

The Democratic Sentinel

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RENSSELAER, INDIANA

DIE IN A CLOUDBURST

LARGE LOSS OF LIFE REPORTED FROM KENTUCKY.

West Damage Also Done to Property
—Trouble on an American Ship—
Two New Counterfeits of Silver
Notes Which Are Easy to Detect.

Doses Are Probably Drowned.
The severest rainstorm known at Frankfort, Ky., in years was that of Monday night, and loss of life resulted. The Gainey bridge, 200 feet long, on the Louisville and Nashville Railway, was washed away, stopping traffic on that branch of the road. Conway's mills and houses on Benson's Creek were swept away. Section Boss Blue reported that he was unable to get across the creek owing to the bridge being washed away. Persons living on the other side of the creek threw a rock across with a card tied to it, on which was written: "Bradley, when I die, my children will be washed away and drowned." Mrs. Bryant, the toll gate keeper, and three children were washed away and drowned. Daniel Moore, late candidate for county judge, is missing. Bridges on the short line are washed away. It is believed more lives are lost.

CARLISLE FOR THE BENCH.

Should Justice Field Retire the Secretary Will Be Given the Place.
A Washington correspondent says that there is a cabinet authority for stating that Secretary Carlisle, in the event of another vacancy on the Supreme bench during the present administration, will be appointed to fill it. This is of especial interest just now in view of the probability of Justice Field being moved by his present ill-health to take advantage of his privilege and retire. It can be further stated on the same authority that Secretary Carlisle believes the late in come tax law to be unconstitutional, that the administration is of the same opinion, and that in the event of Carlisle's elevation to the Supreme bench to succeed Field a determined attempt would be made to bring up the case again to furnish an opportunity for a favorable decision.

COUNTERFEIT SILVER NOTES.

Bad Copies of \$1 and \$5 Certificates in Circulation.
Two new counterfeits of United States silver certificates have been discovered by the Treasury Department. The first is a \$1 series of 1891, check letter C, signed by J. Fount Tillman, Register, and D. N. Morgan, Treasurer, and having a portrait of Stanton. The second is a \$5 series of 1891, check letter B, signed by J. Fount Tillman, Register, and D. N. Morgan, Treasurer, and having a portrait of Grant. These counterfeits are printed from etched plates and are very poor productions. The portraits, like the work and small lettering especially are bad, being much blurred and indistinct. The paper is also poor, a few pieces of silk thread having been distributed through it. The most careless handler of money, it is said, should readily detect the counterfeit notes.

MURDERED BY MUTINEERS.

Captain, His Wife, and the Second Mate Slain in Their Berths.
The barkentine *Herbert*, under Capt. Naash, from Boston, July 8, for Rosario, put into Halifax Tuesday morning. There had been mutiny on board, during which the captain, his wife, and the second mate had been killed in their berths. This occurred in the night. The first officer was on watch and knew nothing about the affair. The murderer or murderers crawled aft to the cabin and descended, and, with axes, chopped their victims to death. Upon the arrival of the barkentine all her crew were taken off the vessel and locked up in the police station to await trial.

WAR ON OLEOMARGARINE.

It Is Proposed to Place Stringent Restrictions on Trade in England.
A select committee of the English House of Commons, which has long been considering certain proposed restrictions of the oleomargarine trade, has presented its report. It recommends that the coloring of oleomargarine, either in imitation of butter or otherwise, be prohibited, and that the selling of mixed oleomargarine and butter be held illegal, even if sold as a mixture. There are other restrictions concerning registration of dealers in oleomargarine, labeling, packing, etc.

National League.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the National Baseball League:

W. L.	W. L.
Cincinnati 55	26 Brooklyn 35
Cleveland 51	25 Philadelphia 35
Baltimore 49	26 Washington 31
Chicago 47	36 New York 31
Boston 42	34 St. Louis 22
Pittsburgh 41	35 Louisville 17
55	

Western League.

Following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

W. L.	W. L.
Indianapolis 48	26 Detroit 37
St. Paul 46	29 Milwaukee 37
Minneapolis 44	33 Grand Rapids 29
Kansas City 42	33 Columbus 23
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Losses His Wife and Child.

The wife and baby of W. D. Bassford died suddenly at Mexico, Mo., Monday night. Mr. Bassford is a prominent newspaper man and was secretary of Congressmen Champ Clark. His wife was Miss Charles Herbert Gibson of Washington, D. C.

Whichever Comes Is to Die.

