

# The Democratic Sentinel

J. W. McEWEEN, Publisher.

RENSSELAER, INDIANA.

## WHOLE ARMY IS LOST.

WHEREABOUTS OF 15,000 SPANISH SOLDIERS UNKNOWN.

Reports of Losses Falsified, Details as to Positions Unrecorded, or Men Have Deserted—Insurgents Have a Skirmish Near Havana.

### Officials Are Alarmed.

A dispatch from Havana reports 15,000 Spanish soldiers missing in Cuba. The fact has been communicated to the Madrid Government and the search for their whereabouts is going on day and night. Official circles are alarmed. The responses to the Madrid dispatches are that the 15,000 men, with 15,000 rifles and 500,000 cartridges, are an enormous item to the Spanish army. The disappearance of the men will ultimately be traced to either death in battle, the number of which has been concealed to hide Spanish losses, details of positions in various parts of the island of which no record has been kept, or desertions to join the insurgents. The Spanish records show that entire garrisons have joined the rebels with their arms in every province in the island. An order was issued by Gen. Weyler several days ago for a report of number, position and condition of the army. The responses to this, it is said, have increased the confusion, and there are reports now from reliable sources that there are 20,000 men, instead of 15,000, to be accounted for. Insurgents under Villanueva and Baldomero Acosta had a brisk skirmish with Spanish regulars, civil guards and police near Punta Brava, a village less than ten miles from Havana. This is the first time in weeks that rebels in any considerable number have been so close to the west gates of Havana.

### COL. NICOL'S APPEAL.

#### Deplores Ballington Booth's Resignation—Secession Discussed.

Col. Nicol, of the Salvation army, has sent out an appeal by mail and wire to officers and soldiers in which he refers to the action of Ballington Booth and his wife as a "terrible step" and describes the members of Gen. Booth's family as "crushed with indescribable sorrow." He appeals to the army to be loyal. Staff Captain Caygill, discussing the situation, said: "Commander Booth will not decide whether to lead an independent movement. His decision will depend on our action in the meantime. There is a strong secession sentiment and if it develops into an open revolt we will insist upon Ballington Booth leading us again."

### ENCAMPMENT IN ST. PAUL.

#### Gen. Walker Says the G. A. R. Will Meet There in September.

Gen. Ivan N. Walker, head of the Grand Army of the Republic, has sent to Adj. Gen. Robbins, at the Grand Army headquarters in Indianapolis, his proclamation calling the annual encampment at St. Paul in the first week of September. Gen. Walker said he had lately visited all the principal Northern cities and found there was strong opposition to the project to hold a "blue and gray" parade in New York city on the Fourth of July.

### COLONISTS FOR LIBERIA.

#### Oklahoma Negroes Accepting Liberal Offers from African Republic.

Agents of the Liberian Government are at work at Guthrie, O. T., securing colored emigrants for that country. "Six colored men left Monday night," said Charleston to take passage and more will follow. They have been promised thirty acres of land each, a yoke of oxen, provisions for three months and immovable other things from the Liberian Government. Most of them give up every dollar they have in the world for their tickets of passage.

### Woman Fasts for Five Weeks.

Mrs. Valentin Kuntz, of South Dinsville, N. Y., has now abstained from food for a period of thirty-four days, and having got along so far without collapse is trying to outdo all records in the fasting line. For the first two weeks of her self-imposed task her neighbors endeavored to dissuade her from the attempt, but now all are urging her to break all world's records. She is very weak, and confined to her bed.

### Suspected Express Robber Caught.

John M. Sullivan was arrested at DuPont, Ga., on suspicion of being George Washington McConnell, who robbed the Adams Express Company at Farmburg, Ind., of a large sum. A month ago an Indiana detective left photographs and descriptions, and on these the man who calls himself Sullivan was arrested.

### Mr. Cody Offers Reward.

Arthur B. Cody, of Chicago, whose wife, Mrs. Grace Cody, died Jan. 31, 1896, has offered a reward of \$1,000 for finding and restoring her to him alive, this offer to hold good until May 1 next. Mrs. Cody was suffering at the time of her disappearance from a nervous trouble.

### Millionaire Commits Suicide.

Millionaire Thomas Vacker, formerly a member of the dry goods firm of Lord & Taylor, committed suicide at New York during a temporary fit of insanity, induced by despondency over the death of one of his sons last summer.

### Tariff Bill Knocked Out.

After a most exciting debate Tuesday, the Senate, by a vote of 33 to 22, defeated the tariff bill. Five million Republican Senators, Cameron, Carter, Dubois, Mantle and Teller, voted with the Democrats.

