

The Democratic Sentinel

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RENSSELAER, INDIANA

BATTLE OF MILLIONS.

GIGANTIC COMBINE IS FORMED BY YERKES.

Chinese Outrages Receive Attention from the State Department—Possible Effect of Chicago's Drainage Canal—Small-Pox in Texas.

A Stupendous Scheme. New York's dispatch: A gigantic electric combine has just been formed to fight the new Westinghouse-Baldwin combination. It includes the Yerkes railroad people and all their millions, and the Siemens & Halske Electrical Company. The combination means the entry into the American market of a big foreign electric supply manufacturing concern, in affiliation with the Widener-Elkins syndicate, which controls most of the street car lines in New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago. It is said that knowledge of the Yerkes-Siemens combination was the real reason for the alliance of the Westinghouse-Baldwin concerns for the manufacture of electric motors. Charles T. Yerkes, the head of the new combine, is associated in cable and electric street railways in Chicago, Philadelphia and New York with the Widener-Elkins-Widener train syndicate. His son was recently elected to the board of the Siemens & Halske Electric Company. This company is the largest and most powerful electric manufacturing company in Europe. The parent house is in Berlin, with branches in all the principal European cities. Its founder, Dr. Siemens, was known as the Edison of Europe. The company has built about three-fourths of the private electric light plants in use in New York. Abroad it has built all sorts of electric motors and manufactured every kind of electric machinery and supplies.

EXAMINED DRAINAGE CANAL.

F. W. Hawley Gives the Result of His Inspection.

Frank W. Hawley has just returned to New York from Chicago, where he has been for the past few weeks examining the drainage canal in an attempt to determine whether the construction of this improvement is likely to lower the waters of the great lakes, and whether also it is likely appreciably to divert traffic from the East down the Mississippi. Mr. Hawley has presented his report both to his business associates and to the committee of the Produce Exchange and other associations, which are about to begin the campaign for the appropriation of \$9,000,000 for the Erie Canal. The most important information given by Mr. Hawley was an estimate as to the probable effect upon the great lakes of the diversion of a great body of water through this canal. His report was that there can be no question that an enormous quantity of water will be taken from Lake Michigan for the filling of this canal. The best estimates that he could obtain were that this volume will be constantly equal to one-third that contained in the Mississippi River above the mouth of the Missouri, on three times that of the Ohio River. Mr. Hawley's report upon the suggestion that the Chicago ship canal might seriously divert traffic from the Erie was very brief. It is all a matter of conjecture. In Chicago it is looked upon as a certainty that considerable lake commerce will seek the sea through the Mississippi Valley as soon as this canal is completed. On the other hand, Mr. Hawley says that in the West it is thought that the canal will bring traffic to the Erie as well as take it away, and that new and distant localities in the West would use the canal as an economic route to the East.

AFTER THE RIOTERS.

United States Minister Denby Watching American Interests in China.

Advice has been received at the State Department that Minister Denby is consulting with the British and Chinese authorities relative to the full and complete investigation of the riots at Ku-Cheng. This commission had not yet been appointed, but it was being formed. There is no doubt expressed at the State Department that United States interests will be carefully looked after when this commission is appointed. It is stated also that the Minister Denby, so far, has done all that was possible for a representative of the Government to do to bring about reparation and redress. The State Department has given such instructions as will cause the Minister to neglect nothing that will insure better protection of the interests of Americans at Ku-Cheng. He will also, with the co-operation of Admiral Carpenter, take steps to prevent further riots and to protect American interests should any new cases of outrage arise.

MANY DIE OF SMALLPOX.

Negroes Confined at Eagle Pass Are Afflicted with the Pest. Of the 340 negroes confined in the government quarantine camp at Eagle Pass, Tex., 120 are afflicted with small-pox. The deaths average about four daily. The balance of the 1,500 rations furnished by the United States Government to Colonel Sparks for the use of the refugees has been turned over to Dr. Evans, State quarantine officer of the quarantine camp, for use there, it being found impracticable to forward them to the starving negroes in Mexico.

