

## STEAMER SCUTTLED.

### PALATIAL STEAMER SINKS AT A DULUTH DOCK.

**Deliberate Act of Some Vandal-Famous Pugilists to Come Together—The Bridgegroom Tarried at Lima—Mexican Outrage Upon Americans.**

**Northland Goes Down.**  
The steamship Northland, which completed her season in the Great Northern Line between Duluth and Buffalo a fortnight ago and was laid up in Duluth, Minn., for the winter, sank at her dock Monday night. The big steamer was raised Tuesday night, when it was found that the seacock had been opened by some one and the boat deliberately scuttled. As she went down in but twenty feet of water, the damage to her expensive fittings will not be heavy, but everything up to the machinery deck has been soaked through, and the elaborate decorations of her passenger gangway and grand staircase will be well-nigh ruined. It is not known who opened the seacock, but it is thought it might have been done by discharged employees.

### CORBETT ACCEPTS.

**He and Sharkey Will Meet at San Francisco.**

Saturday night the manager Groom, who was slightly nettled because an offer of \$10,000 telegraphed to Corbett and Sharkey a week previous had been treated with what savored of silent contempt, sped another couple of messages over the wires, warning the big brawlers that the San Francisco National Club's offer would remain open a week longer. Groom received a dispatch from Corbett stating that if the club would post the amount of the purse in responsible hands with the understanding that Corbett and Sharkey were to receive the full amount whether the fight took place or not, the offer would be accepted, and the fight would be without delay. Corbett mentioned that Sharkey and himself had decided to box their ten rounds on some date between Nov. 20 and 30.

### Standing of National League.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the National Baseball League:

W. L.	W. L.
Baltimore . . . 37	New York . . . 62
Cleveland . . . 78	Philadelphia . . . 66
Cincinnati . . . 77	Brooklyn . . . 56
Boston . . . 72	Washington . . . 56
Chicago . . . 71	St. Louis . . . 58
Pittsburg . . . 63	St. Paul . . . 50

### Western League Standing.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

W. L.	W. L.
Minneapolis . . . 49	Kansas City . . . 70
Indianapolis . . . 54	Milwaukee . . . 62
Detroit . . . 50	St. Paul . . . 57
St. Paul . . . 55	St. Louis . . . 47

### Americans Mobbed.

A mob attacked the American Presbyterian Church in Amnusa, Calientes, Mexico. The pastor is Rev. D. Sharkey. The mob broke windows and doors with stones, and Mr. Sharkey's house was also attacked. A crowd attacked the Morelos College, in the same city, breaking every window in it. Several arrests have been made, and the authorities are anxious to identify the leaders. United States Minister Hanson has been asked to use his best offices with the Government to secure the punishment of the offenders.

### Gold Reserve Grows.

Gold to the amount of \$1,000,000, previously deposited with the New York treasury for examination, was released and added to the surplus reserve Tuesday, through the clearing house operations, the conditional receipts issued against it having been redeemed in legal tenders. In addition to this no further amounts of gold were received by the New York treasury, but the operations of the day, combined with those of Monday, augmented the gold reserve by \$2,600,000. The reserve now stands at about \$120,000,000.

### Deserts His Prospective Bride.

Miss Mary Shay, of Middleburg, Ohio, mourns the loss of her husband-to-be, and she is almost heart-broken. Charles Shay is her cousin, but they have been lovers for some time, and decided to get married. Accordingly, she went to Lima, and the marriage was to have been solemnized Thursday evening. Mary had a house furnished and gave Mary \$50 to procure the license, while he made all the other arrangements, but Charles failed to appear, and, instead, left for Red Key, Ind.

### Brutal Whitecaps.

Whitecaps are terrorizing the farmers and residents of Holland station, fourteen miles from Toledo, Ohio. Farmer Huntsman, an old man, and his son were cruelly beaten by masked men and the old man was buried alive three times by his inhuman tormentors. Each time he was dug up the men beat him with clubs and he may die as a result of the terrible injuries received at their hands.

### Queen and Czar Meet.

The Czar of the Russians spent Tuesday night in royal Balmoral Castle, in Scotland. His trip from Leith, where he landed Tuesday, was practically a continuous ovation, and not a single sensational incident marred the progress of the Muscovite potentate from his yacht to the castle towers of the Scottish palace of Queen Victoria.

