

# Democratic Sentinel

FRIDAY JULY 9 1867

Entered at the post office at Rensselaer, Ind.  
as second-class matter.

## MONON ROUTE

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RR.

### MONON ROUTE.

#### Rensselaer Time-Table

In effect Feb. 1st, 1867.

SOUTH BOUND.

No. 31—Post Mail (don't stop) 4:45 a.m.  
N. 5—Louisville Mail, Daily 10:55 a.m.  
N. 33—Indians Mail, 11:55 a.m.  
N. 39—Milk as on N. Daily, 6:03 p.m.  
No. 8—Louisville Express Daily 11:20 a.m.  
No. 45—Local freight, 2:40 p.m.

NORTH BOUND

No. 4 Mail, 4:30 a.m.  
No. 40—Milk account, Daily, 7:31 a.m.  
No. 32—Fast Mail, 9:55 a.m.  
No. 30—Cin. to Chicago Vestibule, 6:19 p.m.  
No. 8—Mail and Express, Daily, 3:30 p.m.  
No. 46—Local freight, 9:30 a.m.  
No. 74—Freight, 7:40 p.m.

No. 74 carries passengers between Monroe and Lowell.

No. 30 makes no stop between Rensselaer and Englewood.

No. 32 makes no stop between Rensselaer and Hammond.

Train N. 5 has a through coach for Indianapolis to Cincinnati via Roachdale

arrives at Indianapolis 2:40 p.m. Cincinnati 6 o'clock p.m.

No. 6 has through coach; return leaves Cincinnati 8:30 a.m., arrives Indianapolis 11:50 a.m., arrives at Rensselaer 3:30 p.m. daily.

W. H. BEAM, Agent.

EVERY TRAVELING MAN SHOULD HAVE ONE.

Interchangeable 1,000-Mile Tickets.

They Cost But \$20.00 Each, and Can Be Purchased of Any Agent of The

## MONON ROUTE

They are good for one year from date of sale and good for passage on the following lines:

Baltimore & Ohio RR. (Lines west of Pittsburgh & Benwood, including Wheeling & Pittsburg Division.)

Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern R.R. (From L. 38.) All Divisions.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg R.R. Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton R.R. (From I. D. 2.) All Divisions.

Cincinnati, Portsmouth & Virginia RR. (Between Cincinnati and Portsmouth only.)

Cleveland Terminal and Valley R.R.

Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo R.R.

Columbus, Sandusky & Hocking R.R.

(From I.) Findlay, Fort Wayne & Western R.R.

Indiana, Decatur & Western R.R.

Indiana, Illinois & St. Louis R.R.

(From B.) Good news for continuous passage between Louisville and Evansville, Evansville and St. Louis, and Louisville and St. Louis.)

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago R.R. New York, Chicago & St. Louis R.R.

Pittsburg, Shenango and Lake Erie R.R.

Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City R.R. (From L 8) Wheeling & Lake Erie R.R. (From H.)

The above lines afford the commercial traveler access to the principal cities and towns in Indiana, Ohio, Illinois and Kentucky, with through lines to St. Louis.

The train service of the Monon Route includes all the conveniences devised to make travel as comfortable as possible.

Trains with parlor and dining cars, a day train; Pullman buffet and compartment sleeping cars on all night trains.

Special features: Steam Heat, Pinstock Light.

Sidney B. Jones, City Pass Agt.

232 Clark St., Chicago

Geo. W. Hayler, Dist. Pass. Agt.

2 W. Washington St., Indianapolis.

E. H. Bacon, Dist. Pass. Agt.

4-h and Market St., Louisville.

W. H. McDOEL, Receiver and Gen'l Mgr.

FRANK J. REED, Pass. Agt.

General Offices: 188 Custom House Place, Chicago.

### Church Directory.

#### PRESBYTERIAN.

Sabbath School, 9:30 a.m.  
Public Worship, 10:45 a.m.  
Junior Endeavor, 3:00 p.m.  
Y. P. S. C. E., 11:45 a.m.  
Public Worship, 6:30 p.m.  
Epworth League, Tuesday, 7:30 p.m.  
Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 7:30 p.m.

#### METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

REV. R. D. UTTER, Pastor.  
Sabbath School, 9:30 a.m.  
Public Worship, 10:45 a.m.  
Class Meeting, 11:45 a.m.  
Epworth League, Junior, 2:30 p.m.  
Epworth League, Senior, 6:30 p.m.  
Public Worship, 7:30 p.m.  
Epworth League, Tuesday, 7:30 p.m.  
Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 7:30 p.m.

#### CHRISTIAN.

Bible School, 9:30 a.m.  
Public Worship, 11:45 a.m.  
Junior Endeavor, 2:30 p.m.  
Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p.m.  
Public Worship, 7:30 p.m.  
Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 7:30 p.m.