Six Injured by an Explosion.

At Longmont, Colo., in an explosion at the Empson canning factory five men and one woman were badly injured. One of the steam vats used for boiling peans exploded. One man will die.

Killed Wife and Child.

Robert Hudson, a young and highly educated man, who had run through his own and his wife's fortunes, was hanged at York, England, for the murder of his wife and child on Helmsley Moor, Yorkshire, last June.

Took Out Her Teeth.

Mrs. Amanda Carson, of Chicago, wants \$600 apiece for three teeth which she alleges, in a suit filed in the Superior Court against Dentist James B. McChesney, were taken out against her wishes.

Adrift for Forty-six Hours.

The Dutch oil-tank steamer La Campane, which arrived from Antwerp, picked up two French fishermen adrift in their dory on the Banks on Aug. 4. A dense fog prevented the men from returning to their vessel. They drifted about helplessly for over forty-six hours.

State Their Pay as Firebugs.

At Montreal Charles Jenks, under cross-examination, stated that his share for the burning of Boyd, Gillies & Co.'s warehouse was \$4,200—5 per cent of the insurance and 5 per cent on the lapse of the lease of eighteen months' warehouse rent.

TO SAIL THE GREAT LAKES.

Huge Steel Schooner for a Cleveland Syndicate.

A boom in lake shipbuilding is on the cards for the coming fall and winter. Friday the Chicago Shipping Company closed a contract with a Cleveland syndicate for the construction of a steel schooner of the 6,000-ton class. The new boat will be an exact duplicate of the two steel schooners which will be built at the Calumet shipyards for the Minnesota Steamship Company, the lake branch of the Great Minnesota Iron Company. The schooner will be 352 feet keel, 365 feet over all, 44 feet beam and 26 feet depth of hold. Her cost will be about \$175,000, and the new boat will be ready for business at the opening of navigation next spring. "There will be no whaleback nor straight-back, nor any other kind of back," Mr. Brown said, in speaking of the new boats. "But it will be a common everyday ship built on the old lines, after the models, with no new-fangled ideas, except modern improvements in the way of towing engines, electric lights and that sort of thing. The channel construction will be followed, of course."

THE BALL PLAYERS.

Standing of the Clubs in Their Race for the Pennant.

The following is the standing of the clubs in the National League:

	P.	W.	L.	cent.
Cleveland	.95	58	31	.61
Baltimore	.86	51	35	.59
Pittsburg	.91	54	37	.59
Cincinnati	.86	50	36	.58
Chicago	.96	54	42	.56
Philadelphia	.87	46	41	.52
Brooklyn	.88	46	42	.52
New York	.88	46	42	.52
Washington	.82	28	54	.34
St. Louis	.93	20	64	.31
Louisville	.88	22	66	.25

WESTERN LEAGUE.

The following is the standing of the clubs in the Western League:

	P.	W.	L.	cent.
Indianapolis	.88	54	34	.61
St. Paul	.90	52	38	.57
Kansas City	.92	53	39	.57
Minneapolis	.89	47	42	.52
Detroit	.92	47	45	.51
Milwaukee	.89	41	48	.46
Terre Haute	.91	34	57	.37
Grand Rapids	.91	32	59	.34

DECORED FROM HIS HOME.

Kansas Farmer Called Out at Midnight and Assailed by Three Men.

B. F. Coswell, a farmer living seven miles northwest of Salina, Kan., was decoyed from his home about midnight by a stranger who said he had a sick horse and wanted assistance.

When half a mile from home the pair were met by two pals of the stranger, who covered Coswell with rifles. He tried to escape, when one of the men fired, the bullet striking him twice over the head with his rifle, partially stunning him. The three then bound Coswell's hands, gagged him, and forced him to walk a mile and a half, though he was nearly fainting from loss of blood. After terrorizing him for some time, they finally let him go, first threatening him with death if he told of the occurrence. There is no clew to his assailants, and no cause for the assault is known.

NICE PLACE FOR INDIANS.

Government Preparing to Allot Yuma Reservation to the Red Men.