### Keeping Them to Kill.

The Turkish authorities have put a stop to the deportation of Armenians, which has been going on since the recent fatal riots in Constantinople.

### Laundry War Is Hot.

The laundry war in Chicago is waging fiercely, and prices are being frightfully depreciated. Tariffs for laundering shirts have gone down to 3 cents each, with other pieces as correspondingly low. Among laundry agents it is the opinion that the prices will go still lower.

### American Bidders Shut Out.

The Toronto, Ontario, City Council has voted that tenders from United States concerns shall not be considered in the opening of bids for the plumbing and steamfitting of the new court house.

### Saloon Wrecked by Dynamite.

A heavy charge of dynamite was exploded under the saloon of Mrs. Mary Weisbrodt, of Sardinia, Ohio, the building being totally wrecked. Several persons were injured. Anti-saloon workers are suspected, having failed to secure passage of a local option ordinance.

### Murder of Martha McCord.

Martha McCord, a seamstress, was found dead in her room at Lawrence, Kan. Death had been caused from three wounds on the temple, inflicted with a hatchet that lay near by. It is undoubtedly a case of murder, with robbery the motive.

## CHICAGO'S ALLEY L SOLD.

George Adams and Leslie Carter Are the Purchasers.

The Chicago and South Side Rapid Transit Company, known to all World's Fair visitors as the "Alley L" road, was sold Wednesday morning by Perry Hull, acting on an order from the court. George E. Adams and Leslie Carter, representing the first mortgage bondholders, bid in the road at \$4,000,100 and \$100,000 for 24 pieces of real estate. Before offering the road Mr. Hull stated that no bid would be considered unless a deposit of \$200,000 as a guaranty of good faith had been previously made. At this juncture Sidney C. Eastman, representing E. E. Jones and other stockholders, announced a formal protest against the sale of the road, and stated that suit would be brought in the appellate court if the sale was consummated. The first thing offered was the railroad proper, the mainline, which would be considered by the court at \$4,000,000. Leslie Carter immediately stepped forward and offered \$4,000,100, representing himself and George E. Adams. This was the only bid made, and the road was declared sold at that figure. Twenty-four pieces of real estate were then offered separately with no bidders. Then they were offered in groups, but no bids were made, and they were finally placed on the block as a whole. The property was bid in at \$100,000 by Mr. Carter for himself and Mr. Adams, theirs being the only offer. This completed the sale, and the large crowd quickly dispersed, one hour and a half having elapsed during the sale of over \$18,000,000 capitalized property.

## MARCHING ORDERS.

Western Regiments Get Their Quadrantennial Shake-Up.

Fort Sheridan's shaking up has come at last. The long expected transfer of the Fifteenth Infantry was ordered Friday by the Secretary of War, and Col. Croft and his Indian fighters will go to West and give way to another band of men who have been on the plains for many a year and are considered entitled to a change. From scenes of deer and sun and alkali the bronzed warriors of the Fourth Infantry will come to civilization—Fort Sheridan. The fortune of war in this case is strange. The men of the Fifteenth, who have been enjoying all the luxuries of life near Chicago, including the theater, must take up new quarters amid the drapery of the plains of New Mexico and Arizona. Not a railroad, even, will be near them, and their life will contrast strangely with the whirl of the last few years at famous Fort Sheridan. On the other hand, the men of the Fourth are coming from the dreariness and desolation of the plains to take up the pleasant program of the Fifteenth, so rudely interrupted. Bronzed and a trifle awkward the men of the Fourth will seem at first, but both will wear off. Tailors will be in clover for a time, and civilization with all its delights, sight-seeing and men, who fight, will take the place of sand hills, bare plains and Indian scars.

## WILL NOT CUT HIS HAIR.

Carrier's Locks Threaten His Post.

Postmaster J. J. White, of Oakland, Cal., has been called upon to decide one of the weightiest questions so far submitted to him in his official capacity. He has searched through the postal laws, but has been unable to find a regulation to fit the case, and now he is seriously considering the propriety of submitting the matter to the department at Washington. The question is whether Lyman P. Baere, a letter carrier, can be compelled to have his hair cut. Baere's wild bearding has been the cause of numerous complaints from ladies and gentlemen who have come in contact with the eccentric young man. Being a pianist, Baere two years ago decided to let his hair grow, with the idea of emulating Paderewski. So conspicuous did Mr. Baere and his long locks become to the people of Oakland that the young man became involved in a street fight with a youth who whistled "Oh, my Get Your Hair Cut" as the letter carrier passed by. In order to soothe the lacerated feelings of the public, Postmaster White placed Baere on the night shift. This move only made matters worse, for after seeing a doctor and several women more complaints were lodged. Baere positively refused to have his locks shorn and Postmaster White is sitting up nights considering the situation.