Judge Jacob C. Rader of Akron, O., passed sentence upon Romulus Cottell, convicted of the murder of the Stone family, after he denied a new trial. Cottell will be executed Friday, Aug. 10. Cottell's indifference did not affect him, a smile covered upon his face. —*Times*, Akron, O.

New J. E. Telfree Committee Suicide.

Mr. J. E. Telfree, who was Governor Cleveland's secretary while he was Mayor of Buffalo, committed suicide at Mojave, Cal., Monday night by drinking carbolic acid.

The Children Are Poisoned.

The fatal poisoning of the three Manns, of a family of nine children caused by drinking lemonade, is reported. The lemonade contained some poisonous ingredients. The children died one after another and the parents are still very sick. The name of the family is Allen.

Costa Rica Adopts Gold Basis.

A special to the New York World from Colon, Colombia, says: "Costa Rica has decided to adopt gold as the basis of its currency. The inhabitants of Port Limon are preparing to celebrate the event on a grand scale. The present silver currency is to be called in."

PANIC ENDS IN DEATH.

Score of Ore Handlers Drowned by Capsizing Boat at Cleveland.
Over a score of victims were claimed Thursday night by the Cuyahoga river at Cleveland. A flatboat ferry used by ore handlers capsized at 7 o'clock, and of the twenty-five men and boys known to have been on board only four escaped by swimming to the shore. The boat was crowded to a dangerous limit. When the water across the stream the tug W. Cushing and the steamer *W. Cushing* were seen down the river. Nearing the wash of the steamer some of the people at the bow attempted to turn back and a panic followed. The flatboat was capsized and the occupants dumped in a struggling mass into the river. Most of them sank like lead. While the search for the bodies was going on a disagreeable accident occurred between two undertakers. They had gone on to one of the bodies and fought like demons. While the fight was on the two men near the edge of the dock and were in danger of falling into the water with the body between them. Both then released the corpse and it rolled back into the river. The indignation of those present was unbounded and both the undertakers left the scene.

Spain and the United States are now on a satisfactory footing. The dispatch adds that no final decision will be taken in the case of the Americans captured on board the filibustering schooner *Competitor* and on American claims for various indemnities until the session of the cortes closes. It is further reported that the United States will recognize Capt. Gen. Weyler's regulations requiring the registration of foreigners before he will allow them the privileges of their foreign citizenship, only in so far as they do not clash with the Spanish-American treaty of 1874.

DEAD IN THE RUINS.

Three Men Perish in a Street Car Barn Fire.

Three men were killed and it is feared that two more perished in a fire Saturday evening which destroyed the Cottage Grove avenue barn of the Chicago City Hallway Company. The dead were Frank Crosby, tow boy; William L. Ellsworth, gripman; Patrick Martin, conductor. The one million dollars' worth of cars and buildings and horses were destroyed. When the flames had given way to smoke there was nothing but the ruins of the great structure and its contents, shut in by a rugged piece of wall that remained standing here and there. The barns were among the largest owned by the road, covering several acres of ground. The main structure had a 150-foot front on Cottage Grove avenue, extending back 400 feet. Running south from the center of this building and making a "T" of the whole, was an addition covering 200 by 100 feet. This wing was three stories high, and, in the extreme southwest corner, on the second floor, was stored thirty tons of hay. It was in this hay the blaze started. Whether the fire was caused by a spark from an employee's pipe, or on account of the crossing of electric wires has not been ascertained.

MANY IMMIGRANTS CAME.

Over 343,000 Arrived in the United States Last Year.

A statement prepared by the Commissioner of Immigration shows the number of immigrants who arrived in this country during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1890, to have been 343,267, as compared with 258,536 during the fiscal year 1889. Of the whole number 212,466 were male and 130,801 females. The countries from which the immigrants came are given as follows: Austria-Hungary, 65,103; Italy, 68,660; Russia, 52,136; Germany, 31,885; United Kingdom, 64,637; all other countries, 61,446. The whole number debarked and returned during the year was 3,037, as follows: *Passes*, 2,010; contract labor, 776; *Idem*, 1,183; 10 diseased, 2; returned within one year because of their having become public charges, 238. The number debarked and returned in 1890 was 2,396.

ANOTHER RIOT AT CLEVELAND.

One Nonunion Man Gets Fifteen Cuts and Three Broken Ribs.