The United States Government is making preparations to allot the Yuma Indian reservation. There are 44,800 acres of land in the strip. It is estimated that 10,000 acres will cover all that may be good land. The rest is rocks, sand, stretches of desert and brush that grows worse and worse till it patches off into the Salton Sea, a stretch that blazes with heat at midnight. It is below the surface of the ocean and more desolate than the Sahara. Surveyor General Green is looking every day for the return of the surveyors of the reservation. When their report is made up he will forward it to Washington, and then the Government will proceed to make the allotments, based upon the number of Indians in reservation.

BOGUS DOLLARS.

Great Number of Counterfeits Unloaded in Delaware.

Wilmington, Del., is fairly flooded with counterfeit silver dollars. About 10,000 dollars a day are presented at the Farmers' Bank by a depositor and detected. Since then the banks have been on the lookout and dozens have been found. They were presented by innocent depositors, who had accepted them in the course of business. The spurious coins are thicker than the genuine dollars, but of lighter weight. The composition of which they are made is soft and can be readily cut with a knife.

Financiers Are Startled.

A New York paper says that the \$30,000 of new United States 4 per cent bonds sold abroad by the Belmont-Morgan bond syndicate have been delivered in London to the individual subscribers, and a goodly portion of them will start back at once for the United States.

This is a new danger which the syndicate will have to face. So long as the subscribers to the bonds abroad only had interest-bearing scrip in their possession calling for the delivery of bonds on Aug. 8, the syndicate was in control of the situation, as holders of scrip could only sell contracts to deliver the bonds when released by the syndicate managers in London. The London price of the scrip has been below the New York price for the bonds for over two months, and the holders could not resist the temptation to negotiate sales for future delivery in New York. Considerable "arbitrage" business has been done in the bonds, which have been sold in the United States, averaging in all about \$35,000,000 bonds.

It is understood, in addition, that negotiations have been consummated for the sale of one block of \$35,000,000 bonds. The return of \$10,000,000 of the bonds to this country, or one-third of the entire amount placed abroad, within a week following the actual delivery of the bonds in London, is startling. Every bond which is sold here by a foreign holder must be paid for either in gold or a bill of exchange, and the difficulty of controlling the foreign exchange market so as to prevent extensive exports of gold is corresponding intensified.

Shot from Ambush and Killed.

Information comes of the killing from ambush of A. C. Grubb by Stephen Bales at Rose Hill, Va. The men had quarreled several times in the past six months. Bales has not been arrested. Grubb had a reputation for being a desperate man. About ten years ago he killed a man at Middletown. He fled to Virginia and began teaching school.

Forty Sailors Perish.

The British ship Campana reached Philadelphia Thursday night with seventeen of the crew of the British steamer Prince Oscar. The latter was in collision July 18 with an unknown ship. Both vessels sank and forty lives were lost.

Encouraging Reports.

R. G. Dun & Co. in their weekly review of trade say: Business continues unusually active for midsummer, and

though there is perceptible relaxation there are no signs of reaction. The one change of great importance which the last week has brought is eminently helpful—the amicable settlement between coal miners and employers in Western Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. It is said that about 100,000 men will have their wages increased after Oct. 1 by this adjustment, and with the arrangement of purchasing power is of consequence. It seems even more important that a chronic cause of controversy has been removed by the new agreement as to company stores. There is no important change in crop prospects and at this time no news is eminently good news.

KILLED A LUNATIC.

Brutal Work of Two Attendants at Dunning.

With his body racked and torn, his breast bone broken in two places, eight ribs fractured, three of them in two places, his skin black and blue, a gash on his forehead and the cavities of his chest and abdomen filled with blood from internal hemorrhages, George Puck, or Budzick, as he was entered on the books, died at the Dunning, Ill., insane asylum. Before reaching there he had been a patient in the Alexian Brothers' Hospital, was sent by the physicians there to the detention hospital for the insane, where he was taken into court and committed to Dunning. All this time, covering a period of four days, not a single physician at any of the institutions did anything to relieve him. They are alleged to have said that they did it to save their own lives, the patient first attacking them. President Dunning, of the County Board, will call the attention of the Grand Jury to the charge.