## SEWALL IN TO STAY.

Says He Will Not Withdraw Under Any Circumstances.

Mr. Sewall, the free silver Democratic candidate for vice president, said, Friday, at Bath, Me.: "There is absolutely nothing in this talk about my withdrawing. The thing is absurd. I shall not retire under any circumstances. As for the statement that Senator Gorman or any of the Democratic managers desire me to retire or that the party leaders are bringing influence to bear on me for that purpose, it is pure falsehood. On the contrary, all the pressure on me has been the other way. Of course I will not retire. Mr. Bryan's defeat certain, and our opponents understand it very well. Those who discuss the question of my retirement don't know the man they are talking about. There is absolute harmony in the Democratic party. I am in constant correspondence with the leaders, and they are in perfect accord. I see very clearly that Mr. Bryan may be elected and that I may not be, but a election in the ticket now is out of the question."

## TALK WILL BE HIGH.

Sixty Dollars a Minute by Atlantic Telephone Cable.

"A cable could be constructed for use in telephoning across the Atlantic," remarked F. A. Pickernell, chief engineer in charge of the long-distance telephone construction department of the American Telegraph and Telephone Company, "but all the ships of the British navy would not be able to carry it. It would be as big round as a hoghead, and the financial resources of any three of the great powers would be taxed to the utmost to pay for it. And if it were laid the cost of using it would discount its utility. On land, if we possibly can, we avoid passing telephone lines through a cable, because, for every mile of cable passed through the length of the line is increased fifty miles. The cost of one minute's conversation over such a submarine telephone system would be close to \$60."

## APPLY THE TORCH.

Cuban Insurgents Burn Farms and Settlements Near Havana.

The Cuban band of Juan Delgado is reported to have burned the farms of Gacera, Chamo, and Trianbouque, on the canal, and seven settlements near Santiago de Los Vegas. The insurgents burned several farms at Guira Molena, in Havana province, because the owners refused to pay the taxes levied by the insurgents. In addition, in Matanzas, insurgents have burned the tobacco plantations of Herculano and Esperanza, causing a loss of \$400,000. In the last few days they have also burned a large amount of property near Puerto Principe.

## BattleShip on the Beach.

The big battleship Texas, of the United States navy, went hard aground Wednesday off Goat Island, near Newport, R. I.

The leviathan was absolutely helpless and at the mercy of the wind. If a storm had arisen before she was released the chances are the world would have been in pieces. This magnificent bit of naval architecture, which cost the people of the United States something like \$3,000,000, was subject to the caprice of the weather until the tide came in Thursday, when tugs hauled her back into deep water.

## Sewage in Drinking Water.

Public schools of Chicago may be closed at any moment on the order of Commissioner of Health Kerr because the water supply afforded them by the Board of Education, without filters, is impure. Monday's rain of rain and one-quarter inches carried out to the intake pipes of the various cribs of the city all of the filth of the sewers. This, later, has been brought back to the school children in the drinking water which is offered to them in the school buildings through faucets expected for the contamination of lake water as it is. The Grand Jury has been so seriously impressed by the apparent unconcern of the Board of Education that it will investigate all criminal neglect as to the character of the water supply now coming to citizens. Typhoid fever, scarlet fever, diphtheria and other diseases which they have a bonanza. The schools are now seriously prevalent in all parts of the city. Scarlet fever has been in the normal school district, within 100 feet of the rented school buildings provided by the Board of Education for the overflow from the school proper, for several days without having been reported. Being informed of the proper placards placed on the flat in which the fever is, warning all others of contagion.