### A Week Ending for Mrs. Hayes.

Mrs. Hayes and Mr. Hayes applied for a divorce at Shamokin, Pa., after one week of married life. She was married at a stylish wedding in Treverton. Her maiden name was Anna Ziegler. Mrs. Hayes has discovered her husband to be a professional thief.

### Three Children Dead.

Three children are dead and one lying at Johns Hopkins hospital in a precarious condition as the result of the fire caused by the lighting of coal oil in the house of Frederick Rose, Baltimore.

### Grand Army Not Suspended.

The council of administration of the Grand Army of the Republic authorized the department commander to suspend Post 174, of Fredericktown, Mo., because Col. Albert, commander, issued a circular letter recommending the nomination of B. B. Cahoon for Governor.

### Preschers Declare a Boycott.

The ministers of Cleveland have requested merchants, saloonkeepers and theater managers to close during the coming revival. Manager Norris, of the Grand Opera House, has refused, and the ministers and their committees announce a boycott.

## STRIKE IS NOW ON.

### Chicago Garment Cutters Have Resolved to Quit Work.

The Chicago (Garment Cutters) and Trimmers' Union decided early Thursday morning to strike, and by their action 20,000 persons will be thrown out of employment. Some of the clothing manufacturers are exempt from the decision of the union because they have acceded to the terms of the cutters. But of the 500 members of the union about 750 decided to quit work. This decision will, of course, affect the tailors, binders and awatshop workers who do not belong to any union. The manufacturers declare they can hold out against the cutters because the spring trade is over. But the cutters assert that the clothing houses are full of heavy-weight goods for the fall and winter trade, which must be got out of the way in a few weeks. Consequently a bitter fight is expected, and the union is prepared for a long siege because it has got the savings of two years to keep up the struggle. The union demands a maximum rate of \$20 a week for cutting the maximum amount of goods in a suit a day. The manufacturers' association declared that this is a discrimination against the good workmen, who are worth \$22 a week, while the poor cutters are assessed in value at from \$11 to \$16 a week.

### CUBAN LEADERS DEAD.

#### Senor de la Cruz Dies at New York and Senor Gomez at Penal Colony.

The sudden death in New York of Senor Manuel de la Cruz, private secretary to Thomas Estrada Palma, and the receipt of a cable message from Madrid announcing the death at the Spanish penal colony at Ceuta, Africa, of Juan Gualberto Gomez, who was the first man to lead a Cuban force in the field at the outbreak of hostilities on Feb. 24, 1895, has cast a gloom over the Cuban colony in New York. Juan Gualberto Gomez was one of the most brilliant leaders that Cuba ever produced. He was editor-in-chief of the Havana Daily La Lucha and of the Equivalencia, the organ of the Republicans, in which he boldly advocated separation from Spain and absolute Cuban independence long before the revolution. While Jose Marti was at work in this country organizing the Cubans and getting ready for the present revolt, Gomez had charged the organization in Cuba. He was the president of the committee of seven, which is famous in Cuba for its work in preparing for the revolution. When it was decided to begin hostilities against the Havana with sixteen men, on Feb. 24, 1895, he was the first to lead the revolution as begun, near Barba, in Matanzas, and fired the first shot.

### REPUBLICAN JOSS HOUSE.

#### Clarkson Wants One Built in New York City.

James S. Clarkson of Iowa, George Christ of Arizona, and other members of the Republican national committee in the United States are responsible for a project which is said to have the concurrence of Republicans all over the country for a great Republican headquarters, where members of the party from every State can find a political home. The estimated cost of the proposed structure is between \$2,000,000 and \$5,000,000. It is to be built by general contributions and every State in the Union is to be called upon to furnish some of its peculiar products for the building. The scheme, Mr. Clarkson said, would be brought to the attention of the national committee at its next meeting in New York. The body of the St. Louis convention would be asked to give its formal approval.

### BIG LOCKOUT THREATENED.

#### Socialists May Force 10,000 New York Tailors Out of Employment.

In New York another big lockout of tailors is threatened. Should it be ordered 10,000 tailors will be thrown out of work. The trouble is due to a fight now waging between the general association of the United Garment Workers and the Socialists, who gained control of the United Brotherhood of Tailors early in January by electing their candidates for officers. The organizers and leaders of the brotherhood were when they were defeated at the election. They followed the recent lockout. The tailors begged the old leaders to come to their relief. They did so and an agreement was patched up.

### CHARGED TO REBELS.

#### Infamous Machine Found Near a Factory in Havana.

It would appear that the long-anticipated demonstrations of the insurgents in Havana are commencing. Thursday night a machine was found near the Aguila de Oro cigar factory. The police are trying to find the authors of the attempted outrage. The autonomist Mayor of Managua and his brother, who recently joined the insurgents, have been captured by the Spanish authorities. They will be tried on the charge of treason.