WANTED—FAITHFUL MEN OR WOMEN to travel for us if established house in Indiana. Salary \$750 and expenses. Position permanent. Reference. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope. The National Star Insurance Bldg. Chicago.

#### That Spot...

First size of a dime; next size of a dollar; then big as the palm of your hand. The end: entire baldness. Stop it.

#### Ayer's Hair Vigor

Makes Hair Grow

### THE PEOPLE'S ENEMIES.

[Cincinnati Enquirer.]

It is becoming more and more obvious that the money power, which now reigns in this country, through the Republican organization it has debauched and captured, has determined to torture the business men into enforcing its demands, as it did in 1893. This is no idle invective. It is only necessary first to consider the objects at which our masters aim, and second, the methods which they have hitherto employed.

And here as to their aims. They have left no room to doubt that they desire to abolish all Government paper circulation, and substitute therefor bank paper. Our Government paper is in round numbers as follows:

Greenbacks, \$346,000,000  
Silver certificates, representing silver dollars, 430,000,000  
Treasury notes of 1890, representing silver bullion, 160,000,000

Total, \$936,000,000

Their first object is the cancellation and destruction of the whole greenback circulation. Next the destruction of the legal tender quality of the silver dollars, and the destruction of all silver certificates. The actual circulation of the silver dollars when robbed of their legal tender character they think would be inconceivable. This would be followed up by a sale of all the silver coin and bullion above, say, fifty millions for the benefit of speculators in silver, who would buy at the low price caused by precipitating a large amount on the market. They are not anxious for a law expressly providing for retiring the greenbacks fast enough there will be legislation attempted to that end. If business paralysis does not worry the country into submission they will invoke their former method of "extraordinary measures."

Forewarned—forearmed. The people understand them now. Resistance will break their power, while submission will only augment it, and increase insolence and aggressiveness. What is needed is a rising tide of public indignation against their schemes and the methods they employ to carry them out. Every thousand is added to the Demo ratio makes it more difficult to get rid of the greenbacks, because they have the support of Dingley's assurance that the pending tariff bill will produce that result at the rate of one hundred millions of dollars a year.

This large and steady contraction of the currency which has already reached the limit of a money famine, is intended by its authors to further prostrate business, to bankrupt merchants and manufacturers, and to starve the country into accepting their scheme. They make no concealment that this scheme is to inject into our currency the poison we bleed of redoubled bank notes instead of the healthy and natural supply of real money coined from that out of the precious metals, the coining of which cannot co-exist with republican civilization.

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The coming months of the year will be marked by increasing business failures, discouragement and desperation. This increasing prostration and paralysis, with increasing failures and increasing suicides, are being planned for, by the despotic power which controls this Administration, as deliberately as it prepared and brought on at the appointed time the panic of 1893, and with the same object in view.

All the Rep. party spokesmen agree that the country enjoys a large measure of prosperity from 1878 until 1890 inclusive. This period was exactly coincident with the partial restoration of silver coin in 1878, and its enlargement in 1890. In 1892 the gold power determined upon a desperate struggle against silver.

They could not again secretly sneak a clause on any pending measure for the demonetization of silver, as they did in 1893 by the help of John Sherman, and they decided upon open warfare. They needed only the complicity of President Cleveland and his Secretary of the Treasury. They had already chosen Cleveland as their instrument, and foisted him upon the Demo party by corrupting the convention, and through him they had chosen a Secretary of the Treasury who would be their slave. This was done by Harrison and his latest Secretary of the Treasury, Charles Foster, to inaugurate a dishonest and unlawful practice of redeeming silver obligations in gold. This produced a run on the gold in the Treasury, which was reduced that it was only by the skin of his teeth that Mr. Foster was able to turn over to his successor the one hundred millions in gold, which he had originally fixed as the amount as a redemption reserve.

Even Mr. Carlisle argued a little when he was called upon to condemn this infamy.

He must have talked too freely for his alleged purpose to pay out silver dollars got into the papers. He was instantly muzzled by the President, who immediately authorized a published statement that gold redemption would be maintained.

Carlisle got into the traces as weekly as an old omnibus horse, and pulled on his red coat without durst his whole term.

Exclusive gold redemption almost immediately produced the intended effect of cutting down the reserves below the amount which had been fixed as the "safe line."

Carlisle, Cleveland and the bankers and their joint newspaper organs immediately advertised that the treasury was bankrupt and the country on the verge of ruin.

This alarmed the long held fears of American securities, who plunged them into our market for whatever they would bring in currency, and then they got gold in exchange for their currency and took it out of the country.

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