## New Gold Fields.

U. M. Thomas, of St. Paul, with other parties, recently purchased gold property in the Little Manitou gold regions near Rainy Lake for \$15,000. The discovery was made by a Swedish teamster, who was glad to sell out at that figure. The new owners immediately started a pit, and it is believed that the gold is in the vein of gold is twenty-six feet wide, in rotten brown quartz, and the gold is almost as plentiful as the quartz. The specimens shown are nearly 50 per cent. pure metal. The owners of this bonanza have called their mine the "Manitou," and there is no doubt that it will be sold, and in which were seated Dan Curley, Michael Fagan and Joe Hanlon. The latter were armed with revolvers and their duty was to assist the others should there be any need of it. In plain view of the vicarage lodge the two parties halted to await the coming of their victim or victims. None of either party knew Mr. Burke by sight and Lord Cavendish had only arrived in Ireland that day, to be present at the formal entry of the new viceroy of Ireland, Lord Spencer, so that he, too, was unknown to the conspirators. However, the latter had provided for a short distance from them were two men, James Carey and Joseph Smith, Smith knew Burke, and his part in the tragedy, was to point out Burke to Carey, whereupon the latter was to signal the conspirators.

## Conditions Favor Improvement.

R. G. Dan & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "There is still no distinct improvement in business, although conditions favor it. Confidence slowly rises, speculative buying of materials for future use continues, imports of gold do not cease, and the Bank of England has not tried to check them; but the demand in rates, as the weight of the demand now falls upon France. But an enormous business is held back until the future is more clear."

## Riot at Leadville.

A perfect fusillade of musketry began, apparently in the locality of the Coronado mine, Leadville, Col., at 1 o'clock a. m. Monday within a dozen blocks of the court house. Several hundred shots were fired. The riot was in progress for three months and trouble has been looked for for the last two weeks. The State troops have been held in readiness for a call to arms ever since the strike began.

## To Coin British Gold.

The steamship Mariposa brings from Australia the largest shipment of sovereigns ever received in San Francisco. They will go direct to the mint, being accepted as 916 2-3 fine and at the rate of \$4.9338 per 100 sterling standard weight. The proposal is to coin them into gold coins, and the exchange at \$4.8131 to \$4.82, thus realizing a profit of over 1 per cent. to the gold shippers.

## English Hop Crop Injured.

The unprecedented continuance of cold rains, which have now prevailed for nearly six weeks, is likely much to reduce the first estimates of the English hop crop. A month ago it was thought that the crop would be only a third less than the last year's, but what with the cold and the rain, it is doubtful if even half a crop will be saved.

## Beheaded by an Elevator.

Frederick Hoffman, a workman in the employ of Samuel Bauman & Brother, New York, was caught by an electric elevator in such a manner that he was carried to the ceiling, between which and the elevator he was forced. His head was severed from his body in as clean a manner as a guillotine could have done it.

## Alleged Forger in Custody.

Detectives were in Toledo, Ohio, endeavoring to secure R. R. Bailey, alias G. K. Taylor, alias R. R. Taylor, but they were required to return empty-handed. Toledo has the man, and he is believed to be one of the most talented check workers in the country, an effort will be made to put him away for a term of years.

## Called in Haste to Europe.

Mrs. Demetrius Callias, formerly Mrs. P. T. Barnum, was summoned to Constantinople by a cablegram saying: "If you wish to see your husband alive come at once." He is a Greek, and his marriage with the famous widow was one of the social sensations of last year.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$5.25; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.00 to \$3.00; wheat, No. 2, 21c to 22c; No. 2, 15c to 17c; rye, No. 2, 31c to 32c; butter, choice creamery, 14c to 16c; eggs, fresh, 13c to 15c; potatoes, per bushel, 20c to 30c; broom corn, common short to choice dwarf, \$2.50 to \$3.00 per ton.  
Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$2.50; wheat, No. 2, 25c to 26c; corn, No. 2, 21c to 22c; oats, No. 2, 19c to 20c.  
St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 21c to 22c; corn, No. 2, 15c to 16c; rye, No. 2, 28c to 29c.  
Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.25; wheat, No. 2, 21c to 22c; corn, No. 2, 15c to 16c; rye, No. 2, 31c to 32c.  
Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, \$2.00 to \$2.50; wheat, No. 2, 21c to 22c; corn, No. 2, 15c to 16c; rye, No. 2, 28c to 29c.  
Toledo—Wheat, No. 2, 21c to 22c; corn, No. 2, 15c to 16c; rye, No. 2, 31c to 32c; clover seed, \$4.45 to \$4.50.  
Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 55c to 60c; corn, No. 2, 20c to 22c; oats, No. 2, 19c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 31c to 32c; pork, mess, \$5.50 to \$6.25.  
Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; sheep, \$2.00 to \$2.50; wheat, No. 2, 21c to 22c; corn, No. 2, 15c to 16c; rye, No. 2, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2, 19c to 20c.  
New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2, 21c to 22c; corn, No. 2, 15c to 16c; rye, No. 2, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2, 19c to 20c; butter, creamery, 12c to 16c; eggs, Western, 14c to 17c.