### Dead Number 120.

The latest estimates place the number of deaths from the explosion of dynamite at Viendendorp at 120 and about four hundred persons were more or less injured. A number of the wounded have succumbed to their injuries. The white victims were chiefly of the lower class of Boers. Whole families of white people were wiped out. President Kruger in a speech congratulated the inhabitants upon the splendid manner in which they snub all race feuds in the common endeavor to relieve the suffering. He earnestly trusted that the good feeling which has arisen from a common sorrow may have permanent results and lead to a much better feeling in the future between the Boers and the Uitlanders. The president's remarks have had a great effect upon the foreign population, and it is believed that the terms in the internal administration of the Transvaal, which have so long been advocated by the Uitlanders, will shortly be inaugurated in a form which will give general satisfaction. The popular subscription raised in behalf of the distressed people already amounts to over \$300,000.

### Aimed at the Earth.

If the calculations which Prof. Lenschner, of the California State University, has made of the velocity and orbit of the new comet discovered by Astronomer Perrine, of Lick Observatory, a few days ago, are correct, the celestial wanderer will strike the earth Sunday, March 15. This calculation implies that the comet, which is now 40,000,000 miles away, will not alter its present velocity of 1,600,000 miles a day, nor deviate from its present course, which is directly toward the earth. Prof. Lenschner says, however, there is no cause for alarm. He has figured out that the comet will be new track March 1 and sheer off from the earth. The calculations made at the State University are the official figures.

### C. C. Barnum a Raving Maniac.

G. C. Barnum, a prominent St. Louis, and father-in-law of General Manager W. B. Dorringer of the Missouri Pacific railway, is confined in the Hot Springs, Ark., prison, a raving maniac. The cause of the man's unfortunate mental condition is attributed to a love affair in which he was not successful. He became infatuated, it is said, with Mrs. A. P. McCarty, a dashing widow, proprietress of a fashionable boarding-house.

### Against Death Dancers.

Chief Debat, the head medicine man of the Osage tribe of Indians, and the active politician, has issued an imperative order discontinuing death dances in the nation. When an Osage dies, according to a long-established custom, all his relatives go about naked until the death dance, which occurs thirty days after the funeral. This custom of going naked has subjected to colds that invariably ended in consumption. Seven per cent of the adults of the tribe are now in the last stages of the disease, and it is this alarming fact that caused Debat to issue the order.

## CURE FOR PHTHISIS.

### "ASEPTOLIN" SAID TO BE A CERTAIN REMEDY.

Dr. Edson Discovers a Beneficent Form of Carbolic Acid—It Kills Germs, but Does Not Harm the Human Tissues.

### Encouraging Number of Recoveries.

Dr. Cyrus Edson, ex-commissioner of health for the city and county of New York, announces that he has discovered a remedy for consumption. Already, he declares, many victims of the dread disease have been cured by it. In the last issue of the Medical Record, under the caption "A Rational Treatment for Phthisis Pulmonalis, Together With Some Notes on a New Remedial Solution," the doctor gives a description of his discovery. The name of the new remedy is "Aseptolin." It is a beneficent form of the ordinary dangerous carbolic acid and is injected under the skin, by which operation it finds its way into the blood and to the seat of disease. Under authority of Prof. Henry A. Mott, aseptolin is composed as follows:

Water ..... 97.241 per cent  
Phenol ..... 2.749 per cent  
Pilocarpin-phenyl-hydroxide ..... 1.018 per cent

In order to understand Dr. Edson's discovery it is necessary to remember that Pasteur and Koch discovered and established the fact that germ diseases had their ultimate cause the presence in the body of minute organisms, called germs, microbes and the like. It was not long before these germs were cultivated, as it was called.

### Having these cultivated colonies, scientific men made many experiments. They found disinfectants would kill these germs. They found, for example, that if a mixture of one part phenol or carbolic acid to three thousand parts of water were floated over a colony of germs and left for twenty-four hours all these germs died. It naturally occurred to them that if carbolic acid would kill germs outside the body it would kill them inside, and the conclusion that if they could kill all the germs in the body they could de-

### STRENGTHENED BY HIM.

#### Missouri Farmer Under Arrest for Counterfeiting at St. Joseph.

John W. Smith, a young farmer of Princeton, Mo., is under arrest on charges of counterfeiting. Mrs. Laura Lemon, a sweetheart of Smith's, informed the officers. She claims Smith offered her counterfeit dollars to pass on merchants, and she was arrested and placed in jail. She wrote letters to the officers, threatening to expose them as members of the same gang of counterfeiters if they did not secure her release. They easily secured the bond. Meantime the Federal officers got possession of the counterfeit money, and against the Brummeles. A large amount of counterfeit coin was found at Smith's house.