SENATOR'S HARD LUCK.

Has Much Trouble in Getting a Check Cashed in Sioux City.

Senator Palmer, of Illinois, has as much difficulty in cashing drafts in a strange town as less distinguished people. The other day he arrived in Sioux City en route to Chicago, after a trip through the West. The trip had been longer than the Senator expected, and when he started for home he did not notice that his transportation had expired. He got as far as Sioux City with what money he had, when he found himself broke and friendless. The only man he knew, Postmaster Nash, was away, and it was only after several hours' hard work that he induced the teller at the Iowa State National Bank to cash a draft for \$50.

ESTIMATE TOO LARGE.

Hector Lane Thinks the New Orleans Export's Figures Excessive.

Hector Lane, president of the American Growers' Association and also Commissioner of Agriculture for the South, has been investigating the cotton crop throughout the South. When asked as to the result of his investigation, Mr. Lane said: "July 16 a letter was published by Mr. Neil, of New Orleans, estimating the cotton crop of the United States between 8,000,000 and 9,000,000 bales. I have concluded after investigating the matter that the estimate of the export from New Orleans is from 1,000,000 to 1,500,000 above the real cotton crop that the South will produce this year."

of losing their lives. Already enough violence has been done to Americans to warrant the speedy dispatch of gun-boats to Chinese waters.

The massacre at Ku Cheng, with the subsequent immunity of the perpetrators from punishment, has had the natural effect of stirring up anti-foreign fanatics in other localities to similar exploits. A mob has looted the American mission at Ingkoh, fifty miles from Foo Chow. The mission buildings at Fat Shan, near Canton, have been demolished. From other points all over the disaffected province of Fukien come reports of hostile demonstrations and increasing danger for all who are guilty of the crime of being "foreign devils."

Miss Kate C. Hartford, one of the survivors of the Ku Cheng outrage, and the only American who witnessed it, has telegraphed a vivid description of the affair, which makes it clear that the Chinese authorities aided and abetted the murderers. Archdeacon Wolfe cables from Foo Chow that Chinese soldiers sent to protect the mission at Ku Cheng plundered it. He says no reliance can be placed on the Chinese authorities. The Shanghai correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette expresses the opinion that further outrages are inevitable unless Great Britain "takes swift and deadly vengeance." Certainly it is that the salutary influence of English and American warships cannot be quickly applied to the authorities of the localities who refuse to protect the lives of foreign residents. Even the remote presence of a man-of-war has been found effective in cooling the ardor of the

OUTRAGES IN CHINA.

MISSIONARIES KILLED AND THE STATIONS BURNED.

The Inmates, Most of Whom Were Ladies, Were Killed After Having Been Subjected to Fearful Atrocities—Situation is Critical.

Officials Said to Be Implicated.

A Shanghai dispatch to the London Times says that the mission and sanatorium at Wha Sang, near Ku-Cheng, province of Fukien, has been attacked, and ten British subjects killed. The Rev. Mr. Stewart's wife and child were burned in their house. Miss Yew and Marshall, two sisters named Saunders, two sisters named Gordon, and Stettie Newcombe were murdered with spear and swords. Miss Codrington was seriously wounded about the head, and the Stewart's eldest child had a knee-cap badly injured, while the youngest had an eye gouged out. The Rev. Mr. Phillips, with two Americans, Dr. Gregory and Miss Hartford, were wounded, but arrived safely at Fu-Chau-Fu. The prefect of Cheng-Tu, who was a member of the commission of inquiry which examined into the former outrages upon missionaries in that place, is himself seriously implicated in the Cheng-Tu outrages.

Every day brings new accounts of violence done to American missionaries in China, and there is no longer a doubt that all foreigners in certain districts of the Chinese Empire are in hourly danger

SAYS SHE WEDDED GOULD.

Startling Claim of Mrs. John Angell, Now Living at Rouse's Point.