreck on the New York Central at Fairport, N. Y., resulted in the death of three men and in his kitchen seriously injured, and over \$10,000 worth of property destroyed. The dead were all residents of Syracuse.

Famous Geologist Is Dead.

Prof. Jules Marcou, the noted geologist, died at his home in Cambridge, Mass. He was the friend of Agassiz and accompanied him on his last voyage to the North Atlantic in 1848.

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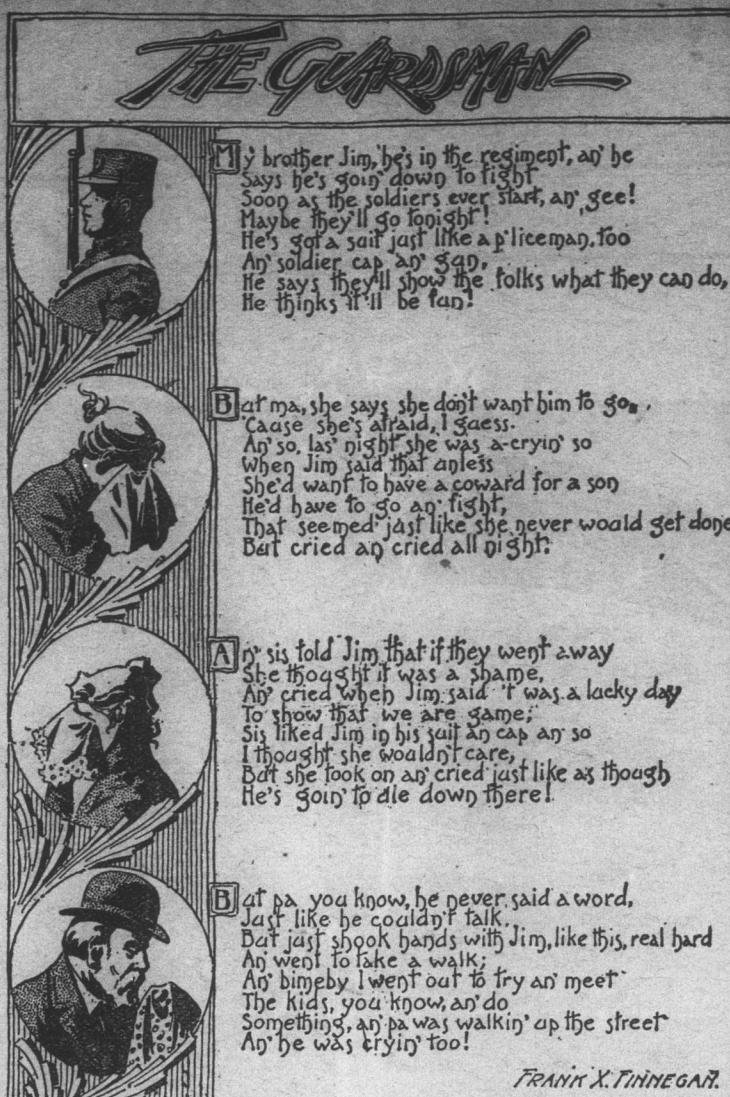
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WHERE WATER IS SCARCE.

A Disastrous Drought Is Devastating the South.

A most disastrous drought is devastating South Africa, the worst known for many generations. Stock is perishing in such vast numbers that farmers are being ruined wholesale. The illustration shows the process of boring for water.



HOUSE WITH A HISTORY.

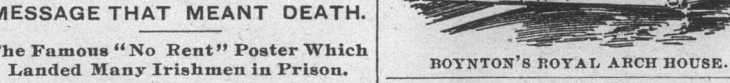
Structure Which Has More than Common Interest for Masons.

In Canton, N. Y., stands a house which has more than a common interest for the masons of the country. It shows, in the first place, "the royal arch," which seems to be a shape of mystic meaning to the order. And in the second place, it was built to flout the principles of its builder, Paul Boynton, in the faces of his enemies, the anti-Masons. Boynton came to Canton in 1831 and was prominently identified with the Masonic order. About that time a crusade against the organization started; there were pamphlets published in Canton, in the faces of his enemies, the anti-Masons. Boynton came to Canton in 1831 and was prominently identified with the Masonic order. About that time a crusade against the organization started; there were pamphlets published in Canton, in the faces of his enemies, the anti-Masons.

MESSAGE THAT MEANT DEATH.

The Famous "No Rent" Poster Which Landed Many Irishmen in Prison.

Here is a relic of a time made exciting by "agitators" in Ireland. It is the famous "No Rent" poster, which was one of the features of the movement of 1881 that landed so many ardent Irishmen in prison. The National League of Ireland, the executive committee of which issued and signed this remarkable document, was opposing landlordism by coercing the tenants into not paying rent. Such tenants were known to intend to defy the National League and to pay had these "no rent" posters nailed to the doors. In the corners were certain terrifying sentences. "Your fate is certain if you pay rent—Capt. Moonlight," was the sentiment in one, while the other showed a coffin bearing beneath it the cheering inscription, "This is your coffin—Rory of the Hills." The poster was a masterpiece of design.