Further disorders occurred at the Brown Hoisting and Conveying Works at Cleveland. The strikers and their sympathizers attacked the non-union men while the latter were on their way to work. In numerous cases the non-unionists were beaten with clubs and felled to the ground. C. W. Jackson, one of the unfortunate men, who was attacked by a crowd of union men, received no less than fifteen knife cuts on the face and body, and had three ribs broken. For a time the police, who were greatly outnumbered by the rioters, were unable to cope with the mob. The officers on duty around the works were finally reinforced and succeeded in driving the enraged strikers back and restoring the non-union men. Two companies of militia were ordered under arms.

Her Speed Power Increased.

Much activity has been observed at the New York Cuban headquarters during the last three days, due to preparations for an expedition which is to sail very soon on the steamer *Bermuda*. The steamer's machinery has all been overhauled at Philadelphia and her speed has been increased. The expedition which has been ordered to leave Philadelphia on the *Bermuda* will be led by Col. Cabrera, a veteran of the ten years' war. Capt. John O'Brien will have charge of the vessel. Twenty cases of rifles and nearly 200 hermetically sealed cans of cartridges have been sent to Philadelphia within the last three days, but these are not one-quarter of the war material which will be shipped or has been shipped aboard the steamer. Reports from the Province of Pinar del Rio assert that yellow fever has attacked the foreigners among the bands of Antonio Maceo and that the disease has even extended among the Cubans, especially those who have been absent for some time from Cuba and recently returned. The insurgent leader Zayas was encamped only two miles from Guira Melena, in Havana Province. A law will be published soon providing that the fighting at Apokon will be severe, lasting until after midnight, when the Turks were defeated.

Meet One Disastrous Republic.

The Turks have massacred a number of Christians in the Cretan provinces of Spakha, Retimo and Kydonia. They have also destroyed several villages with their vineyards. Under the pretext of recovering the bodies of the Turkish sailors who were killed on the shore, near Kalyves a body of Turkish troops tried to advance to Apokon. They were twice repulsed by the Christians. The military authorities are acting contrary to the wishes of the Vafis and the instructions received from Constantinople. The Muslim population is working actively before spring. We think a profitable market for Lima beans in their dried state can be found in most cities or villages if farmers will tell their city friends how good they are. Lima beans have, even when dried, much of the rich, nutty taste that makes them popular when eaten green. There is another reason also for saving the late beans left at the end of the season for use in winter. They are quite often used for seed, with the result of making the Lima bean crop each year a little later, so that in some places very few would be fit for use until frost comes and nipped the vines. The first fruits of any thing in which earliness is important should always be used for seed.

Died of Fright.

Resanna, the 10-year-old daughter of Mrs. James W. Poutch, of Zanesville, Ohio, died under peculiar circumstances. She was a bright girl, read everything she could find, and after the St. Louis hurricane was the victim of nervous prostration. She read everything about that calamity. During the thunderstorms that prevailed Wednesday she said there was a hurricane coming, and suffered another prostration of nervousness, from the effects of which she died.

Sought His Sweetheart's Life.

While resisting arrest for the attempted murder of his sweetheart at Tinsley Ridge, Ind., John White shot and instantly killed Thomas Fields.

Ship Lost in the Red Sea.

The British ship *Curfew*, from Dundee, has been lost in the Red Sea, with all or board.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$4.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 55¢ to 57¢; corn, No. 2, 21¢ to 28¢; oats, No. 2, 17¢ to 19¢; rye, No. 2, 30¢ to 32¢; butter, cheese, creamery, 14¢ to 15¢; eggs, fresh, 9¢ to 10¢; new potatoes, per bushel, 25¢ to 40¢; broom corn, common to choice, \$25 to \$50 per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 53¢ to 54¢; corn, 25¢ to 30¢; oats, 16¢ to 28¢; rye, No. 2, white, 17¢ to 20¢.

Minneapolis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 57¢ to 59¢; corn, 25¢ to 30¢; oats, 16¢ to 28¢; rye, No. 2, mixed, 19¢ to 24¢; rye, No. 2, 26¢ to 28¢.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 56¢ to 57¢; corn, No. 2, 21¢ to 28¢; oats, 16¢ to 20¢; rye, No. 2, 30¢ to 32¢; butter, cheese, creamery, 14¢ to 15¢; eggs, fresh, 9¢ to 10¢; new potatoes, per bushel, 25¢ to 40¢; broom corn, common to choice, \$25 to \$50 per bushel.

St. Paul—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 56¢ to 57¢; corn, 25¢ to 30¢; oats, 16¢ to 28¢; rye, No. 2, 30¢ to 32¢; butter, cheese, creamery, 14¢ to 15¢; eggs, fresh, 9¢ to 10¢; new potatoes, per bushel, 25¢ to 40¢; broom corn, common to choice, \$25 to \$50 per bushel.