### BUSINESS AT THE ISTHUS.

#### The United States Should Have Its Share of It.

If English and French business houses can afford to pay their traveling agents on the isthmus of Panama \$12,000 a year, including expenses, why cannot American firms do as well? Is the question put by United States Consul General Vilquin at Panama in a report to the State Department treating of the unsatisfactory rate of progress made by Americans in obtaining business on the isthmus. The Consul General says this cannot be done by correspondence, and he suggests that our merchants by combination maintain a house of samples at Panama, where their goods may be seen by the people and ordered through a resident agent.

### Death of a Famous Humorist.

Edgar Wilson Nye, the humorist, died at his home, "Bucksdown," eight miles from Asheville, N. C., at noon Saturday, of apoplexy. He had lately in a helpless and hopeless condition since he was stricken on Tuesday night, not having spoken or recognized any one. Mr. Nye's brother, a prominent attorney of Minneapolis, Minn., arrived about three hours after his brother's death. His daughters arrived from Washington city, and were at the bedside until the end.

### Fears a Living Dissection.

Thursday night an insane man ran to the Burlington, Iowa, police station to seek shelter from doctors whom he claimed were about to dissect him alive. Francis' hospital. He had escaped from his nurse, and run in his stocking feet over snow and ice one-fourth of a mile to the station.

### Said to Be Worth \$10,000.

Elias Baker, ex-clerk of the District Court at Lancaster County, Neb., is reported to be worth \$10,000. The commissioners intend to bring suit to recover the amount.

### Chopped to Pieces.

J. T. Lamborn, a wealthy farmer, has been found murdered in his house at Fall Creek, a remote station northeast of Lawrence, Kan. The murderers literally chopped the man to pieces.

### Walter a Free Man.

Secretary Olney received a cablegram from Ambassador Blunt, announcing that Walter, the ex-consul to Madagascar, was released from jail. It is expected that Walter will return to the United States.

### Fortune for a Waiter.

Mathew Gopovitch, who until recently earned a living as a waiter in the restaurants of Sacramento, Cal., has received news from Austria that he is to be a fortune.

### MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.50 to \$4.75; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 62c to 63c; corn, No. 2, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2, 19c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 28c to 40c; butter, choice creamery, 10c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 11c to 13c; potatoes, per bushel, 18c to 25c; broom corn, 2c to 4c per pound for poor to choice.

### Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$4.50; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$4.50; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 60c to 61c; corn, No. 2, 19c to 21c; oats, No. 2, 18c to 21c.

### St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 72c to 74c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 25c to 27c; oats, No. 2 white, 18c to 20c; rye, No. 2, 36c to 38c.

### Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$4.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.50; wheat, \$2.50 to \$4.00; corn, No. 2, 23c to 24c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 22c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 41c to 42c.

### Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$4.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.25; sheep, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 72c to 75c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 27c to 28c; oats, No. 2 white, 22c to 24c; rye, 40c to 41c.

### Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 28c to 29c; oats, No. 2 white, 21c to 23c; rye, No. 2, 40c to 42c; clover seed, \$4.40 to \$4.45.

### Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 62c to 63c; corn, No. 3, 20c to 25c; oats, No. 2 white, 20c to 22c; barley, No. 2, 32c to 33c; rye, No. 1, 38c to 40c; pork, mess, \$9.00 to \$10.25.

### Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 72c to 75c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 22c to 24c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c.

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## STARVED, KILLED, AND PICKLED.

### Terrible Cruelty Meted Out to the Worn-Out Horses of New York.

Over in the woods near Jamaica, L. I., many of the worn-out horses of New York city are collected and killed. After a merciful death has overtaken the poor animals they are pickled and sent abroad to be eaten by human beings. According to facts which have just come to light an awful crime is committed against the animal before his poor bleeding flesh and his mangled bones reach the pickling vat. Noble creatures that once pranced exultingly up and down Fifth avenue, the pet, perchance, of charming, lovable women and their beautiful children, are treated with less consideration than is given the machines that chop them into sausage meat. So terrible and open has the negligence of the slaughter house become that public officials have been forced to interfere and several arrests have been made.

### An officer of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals recently paid

#### waiting to be killed.

a visit to the place. He says: "If you have a soft place in your heart for horses don't go there. To say nothing of its being the nastiest place I ever saw, it was the cruellest. They had a drove of horses there waiting to be killed; some of them had been waiting two days, and without a drop of food to eat. A few of them were in a shed, and the others were tied to trees near by. All of them were in the mud. Those in the shed had gnawed holes through it in several places, holes big enough for them to stick their heads out of, and oh, the hungry look in their eyes. Those outside had gnawed the bark off the trees as high as they could reach. "Two skeletons had each an end of the same barbed; neither was strong enough to pull it from the other, so they leaned together and chewed away, making believe. Some of the horses were lying down,