BOYNTON'S ROYAL ARCH HOUSE.

The excitement one prominent opponent of the Masons disappeared and his comrades alleged foul play. Boynton's house was burned in the trouble that followed.

Boynton forthwith built another house. It is the "royal arch house," which is still standing. Along the cornice over each arch there are characters carved unknown to any but royal arch Masons.

Shakespeare's Knowledge.

It is not for a moment to be denied that Shakespeare's plays show an extraordinary wealth of varied knowledge. The writer was one of the keenest observers that ever lived. In the woodland or on the farm, in the printing shop or the ale house, or up and down the street, the smallest details of life were before him. Microscopic accuracy of interest in all things, unlimited power of assimilating knowledge, are everywhere shown in the plays. These are some of the marks of what we call genius, something that we are far from comprehending, but which experience cannot impart. All the colleges on earth could not by combined effort make the kind of a man we call a genius, but such a man may at any moment be born into the world, and it is as likely to be in a peasant's cottage as anywhere.

There is nothing in which men differ more widely than in the capacity for imbibing and assimilating knowledge. The capacity is often exercised unconsciously. When my eldest son, of the age of 6, was in the course of a few weeks of daily instruction taught to read, it was suddenly discovered that his year-old brother also could read. Nobody could tell how it happened. Of course the younger boy must have taken keen notice of what the elder one was doing, but the process went on without attracting attention until the result appeared.—Atlantic.

Crete's Woeful Condition.

Crete has lost through political disturbances of recent years over three-tenths of its population. It will take forty years to restore the orchards to full-bearing condition, and in the meantime 200,000 Mohammedans and 300,000 Christians will have to starve.

Assays So Much Per Ton.

"Some things are cheap enough in Dawson City. The carpet beetle" worms never charge nothing for renovating your carpets.

"How do they make it pay?" "They just keep the dust."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Women Sailors.

Women sailors are employed in Norway, Denmark and Finland, and are found to be excellent mariners.

No Woman can Hide all her Imperfections from her Dressmaker.



INCOME TAX REVIVING.

A new terror rises up to deepen the dismay of the abject bondsmongers. It is that if war comes there will be another tax agitation for income tax. One of their organs remarks with bated breath: "If the income tax is impossible under the constitution as it stands, there would certainly be a movement to amend the constitution in that particular." This is dreadful to think of. Such a peril is quite enough to put all thoughts of preserving the national honor and dignity out of mind. If the foot people are likely to get at the incomes of those who run the government as a business enterprise for their own profit, and make them pay for their privileges, what is the use of living?—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Democratic Gains.

The spring elections continue to result favorably. The disreputable performances of the Republican Congressmen at Washington, the vacillation of President McKinley, and the prospect that Banker Cass, with Grosvenor, Dingley, and the rest, will hatch up some national bank finance scheme which will rob the people by means of taxes and bank issues to pay interest on large sums of borrowed money, have disheartened the Republican masses. Everywhere there is Democratic gain. Chicago has been swept by a tornado, and the reform element there has encountered a defeat similar to that which it experienced here in New York. The group of Ohio cities has gone back on the Republicans. Cincinnati, which gave nearly 20,000 majority for McKinley, has been carried by the Democrats by 2,000 majority. The same change is to be found in the returns from Columbus, Cleveland, Dayton and Toledo. Milwaukee is to have a silver Democratic Mayor. The general disappointment at the non-arrival of the promised McKinley era of prosperity has disgusted the people, and has started them upon the road of reversing the fraud of 1890.—New York News.

Let the People Buy Bonds.

A New York bank president is quoted as saying that the government could readily obtain from the great financial interests of the country all the funds it needed if bonds were issued. This is true, no doubt. But the biggest financial interests of this continent are the interests of the masses of American citizens who are not rich. The government should create the worst of all enemies. They are the ones who should first be considered if bonds are put on the market. If these Government securities, backed by the superb credit of the United States, are excellent investments for the bankers, they are equally good investments for the laborers and the farmers. It is the people who fight the battles and pay the taxes of the Government. They are entitled to the foremost chance to buy the bonds to be sold.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Taxation to Make Up Deficit.

Whether we have war or peace with Spain we shall have to pay the cost of getting ready for war, and suggestions for internal taxes are heard here and there. But it is misleading, in the present condition of the national income, to call these proposed taxes war taxes. Why should not the ruling political party in Congress face the fact that its revenue laws do not bring in enough income to meet the expenditures of the Government on a peace footing? There should be no humbug about increasing taxation because of making war or making ready for war. What the treasury demands is more revenue than Dingleyism produces whether for war or for peace.—Boston Post.

Too Much of a State Fiction.

Let us be done once and forever with the state fiction of Spain's honor being involved in the preservation of her territorial integrity. It has been said her public men still say—she cannot relinquish Cuba without compromising her honor. Was her honor, then, compromised when she relinquished Mexico? And Guatemala? And ten of a dozen nations in South America, when she secured Louisiana to France? And when she ransomed Cuba by giving up Florida? And when after regaining Florida, she once more and finally relinquished it for cash, under fear of military compulsion?—New York Tribune.