## COLD-BLOODED CRIME.

### SORROWFUL CHAPTER OF IRISH HISTORY RECALLED.

The Arrest of P. J. P. Tynan, of the Invincible Society, Brings to Mind the Murders of Lord Cavendish and Secretary Burke.

### Vile Political Plot.

The arrest of Patrick J. P. Tynan, the notorious "No. 1," of the Irish Invincibles, makes interesting a review of the bloody crime of this secret body which on May 6, 1882, put to death in Phoenix Park, Dublin, the new chief secretary of Ireland, Lord Frederick Cavendish, and the permanent under secretary, T. H. Burke. Tynan was arrested at Boulogne, France, on a warrant issued in 1882. He was one of those who organized the Invincibles in Dublin and ever since the revelations consequent on the Phoenix Park assassinations the authorities had been endeavoring to capture him. The killing of Lord Cavendish and Mr. Burke was a cold-blooded crime. It was essentially political, as not one of those counseling or participating in the murders had the slightest private wrong against either of the victims. The details were carefully planned by the Invincibles and the plot selected for the assassination was Phoenix Park, where Mr. Burke had his official residence. It has been said that the intention of the Invincibles was only to kill Mr. Burke, but this has been controverted and the counter assertion made that Lord Cavendish had also been marked out for death. Whatever the right or wrong of this, the plan of the conspirators was well laid.

On the afternoon of the fatal day, May 6, a car driven by Myles Kavanagh and carrying four men—Joe Brady, Tim Kelly, Pat Delany and Fom Caffrey—drove to Phoenix Park. Following the car was a cab driven by James Fitzharris and in which were seated Dan Curley, Michael Fagan and Joe Hanlon. The latter were armed with revolvers and their duty was to assist the others should there be any need of it. In plain view of the vicarage lodge the two parties halted to await the coming of their victim or victims. None of either party knew Mr. Burke by sight and Lord Cavendish had only arrived in Ireland that day, to be present at the formal entry of the new viceroy of Ireland, Lord Spencer, so that he, too, was unknown to the conspirators. However, the latter had provided for a short distance from them were two men, James Carey and Joseph Smith, Smith knew Burke, and his part in the tragedy, was to point out Burke to Carey, whereupon the latter was to signal the conspirators.

### A Little After 7 o'clock in the evening

Mr. Burke alighted from a car just within the park gates and recognizing Lord Cavendish, who was going on foot to his new home in the park, proceeded to greet him. Instantly the signal was given by Carey to the conspirators, and Brady and Smith advanced to their bloody work, while Smith and Carey advanced to the car and disappeared. When Brady had advanced almost to the point of meeting Burke and Lord Cavendish he stopped as though to tie his shoe. Suddenly rising he seized Mr. Burke, swung him around and buried his knife in his body. Burke fell to the ground, whereupon Brady bent over and gashed him across the throat. Lord Cavendish, who had sought to defend his companion, was seized by Brady and stabbed to death. The party then boarded the car and drove out of the park into the country, returning to the city by a roundabout way. The cab, however, disappeared. A bicyclist was the first to discover the dead bodies of Burke and Lord Cavendish. The news of this double assassination

### British-Egyptian Expedition in Africa

Occupies the Stronghold.

Dongola has fallen, and the nominal objective point of the British-Egyptian expedition has been reached. The river forces of the British-Egyptian expedition, pushing up the Nile from El Hafir, landed a force at Dongola and occupied that place before the dervish forces, retreating from El Hafir, reached that point. El Hafir and Dongola are therefore both in the hands of the expedition, while the dervish forces are somewhere between, seeking a refuge.