Minneapolis—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 53¢ to 54¢; corn, 25¢ to 30¢; oats, 16¢ to 28¢; rye, No. 2, mixed, 19¢ to 24¢; rye, No. 2, 26¢ to 28¢.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 60¢ to 61¢; corn, No. 2 yellow, 29¢ to 30¢; oats, 16¢ to 20¢; rye, No. 2, 31¢ to 32¢.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 60¢ to 61¢; corn, No. 2 yellow, 27¢ to 29¢; oats, No. 2 white, 17¢ to 18¢; rye, No. 2, 31¢ to 32¢; clover seed, \$4.25 to \$4.35.

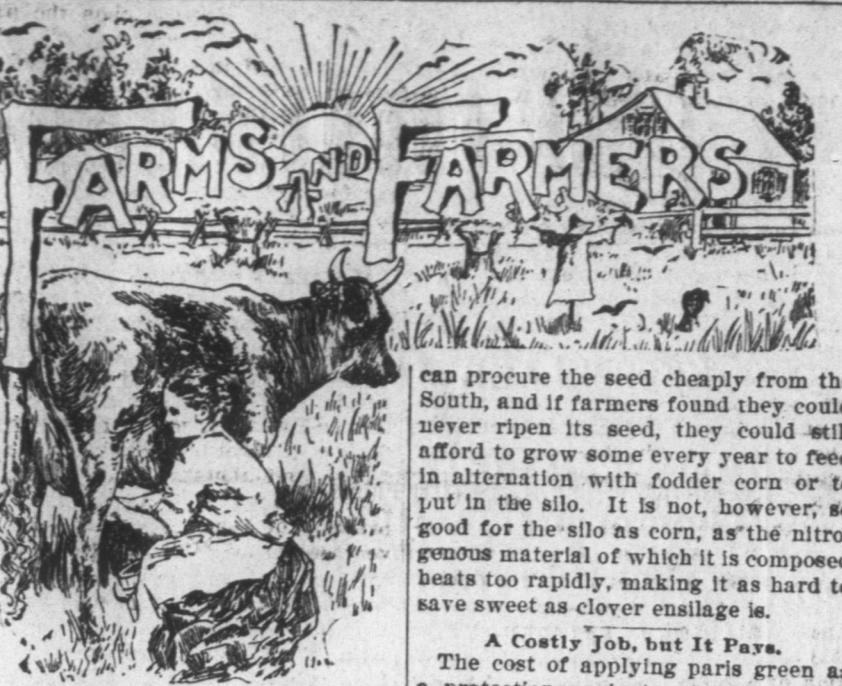
Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 56¢ to 57¢; corn, No. 3, 26¢ to 28¢; oats, No. 2 white, 21¢ to 21¢; barley, No. 2, 26¢ to 31¢; rye, No. 1, 31¢ to 32¢; pork, mess, \$6.00 to \$6.50.

Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.25 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 65¢ to 66¢; corn, No. 2 yellow, 30¢ to 32¢; oats, No. 2 white, 22¢ to 23¢.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.25 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 65¢ to 66¢; corn, No. 2, 33¢ to 34¢; oats, No. 2 white, 21¢ to 23¢; butter, creamery, 11¢ to 16¢; eggs, West-ern, 11¢ to 14¢.

Oklahoma Farmer Murdered.
At Tulsa, Okla., Allen R. Cook, a lawyer and farmer, was found murdered and buried in a cornfield.

Spain Is Lent.
A dispatch from Madrid to the London Standard says that relations between



can procure the seed cheaply from the South, and if farmers found they could never ripen its seed, they could still afford to grow some every year to feed in alternation with fodder corn or to put in the silo. It is not, however, so good for the silo as corn, as the nitrogenous material of which it is composed heats too rapidly, making it hard to save sweet as clover ensilage.

A Costly Job, but It Pays.

The cost of applying paris green as a protection against potato bugs has been estimated by Prof. Fernald at a sum equal to about two cents per bushel of the crop. At this rate it costs about \$5,000,000 a year to insure against potato bugs throughout the country! That may be a little high, but what a saving if the Colorado beetle had been stamped out upon its first appearance twenty years ago! A concerted campaign at that time, at state and national expense, would have done the business. Just so we advocate Congress providing the money to help Massachusetts stamp out the gypsy moth—a pest which that State alone has held in check for some years at a cost of half a million.

If allowed to spread over the country, the gypsy moth would do more damage each year than potato bugs, rose bugs, grasshoppers and