

WOMAN'S POWER.

IT SHAPES THE DESTINIES OF MEN AND NATIONS.

Where Men Are at a Disadvantage, and Only a Woman Can Understand a Woman's Ills."

Woman's beauty, love and devotion rule the world. Grand women; strong mentally, morally and physically, whose ambition and magnetism influence grandeur. Such women are all-powerful. Weakly,



sickly, ailing women have little ambition; their own troubles occupy their thoughts, and their one object is to get well.

They have no confidence in themselves, and only too often lose faith in their physicians.

All irregularities, whites, bearing down pains, nervousness, headache, backache, "blues" distaste for society, sounds in ears, palpitation, emaciation, heavy eyes, "all gone" feeling, dread of impending evil, sleeplessness, etc., should at once be removed and vigorous health assured.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has for twenty years saved women from all this. Hear this woman speak:

"I wish to publish what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash have done for me. I had failing of the womb and leucorrhoea, and they have cured me of both. I am a well woman. I suffered dreadfully with such dragging pains in the lower part of the back and extending around the body, irritation of the bladder, pain when walking and painful menstruation; I weakened terribly. I had been treated by three doctors without much help, and it only took five bottles of your Compound and three packages of Sanative Wash to cure me. I can recommend them to all women suffering with complaints like these."

Mrs. VANNATT, 3327 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.

RADWAY'S PILLS.

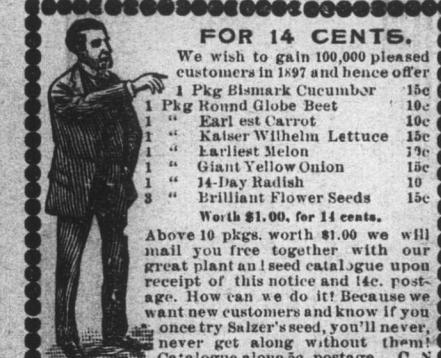
Pure Vegetable, mild and reliable. (Please perfect us on complete absorption and healthful regularity for the cure, I'll assure you of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Disease, etc.

LOSS OF APPETITE, SICK HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, TORPID LIVER, DYSPEPSIA.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking Radway's P. I. BILIOUSNESS preparations they stimulate the liver in the secretion of bile and the bowels in the absorption of food. The pills in doses of two or four will quickly regulate the action of the liver and free the patient from these diseases. One of the best cures for biliousness of the bowels is Radway's Pill. It will keep the system regular and secure definite digestion.

Price, 25c per box. 50¢ to all druggists, or by mail.

RADWAY & CO., 55 Main Street, New York.



CUTLER'S POCKET INHALER.

LIFE! LIFE!

Catarrh, Inflammation, Con-
sipation and bronchitis, and
other diseases of the lungs, in
a month time by our
inhaler, man.

Price, 25c per box.

W. H. SMITH & CO., 410-412 Michigan St., BUFFALO.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS.

JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C.
Late Principal Examiner of U. S. Patent Office.
3 yrs. in law, 15 adjudicating claims, atty. since.

OPPIUM HABITS DRUNKENNESS

Cured. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEBANON, OHIO.

SORE EYES Dr. ISAAC THOMPSON'S EYEWATER

Sure relief from ASTHMA

KIDDER'S PASTILLES. Price, 25c per box.

Charleston, Mass.

PATENTS. TRADE-MARKS.

Examination and advice as to Patentability of inventions. Send for INVENTOR'S GUIDE, or HOW TO GET A PATENT. Patrick O'Farrell, Washington, D. C.

\$10 Will pay for a 5-LINE advertisement four weeks for 100,000 circulation. 100,000 circulation per week guaranteed. Send for catalog, Standard-Union, 905 Jefferson St., Chicago.

Sweetness and Light.

Put a pill in the pulpit if you want practical preaching for the physical man; then put the pill in the pulpit if it does not practise what it preaches. There's a whole gospel in Ayer's Sugar Coated Pills; a "gospel of sweetness and light." People used to value their physic, as they did their religion,—by its bitterness.

The more bitter the dose the better the doctor.

We've got over that. We take "sugar in ours"—gospel or physic—now-a-days. It's possible to please and to purge at the same time. There may be power in a pleasant pill. That is the gospel of

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

More pills particulars in Ayer's Curebook, 100 pages.

Sent free. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

To Prohibit Footbinding.

Women's craving for a small foot has run mad in China, and they willingly submit themselves to tortures as horrible as any to which prisoners in the jails are subjected rather than be exposed to ridicule because their feet are large.

Now the custom is assailed from a powerful source—from a group of progressive scholars, which the Chinese people hold in the greatest reverence. The anti-foot binding agitation, which is now spreading all over China, was recently started by a prominent member of the Chinese literati in Sufu, which is a great city of Szechuan.

The leader of the movement is Chon, a literary graduate and a scholar of wealth and influence. While the literary examinations were being held at Sufu recently, every one was amazed



A CHINESE BELLE'S FOOT.

at the appearance of large posters on all the dead walls containing an appeal to educated Chinese to abandon the torture of their young daughters by foot-binding.