### Saturday afternoon the long-range firing

continued between the dervishes on the west bank of the Nile, and the expeditionary force on east bank. The Maxim guns, with their sweeping hail of fire, did great execution in the dervish ranks, while the field and horse artillery never allowed the enemy to do anything with their batteries. After the gunboats of the expedition had forced their way past the forts at El Hafir and had proceeded southward toward Dongola the dervishes apparently perceived that El Hafir was no longer the place for them and they prepared to depart. They buried as many of their dead as they had time for. The rest were prepared with a stone around the neck and thrown into the Nile. As the news of the evacuation of El Hafir was received the correspondents of the Associated Press proceeded to cross the river and make a survey of the enemy's last position. It was found that their mud defenses had been built with great care, but the rifle trenches only permitted them to make a very short and straight front for protection. Mats were strewed along and within the trenches, and in the straw shelters were the remains of the carcasses of sheep, which had been killed to supply food to the defenders. The dead had been buried or thrown into the river.

### LEADVILLE IN TERROR.

Rioting Strikers Make an Attack on the Coronado Mine.

Driven to desperation by starvation, Leadville's locked-out miners, who have been threatening the peace for two months, attacked the Coronado mine with dynamite and guns at 1 o'clock Monday morning, arousing the city, and throwing its inhabitants into a panic. The miners were organized recently by the Western Federation of Miners, and almost every mine worker was in the union when the demands were made. The miners ask \$3 a day for all classes of workmen, including surface and underground men. The employers declared, at the beginning of the trouble, that they were willing to continue paying the wages which had prevailed in Leadville to that time. Under that the men under arrest kept up a bold front, but one day as they were

## THE QUESTION OF THE DAY.



taken into court for examination one member was absent from the ranks. This man was Kavanagh, driver of the car, and he turned informer. Soon another man named Farrell turned informer and then James Carey volunteered to become a State witness. This sealed the doom of the murderers and in quick succession Joe Brady, Dan Curley, Michael Fagan, Tom Caffrey and Tim Kelly were tried and found guilty. May 14, 1883, Joe Brady was executed in Kilmainham jail and four days later Dan Curley was hanged. May 28 Michael Fagan was executed, June 2 Caffrey suffered death, and on the 9th Kelly was executed. Of those who were also tried for the murders Pat Delany was sentenced to death, but as he had turned State witness his sentence was commuted, first to penal servitude for life and subsequently to ten years' imprisonment. Chairman Mullett, another Invincible, received ten years. Life sentences were given to Laurence Hanlon and Fitzharris.

### Of the informers, not all have been named and one of them has amassed a fortune in a quarter of the globe far removed from Ireland.

### Bryan in Baltimore.

William Jennings Bryan, the Democratic candidate for the presidency, spoke in Baltimore Saturday night to two of the largest crowds ever present at a political meeting in that city. The first speech was made in the open air, and conservative estimates place the number who heard it at 30,000. The second was held in Music Hall, the largest auditorium in Baltimore, and the house was packed until women fainted and many had to be removed before the speaking could proceed. Mr. Bryan spoke for an hour and a half, and was greeted with a tremendous cheer from thousands who gathered there in anticipation of his coming. Just as he bared his head in acknowledgment of the greeting a slight rain began to fall, which increased to a brisk shower. The rain did not seem to matter, the strain of the last few days having evidently told upon it. Pale of face, with great beads of perspiration standing upon his forehead, Mr. Bryan created the impression of a man who had tested his powers of endurance to their fullest capacity. His first address lasted barely twenty minutes, after which he repaired to the Music Hall, whither as many of the crowd as could get in followed him. He was accompanied in the train and escorted to the platform by a committee, of which Senator Gorman was a member. At the conclusion of his speech at Music Hall Mr. Bryan returned to Washington.

### A heavy wind and rain storm seriously

interfered with the arrangements which had been made for a grand reception to Candidate Bryan at the Old Capitol baseball park in Washington. The crowd was considerably below expectations, and those having the arrangements in charge, but there was no lack of enthusiasm. For some time before his arrival dark rain and wind-laden clouds from the west gave certain promise of a down-pour, and he had not spoken more than forty minutes when the rain came down in torrents, drenching every one exposed to it. After waiting some time, however, Mr. Bryan left the platform and drove to his hotel.