It contained many quotations from Confucius, but its main point was directed to the edict of Emperor Shun Chih in 1662, pronouncing the binding of girls' feet to be illegal. Chon declared that this edict had been obeyed for a time and then ignored.

He describes the tortures which young Chinese girls of the better class are forced to endure, and the misery and tears that are their portion for months and years. Even the worst convicts, he says, are never called upon to endure what a foolish custom imposes upon the tender frame of young girls, who are beloved by their fathers.

The deformity is produced in the feet of young Chinese girls by narrow cotton bandages about three yards long. These are applied when the girl is 6 years old. One end of the strip is placed beneath the instep and then carried over the four small toes, drawing them down beneath the foot.

Another twist draws the heel and great toe nearer together, making an indentation beneath the sole. When all the cloth has been used the end is firmly sewed down and the feet are left for a week or two in that condition. Clean bandages are now and then put on, but the change has to be rapidly effected or blood begins to circulate in the be-numbered feet and the agony becomes unbearable.

Saved by Its Song.

A little thistle bird in Monmouth, Me., owes its life to its perseverance and habit of singing while in trouble.

A man in that village had heard the small songster's persistent notes near his window for nearly a month, and at last called the attention of a friend who makes a study of birds and their ways, to its song. This friend soon made the discovery that the bird was a prisoner to its nest. A ladder was brought, and the bird and nest were taken down and examined. One leg of the little sufferer had become ensnared in the wool with which the nest was lined, and it was only after twenty minutes of painstaking effort with sharp instruments that the limb was freed from the snarl. This done, the spectators were surprised to see birdie fly away, apparently as well as though never tied to a nearby apple tree. The bird's parents, or some other of its feathered friends, had kept it supplied with food during its imprisonment.

Culinary Methods

"You must have a good deal of trouble with the raw recruits, colonel?"

"Oh, yes—but we get them in line."

"How?"

"Oh, it takes a good deal of roasting."

Detroit News.

Tactful Reply.

Priscilla—I don't think Miss Sweet is very bright. Many a time I have known her to laugh at stupid jokes.

Penelope—I'll bet she makes more friends than way you do by scowling at them.—Truth.

What There Is in It.

She—Do you believe there is really anything in palmistry?

He—Undoubtedly. I know of at least three persons who are making their living out of it.—Cleveland Leader.

This and That.

The first anthology was a collection of poems written by Archilochus and others.

When a man starts out for blood he generally has to furnish it.—Milwaukee Journal.

Our own actions are the accidents of fortune, that we sometimes place to the credit of luck or misfortune.

"They quailed" was the way the Ash Grove, Mo., Commonwealth headed an item giving an account of a quail supper.

The Bible societies of the world have printed the whole, or parts, of the Scripture in 412 different languages or dialects.

A man should live with his superiors as he does with his fire; not too near, lest he burn; not too far off, lest he freeze.

The first cargo of Hawaiian sugar ever landed in Boston arrived there the other day. The cargo consisted of 48-315 sacks.

A large proportion of the marine creatures found at a great depth in the colder parts of the ocean are of a red color.

It has been judicially decided in Missouri that the courts must recognize a common-law widow the same as a common-law widow.

THE INDIANA SOLONS

As soon as the upper house got back into its own chamber after the joint session had listened to Gov. Matthews' message Friday, Senator Shively of Richmond introduced an anti-trust bill. The bill provides that any company or corporation which joins a trust shall forfeit its right to do business in the State, and provides further that the officers of the company or corporation joining a trust may be fined \$500. The attorney general of the State is directed to prosecute all companies or corporations that become members of trusts, and as an incentive it is provided that he shall receive a fee of \$500 for every conviction. Prosecuting attorneys are also authorized to begin prosecutions. The House did nothing except to adopt new rules, one of which requires a two-thirds vote to appeal from the chair. Both houses adjourned until Monday to await Gov. Mount's signature.

The only measure of importance offered in the House Thursday morning was a bill by Representative Nicholson, author of the temperance law of the last session putting the holders of Government licenses on the same footing as saloonkeepers and making them pay the same license fees to the State. Since the Nicholson law was passed many saloons have refused to take out licenses, but have run as quasi shops. The bill will drive them out of existence. In strange contrast with the introduction of this measure in the House was the reception of each Senator by mail Thursday morning of a four-ounce bottle of whisky from a Terre Haute distilling firm. Some members, when it was known what the packages contained, refused to take them from the postmaster of the Senate, and others jokingly alleged that they were disappointed in the amount and were waiting for larger bottles.

The lower branch of the Legislature Monday, by unanimous vote, passed a concurrent resolution providing for an investigation of the Vandala Railroad Company. Speaker Pettitt appointed as the members of the joint committee for the House Representatives Henderson, Sutton and Babcock. Under the provision of the resolution, the investigating committee is to be composed of three Representatives, three Senators and the Attorney General of the State, who will be ex officio chairman of the committee. It is not the first time an Indiana Legislature has undertaken to inquire into the allegation that the railroad company owes the school fund of the State nearly \$1,000,000, but former investigations have been fruitless, because the investigators have been taken to Terre Haute and treated so hospitably by the railway interests that they were satisfied there was no indebtedness. Recently there has been a demand from all parts of the State that the company, which is now in the hands of a receiver, shall make good its obligation to the State. When the road was incorporated in 1847 there was inserted in its charter a provision that a certain per cent of its earnings should be turned over into the school fund. It is charged that this provision has been ignored.

Charles W. Fairbanks was elected United States Senator Tuesday to succeed Daniel W. Voorhees, whose term will expire March 3. It was the first time in sixteen years that the Republicans have been able to elect a Senator, and the election was made one of rejoicing. Many representatives of the party from all over the State came in to witness the formalities. The two houses voted separately. The vote was as follows: Senate—Fairbanks, 33; Voorhees, 16; Templeton, 1; House—Fairbanks, 52; Voorhees, 42; Templeton, 5.

A Tremendous Journey.

An ordinary walk of an hour is equivalent to a journey of 1,000 miles just as a beginning. The average person walks three miles an hour, according to reckoning, but when it is considered that the world is constantly turning on its axis, it is apparent where the 1,000 miles come in.

This is by no means all. The earth makes a journey round the sun every year, and a long but rapid trip it is. The distance of our planet from the sun is put in round numbers at 92,000,000 miles. This is the radius of the earth's orbit—half the diameter of the circle, as it is called. The whole diameter is therefore 184,000,000 miles, and the circumference, being the diameter multiplied by 3.1416, is about 578,000.

This amazing distance the earth travels in its yearly journey, and dividing it by 365, we find the daily speed about 15,840 miles. Then, to get the distance you rode round the sun during your hour's walk, divide again by 24, and the result is about 65,000 miles. This is not the end of the hour's trip, however. The sun, with its entire brood of planets, is moving in space at the rate of 166,000,000 miles a year. This is at the rate of a little more than 454,000 miles a day, or 18,900 miles an hour.

So, adding the three miles of leg travel to the hour's axial movement of the earth, this to the earth's orbital journey, and this again to the earth's excursion with the sun, and you find you have traveled in the hour 89,903 miles.—San Francisco Examiner.

Hard Work Will Tell.

One often envies greatness, overlooking the hardships and struggles passed through before the place of honor has been attained. When we read of the lives of distinguished men in any department, we find them almost always where they are through hard work. We hear constantly of the great amount of labor they could perform. Demosthenes, Julius Caesar, Henry IV. of France, Sir Isaac Newton, Washington, Napoleon, and many others, different as they were in their intellectual and moral qualities, were all renowned as hard workers. We read how many days they could support the fatigues of a march; how early they rose; how many hours they spent in the field, the cabinet, in the court—in short, how hard they worked.—Harper's Round Table.

What There Is in It.

She—Do you believe there is really anything in palmistry?

He—Undoubtedly. I know of at least three persons who are making their living out of it.—Cleveland Leader.

This and That.

The first anthology was a collection of poems written by Archilochus and others.

When a man starts out for blood he generally has to furnish it.—Milwaukee Journal.

Our own actions are the accidents of fortune, that we sometimes place to the credit of luck or misfortune.

"They quailed" was the way the Ash Grove, Mo., Commonwealth headed an item giving an account of a quail supper.

The Bible societies of the world have printed the whole, or parts, of the Scripture in 412 different languages or dialects.

A man should live with his superiors as he does with his fire; not too near, lest he burn; not too far off, lest he freeze.

The first cargo of Hawaiian sugar ever landed in Boston arrived there the other day. The cargo consisted of 48-315 sacks.

A large proportion of the marine creatures found at a great depth in the colder parts of the ocean are of a red color.

It has been judicially decided in Missouri that the courts must recognize a common-law widow the same as a common-law widow.

WEALTH OF UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND

According to Mulhall, whose latest statistics were collected about the time of the taking of the last census, the United States is the richest of all nations, having a wealth of nearly \$12,000,000,000, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland having about \$9,000,000,000; France, \$8,000,000,000; Germany, \$6,000,000,000; Russia, \$5,000,000,000; Austria, nearly \$4,000,000,000; Italy, \$3,000,000,000; Spain, \$2,500,000,000; Australia, about \$1,500,000,000; Belgium, \$1,000,000,000; Holland and Canada, \$1,000,000,000 each; and Sweden, \$1,250,000,000.

It is a well-known fact that the wealth of the United States is about \$12,000,000,000.

It is a well-known fact that the wealth of the United States is about \$12,000,000,000.

It is a well-known fact that the wealth of the United States is about \$12,000,000,000.

It is a well-known fact that the wealth of the United States is about \$12,000,000,000.

It is a well-known fact that the wealth of the United States is about \$12,000,0