### Big Day at Canton.

Canton, O., Saturday was the scene of the biggest demonstration there since nomination day. There were ten visiting delegations of from 1,000 to 6,000 each and utilizing twenty-six special trains, and estimated at from 10,000 to 15,000 people. After the two receptions in the opera house in the forenoon, one to the visitors from Hulton, Verona, Oak Mount and other boroughs of Allegheny County, and the other to the employees of the Carnegie City mills of Pittsburg, the speech-making was transferred to the McKinley lawn, part of it being done in the rain. It was the big delegation of railroad men from Chicago, too large for any hall, who set the example of defying the elements. They, with the three or four hundred telegraphers who came with them, surrounded the little reviewing stand on the major's lawn and listened to and cheered the assurances of support delivered by their spokesmen.

### Fights Gold with Gold Eagles.

W. H. Harvey, author of "Coin's Financial School," used \$2,500 in gold eagles as an object lesson in the course of his speech at the Chicago Auditorium Saturday night. Four thousand people heard Mr. Harvey's speech, and applauded vigorously at frequent intervals. A large blackboard figured prominently in the speech, Mr. Harvey attempting to show with its assistance the evils of monetarism. He resurrected his arguments that the gold available for money in the world could be cast into a solid cube of twenty-two feet. Still working at the blackboard, he showed that the same amount—\$4,000,000,000—in silver, all that is available for money, would, if cast into a solid block, make a cube thirty-six feet.

### Answers Schurz and Cockran.

Gov. Altgeld spoke at Central Music Hall, Chicago, Saturday night in reply to Carl Schurz and Bourke Cockran. He was greeted by a mass of humanity that filled every portion of the hall, and there were thousands outside who clamored for admission, but had to content themselves with hearing lesser orators at overflow meetings. The governor dealt almost wholly with the money question, and his audience applauded him continuously.

### Senator Thurston Speaks.

West Side Republicans of Chicago were entertained in a big tent at Loomis and West Harrison streets Saturday night. There were a good many thousands of them present, and they yelled and applauded the speakers as though they thoroughly enjoyed the sentiment.

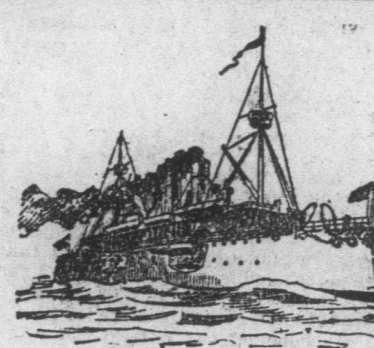
## SHIP TEXAS AGROUND.

Big Battle Ship Went Broadside on Newport Beach.

The big battleship Texas, of the United States navy, went hard aground off Goat Island, near Newport, R. I. The leviathan, so formidable when in her element, was absolutely helpless and at the mercy of the wind. If a storm had arisen before she was released the chances are she would have been beaten to pieces. This magnificent bit of naval architecture, which cost the people of the United States something like \$3,000,000, was subject to the caprice of the weather until the tide came in, when tugs got her back into deep water.

### The Texas left the North Atlantic

squadron for the purpose of getting a supply of torpedoes. When she reached the harbor the tide was running out strongly and was at about half ebb. She steamed slowly to her anchorage ground, west of



## BATTLE SHIP TEXAS.

the torpedo station, and dropped anchor in the usual place, a half-mile from shore. The order was given to stop the engines, but for some reason not explained the machinery continued to work, and the powerful twin screws dragged the anchor until the boat pushed her nose upon the sands.

When the boat finally came to a stand her bow stood about two feet higher than it should. Meanwhile the water continued to come up, rendering the great vessel more and more helpless. The gun Aquidneck came alongside in thirty minutes and began work, but it was soon discovered that the Texas was stranded.

## CORN IS SAFE FROM FROSTS.

Conditions Generally Favorable for Harvesting the Crop.

Reports by States on the condition of crops show that the danger of frost has been generally passed. The general absence of rain in the Southern States has been very favorable for cotton picking, in which has been made rapid progress. The continued dry weather has impaired the outlook for top crop, which in many sections will be a complete failure. Continued cool and rainy weather has retarded the maturing of late corn in Iowa and Northern Missouri, and in North Dakota the crop was injured by frosts on the 9th and 10th. Cutting has progressed favorably, and husking and cribbing are in progress in Nebraska and Illinois. In the States of the